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ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1936

Governor Nice needs a mere bagatelle of \$37,000 or \$38,000 to complete the renovation of the Executive mansion, at Annapolis, but according to the ruling of Attorney General Herbert R. O'Connor the only way to get the additional funds is by special act of the General Assembly.

Mr. O'Connor ruled that the Board of Public Works cannot, as it contemplated, take a balance of \$35,000 in the Memorial Hall of Records account to finish the job on which a total of \$106,000 has been spent to date.

Interesting issue now is: What about the money paid by processors to the AAA—money paid under the terms of a law that was illegal? About \$200,000,000 of this money was held in escrow, when concerns paid it under protest awaiting the Supreme Court decision, and a lower court has held it must be returned to the firms in question. Whether this decision will be appealed by the Government is not yet known. And no one knows whether the Government would be liable for the hundreds of millions in processing taxes which have been collected and spent, though there is no dearth of conflicting legal opinions on the matter.

The much heralded bomb has exploded and nothing really important, has happened, says the Dover, Del. Index. The American Liberty League has had its dinner which was attended by eleven duPonts, a number of executives and employees of utility companies, representatives of big business, disgruntled Democrat, and Republicans all gangers-up against the President and the New Deal, and Alfred E. Smith spoke. Not Al Smith the "Happy Warrior" of 1928, but Alfred E. Smith who has prospered and come to hold many directorates and offices of big corporations.

Since Al has moved to the top floor of Empire State Building the sidewalks of New York seem to have faded from view.

Delegates of more than half a million coal miners, enthusiastically endorsed the re-election of President Roosevelt at their convention in Washington on Saturday.

The 1700 delegates cheered the proposal to abandon the old-time trade union tradition of staying out of politics, and agreed to take America's biggest union into the 1936 fray behind the President.

After more than two and one-half years of direct and work relief, and the appropriation of \$8,220,000,000 of Federal funds, relief and work relief demands are almost as great as ever, Congressional leaders have been informed by WPA Administrator Harry L. Hopkins.

SUCCESSFUL FIRE PREVENTION The National Board of Fire Underwriters has issued a tabulation of the work done by cities and towns during Fire Prevention Week, which was observed last October.

The summary definitely shows that fire can be controlled—when public and official interest is at a sufficient peak. Between September 29th and October 19, for example, which includes the week and the periods immediately preceding and following it, 87 cities had a weekly fire loss of less than \$35. A large number of cities had no fire loss at all. Throughout the entire nation, the summary observes, "a very definite improvement in the intensiveness and effectiveness of the campaign was noticeable."

Merit awards have been given to a number of cities for the quality of the work done during the Week. Among the ten leaders were Hartford, Connecticut, Honolulu, Jersey City, Los Angeles, and Prescott, Arizona. It will be observed that these are all cities of varying size, in widely separated areas. Each made a success of the Week because, and only because, of the interest and enthusiasm aroused in its citizens.

Most people haven't any enemies. It is hard work "being enemy."

SOCIAL SECURITY

On January 1, American business, large and small, found itself with a new item of operating expense to pay. The item is labeled "Social Security."

This year, unemployment insurance will take 1 per cent of each employer's total payroll—and it is to be paid by the employer, not the employee. Next year the tax will be 2 per cent, and in 1938 it will reach 3 per cent, the maximum under the present law. Forecast is that the tax will produce total revenue of \$250,000,000 during 1936. If business conditions remain unchanged, it will obviously produce \$500,000,000 next year, \$750,000,000 per year hereafter. However, hope is that business betterment, with its corollary of increased employment and higher wages, will steadily increase the revenue even though the percentage of tax remains constant.

Next step in the program will come in 1937, when the federal old-age insurance plan goes into operation. That will start with a 1 per cent tax on employers and 1 per cent on employees, which will mount slowly until it reaches 3 per cent on each in 1949. Total federal tax will thus be 9 per cent of all payrolls by 1950, of which employers will pay 6 per cent, employees 3 per cent.

In addition to these federal levies, states are studying way and means of bearing their share of the expense—in the case of old-age insurance, for example, the federal government will match state donations dollar for dollar. A number of states already have various taxes for this purpose, others are planning them. In some cases, state funds are created by payments by the employer alone, in others by payments by both employer and employee. And there is a certain amount of agitation, in Oregon and elsewhere, for a general sales tax to create funds for the unfortunate.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

The celebration of American Education Week is always productive of a number of splendid proclamations by Governors of the several states. The following, from the pen of Gov. Thomas Matthew Berry, of South Dakota, proclaiming American Education Week for 1935, is especially appropriate. His declaration that the American school system is evolving a people whose interests and sympathies and ideals are the same accords with the views of every sound-thinking citizen. But in the light of subtle and bold attacks on our public schools, it is needful that their friends everywhere be vigilant and active in their support. We hear of "action" groups, whose interests have been contrary to that civic and social homogeneity that our public schools inculcate.

"Public education is the cornerstone of American democracy," Governor Berry declared. "The school, perhaps more than any other one factor, has served as the principal unifying force in America."

THE AMERICAN HERITAGE

"We have become a great nation because we are a nation of fearless individualists. We have no caste, no privileged few; and the little child born in the tenements is a potential president of the United States. This is our heritage. No depression can take away from the true American his desire to climb and his desire to achieve. The history of America is filled with the stories of men who battled their way through barren wilderness, who blasted their way through mountains of rock, and laid the foundations of cities and businesses that stand as testimonials to this country and its opportunities. For the track walker becomes the railroad president, and the farm boy becomes the president of a great bank."—Roy H. Faulkner, President, Auburn Automobile Company.

It might be that genealogy is worth more to prove what one is good for than astrology.

It makes a long, aggravating day of it to hold in your temper.

NEW AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

As was anticipated following the Supreme Court's adverse decision on the constitutionality of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, the air has been filled with new agricultural programs. It looks as if every person or group with a medium for reaching an audience has a plan to offer. Many plans are so obviously "screwed" that they die at birth. Others have insufficient backing to give them any chance at all to become law. At this writing, two plans, both emanating from important and powerful sources, are receiving the principal attention, and the difference between these plans is preparing the field for first-class political warfare which will grow in aggressiveness as election time approaches.

One of the two plans, created with astonishing speed following AAA's demise, bears the stamp of Administration approval, and came out of a conference of government officials and farm leaders. The other plan is the product of the titular head of the Republican Party, ex-President Herbert Hoover.

The Administration's new plan, in purpose, is little different from the old AAA. If it becomes law, it will be used to accomplish almost the precise aims that were established for the AAA. Difference between the new plan and the AAA is largely legal—it is based on the little known Soil Conservation Act of 1935, passed by the last Congress, which is believed to give the Administration a constitutionally-sound power to effect crop reduction.

Mr. Hoover's program was put forward in a speech at Lincoln, Nebraska. He gave his program, which bases on these three fundamentals:

- 1. Increased consumption of food through increased employment. 2. Retirement of submarginal lands, and retardation of new reclamation projects until the time comes when more farm land is needed. 3. Encouragement of cooperative marketing and marketing agreements, which will help prevent overproduction.

Mr. Hoover and the New Deal are largely in accord on farm credits, cooperative marketing and submarginal lands. The great difference between them is that Mr. Hoover believes that forced crop reduction is dangerous and unnecessary; the New Deal believes it is essential to a farm program that will succeed. It is on this point that Republican and Democratic farm relief spokesmen will fight many hard battles in the next few months.

ADVERTISING REPRESENTS EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

No private enterprise has a greater interest in industrial development and business expansion than the newspapers. By the same token, no private enterprise suffers greater harm when industry is taxed, regulated or regimented to the point of inertia.

The invention and expansion of the automobile industry, for example, with its related businesses such as tires, gasoline, repair shops, etc., created the greatest single advertising account of all time.

It often happens that it is impossible to cut expenses materially in any other direction than advertising. Advertising represents business for everybody. Lack of advertising slows lack of business with resulting lost jobs and lost earning power by the nation.

The estimated volume of local newspaper advertising, including classified, in 1929, reached a peak of \$600,000,000. From this point it dropped to a low of \$325,000,000 in 1933, and unemployment was the greatest on record. Nothing could more graphically illustrate the newspapers' interest in future economic, political, taxation and industrial policies which encourage business.

Newspapers are one of the first industries to suffer from campaigns which cripple or destroy any business.

LEGION MATERNAL HYGIENE COMMITTEE

The Maryland Department of the American Legion has just completed the organization of a statewide committee on Maternal Hygiene with Dr. I. A. Siegal as Chairman. This committee will function under the general supervision of the Department Child Welfare Committee of which Rev. Raymond W. Cooke is Chairman. As far as is known, this is the first Department in the American Legion to undertake the work of education for the care of mothers before and at the time of childbirth in order to prevent the huge loss of life both to parents and to children. Dr. Siegal has begun the work of the American Legion in cooperation with the Maryland State Department of Health and the Baltimore City Health Department. He also has secured the cooperation of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland. It is not the purpose of this committee

LINCOLN

By W. Dayton Wegefarth

Send forth thy spirit, Father Abraham, And let it fall like vitalizing rain, Upon those arid places where the shimmer Of life has seen our courage slowly wane;

Across the mighty plains that sweep our land, O'er every towering far-flung mountain peak, Spread wide thy arms and touch us with thy hand, And let thy voice throughout our silence speak.

Show us again the path that we should tread, A roadway straight and true as arrow flies, And in the place of damning fear and dread, Give us a strength in faith that never dies, Enable us to strike with word and deed.

And let thy spirit guide us on our way; Oh, Father Abraham, how deep the need Of thy great wisdom in this darker day!

SURVEY SHOWS TOO MANY FERTILIZER GRADES SOLD

Most farming areas which use large quantities of commercial fertilizer can be supplied by a dozen or so properly selected grades such as 4-8-2, 3-12-6 and others. Yet, farmers as a whole must choose from more than a thousand grades when they buy fertilizer.

Almost 40 per cent of the three and a quarter million tons of fertilizer sold in 1934 was of five popular grades, 3-8-3, 3-8-5, 4-8-4, 2-12-6, and 4-7-8. The remainder, a little more than 60 per cent, was divided among more than 900 grades, according to a joint survey by the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils and The National Fertilizer Association. This information, the investigators say, might well be used as a basis for reducing the number of grades.

Only 21 grades were sold in Mississippi—the smallest number in any State using large quantities of fertilizer—as compared to 425 grades sold in Florida. In Mississippi 85 per cent of the fertilizer was of one grade. In Florida, total sales for each of more than 200 grades were 25 tons or less.

"In most States fertilizer manufacturers are compelled by competition and other circumstances to make and stock many grades," says Dr. W. W. Skinner, Assistant Chief of the Bureau. "Fertilizer bags and tags have to be printed, chemical analyses made, and storage space provided for each grade. The cost of these items is about the same whether 5 or 5,000 tons are sold."

"Farmers can help eliminate many unnecessary grades by finding out the few well-selected grades that will serve their needs. This would help the local fertilizer manufacturer to produce tonnage instead of grades and sell his products for less money."

Results of the joint survey are summarized in a report, Plant Food Consumption in the United States in 1934. Copies may be obtained as long as the supply lasts from the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, Washington, D. C.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES

The annual Christmas Seal Sale of the Maryland Tuberculosis Association to raise money for the maintenance of its anti-tuberculosis and public health activities has done well in several counties but has fallen back of the 1934 record in other counties. Baltimore, Montgomery and Anne Arundel counties are still leading the state in returns.

Much of the money that is raised in the counties by the sale of Christmas Seals is spent there in tuberculosis clinics. These clinics are conducted by tuberculosis specialists including the superintendents of the sanatoria in Maryland. Last year 218 clinics were held in the counties and 4681 persons were examined, 3528 being white patients and 1153 colored. Among the old cases that returned for re-examination were 941 white and 283 colored persons who were found to have active tuberculosis. The clinicians also discovered 594 new active cases of which 423 were white and 171 colored.

"It is interesting to note, said William B. Matthews, Managing Director of the Maryland Tuberculosis Association, that twelve counties of the state fell behind the 1934 Seal sale mark and of these twelve, nine have extremely high death rates from tuberculosis. Three counties with exceptionally high death rates went ahead of their 1934 marks thereby assuring their county of increased efforts in tuberculosis control. It is to be hoped, Mr. Matthews concluded, that the persons in the nine counties needing the work so badly who have not yet made returns on their Christmas Seals will do so, thereby making possible the continuation of the anti-tuberculosis drive in that county at full strength."

to take over any of the functions of the public health departments, but to help educate the general public, and the prospective mothers in particular, as to the best care and how it may be secured at the time of childbirth.

Transforming the Common Task

IT IS safe to say that the great majority of individuals perform the usual routine duties over and over again. It is not difficult for them to foresee when they arise in the morning just what the day's work will be, and if the work is of a somewhat uninteresting character the performance of it may be allowed to descend into a mere perfunctory operation, a mechanical round, which affords little pleasure to the individual.

There are few things more delightful than the ability to look forward to one's daily work and to enter upon it with zest and spontaneity. The "trivial round, the common task," becomes transformed when performed in this way. Sloth is banished, and any sense of drudgery abolished. Duties which might otherwise seem monotonous or arduous, if not indeed onerous, are lightened when the heart, having learned something of the true nature of service, sings at its work.

George Herbert must have recognized this fact when he wrote, "Who sweeps a room as for Thy laws / Makes that and the action fine."

Indeed, the efficient performance of our present task is often the first step toward the gaining of a more responsible and congenial one. Improvement in any phase of our experience must begin right where we are. Today, the present moment, is ours in which to make a new beginning from which to transform our activity in the "trivial round, the common task," into something approximating perfection.

The keynote of such transformation lies in an apprehension of the truth about God and man's relationship to Him. As it is seen that God, Spirit, is the author or creator of spiritual perfection, only, as must inevitably be the case, it is also seen that the man of His creating must be, and is, spiritual and perfect; for like can only produce like. What a new and delightful incentive for right and useful living comes with such a revelation! How changed becomes one's outlook upon life in general! Not personal aggrandizement

or gain, but opportunity for helpful service becomes one's chief concern. Unselfed love has been admitted into thought, and has begun its benevolent reign in our everyday experience. No greater blessing could possibly be ours.

It has been truly said that in the study of astronomy it is necessary to take one's mental stand outside of the earth before a correct view of the universe can be gained. In like manner it is impossible to obtain an accurate estimate of our surroundings or environment until we mentally posit ourselves outside of matter. To the extent that this is done are we able to appraise things for just what they are, for then have we gained a new standard of values. Unimportant things no longer concern us unduly. We are not swayed or disturbed by trifles. Our grasp on spiritual reality steadies judgment, purifies purpose, and clarifies vision. Is it any wonder that he who is attaining this poise and consequent efficiency finds himself in greater demand to fill useful and responsible positions? The Bible promise (Matthew 25:23), "Thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many things," may be proved by each one of us today.

This being "faithful over a few things" may be the very thing which is testing our mettle and proving our trustworthiness. In "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 323) Mary Baker Eddy writes, "If 'faithful over a few things,' we shall be made rulers over many; but the one unused talent decays and is lost."

Is the only talent which we seem to possess the ability to perform some simple task well and efficiently today, and to do the next thing that comes to hand and do it thoroughly? Then we should use it. Such use fits us for a wider sphere of action, and at the same time transforms our present experience into something uplifting and ennobling. Mrs. Eddy also writes in her work "Miscellaneous Writings" (p. 116), "Never absent from your post, never off guard, never ill-humored, never unready to work for God,—is obedience; being 'faithful over a few things.'" Such labor constitutes working "as for Thy laws," and ensures its own reward.—The Christian Science Monitor.

GOD'S GREAT LOVE

Evangelist John Moses Baker, Baltimore, Maryland

God loves us as much when the storm is on, As He does in the sunshine bright, Underneath are His everlasting arms; After darkness comes the light.

We are always in God's blessed keeping, No harm can ever befall, He giveth His angels charge over thee, God will answer your ever call.

His great love for all of His children; All your needs He will surely supply, 'Living does not impoverish Him, Nor withholding enrich God on high.

Faithful is He that calleth you To hold communion with Him, The precious blood of Jesus Christ Cleanses from all your sin.

God's great love and His mercy Abounding, so rich and so free, Offer His wings just abiding, He will always care for thee.

THE NOBLE AND THE GOOD

Evangelist John Moses Baker, Baltimore, Maryland

Bring out the noble and the good, Hidden somewhere in the heart, God's blessing on us, one and all, As we try to do our part.

Bring out the noble and the good, Live the best the days go by, We can make the old world better, Better, better if we only try.

Bring out the very, very best, Sometimes hidden out of sight, God's blessing resting on our work, Doing always what is right.

Remember, right is mighty, With God's blessings every day; Peace passing all understanding, As we journey on our way.

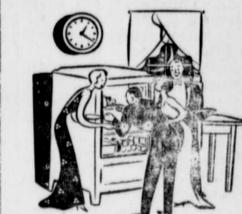
And when the warfare's over, "Well Done," to hear Him say; The morning and the meeting, In that land of perfect day.

A man who has enough work to do, so that every day there is some left over, ought to be happy, but he seldom knows it.

Beware of all vast schemes of reforming mankind. Such things are done piecemeal.

Loading on the job will cost them suspension without pay or permanent discharge, WPA workers have been warned by their chief, Harry L. Hopkins. Mr. Hopkins said that a small proportion of workers have hampered "efficient operation" of some of the projects.

There is less to worry about after the worst has happened than there was before.



MODERN SALADS Made with MEAT

Do you like to explore? Chart your course for frigid places—like refrigerators. Collect your crew of hearty mates who like to go places of an evening, and who like good foods when the evening is done.

If the refrigerator holds a tempting meat salad—you're in luck. Ham loaf, chicken, corned beef and other canned meats—these are the foods that stick to explorers' ribs after an evening of dancing or skating or driving in the open. Tossed lightly together with crisp greens, they are not only good—they're dietetic.

Dishes Worth Discovering

Meat and Cucumber Salad Loaf: Soften one tablespoon gelatin in two tablespoons cold water and dissolve in one cup of canned tomato juice which has been brought to the boiling point. Add one teaspoon lemon juice, and salt and pepper to taste. When cool and beginning to thicken, add one-half cup of mayonnaise, two cups of finely cut meat, one cup diced cucumbers and two tablespoons chopped pickle relish. (The meat may be one cup of canned ham loaf plus the contents of one 6-ounce can of chicken, or equal quantities of canned ham loaf and veal loaf). Pour into wet oblong mold and chill. Turn out on a platter and garnish as desired. Serve in slices on crisp lettuce. This serves eight persons.

Chicken and Fruit Salad: Marinate the contents of two 6-ounce cans of chicken in French dressing for about an hour. Add two-thirds cup of canned grapefruit pulp, two-thirds cup canned diced pineapple and one-half cup nuts, and moisten with mayonnaise. Serve in popover or cream puff shells. This serves eight persons.

Do you choose your friends or do they choose you?

KILLS RATS

mice, roaches and beetles—that's RAT-SNAP, the old reliable rodent destroyer. Comes in cakes. They eat it without any bait. Doesn't matter how much other kinds of food is around. Apply it 1st, 4th, and 7th day and cut each cake in 80 pieces, place it where the vermin is seen to run. 25c size—1 cake—enough for Pantry, Kitchen or Cellar. 35c size—2 cakes—for Chicken House, coops, or small buildings. 75c size—5 cakes—enough for all farm and out-buildings, storage buildings, or factory buildings. R. M. Dampsay, Limestone, N. Y., says "Rat-Snap certainly does the work. It was well worth \$10.00 to get rid of the Rats and Mice in my own house."

Sold by Ashby's Drug Store Jos. S. Pogue, Sons & Co. Rising Sun, Md.



One of the best encouragers is silence—also exasperation—is to discover that your supposed auditor is not listening to what you say.