this amendment, Mr. Johnson of Ky. moved that the house *insist* on it, which motion was agreed to.

The house then proceeded *seperatim*, to insist on all its amendments to which the senate had disagreed—and a committee of conference appointed to join the committee of the senate on that subject.

The amendments of the senate to the bill which passed this house supplementary to the 25 million and 3 million loan acts was taken up and agreed to.

And the house adjourned.

BOSTON, Dec. 19.

FROM HALIFAX.

We have received information direct from Halifax to the 1st inst. From this information it is pretty certain that an expedition, the destination of which was unknown, was preparing at that place. The land force there consisted of 1 battalion of the 60th, the 64th, and the 98th regiments, and a considerable number of the royal artillery. The 37th, on its way from Quebec, had not arrived. There were 2 ships of the line, 4 frigates and 5 or 6 brigs. Sir John C. Sherbrooke was preparing to leave Halifax, it was supposed by some to command the expedition, by others to assume the command in Canada. If the latter were his destination it would probably have been no secret. All Americans there had been ordered off, as before stated, most of whom arrived some days ago at New York, others it is said escaped in other directions.

At Castine, at the latest date, a convoy had been for some weeks expected from Halifax. Its non-arrival was considered as a confirmation of the supposition, that preparations were making there for military operations.

The only naval force at Castine is the Furiese, 38, and the Peltrè a dull brig. The land force remains the same as it has been for some time past, the 24th and 62d regiments and one company of the royal artillery, amounting in all to 1300 or 1400 men. The statement which has been made, of the arrival at Castine of a 74, a razee and two frigates, with convoy, is not true.

The expedition which has been contemplated by the government, for executing which 5000 Maine militia were ordered into service under Gen. King, is said to be abandoned. Maj. Gen. Dearborn is on his return from his eastern tour.

—

We have received Montreal papers to the 10th inst. and Quebec to the 8th. Some extracts from them follow:

The Governor General has issued his General Order announcing to the troops that it is the intention of the Prince Regent on the cessation of hostilities, to make a certain portion of each regiment, who may be desirous of settling in Canada, grants of land and to defray the expence of transporting their families from G. Britain, and furnishing them rations for a limitted time and husbandry implements.

Montreal, Dec. 3. We understand that letters from London are received in town, which state that the *crown lawyers* have *unanimously* approved of the conduct of the Judges of this province. The rules of practice laid down by them are declared to be *no assumption of legislative authority*—*Her.*

Dec. 10. We are happy to announce the arrival here of Lt. Gen. Drummond and Sir James Lucas Yeo.

Extract from a general order, dated Montreal Dec. 1.

The horde of Mounted Kentuckians under General McArthur, did not make its appearance until the enemy were retiring from Fort Erie to their own shore. It was checked in its attempts to pass the Grand River, by a detachment of the 103d Regt. and a band of Indian Warriors, and its retreat has been followed by a detachment of the 19th Light Dragoons, conducted by an officer of the Quarter Master General's Department. Its course is marked by a wanton plunder, devastation and indiscriminate pillage. It is to be lamented that the rapid movement of the marauders has screened them from the punishment due to a course of lawless conduct equally repugnant to the dictates of humanity and the usages of war.

Quebec, Dec 6.—Number of arrivals from sea this year—merchant vessels 169, transports 201, total 370.

Dec. 8.—The Ocean, Bostock, and Alexander transports sailed on Sunday for England. On Monday the river was covered with ice.

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PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22.

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the Democratic Press, dated

"Harrisburg, Dec. 18, 1814.

"The annexed resolution and report was introduced in Senate on the 16th inst. by Mr. *Lowrie* chairman of the committee to whom was referred that part of the Governor's Message which relates to the Militia System, &c. With the exception of this report, no business of a general nature and interest has been before Senate.

"On the 16th the bill to reduce the pay of the members of both houses came again before the Senate and after some debate was referred to a special committee, who reported the same with amendments and it was then made the order of the day for Monday."

SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Reported for the Democratic Press.

The Committee on the MILITIA SYSTEM, make report in part—

Believing that the item of the Governor's message respecting the raising a few regiments for the defence of the State, ought to be acted on immediately. The committee have in the first place turned their attention to this important subject.

In order to ascertain what description of force the state of Pennsylvania ought to employ, in will be necessary to keep in view the maneer in which the war is conducted on the part of the enemy.

Possessing a large naval force he has the command of our bays and rivers and is able to land his forces on many parts of our exposed frontier. His avowed object is to destroy our towns and villages on the sea-board; and on particular occasions by concentrating his force to make what he calls a "demonstration" on our principal cities.

To repel this mode of warfare it becomes necessary that a force should be continually embodied; that they should be well disciplined and ready to march at a moment's warning—This description of force is to be found in State Regiments.

The enemy's force is composed of veteran soldiers—they are used to war—their discipline is complete. To oppose such a force with success, our troops must be disciplined—must have confidence in their officers and a knowledge of each other.

Your committee would not be understood to cast any reflection on the militia. The reverse is their opinion. They are convinced that "a well organized and well disciplined militia is the truest safeguard to the Republic"—yet they believe that to organize, discipline and embody this species of force is attended with such difficulty, that state regiments will have a decided preference.

The great time required to draft a body of militia and bring them into the field, is one prominent objection; before such a force could be brought to act, our finest towns might be laid in ruins, and the enemy retreated to their shipping. This has already been the case. It is the part of wisdom to profit by experience; and past errors if improved may be turned to future advantage.

To compare militia with state regiments in every particular will not be expected in this report. But the committee would merely advert to the sacrifice made by the farmer, the mechanic and the manufacturer, when called from their employment to the field of battle—to the enormous expence caused to the state—to the loss of valuable live occasioned by camp sickness and a change of situation, and to the loss sustained by the state, when her most industrious sons are called into the field.

Few if any of these objectioos can be made to state troops. They will be continually at their posts—their discipline will be complete, and the expence it is believed will not be equal to that incurred by frequent calls on the militia.

Impressed with these views, the following resolution is submitted for the consideration of the Senate.

Resolved, That the committee on the militia system, be instructed to bring in a bill, to authorize the governor to raise five regiments of infantry, one battalion of light artillery, and one battalion of riflemen, to serve during the war for the defence of this state, and occasionally to co-operate with other forces in the defence of New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland. [Adopted.]

—

RICHMOND, Dec. 20.

Extract to the Editor, dated Ellisville, Warren. (N.C.) Dec. 16.

"On Monday last passed through this place 1000 troops as a detachment to Norfolk, Va to aid in defence of our sister state, under the command of Col. Richard Atkinson.—They were a fine troop of hearty looking young men. The command now devolves on Lt. Col. Hunter, Col. Atkinson being at the general assembly."—*Enq.*

OFFICIAL.

To Maj Cooch, D A. Gen from the captain of Videttes, dated Hampton, Dec. 17, *half past* 12, *P. M.*

"I have this moment returned from the Old Point Comfort Light House, where I have been to view the movements of the British vessels, and to my great surprize found 4 frigates or brigs under sail, standing down towards a very high sand bank, which is about 3 miles to the N. of the light house with a pretty smart train of barges, some in front of the frigates under sail, and one very close to a schr. which they run aground—Off the Capes, lay 4 large ships, supposed to be 74's.'

From the same to the same, 5 o'clock P. M.

"The moment after my communication of this date had left town, I started for the shore expecting to see a skirmish between our troops and the British, and while going, I heard the cannon's roar; but before I got to the scene of action, it was all over; the British had got the schr. off, and was under way, but seeing the militia, gave a brisk fire which was returned by our six pounder, but without effect from either side. The schr. proved to be Two Sisters of *Baltimore*, bound to St. Jago, laden with flour, belonging to Jacob Graft of Baltimore, and commanded by Capt. Samuel Harris. In justice to the officers and men stationed at this place I feel a pleasure in stating that their conduct was truly patriotic and heroic.

"The number of the enemy's vessels engaged and in sight were two 74', 7 frigates, 3 brigs and two schs. with about 8 barges. The capt. and crew made their escape before the barges boarded them, bringing off their clothing. This force reached from the Middle Ground to Cape Henry—None of the enemy landed. *ib.*

THE ENEMY.

We learn that an express reached this city yesterday morning, bringing information that several of the enemy's frigates, accompanied by a number of barges, had evinced a disposition to enter James River. Four 74's were passing down the bay on Saturday last.

In consequence of this information a part of Gen. Cocke's brigade has been ordered to march towards Williamsburg.—*Compiler.*

—

NORFOLK, Dec. 20.

The British tender which stated to have drove to sea from Lynnhaven bay in the gale of the 18th ult. was fallen in with on the 4th inst. by the Pactolus frigate; there was not a soul on board of her. She was formerly the pilot boat Hunter of Baltimore, and when driven to sea had 6 men on board, who must have perished.

AMERICAN AND *Commercial Daily Advertiser.*

BALTIMORE: *Saturday, Dec.* 24.

We anxiously await the result of the Hartford convention, not because we apprehend any thing serious, or dangerous in it, but because we are curious to know what the Bobadil champions of the Snuff-bottle states will do. We are not prophets but we venture to predict, that they will postpone or refer the *important* subject of their deliberations to another convention, or dispose of it by some reference to future consideration. We could sincerely wish that the "moral traitors" would have the boldness to avow their final and real designs. If they desire to secede from the union, let them come out with a proposition to that effect, and risk their necks to once y a daring and "brilliant dash" at the "slave-holding states" and New York and Pennsylvania. Let the miniature and diminutive Catilines of Massachusetts pluck up courage enough to wield more than "words, words, words," to effect their treasonable projects. But they are probably pettifoggers sufficiently well skilled in the law to be aware how prudent it is not to go beyond words. If a mere neutrality in the war be the object of New England, she need not trouble herself further about the matter. She is completely neutral already; not only neutral; she is an efficient ally of the enemy. Her military generals have, at least one of them has, according to Boston prints, entered into an agreement with the enemy, that the people of a particular district in Massachusetts shall not take up arms against the British during the war! New England has helped the enemy to drain the union of specie, and sent it to Canada, to pay Indians and British savages for murdering and scalping our women and children, and for attempting to invade our frontiers; to employ spies and traitors to watch our movements on the frontiers, and to convey information to the enemy. She has refused all aid to her own government. To all intents and purposes therefore, New England helps the enemy as much as possible.—Her open hostility to the union would perhaps be preferable to the present state of things.

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PATRIOTIC SPEECH.

We ask the attention of our Federal readers especially, to the excellent speech of Mr. DUVALL, which we publish to-day. It will make them blush at the conduct of their leaders; and if they can only divest themselves of a fatal party prejudice, it will go far to induce them to discard men who are making themselves the objects of sarcasm and disgust to present times, and of abhorrence to succeeding generations.

—

A part of Gen. Izard's division, the 17th and 19th regiments, have proceeded to Erie, Penn. for the protection of the shipping on Lake Erie, during the winter.

—

A gentleman has recently arrived at Montreal from England, states, that the merchants in London trading to North America, united all their interest in a strong representation for the removal of Governor Prevost from the command in Canada. Lord Bathust promised to lay the same before his Majesty's ministers and to give them an immediate answer. Two or three days afterwards he sent for the committee, and informed them that his excellency Sir George Prevost, had executed the orders of the Cabinet in every particular—that his orders were limited, which he had executed to their full satisfaction—and that he would be continued Governor General of North America.

This decision, it is presumed took place before they had heard of the result of the Governor's attack on Plattsburgh.—*NY. E. Post.*

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The Tax Bills have now all passed the House of Representatives. Two of them have passed the Senate, and the remainder are in progress. The friends of an energetic and vigorous system of taxation will soon have no reason to complain, as they have recently done, of the inertness of Congress.

The Senate have for two days past, had no material business before them.

The Bank bill is expected to come up to day in the House of representatives, and to be speedily decided.—*Nat Intel.*

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The Ship's Cook a Great Officer.

According to an established form in the Navy, when a ship is paid off, no officer must quit the port, or consider himself discharged until the pennant is struck, which can be done only by the cook, as the last officer at sun-set; and should he be absent, no other person can perform the office, however desirous the officers may be of taking their departure, and although there may not be a single seaman or marine on board. A curious instance of this took place on the 7th inst. on the Caledonia's being paid off. When the time arrived for hauling down the pennant, no cook could be found, from which cause the officrs were under the necessity of waiting a day or two, until he made his appearance—*Lon. pap.*

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The London "*Press*" of Oct. 21, gives a British account of the force of the two squadrons on Lake Champlain, previous to the late engagement. Their vessels (exclusive of 12 gun-boats, whose force is not stated), are made to mount 72 guns, with 337 men—the American fleet 144 guns, with 1,480 men!!

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ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Head Quarters, 10th Military District,
BALTIMORE. Dec 22, 1814.

GENERAL ORDER

The court of inquiry of which lieut. col. ARMISTEAD is President, ordered to investigate the conduct of Capt BURD, commanding a squadron U. S. Light Dragoons, in respect to a charge made the 31st Oct. last, which charge is said to have been unauthorized—having performed their duty report as follows:

OPINION.

The court from the evidence are unanimously of opinion, that the charge made by Capt. J. A. Burd on the enemy on the 31st Oct. was an authorized act, and are also of opinion that the charge was a gallant and distinguished one.

(Signed)
G ARMISTEAD, lt. col. & Pres't.

The Major General commanding approves the opinion of the court of enquiry, and is happy to find it so honorable a proof of the distinguished gallantry and good conduct of Captain Burd on the occasion referred to The court is dissolved. Signed, W. SCOTT.

By command, F. S. BELTON, adj. gen.
dec 24

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In the forenoon of Sunday next (Christmas day) there will be a collection made in St. Paul's and Christ's churches, for the benefit of the poor, before the administration of the Holy Communion.

Divine service will be performed in Trinity church next Sunday at 11 o'clock by the Rev. Mr. BARTOW.

The Rev. F. W. GEISSENHEINER will deliver a Psalm, on Sunday morning, (Christmas day) in the German Lutherian Church, in Gay street, in his modern language.

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Married in this city yesterday by the Rev. Dr Kemp, Mr. *Misale Pierpoint*, to Miss *Mary Ann Williams*, both of Anne Arundel county.

———, last evening by the Rev. Dr. Roberts, Mr. *Wm. J. White* to Miss *Margaret Howard*, all of this city.

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Charleston, Dec. 16.—Pilot boat schooner Hampton, Welsman, Amelia, salt and dry goods. Left at Amelia. sloop———, Whitley, and smack Charleston, Cooper, from this port; no other late arrivals from Charleston A fleet of about 40 sail, under convoy of 6 gun boats, left St. Mary's on Monday last.—The Hamburg ship Gertrud, in 47 days from Liverpool. and a Prussian brig in 32 ds from Portsmouth, (Eng.) arrived at Amelia last week, in ballast—off Amelia bar they were boarded by the British frigate *Ceylon*, on a cruise off the Southern Coast.

Sloop Friendship, capt. George, Philad. 20 days from the Capes, 11 of which inland, fr. Cape Romain. Was chased by a schr. supposed to be the Paz, upwards of 7 hours, and gave up the chase in a squall. Saw or spoke nothing since, excepting seeing a British brig and her tender near North Channel.

NO PUFFING.

☞ *Never yet Surpassed.*

The progress of Literature in our highly favored city, may be justly estimated by the astonishing demand which has been lately experienced for works of established merit. The annals of the history of Baltimore has never before exhibited in such flattering terms the ardor with which our youth as well as the more experienced part of the community are seeking to improve their intelectual faculties, by tracing "with cautious steps but sure" the lucubrations of men, who "spend the midnight oil" to benefit mankind.

Yet notwithstanding this great demand, this unparalleled success, those of our fellow-citizens who have not yet attended may be supplied, "there yet is room." It is a fact that not less than 2579 Volumes, besides at least two cart loads of Pamphlets and works of minor importance are now for sale at the Book Auction Rooms, No. 15, Calvert street. The Evenings of Wednesday and Saturday in every week are appropriated for the sales. An apology justly due is herewith respectfully tendered to the numerous and respectable company who so patiently waited until near 10 o'clock with a view to purchase the Theological, Medical and Miscellaneous collection intended for sale on Wednesday—the great demand for three extensive Law Libraries arranged for sale on that Evening, rendered it inconvenient to introduce any part of the very splendid collection on general subjects, prepared for that Evening.

This Evening, Saturday, Dec. 24th,
Will be sold in addition to the collection above alluded to, a VALUABLE COLLECTION, recently received, both new and second hand—the limits of an advertisement would not contain even a fair sample of the most valuable; the public are therefore invited to "come and see."

W. SIMPSON, Jr. Auct.

In course of the sale, several Gold and Silver Watches, some of which are highly valuable.

N. B. Having engaged to dispose of the whole of the Stock of Books and Stationary articles at the store No. 214, nearly opposite Gadsby's Indian Queen Hotel, Market street, and the arrangements being in a state of great forwardness, the first sale will be held on Monday Evening next, the 26th inst. to commence precisely at 6 o'clock, and will be continued regularly every Monday and Thursday until the whole are disposed of

☞ Further particulars in the different papers of that day. W. S Jr. Auct.
dec 24 1t

SALE BY AUCTION.

ON MONDAY,
The 26th inst. at 11 o'clock, at the Auction Room head of Gay st dock,

DRY GOODS, viz.

Domestic Cloths and Cassimeres
Coarse blue Cloths
Satinets and Cassinets
Negro Cotton and Yarn Hose
German Osnaburgs
A package of Twist, &c.

After which, at 12 o'clock,

31 boxes brown Havanna Sugar
9 do. white do. do.
A small parcel of Coffee
A few chests Imperial Tea
19 bags Juniper Berries
1 case Bengal Indigo
6 hhds. choice Muscovado Sugar
Logwood, Fig Blue, &c

R. LEMMON & CO. Aucts.

N. B. The sale will take place without respect to weather.
dec 24

M. POOR & J. HASTINGS' AUCTION OFFICE,

No. 183½ *Market, corner of N. Charles st.*
ON MONDAY NEXT,
The 26th inst. at 10 o'clock. A M. will be sold at Public Auction on a liberal credit,
A large Assortment of

FRESH DRY GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE
Superfine and coarse broad Cloths
White and coloured Flannels
Bombazetts, Fancy Vestings
9 8 & 6 4 Cambric Muslins
Cotton Shirtings, Linen Checks, &c. &c.
Also,
A few cases of Domestic Shirtings, Plaids and Stripes

M. POOR & J. HASTINGS, Aucts.
dec 24

MARSHAL'S SALE.

District of New York, ss.

By virtue of a certain writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of New York, and to me directed and delivered, I will expose to sale at Public Auction on the 27th of Dec inst. at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at pier No. 9, South st between Old slip and Coenties slip,

The Cargo of the Brig Mary,

CONSISTING OF
74 casks of Lamb Skins,
4 do. Kid do.
111 jars of Oil, 50 chests roll Brimstone
109,700 lbs. Crude Brimstone
4 bales blue Aleppo Galls
126 bags Juniper Berries
1 bale Organzines, 60 bbls. Anchovies
100 sacks Volonoa, 1 box Cheese
9 slabs Marble, 11 blocks Statuary do.
Together with
6 bales of SILK

And on the 30th instant, at the Tontine Coffee House, at 1 o'clock, the
Brig MARY,
Her Tackle, Apparel & Furniture.

JOHN SMITH, Marshal.
New York, Dec. 17—24 d4t

TOBACCO.

600 hhds. of superior quality, composed of the entire crops of the best planters in Maryland, for sale by the subscriber.

RICHARD DORSEY,
Second street.
dec 24 d

FOR SALE,

Best Milford Haven OYSTERS, at the County wharf, Fell's Point.
dec 24 d4t*

Charitable Marine Society of BALTIMORE.

A quarterly meeting of this Society will be held on MONDAY, the 26th inst at 6 o'clock, P. M at Pamphillion's Hotel, Fell's Point.—General attendance of the members is requested. By the President,

NATHANIEL KNIGHT, Sec'y.
dec 24 d2t

Waggons to George-town.

Wanted a few Waggons to load to Georgetown. Apply at No 109, Market street, to

ABRAHAM RAPLEY.
dec 24 d2t

Valuable Land for Sale.

For Sale, that desirable retreat called Annandale, containing 65 Acres, 9½ miles from Baltimore, and about half a mile from the Reister's town Turnpike, and adjoining the property of Mr. George Lindenberger, called Pomona.—The soil is well adapted to Plaister and Clover, and a never failing stream of water sufficient for an extensive Manufactory, passing thro' the Farm. The improvements are a convenient dwelling House, and other necessary out-houses, and an excellent spring of water about 50 yards from the house, and a small apple & peach orchard of choice fruit—for terms, which will be very liberal apply to the subscriber, living on the premises. SARAH CARNAN,

or to NELSON NORRIS,
246, Market street.
dec 24 eo

NOTICE.

If SAMUEL BERRY, son of Ebenezer Berry, formerly of Somerset county, New-Jersey, who is said to be now in Baltimore, will call at this office, he will be informed of some of his relations residing here, who would wish to see him.

N B. *Five Hundred* or *One Thousand Dollars in SPECIE*, can be had by paying a premium. Apply as above.
dec 24 d4t*

TO LET,

And possesion given on the 1st of January next, the Store and Dwelling on Market street, at present in the occupancy of Mr. Gouges.—Apply to

H. FULFORD.
dec 24 eo6t*

STRAY COW.

Came to the subscriber on the 12th inst. a red COW, with a mottled face; not marked—gives milk; the above Cow followed a cow of David Harnman's from Hook's-town to Reister's-town. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

JOHN BOND, Jr.
Living near Mr. Chas. Walkers.
dec 24 d1t*

SALE BY AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY,
The 27th inst. at 10 o'clock precisely, without reserve, at our Auction Room, head of Frederick street dock, on terms which will then be made known, an Invoice of

BRITISH DRY GOODS,

Consisting of
Superfine, second and coarse Cloths, of various colours
Do. of Cassimeres, Vestings, and
Rose Blankets of an excellent quality
White chapel and London Needles
Cotton and Silk Lace, Silk Twist, &c. of superior quality

WM. VANCE & CO. Auctrs.

The above Goods are now open for inspection, and will be found worthy the attention of dealers in such articles. W. V. & Co.
dec 22

AUCTION ROOMS,

216, *Market street.*
ON WEDNESDAY NEXT,
At 10 o'clock, A. M. will be offered at Public Auction, an Invoice of
DOMESTIC & BRITISH DRY GOODS
by the Package only.

APPLETON & POOR, Aucts.
dec 23

EXTRA ILLUMINATION;

CHRISTMAS EVE
AND
NEW-YEAR'S EVE.
In addition to the Regular Evenings
TUESDAYS & THURSDAYS,
PEALE'S MUSEUM
AND GALLERY of the FINE ARTS

Will be Illuminated on SATURDAY, the EVE OF CHRISTMAS, and again on *SATURDAY*, the EVE OF NEW YEAR.

☞ Ladies and Gentlemen, intending to go in parties, are recommended to procure tickets previously, to prevent delay at the door.
dec 23 fs4tif

CHRISTMAS BALL.

F. D. MALLET will give his Christmas Ball next SATURDAY, that day being the Eve of Christmas, and a day for his regular Practising Ball, he hopes to receive a part of the public patronage. Mr M. confesses that at no other time he has had so much need of encouragement as at the present, owing to the unfortunate pressure of the times, having a large family to provide for, the effecting of such an arduous task can only be accomplished with the patronage of a liberal community.

Mr. M is sorry to see that there are a few persons so inimical to him as to make use of their utmost endeavors to prevent the public from encouraging his Balls as they were last winter—those persons, he hopes, have no justifiable cause for so doing

The Ball will be on the same terms as other practising balls, except kept up later. Young gentlemen wishing to attend may obtain ladies Tickets by calling at the Juvenile Assembly Room previous to the Ball. Should the weather be unfavorable on Saturday, the Ball will be on Tuesday next.
dec 23 d4tif

CHRISTMAS BALL.

Mr. B. BRUNELOT'S next Practising Ball will be on SATURDAY, the 24th inst. Christmas Eve. The Ball will last much longer than usual.

Mr. B. B. recollects with pleasure and gratitude, that at such a period, four years ago, he opened his Assembly Room by a most brilliant Ball, and he now hopes that his former scholars and good patrons will evince the same good dispositions on this occasion.

Practising Ball every Saturday during the season.

Days of tuition for young Ladies and Boys, Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, for grown up Gentlemen, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays.

N. B Should the weather prove too unfavorable on Saturday, the Ball shall take place on Monday following, 26th.
dec 21 wtfs4t*

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Oliver Farwell, who have not as yet handed in their accounts, will please to render them on or before the 20th of February to Alex. H. Boyd, Esq. at whose office the effects will be divided on the 28th of the same month.

C. S. KONIG.
dec 22 d4t2aw8t