THE PLANTERS' ADVOCATE AND SOUTHERN MARYLAND ADVERTISER.—MAY 13, 1857.

The Planters' Advocate.

UPPER MARLBOROUGH:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1857.

☞ The recent rejection by the British Government of the Dallas-Clarendon treaty, as amended and modified by the Senate of the United States, has been the principal theme of the letter writers since the matter was divulged, and many opinions have been hazarded as to both the causes and the probable effects of the rejection. Among other journals, the *Richmond South*, discusses the matter, and attributes action to a sudden change of mind on the part of the British authorities. It contends that from the tone of the British press, and the emphatic declarations of Lord Napier, it was evidently expected, and reasonably too, that the treaty would be accepted. These indications, however, were prior to the late elections in England when, says the *South*, "if not in an amiable mood, Palmerston was then in no condition to defy this country. His hands were full of the Persian and Chinese difficulties, and he had a refractory Parliament at his back," and, as giving some explanation of his sudden change of mind, it further remarks: "The Persion war has since closed in 'the triumph of the British arms, and the Palmerstonian policy in China is supported by the 'acclamations of the country. The Parliament 'which worried and baffled him, has been superceded by another avowedly in his interest and 'obsequious to this will; and Lord Palmerston 'is at full liberty to carry out whatever scheme 'of ambition or revenge he may conceal in the 'recesses of his impenetrable bosom. Of an imperious and vindictive temper, he has never forgiven the dismissal of Crampton by the late 'Administration. Conscious weakness compelled him to endure the humiliation for a season; 'but he seizes the first occasion to retaliate the 'indignity. In the pride of irresistible power 'he hurls back the defiance upon the Democracy 'of America."

The *South* thinks that the original Clayton-Bulwer treaty was the origin of all our subsequent difficulties in Central American affairs, saying:

"It was an egregious error in the beginning, and the folly and mischief of the things have been visible at every subsequent stage of the negotiation. Fortunately an opportunity is afforded for the repair of the blunder. The rejection of our amendments to the Dallas-Clarendon treaty re-opens the controversy, and restores each party to its original position. The United States are now absolved from their burdensome obligations by the act of the British Government, and may strike out uyon a wiser and bolder policy.

"The Administration will not neglect the opportunity. President Buchanan is the very man to seize the advantage, and to conduct the controversy to a satisfactory settlement. It was while he was Secretary of State, that British encroachment in Central America attracted the observation and provoked the resistance of this Government. It was while he represented the country at the Court of St. James, that the dispute raged with the greatest fury. He has read, talked and written more on the affairs of Central America, than the rest of our statesmen together; and he has always exhibited an enterprising and resolute spirit in opposing the pretensions of Great Britain. It is for him, then, to reverse the weak and mischievous tendencies of the Government, to insist upon the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and to inaugurate a new American policy in the interests of the American continent."

The National Hotel Disease.

The New York *Herald* thinks that the Academy of Medicine of that city, in its discussion the other evening, "gave the quietus to the enormous humbug that the late National Hotel disease at Washington was the result of a dastardly attempt to poison Mr. Buchanan. The stinking sewers, venting their deadly exhalations into and all over the house, will, or ought to, account for the malady and solve the mystery to the satisfaction of all sensible people. That any human being could entertain such a diabolical and venomous hatred of Mr. Buchanan as to risk his death by poison, involving the lives of hundreds of unoffending people—men, women and children—passes all bounds of credulity. We have no doubt that Mr. Buchanan, in his election as President, and since, has had fewer enemies and more universally the good wishes of all parties and all sorts of men, than any other President since the time of Monroe."

A correspondent of the Washington *Star* at Berlin, Sangamon County, Illinois, writes as follows:

In a late number of the *National Flag* I observed the calamity which had befallen the patrons and inmates of the National Hotel in your city. Some thirty years since a like circumstance happened on the St. Croix River in Calais, Maine. After fruitless efforts to discover the cause it was accidentally discovered that the sugar used contained one ounce of arsenic to eight pounds of sugar, in consequence of the sugar having been handled or strained through leaden strainers. The symptoms were cramp colic, spasms and nausea.

May not the National Hotel sickness have thus originated? HUMANITY.

MR. BANCROFT is said to have realized fifty thousand dollars by his "History of the United States." Mr. Prescott, the celebrated historian, derives a large revenue from his literary efforts. The recent work of Dr. Kane on "The Arctic Regions" has likewise been signally successful.—We mention these facts with pleasure. They show that American genius is fully appreciated. We are emphatically a reading people, and are constantly becoming more so.

LAND WARRANT TO HON. JOHN P. KENNEDY.—A bounty-land warrant of 160 acres was issued from the Pension Office on Friday to the Hon. JOHN P. KENNEDY, of Baltimore, for his services as a private soldier in Capt. Warfield's company Maryland militia, war of 1812.

VISITORS TO NEWPORT.—The Newport (R. I.) *News* publishes a list of over thirty houses which have already been rented there for the summer season. J. Mason Campbell, Esq., of Baltimore, has taken Muniford Hazard's house near the Cliffs.

DEATH OF REV. JOHN A. COLLINS.—This able and popular Methodist Clergyman died in Baltimore on Thursday afternoon, in the 57th year of his age. His death will be deeply regretted by all who knew him.

A HANDSOME PRESENT.—The sum of $96,000 was subscribed at Vicksburg, Miss., on Wednesday last, to purchase a plantation to be presented to ex-President FRANKLIN PIERCE. Only $4,000 is required to complete the purchase.

PHILADELPHIA.—The Democrats on Tuesday carried the city of Philadelphia by a very large increased majority over the Know-Nothings and Black Republicans. This is a complete and glorious triumph.

The Democrats carried the election in the borough of York on Saturday for the first time in forty years, electing Peter McIntire chief burgess by 65 majority.

Mexican Affairs.

A correspondent of the Washington *States*, of Monday evening, furnishes the following paragraphs touching the recent toubles in Mexico, and the political bearings of the events that have transpired, which will be of interest to the reader in connexion with the many publications recently made in the press concerning the tangled web of Mexican affairs. He says:

"The last intelligence from the city of Mexico "is very favorable to the success of the Supreme "Government in its struggle against the reactionary elements which have threatened its destruction. The time and place for a revolution had been fixed, and its leaders were fully "prepared; but the movement met with a complete discomfiture. Thursday, of Holy Week, "had been determined upon by the Ecclesiastical party for a grand insurrection, but it appears that the people had no sympathy with "the cause of the clergy, and the appearance of "a squadron of government cavalry and a few "scattering shots terminated the affair.

"The Mexican *Extraordinary* of the 15th ult. "says that the people properly 'appreciate the "wise policy which has undertaken to eradicate, "by a course of gradual reform, that monstrous "monopoly which has weighed as a fatal incubus, for ages, upon the political and material "prosperity of Mexico.'

"Comonfort's government appears now to be "sufficiently stable for the purpose of negotiating treaties with foreign governments, and it "is probable that our government will avail "itself very soon of the opportunity now offered "to obtain a reasonable and satisfactory treaty "for the adjustment of questions pending between us and Mexico.

"The parties to the English question have "agreed to submit the whole question at issue "to the decision of the Supreme Court of the "country, but England had, meanwhile, assumed a decisive attitude, by despatching several "frigates to Vera Cruz.

"A letter in the *Picayune* from Mexico, dated "April 12th, expresses a doubt whether the "Forsyth treaties had been sent back to Mexico, "and conjectures that they are detained here "till the press of business in the new administration shall so far cease as to enable them to "consider the subject.

"It is true that the subject is to be fully considered, and instructions in regard to a new "treaty agreed upon. But the loan proposed by "Mr. Forsyth's treaty is objected to by the present administration, as it was by the last.

"Great Britain has, for a long time, held unbounded sway over the affairs of Mexico, controlling her commerce and her political counsels for her own advantage. Mow and then "she threatens force, and by this means, as well "as by diplomatic bullying, Mexico is kept in "constant terror of her. She has a hold upon "Mexico, through the unsatisfied British-debt "convention; and, in the meantime, while she "presses the demand for the four millions, she "extorts from the country, through her commercial monopolies, double that sum every "year."

Affairs in St. Mary's County.

We copy the following items from the last number of the Leonardtown *Beacon*:

Francis E. Heard has been appointed Collector of State and County Tax for the Sixth Election District, in place of James M. Heard, who declined.

The bonds of the Collectors for the year 1857, were approved by the County Commissioners at their last meeting.

Our farmers have taken advantage of the present favorable spell of weather, and have generally finished their corn planting. The wheat crop is convalescing, and vegetation of all kinds gives evidence of the prosperous influence of the present sunshine.

We learn that Dr. Ford Combs, of the Factory District, had two barns blown down lately, in one of which was most of his farm machinery, which was much broken and injured. His loss is about $800.

The Democrats are to hold a mass meeting in Leonardtown on Tuesday, the 26th instant, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Democratic State Convention to be held in Baltimore on the 30th of July next; also for the purpose of appointing delegates to attend a Convention to be hereafter held to nominate a candidate for this, the Sixth Congressional District, and of making such other nominations, and transacting such other business as in their judgments the interests of the party may require.

Hotel Robery and Arrest of Fugitive Slaves.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says:

An extensive robbery took place at Brown's hotel on Friday afternoon, when the room occupied by Mr. Z. N. Aronson, of New York, was entered by thieves. There was taken therefrom twenty-five gold watches, the lowest in value $50, the rest ranging from that to $200; sixty gold chains, average value $20, and other articles of jewelry, the whole amounting to 2,500 or $3,000. The owner had just returned from the South with these goods.

Three colored men belonging to Mr. Geary, of Anne Arundle County, have been captured by Mr. Homan, of the auxiliary guard. They were making for the North. Upon questioning one of them the whereabouts of three others of the company were discovered, and taking with him officer Wollard, the remainder were secured—making six altogether. The owner will compensate the officers.

POLITICS IN LIBERIA.—The colored gentlemen who have gone out to Africa from the United States, seem to have arranged themselves politically under the old party names they left behind them among the whites. We have not yet learned the distinctive political principles of the Whig and Democrrtic "niggers," but it is under those banners that they conduct their contest, as appears from the following paragraphs by the last arrival:

"The Liberians are already preparing for another Presidential Election, President Benson and Vice Presidut Yates being candidates for reelection.

"The Whigs have nominated for Vice President John N. Lewis, re-nominatating President Benson The contest, therefore, will be upon the Vice President."

SENSIBLE.—Senator FOOTE, of California, says the Carrol County *Democrat* has left the American party, joined the Democracy, and advised the Know-Nothings to disband. This is the most sensible idea we ever heard from a Know-Nothing. He comes out right. The most of Know-Nothings when they get ashamed of Know-Nothingism, call themslves Old Line Whigs.

HON. LEWIS D. CAMPBELL has concluded not to resist the claims of Vallandingham, Democrat, to the seat in Congress from the Columbus District, Ohio. He says he is induced to this course by the coldness of those who ought to stand by him. The fact is, "Lew" has got a very poor look for success—and he knows that "discretion is the better part of valor."

The duchess of Ragusa, the widow of Marshal Marmont, whose posthumous memoirs have occasioned so much sensation, is just dead.

Acquittal of Mrs. Cunningham--Interesting Scenes in Court--Alleged Clue to the Real Murderers, &c.

NEW YORK, May 10—P. M.—The trial of Mrs. Cunningham for the murder of Dr. Burdell, is at length closed. The counsel both for the defense and the prosecution occupied each two hours yesterday in summing up, the attorney general closing the case at six o'clock. Judge Davies then proceeded to charge the jury in an able, clear and impartial address, lasting one hour, when at seven the jury retired. All eyes were directed towards them as they proceeded to the jury room, and efforts were now made to obtain a better view of the prisoner, whose fate hung so awfully in the balance. She, however, avoided the prying curiosity of the crowd, as did also her daughters.

At twenty-five minutes of eight o'clock the jury re-entered, when a profound stillness reigned, and the clerk took his position in the witness chair and read over the names; after all the jurors had answered, he put the question, viz: Gentlemen of the jury have you agreed upon a verdict? The foreman answered, we have. The prisoner immediately thereupon showed signs of being deeply affected, and was much agitated; but the court ordered her to look towards the jurors, and also requested the latter to look upon the prisoner.

The clerk then asked, "How say you, gentlemen, do you find Emma Augusta Cunningham, otherwise called Burdell, guilty or not gulty?" The foreman responded, "*not guilty*." But Mrs. Cunningham was so agitated that she heard not the words the foreman uttered, and did not know the verdict till her counsel whispered to her; then she sunk back overpowered by her feelings. After recovering the prisoner and her daughters were conducted out of court into one of the judge's chambers, and there received the congratulations of her friends at the happy termination of the prosecution. She then returned to the fatal house in Bond street.

It is reported that the authorities have obtained a clue that will bring to light the real murderers of Dr. Burdell, and they are now engaged in effecting arrests. The public are exceedingly anxious for some further developments, as thus far the ends of justice have been completely and shamefully balked.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The official papers just communicated to the Government by Lord Napier, the British Minister, containing a formal proposition for a new Central American treaty, but the administration will probably do nothing in the premises until the meeting of the next Congress, when the entire subject will be laid before the Senate in deference to their views heretofore expressed.

It is untrue that the President contemplates a visit to Boston in June next, as stated in the newspapers. The arrangements are nearly completed for his summer residence in the vicinity of the Soldiers' Home, four miles from Washington.

In consequence of the pressure of public business, the President has just declined an invitation to participate in the celebration of the settlement of Jamestown.

Governor Walker to-day took the oath of office as Governor of Kansas. He was closeted with the President several hours, and received his instructions from him.

Charles K. Graham, of New York, has been appointed chief engineer of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, vice Murphy, removed.

The Secretary has appointed George L. Sites of Indiana, superintendent of the wagon road in Nebraska, from the Platte river via Dacotah city and the Omaha Reserve to Running Water river. Also Henry B. Smyth, of Missouri, engineer, and M. A. Makinnon, of Mississippi, to be disbursing agent to the El Paso and Fort Yumah wagon road, vice Mr. Jordan, declined.

The administration is anxiously waiting a reply from Mr. McCulloh, who has been tendered the Governorship of Utah.

Loan for Repairing the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal.

WASHINGTON, May 11, P. M.—The efforts of President Maulsby, of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, for raising means for repairing the damages which have lately resulted to that work, are proving successful. On application to the corporation of Georgetown the councils of that town have come forward with their usual spirit and voted a loan of five thousand dollars to the Canal Company to aid in the work.

The Pennsylvania Legislature and "Dred Scott."

HARRISBURG, May 11.—The Hon. William H. Welsh, the able State Senator from York county, made a minority report to-day sustaining the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the "Dred Scott" case. It is a document of much ability and evinces great research and a thorough review of all the great principles at issue. A majority report taking opposite views had been previously made.

Defalcation.

HARTFORD, Ct., May 11.—The Mercantile Bank has discovered a defalcation of $2,700 in the accounts of the tate teller, Mr. Dwight Ledgwick, who has gone to California. The loss falls on the teller's bondsmen.

Municipal Election.

CUMBERLAND, Md., May 11.—The municipal election held here to-day resulted in the election of the Democratic candidates for mayor and council by an average of 20 majority.

The Dalton Divorce Case.

BOSTON, May 9.—The jury in the Dalton case, after being together all night, came into court this morning; and said they were unable to agree on a verdict. They stood ten in favor of granting Dalton a divorce, to two against it.

Sympathy for Walker in Philadelpia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—The meeting to have been held here last evening in aid of Walker was a failure. Nobody attended it except the reporters and a few others, and the room was not even opened.

Nomination to Congress.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—The democrats of the third congressional district have nominated John B. Clark to fill the vacancy occasioned by the election of James S. Green to the Senate.

PORTER'S SPIRIT having assailed the fallacy of the doctrine that in weighting horses for specific races, "seven pounds is equal to a distance," is strengthened by several communications from sporting correspondents, all of whom take the same view of the subject, and corroborate, from their own experience, the assertion, that between horses of equal merit, there is no such thing as a distance that seven pounds can make. The *Spirit* adds:—"No fresh intelligence has arrived from England, concerning the American stable, nor do we observe the names of any of our horses included in the entries for the different stakes received per last steamer; neither did we anticipate seeing them, as the events are all of a secondary character, both intrinsically and in a sporting sense, and not such as would be likely to tempt the entry of either of the American horses, who will undoubtedly be reserved for far better things. In fact, we do not expect they will be put in an appearance prior to Ascot, as we have stated in previous articles on the subject."

WHY NOT ASSAIL JUDGE STORY?—Why do not the Black Republican papers assail Judge Story, asks the Detroit *Free Press*. It adds: He said of a decision on the same point as that decided by Chief Justice Taney, at which Black Republicanism is so terribly incensed, that, "it appears to me the decision is impregnable;" and he added, "I have never heard any other opinion but that of approbation of it expressed among the profession of the law." Why do not the Black Republican papers assail Judge Story? And Chief Justice Daggett, of Connecticut, why do not they assail him? He held the same doctrine precisely as Chief Justice Taney. Why do they not assail more fiercely than they have done William Wirt? He was also clear upon the point decided by Chief Justice Taney.

TOBACCO.—The late rains have enabled the Virginia farmers to get their tobacco into market, and the Lynchburg and Danville papers announce large arrivals there. A correspondent of the Petersburg *Intelligencer*, writing from Lynchburg, says tobacco that in days gone by he "should have looked upon as fit only for manure, commands from $8 to $12."

From the Richmond Dispatch.

Broad Rock Races--Spring Meeting.

After the long humid spell of weather, which had suspended business, housed gossips, and nearly destroyed old bachelors with the "blues," the lowering clouds broke away Tuesday morning, the wind veered around to the west, and the sun, as if ashamed of his long absence from the post of duty, arose very early, attired himself in his brightest robes, and with his most genial rays smiled upon mother earth, in atonement for the shower baths she had been subjected to, and as a token that she might expect better things from him for the present. Catching the spirit of joy so profusely distributed, hundreds of our citizens sallied forth to enjoy the balmy weather, and procuring vehicles, made for old Broad Rock, where two races were announced to take place. When we reached the course, about 12 o'clock, we found the track quite heavy, but the exertions of the proprietor had relieved it of nearly all the water; so that, with the aid of the drag and harrow, it was rendered in tolerable fair condition before the hour of starting.

At 1 o'clock the entries for the sweepstake were called, and soon thereafter three or four made their appearance in front of the long house—Messrs. Bowie & Hall, John M. Botts and D. McDaniel—to contend for the purse. A slight glance soon satisfied all that Mr. B.'s colt was in no sort of condition for a race, he being not only poor, but "green;" while Mr. McD.'s filly showed symptoms of lameness as well as of "staleness" from long training, that rendered her chances extremely doubtful. "Dutchess," the entry of Messrs. Bowie & Hall, looked so much better than her competitors, that she was marked as the winner, and freely taken against the field at odds. She is a very pretty little animal, and fleet withal, but wanting in size to make her what her owners deserve to have, one of the best racers in the land.

First Heat.—At half past 1 o'clock, the riders having been weighed and mounted, the three came to the score, Botts being the first, McDaniel second, and Bowie & Hall being third, and after two false starts, they got off together, and took up the running. The Revenue cut out the work and made play for the lead, Dutchess laying well up to her until going one hundred yards, when she quickened her pace, stepped to the front, and under a steady pull, began to move away from her gallant at a steady pace. On reaching the back stretch, the Boston filly finding that her lady friend had deserted her partner, and was going it alone, let out a little of her power, passed the Revenue, and then made at the Dutchess, with all her speed, but failed to get within hailing distance till she had swept down the quarter stretch, passed the judge's stand, and won the race in 2:00, the Revenue being distanced, as all expected, when he started.

Second Heat.—There being but two contestants left, and twenty minutes having expired, they came to the stand at the call of the judge, and receiving the word, were off at the top of their speed. After going about one hundred yards, the Dutchess drew to the front, and running under a strong pull, continued to widen the breach between the lady and herself, till the mile was run in 2:02¼ and the race and ended.

We append a summary:

Sweepstakes for 3 year olds, the produce of mares that never won or produced a winner; $100 subscription, half forfeit; mile heats.—Closed with the following subscribers:

Bowie & Hall g. f. Dutchess, by Register, dam Princess, by Prince George............1 1
David McDaniel ch. f. by Boston, jun., dam by Trustee..............2 2
J. M. Botts (H. I. Brooks) b. c. by Revenue, out of an Emancipation mare.............dis.
Calvin Green ch. c. by Belchazer, dam by Trustee..............pd. ft.
Time—2:00; 2:02¼

SECOND DAY.—If the friends of the turf had been in control of the weather, they could not have desired a more inviting day for the sport than that of Wednesday. With a clear sky, warm sun and gentle breezes sufficiently strong to counteract the effects of heat, nothing could have been wanting to induce all who admire racing to turn out, and seek an hour's recreation at Broad Rock. The race announced was a sweepstake for 3 year olds, $200 subscription, half forfeits, for which there were five entries, four of whom were expected to start; and as one of these was a Tally-Ho and another a Revenue, two great favorites in this region, no little interest was manifested among the friends of the "worthy sires" already named, as to which would prove victorious.

On getting to the course about 12 o'clock, we were gratified to find that the attendance of gentlemen were good, among whom were several veterans of the turf, and that the track had dried off, and was in condition for a fair race. The betting men had already learned that neither of Mr. McDaniel's entries would start, and their operations were therefore confined to the Tally-Ho, Zinganee and Revenue, the former of whom was decidedly the favorite, while both of the others had friends ready to back them when suitable odds were offered.

A few minutes before 1 o'clock the three marched down to the stretch, and as all of them appeared to be in perfect condition, offers upon the result were made with caution and accepted with care, though the Tally-Ho lost nothing in the confidence of her friends, when stripped for the fray. As to how far they were right, the reader will soon see.

First Heat.—At the sound of the horn, the riders having been weighed and charged, Mr. Botts announced his determination not to start, thus leaving the contest between the Tally-Ho and Zingance. This unexpected withdrawal fell like a wet blanket upon the "fielders," who were taking the chances against the favorite, and not a few of them set their wits to work to hedge out of their troubles, but before they could do so, the horn was again heard, and the two contestants came to the score, the filly being first and the colt second. After one false start, "go" was given, and the filly led off at a moderate pace, closely pursued by the colt, who seemed to say that he would scorn to pass a fair damsel in the outset of their journey. On getting upon the back stretch the filly quickened her pace and moved further to the front, the colt trailing at a respectful distance, till getting near the head of the quarter stretch, when he answered the call of his rider, made a gallant brush and drove his competitress from there home at her best licks, she winning the heat by a length in 1:55½, to the infinite delight of the "knowing ones," who had wagered liberally on her taking the purse.

After the usual allotment of time, the two once more made their appearance at the stand, both looking well, and bets were freely offered on the filly that she would win, with no takers. In the meantime the jockeys were mounted, the horn sounded, and the pair came to the score for the

Second Heat.—On getting the word, the two went off together, at quarter horse speed, and side by side dashed along at a fearful pace, for about three hundred yards, at which time the rider of the colt slackened his pull, and he passed to the front. The rider of the filly then took her in hand, as if to run a waiting race; but the colt continued to fly along the back stretch, opening the distance between the filly and himself at every stride. Near the head of the stretch, the filly commenced her brush, and made a most determined effort to overhaul the colt, but he had gotten up steam, and the goal being in sight, answered to the persuation of his jockey, and lead home in the short time of 1:49.

Another change now came over the face of things, and the "knowing ones" began to look as blue as a gobler's snout on a frosty morning, while the "fielders" were wild with excitement at their marvellous luck in having their "dimes" on such a fleet-footed nag. As a matter of course, the betting now changed in favor of the colt, and the call was given him with but few takers. A blowing spell of fifteen minutes having passed, the horn again sounded, and the two came up for the

Third Heat.—At the word the two went off abreast, but the filly soon drew in front and held her position till nearing the half mile, when the colt made a run, went up to her, and fastening upon her skirts ran so for one hundred yards.—Getting tired of close company, a slight persuasion drove him to the front, and on swinging in to the stretch he was two lengths ahead. As the two came flying home, the filly made a desperate brush, lapped the colt and succeeded in passing him. Both riders now drew their whips, and plied them freely, the colt once more lapping the filly at the distance stand and finally passing her, after one of the most exciting struggles we have seen between two three years old for many seasons, winning the heat in 1:55 and the race.

Local and Personal.

Laurel Items.—Our correspondent "Philo," at the Laurel writes as follows:

Mr. EDITOR: The body of a white man was found on Friday night last on the Anne Arundel side of the Railroad, near this place. An inquest was held the next day, by SAMUEL C. BROOKS, Esq., but the jury were unable to identify the body, or come to any conclusion as to the probable cause of death. The body was dressed in a dark frock-coat, black cassimere vest, blue pantaloons, black silk hat with crape upon it, and there was a darb overcoat with velvet collar lying near. The man had evidently been dead for some time, as decomposition had considerably advanced. About six weeks since, a servant picked up near where the body was found, a carpet bag, containing clothing nearly corresponding in description to that found on the body, with a dark maroon colored plush cap, and a red flannel shirt covered with white anchors; also a Roman Catholic prayer book in German, a number of papers, and a letter from his wife, post-marked "Quackenbuck, via Bremen and steamer Washington, to Henry Lubbe, Beltsville, Md." These articles are now in the possession of Mr. BROOKS, and if there was any connexion between the carpet bag and the body found, they may lead to its identification.

A party of surveyors have been engaged, for two weeks past, on the line of the proposed "Monocacy and Laurel Branch" of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. We indulge the hope that the Company may determine to build this road, as it would do much for the improvement of the country through which it would pass.

Our farmers are availing themselves of the welcome seasonable weather to get in their corn crop. There is time enough yet and to spare.—The growing wheat, which two weeks ago looked very badly, is much improved. The chief complaint is of the shortness of pasture.

The Factory is in full operation with one-half complement of machinery, and, though not running at full speed, is turning out a large proportionate increase of goods over the same amount of machinery in the old. With one hundred looms, there are now made 3900 yards of "cloth" per week; with the full speed 4500 could be made. In the old factory the same number of looms would make but 3300 per week. The machinery well sustains the reputation of our very worthy and skillful townsman, S. P. HEATH.

Sale of Servants.—A. H. CHEW and R. B. B. CHEW, Administrators of the late Leonard H Chew, sold on Thursday last part of the personal estate belonging to the deceased, consisting of several servants. The sales were as follows:

One woman and two small girls sold for $1450, and were purchased by E. G. W. HALL, Esq.

Boy, about 15 years of age, sold for $915, and was purchased by WM. Z. BEALL, Esq.

Small boy sold for $700, and was purchased by DANIEL C. DIGGES, Esq.

Girl, about 14 years of age, sold for $900, and was purchased by JOHN F. PICKRELL, Esq., of Baltimore.

Two small girls sold—one for $880 and the other for $550—and were purchased by Mrs. A. H. CHEW.

Distressing Accident.—We regret to learn that THOMAS H. OSBORN, Esq., late Sheriff of this county, met with a severe accident last week.—He was riding in a buggy, accompanied by a friend, when something connected with the harness gave way, the horse ran off, and Mr. OSBORN, in jumping from the vehicle, had his leg badly broken in two places. He was doing as well as could be expected the last time we head from him.

Appointment by the Governor.—JOHN CONTEE, of this county, has been appointed Aid-de-Camp to the Governor, with the rank of Colonel.

Masonic.—All master masons in this village, or within five miles of it, are requested to meet at the office of J. CONTEE MULLIKIN, Esq., on Friday evening, the 15th instant, at half-past seven o'clock. See advertisement in another column of to-day's paper.

Sale of a Farm.—We learn that Mr. JOHN J. GIBBONS has sold his farm near Patuxent City, Charles County, near the diving line, to Mr. O. SULLIVAN WOOD, of this county. The price paid was $8000.

We udderstand that Col. JOHN D. BOWLING, of this county, has purchased the farm of Mr. G. GARDINER, in the same neighborhood, for $41 per acre.

Sale to Take Place.—D. C. DIGGES and C. C. MAGRUDER, Esqrs., Trustees, will offer at public sale, at the Long Old Fields, to-morrow, (Thursday) the 14th instant, the real estate of the late Wm. E. Berry, consisting of one hundred and forty-one acres of land. See advertisement.

Sale of Real Estate.—J. CONTEE MULLIKIN and C. SMITH KEECH, Esqrs., Trustees, sold on Thursday last part of the real estate of the late Thomas Harvey, situated in Bladensburg District, consisting of one hundred and ninety-one acres of unimproved land, for $3,247—purchased by FIELDER CROSS, Esq.

Ball at Nottingham.—We hope our young friends will not forget the May Ball to be given at the Planters' Hotel, in Nottingham, TO-MORROW EVENING. There will be a fine band of cotillion music from Baltimore in attendance, and all the arrangements are in good taste.

Appointment by the Commissioners.—JEREMIAH MULLIKIN to be Constable for the Third Election District of this county, in the place of JOHN E. GARDINER, resigned.

A NUT FOR GREELY.—We noticed some days ago the fact that this worn out and gone to-the Old-Scratch Commonwealth, as the free soilers pronounce it, has increassd in the value of lands ninety-eight millions and a half (not six millions as some of the northern papers have it) within the last six years. We beg now to present another fact for the consieration of the philosohers who expect to regenerate Virginia by abolishing the slaves, and colonizing it with New England laborers. It is that the only county in Virginia in which there has been any decrease in the value of lands in the last six years, is the county of Brooke, in which the depreciation has been twenty-two per cent., and in which scarcely a single slave is left! Brooke county gave Fremont a hundred votes at the last presidential election.—Let the canting demagogues put that in their pipes and smoke it—*Richmond Dispatch*.

PREFER SLAVERY.—About three years ago Miss Anne W. Taliaferro, of King William County, Va., emancipated 40 negroes, giving each $150. They were placed in a Quaker settlement in Ohio, by F. W. Scott, executor to the estate. A few weeks since, Mr. Scott had occasion to visit them on business, and found them in a wretched condition, almost starving. One of the children had been stolen, and several had died for want of attention and the necessaries of life. They begged Mr. S. to allow them to return with him to Virginia and go into slavery.

THE MARKETS.

SATURDAY, *May* 9.—*Wheat.*—A good demand, and the market very buoyant. Receipts very light. Only about 700 bushels offered on 'change to-day, and all sold, choice white at $1.80, and do. red at $1.68. We quote good to prime white at $1.68@1.75, and good to prime red at $1.60@1.65 ℔ bushel. *Corn.*—A fair inquiry, and the market steady. About 19,000 bushels offered on 'change to-day, and sales of 4000 bushels fair white at 70@72 cents, and good to prime do. at 73@75 cents. Sales of fair to good and prime yellow at 73@76 to 77 cents ℔ bushel. *Rye.*—About 200 bushels Pennsylvania offered on 'change to-day, and all sold at 95 cents. We quote Maryland Rye at 80 cents ℔ bushel.—*Oats.*—Market steady. About 1200 bushels offered to-day, and sales of Pennsylvania at 57 cts. We quote Virginia at 45@48 cents, and Maryland Oats at 50@55 cents ℔ bushel.

MONDAY, *May* 11.—*Wheat.*—A good demand, and prices advanced fully 8 cents ℔ bushel on the closing rates of Saturday. About 4000 bushels offered on 'change to-day, and sales of fair white at $1.70, good to prime do. at $1.75@1.78, and choice white at $1.85@1.88. No sales of red. We quote good to prime red at $1.65@1.75 ℔ bushel. *Corn.*—A brisk demand, and the prices 2 to 3 cents ℔ bushel better. About 22,000 bushels offered on 'change to-day, and sales of fair white at 70@73 cents, and good to prime do. at 74@76 cents. Sales of fair to good and prime yellow at 75@77 to 79 cents ℔ bushel. *Rye.*—None offered on 'change to-day. We quote nominally, Maryland Rye at 80 cents, and Pennsylvania do. at 95 cents ℔ bushel. *Oats.*—Market quiet, but steady. About 2000 bushels offered to-day, and sales of Virginia at 46@48 cents, Maryland at 53@55 cents, and Pennsylvania Oats at 57@58 cents ℔ bushel.

TOBACCO.—The market this week for Maryland Tobacco exhibits less animation than heretofore, and as the demand falls off, holders are obliged to make concessions to shippers in order to induce them to operate. The sales of Maryland Tobacco this week have not been large, and though in some instances sales have been made fully 50 cts. below last week's rates, prices are too unsettled to establish quotatious. We therefore continue the rates of last week, remarking that they are fully 25 to 50 cts. too high, but as shippers still manifest a disposition to buy, prices may again improve. The quotations of last week were for Maryland Brown Leaf, as in quality, $9@10; Maryland crop, inferior short seconds, $7.50@10; browm leafy, $10@11; and extra, at $11@15. It must be remembered that there is no stock in the hands of agents, the transactions keeping the market bare. The receipts of Ohio Tobacco have been very small this week, owing to the interruptions on the railroad. Indeed none came in until within the last day or two. All the receipts have sold promptly at former rates, which we continue, viz: Inferior to good common Ohio $9@10; middling brown to good reds $10@12; good and fine reds $12@14; fine red cigar wrappers $15@18; common to middling good spangled $12.50@18; good to fine spangled $13@18, and good and fine yellow $18@30. Kentucky Tobacco continues in good demand, but we are not advised of any sales of moment this week. There are no low grades of frosted and common lugs on the market, and quotations for that class are nominal at $9@9.50; good lugs, old and new crop, $11@13; medium leaf $15@16; fine $17@18, and select $18@20. The inspections of the week are 1,405 hhds. Maryland, 270 hhds. Ohio, 89 hhds. Kentucky, and 2 hhds. Virginia. Total 1,766 hhds.

A lucky creditor is Jacob Freeman, of Freemansburg, Pennsylvania. Twenty years ago he lost $6,000 by endorsing for a man who failed and went to Ohio. Subsequenly the debtor became wealthy, but held his property in his son's name. Mr. Freeman then got a judgment, but he imagined it was no use, until recently learning that his debtor had gone to Iowa, and was holding property in his own name, he went West, got a transcript of the judgment, and seized on the property of his debtor. With the interest for twenty years, the claim amounts to over $11,000.

The march of civilization is onward! A clergyman in Springfield, Massachusetts, church last Sunday, married a couple, substituting the words "gentleman and lady" for "man" and "woman." Outraged Benton! Where is thy thunder!

BEAUTY DEFINED.—The *Home Journal* is responsible for the latest definition of *beauty*—that which has puzzled the brain of the wisest philosophers. It says: "Beauty, dear reader, is *the woman you love*—whatever she may seem to others."

"Do you like novels?" asked Miss Fitzgerald of her backwoods lover. "I can't say," he replied, "I never ate any; but I tell you I'm death on possum."

Friendship is a silent gentleman that makes no parade; the true heart dances no hornpipe on the tongue.

A shawl was lately sold in Philadelphia for $1,425. In the same city women make shirts for six cents each.

From the Baltimore Republican.

A Mammoth Furniture Establishment.

We had occasion a few days since to call at the furniture establishment of Mr. A. MATHIOT, Nos. 25 and 27 *North Gay Street*, between Fayette and Frederick, and in the course of a tour of inspection were both surprised and gratified at what we saw. In truth, we found out what we had never before dreamed of, and what probably few of our citizens know, that this is one of the largest furniture warehouses in the United States. We very much doubt if there is any similar establishment near as large, unless it is one where the workshops, show-rooms, &c., are all comprised in the same building, which is not the case with this.

Mr. Mathiot's Warehouse possesses several other interesting and peculiar features, besides the space it occupies, which we will notice in their respective order in the course of our description. The building, or rather the two buildings, which are thrown together by the partition wall being removed, have a front of upwards of 40 feet on Gay street, and extend back 170 feet to Frederick street. They are six stories high, and devoted solely to show-rooms, except three small apartments, which are used as a finishing room, and upholstery shop, and a counting room.

The lower story is on a level with Frederick street. It is devoted solely to ordinary chamber bedsteads, kitchen furniture, &c., of which there is an immense stock, comprising a great many varieties of style and description.

The second floor, that on a level with Gay street, contains a great variety of furniture, which is placed here, we believe, more as samples of styles and descriptions than for purposes of sale. Here found fancy besteads, sofas, rocking-chairs, wardrobes, tables, stands, &c., from the very finest descriptions to ordinary cherry or maple furniture which the most economical housekeeper is almost compelled to possess.

On the third floor is a magnificent display of parlor furniture, comprising splendid rosewood, walnut and mahogany tete-a-tetes, sofas, arm and parlor chairs, in coverings of richest brocatelle, plush and hair cloth; also, every variety of etegr or "what-nots," and some very handsome wardrobes, escritoires, bureaus, hat and umbrella racks, &c. Some of these are of descriptions sufficient to gratify the greatest lover of luxury and display, while others wear the appearance of utility and durability, and are held at prices more suitable to the purse of the man of moderate income.

The fourth story contains an astonishing variety of chamber furniture in setts, varying from $30 to $175, and of course from common to magnificent. We also found here a variety of cane seat chairs, rocking-chairs, washstands, tables, &c., &c.

In the fifth story are all kinds of dining-room furniture, of various prices and styles, is displayed, among which are extension tables of every size, lounges, settees, dining-room chairs, &c.

The sixth story is devoted exclusively to common Windsor chairs, rocking-chairs, sick-room chairs, &c., &c.

One striking peculiarity of this establishment is the facility with which any single piece of furniture contained in it can be shown without disturbing any other piece. This affords the purchaser a fair chance to examine all and select to suit his own taste or judgment. And any one wishing to make purchases in this line, who could not be suited here, must certainly be most extremely fastidious.

Another advantage offered here is the fact that there are a sufficient number of polite and obliging salesmen to wait on all who may come in; and it is made the duty of these, too, to show the establishment throughout to any who may call and express a desire to pass through it, even though they should not be purchasers. This establishment is frequently visited by strangers from Boston, New York and Philadelphia, some of whom are engaged in the same business, and all agree in pronouncing it the most extensive as well as the best managed furniture warehouse in this country.

We have already said that no manufacturing is done in this building. Mr. M's. furniture is manufactured by his own employees, but in several different shops, each under the supervision of an excellent and competent foreman. The relation he occupies to his workmen is such that any piece of bad work may be thrown back upon their hands, without detriment to his interests, and the result is that complaints are seldom heard of any article of furniture sent from this mammoth furniture warehouse.

Another great desideratum to the purchaser is the low prices at which Mr. M's. system enables him to furnish any article in his line. In this respect the inducements he offers are fully equal to those of any other competitor either here or in other cites. And, again, after the purchasers have concluded their bargaining, they may repair to the spacious observatory, which surmounts the building, and enjoy a splendid view of the city.

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Persons in the above counties wishing to become subscribers, will do well to address the undersigned without delay. The price of the work (two volumes complete) will be **$10**, payable on delivery. THOMAS J. TURNER.

Upper Marlboro' April 29, 1857—tf

MASONIC.

ALL Master Masons, residing in Upper Marlboro', or within five miles thereof, are requested to meet at the office of John C. Mullikin, Esq., on Friday evening, May 15th, at half past seven o'clock. May 13, 1857—1t

NOTICE.

THE Trustees of Primary Schools for Prince George's County will meet at Upper Marlborough,
ON MONDAY, the first day of June next,
to settle with Teachers, and adjudicate claims for repairing of School Houses; and for the purpose of hearing appeals, and transacting such other business connected with the Schools as may be brought before them.

By order:
GEO. W. WILSON, Clerk.
May 13, 1857—tm

Farm Hands Wanted.



I WISH to hire immediately, one or two No. 1 FARMS HANDS, either by the month or year, for whom liberal wages will be paid.

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