THE MIDLAND JOURNAL

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY

EWING BROS.

RISING SUN CECIL COUNTY MARYLAND

Entered as Second Class Matter at Post Office in Rising Sun, Maryland Under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879

INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS AND ALL OTHER SUBJECTS

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE	$1.50
SIX MONTHS	$1.00
THREE MONTHS	.50

SINGLE COPY, 3 CENTS

ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION | Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1936

YOUR INCOME TAX

The period for the filing of income tax returns covering the calendar year 1935 begins Jan. 1 and ends at midnight of March 16. March 15, the usual close of the filing period, this year falls on Sunday, allowing taxpayers an additional day of grace, which, however, it will be to their interest to disregard. To file early is of mutual benefit to the Government and the taxpayer. Within this period are filed annually millions of individual income-tax returns, a large proportion of which report income subject to the tax. The latter contain a considerable percentage of errors, which is uncorrected by the audit would result to the disadvantage of the taxpayer. Many are errors of computation easily discovered on the face of the return, which usually is accompanied by a payment of more than the amount of tax due. In other returns it is readily discernible that the taxpayer has failed to take advantage of the personal exemption, credit allowed for dependents, or deductions from gross income to which he is entitled.

To avoid these and other errors the Bureau of Internal Revenue urges careful reading of the instructions on the form for filing the returns. Additional information, if needed, may be obtained at the office of a collector of internal revenue, deputy collector, or an internal revenue agent in charge.

Income-Tax Don'ts

Don't prepare your return without first studying the instructions on the form.

Don't procrastinate. Early assembly of data permits a careful consideration of all tax problems.

Don't destroy the memoranda from which your return was prepared.

Don't omit explanation when such information is essential to an intelligent audit. Attach memoranda to your return.

ACCIDENTS ON FARMS

A campaign to reduce accidents to farmers and laborers in conducting farm operations is proposed by Dr. T. B. Symons, director of the extension service. He points out that farming is a rather hazardous occupation and that most people do not fully realize the toll of unnecessary accidents.

It is his suggestion that a survey be made of the accidents which occur during a given period, the fundamental causes and a year-around safety program to be put into effect throughout the state.

Such a campaign, Dr. Symons believes, is in line with the efforts that are being made to reduce accidents by automobiles, and it is his idea that the Extension Service and the farm organizations should take the lead in carrying it out.

Business Week recently announced that the electric power systems of the country plan capital expenditures of about $370,000,000 during 1936. This money is going into plant expansion and betterment. It will be used to bring the benefits of power to more homes and farms and to make service more economical and efficient. Some business experts have forecast that the industry may increase the budget before the year is over, even though the program now planned represents a 56 per cent increase in spending over 1935.

Why is the power industry spending this money? Because national power consumption touched an all-time high record near the end of last year and will normally increase. Surplus plant capacity must always be developed to keep well ahead of future demand.

President Roosevelt estimated officially for the first time Friday that the new farm program would cost about $500,000,000 annually, and the tax bill necessary to cover this sum will be submitted to Congress this week.

In the city is where a fire seldom destroys as much of the building as you think it is going to.

GOLDSBOROUGH OFFERS WAY TO AVOID INFLATION

Washington, Feb. 6 (AP).—Representative T. Alan Goldsborough (Dem., Md.) proposed a soldiers bonus financing plan to the House today which he said would not require additional taxation or the issuance of flat money.

He introduced a bill providing that all earnings of Federal Reserve banks over and above six per cent shall be paid to the Federal Government in franchise tax, and giving the Federal Reserve Board absolute control over the reserve requirements of member banks.

Goldsborough said the Government, under his bill, could sell bonds to the Federal Reserve Banks to pay the bonus and receive the same amount back from the banks as a franchise tax.

He added there would be no danger of inflation because the reserves of member banks could be raised by the Federal Reserve Board to any point necessary to prevent an inflationary extension of credit by member banks.

Discussing his bill before the House, Goldsborough said "you can have inflation until your production has reached one hundred per cent. of its possibilities. After you have reached the limit of buying power and the country has produced all it can produce and is still issuing money, then and then only can you have inflation."

WHEN THE MERCURY DROPS FIREMEN SWEAT!

Strange as it may sound—the colder it gets, the hotter the firemen and insurance adjusters become. That heat, of course, is not caused by the weather; it is brought about by more work.

Statistics compiled by The National Board of Fire Underwriters reveal that severe winter weather causes an epidemic of fires. It is not difficult to see why this is so. In an effort to be comfortable, people force their furnaces to the limit and also use makeshift heating agencies. Under these conditions, it is natural for more fires to break out and this means more work for the fire departments and more losses for the insurance companies to adjust. Hence there is an extra amount of work for all who handle the reports and other matters incident to the claims.

If you don't want your house to become so hot that you have to park outside, you should exercise the utmost care in operating your heating plant—especially when the mercury drops to low temperatures. Far better to take more time for increasing the heat in the house, than to suffer destructive fire from an overheated stove or chimney! "Forcing" a furnace is definitely dangerous.

A little time spent inspecting a heating plant is a good step, too. If, for any reason, you do not feel that absolute safety is assured, you will do well to call in a heating expert and follow his advice.

POPULATION OF U. S. GIVEN AS 127,521,000

The 1935 population of the United States is officially estimated by the Census Bureau at 127,521,000.

The official count is taken as of the middle of the year—July 1. The new figures represented a gain of 0.71 per cent from 1934, and of 4 per cent from 1930 when the last actual census was taken.

"If the increase should be continued at this rate until the end of the decade," the bureau said, "the nation's population in 1940 would be around 132,000,000."

The total births between April 1, 1930 and July 1, 1935, including an allowance for under-registration, was 12,420,000. The number of deaths in the same period, likewise allowing for under-registration was 7,423,000. The number of persons leaving the country during the 5¼ year period exceeded the number coming in by 151,000. Subtracting the number of deaths and the net emigration from the number of births gives an increase of 4,746,000 between the 1930 census date and July 1, 1935.

WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION OF MARYLAND

FEDERAL WRITERS' PROJECTS
Enoch Pratt Library Building
Baltimore, Md.

February 10, 1936

To the Citizens of Maryland:

You have doubtless seen newspaper notices of the "American Guide," a national work relief project utilizing unemployed persons qualified in research and writing.

As part of the national project, there is being prepared a "Maryland Guide," designed to contain comprehensive information upon all subjects and activities relating to the State—scenic, historical, cultural, sociological, economic, points of interest, et cetera. The plan is to cover all the counties and communities of the State.

It is desired to make the "Maryland Guide" one of the best in the country. In addition to the services of the staff directly engaged, it will be necessary to have a widespread voluntary cooperation. Every county and community in the State will naturally desire to be properly represented in the Maryland Guide.

As an important step in the compilation of data for the Guide, it is desired to gather a complete file of reports, bulletins, year books, catalogs, periodicals, programs, leaflets, et cetera, of organizations and activities of all types throughout the state. This refers primarily to printed material, but also to any valuable material in manuscript form. An adequate history of each organization and activity is especially requested.

The organizations and activities to be covered include local governmental and political agencies, churches, schools, libraries, museums and other cultural institutions, welfare and social service agencies and institutions, scientific, professional, business, agricultural and labor organizations, civic organizations, patriotic societies, fraternal orders, men's and women's organizations, clubs of all types, business and financial houses, and many other bodies.

Files of newspapers and periodicals published in Maryland are greatly desired; also guides, maps, and travel literature.

We shall appreciate greatly your cooperation in supplying the desired material pertaining to each organization or activity with which you may be associated, now or in the past. Kindly pass the word on to others and so help us to make this the most comprehensive collection ever gathered of all printed matter about Maryland, present and past. At the end of the Guide project, this material will be carefully preserved at the Enoch Pratt Free Library in Baltimore, where it will be available to all the people of the State.

Very truly yours,
KARL SINGEWALD,
State Director, Federal Writers' Projects.

FIVE REASONS FOR AGRICULTURAL COOPERATION

L. J. Taber, Master of the National Grange, recently put forward the following five reasons why cooperative marketing can do for the farmer what no other method can accomplish.

1. It gives him a voice in the control of his own affairs, increasing his sense of responsibility, his value as a citizen, and his independence.

2. It permits him to control quality of purchases, and standardize his products.

3. It enables him to secure the type of merchandising, packaging and distribution service that best meets his needs, as well as the needs of the consuming public.

4. It makes it possible for him to use the law of supply and demand to better prices.

5. It permits him to own his marketing machinery, and keep open his avenues of credit, production and sales. This is a great stabilizing influence.

These are basic virtues of agricultural cooperation. They show how cooperation in farm production and marketing enables farmers to achieve sound "farm relief" through their own efforts and abilities.

The acreage of wheat seeded in Maryland in the fall of 1935 for harvest in 1936 is estimated by the Maryland Crop Reporting Service to have been 428,000 acres. This is said to be three per cent above the 1934 acreage of 416,000 acres but is about nine per cent smaller than the five-year average (1927-1931) of 469,000 acres.

Where reel or trough feeders are used, measuring out the daily allowance of grain and mash in equal proportions for the chicken flock is a simple matter.

There are thirty fire towers in seventeen counties in Maryland, according to a recent issue of the "News Letter," issued by the Maryland State Department of Forestry.

I "Go to town" on every job!

Says Ready Kilowatt

Whatever the task, your constant electric servant, Ready Kilowatt, does a fast, quiet, economical job. Let him work for you in operating any or all of the electric appliances listed below.

I. E. S. Lamps . . . Beautiful new models. Semi-Indirect with 3-light intensity bulb, $10.75 cash—slightly more on budget plan, easy terms. Study bridge with 100-watt bulb at $7.95; study floor lamp, 3-light intensity bulb, at $8.95.

Mazda Lamps . . Standard bulbs—15 to 60 watts—now selling at only 15c each. Keep a supply on hand!

Sewing Machine Free-Westinghouse Electric model with rotary mechanism. Price—$79.50 cash—$2.00 down, easy monthly terms. $10.00 allowance made by manufacturer on your old machine. Take advantage of this offer!

Heating Pad . . . Manning-Bowman with eiderdown cover at only $2.95.

Eureka Cleaner . Famous motor-driven brush vacuum at $59.50 cash. Slightly more on budget plan, $2.50 down, 12 months to pay.

Electric Cooker . Manning-Bowman at only $6.95. Waffle grids for just $2.00 extra. This model bakes, broils, grills, fries, and toasts.

Space Heater . . Markel "Heetaire" at $12.50 cash, slightly more on budget plan—$1.95 down, 5 months to pay. Westinghouse at $7.45. Both these electric heaters are portable.

At Our Store, or See Your Dealer

CONOWINGO POWER COMPANY

ELKTON, MARYLAND

Excerpts from

A Lecture on Christian Science

Entitled

Christian Science: A Message of Light and Healing

by

Charles V. Winn, C. S. B.
of Pasadena, California

Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts

Mankind is ever marching forward and onward. Humanity is continuously striving to overcome its boundaries and limitations. It makes ceaseless efforts to attain a greater degree of progress and to gain a fuller light on its varied problems. On page 233 of the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy, we find this most helpful truth: "Progress is the law of God." To stand still is impossible. We are ever marching toward the light of Truth. Christian Science not only declares this eternal fact but shows us clearly why it cannot be otherwise. It teaches us exact Science, an understanding of which fulfills every righteous hope, brings to fruition every honest desire, crowns every true purpose with success.

Progress Through Enlightenment

In the Bible we read, "The people that walked in darkness have seen a great light: they that dwell in the land of the shadow of death, upon them hath the light shined." All progress has been made through more light, that is, through an increased or fuller understanding of that which is true and a greater freedom from the false and wrong. The onward urge must always be the outcome of a clearer perception of that which is true and a keener discernment of the falsity of the wrong. The light of Truth never changes divine facts; it reveals them to our uplifted gaze.

God Is Truth

In the Christian Science textbook (p. 312) we read this definition of Deity: "God *is* Truth." We also learn in the Scriptures that God is the only creator, that He is the author and source of all that is real and actual. The Apostle John thus clearly states this fact: "All things were made by him; and without him was not any thing made that was made." Since God is infinite Truth and the only creator, all that He creates is truthful, truth-like, and expresses divine Truth. That which proceeds from Truth must express the divine character of Truth; it must abide in the light of Truth. As we understand God aright the light of Truth illumines our thinking; truthful concepts fill our consciousness; truthful ideas are our constant companions. As the mist disappears before the light of the sun, so the shadows of untruthful concepts must dissolve under the rays of Truth. A wise man of old prayed for an understanding heart. He well knew that as he understood that which is true he would judge righteously and well. True knowledge leads to truthful thinking and truthful acting. A perception of the Science of Truth must lead in the paths of Truth; it leads in no other direction. We read in Proverbs, "Understanding is a wellspring of life unto him that hath it." The light of Truth reveals that which God has created; it destroys the belief in any other creation.

How True Understanding Is Gained

Since understanding is all-important, the questions naturally arise: How is this understanding to be gained? How is this perception to be acquired? These are fair questions, and Christian Science readily answers them. In the Christian Science textbook (p. 272) we are told how truth is gained and becomes operative in our lives. "The spiritual sense of truth must be gained before Truth can be understood. This sense is assimilated only as we are honest, unselfish, loving, and meek." What an array of noble qualities! The windowpane of that mentality which has been cleansed with such heavenly virtues must readily admit the rays of truth. The healing light of the "Sun of righteousness" finds no barriers there. Most of us may think we have been on familiar terms with these qualities, honesty, unselfishness, love, and meekness, but Christian Science enhances them, exalting them in our thinking. The light of Truth shows us how they may be more easily attained and more readily retained. God is the one infinite good, the creator of that which is good, the basis of all good, the source of all good, the promoter of all good. Since He is infinite good and divine Truth, then good is all that is true, and Truth, alone, is good. Good is never untruthful, and Truth is never unlike good. If anything is good, it is true; and if it is true, it is good. All things were made by Him, Truth, and Truth could not and would not make anything untruthful or lacking in truth. Truth must express itself truthfully in all that it does. Good is Truth, and Truth is good, and nothing can change this eternal fact. We are thinking honestly, truthfully, when we are thinking along this line or in accordance with divine facts. As we are thinking in accordance with truth and good, the light of Truth comes in, the darkness of false belief goes out. Many have had the experience of striving unsuccessfully to solve a problem, when suddenly the solution would appear. What happened? The true facts became apparent: the darkness of ignorance and misconception were dispelled. Our thinking had been aligned with that which was right; we had been thinking honestly and correctly, thus bringing about a correct solution.

True Honesty

God is infinite Truth. All true ideas emanate from Truth; hence there is a right or true idea about things. We never stop thinking; we are always entertaining some thought or concept. Since we are always engaged in some form of thinking, it is evident that the only true way is to keep our windows open to the light of Truth, that God's ideas may flood our consciousness so that we may have true concepts. It takes no more effort to think honestly than dishonestly; to entertain a right idea, than a false concept.

COME TO US FOR PRINTING *That Sells Goods*

KILLS RATS

mice, roaches and beetles—that's RAT-SNAP, the old reliable rodent destroyer. Comes in cakes. They eat it without any bait. Doesn't matter how much other kinds of food is around. Apply it 1st, 4th, and 7th day and cut each cake in 80 pieces, place it where the vermin is seen to run.

25c size—1 cake—enough for Pantry, Kitchen or Cellar.

35c size—2 cakes—for Chicken House, coops, or small buildings.

75c size—5 cakes—enough for all farm and out-buildings, storage buildings, or factory buildings.

R. M. Dempsey, Limestone, N. Y., says "Rat-Snap certainly does the work. It was well worth $10.00 to get rid of the Rats and Mice in my own house."

Sold by

Ashby's Drug Store
Jos. S. Pogue, Sons & Co.
Rising Sun, Md.

HOBBIES

Beginning February 21 a weekly articles on hobbies of the peninsula people will appear in this paper. The Midland Journal is especially interested in young people and the Editor feels that youthful as well as the adult readers will find pleasure and profit in reading this column.

Few men have studied and understand youth as does Mr. Max Chambers. He is well known for his activities in the avocation field and his interest in youth problems. For a number of years he taught at Federalsburg High School but now is directing the National Youth Administration work on the Eastern Shore. The Editor recommends this column for you and your children and suggests that if you have child problems, you communicate with Mr. Chambers through this paper or at Easton, Maryland.

Watch for column title contest next week. A fine Parker Challenger Junior Pen and Pencil Set or the equivalent awarded to person sending name adopted.

Next week: Hobby Riding.

A man may be all his life finding out what kind of pastime he likes best; never very sure of any.

FLOODS MAY FOLLOW SNOW AND RAIN IN SOUTHEAST

Unusually heavy snows and rains in the southeastern part of the country have set the stage for serious floods. There is now enough snow in the basin of the Potomac River to bring serious trouble along its banks. It all depends on the way the snow and ice melt, according to M. W. Hayes, of the Weather Bureau. If melting is gradual, there will be no flooding of any consequence. A rain of 1 to 1½ inches on the top of the snow and ice cover, however, is sure to cause serious floods along the lower banks of the river. There are now, Mr. Hayes says, from 5 to 35 inches of snow over the watershed of the Potomac. The average cover is from 12 to 15 inches, only one place—Frostburg, Md.—having 35 inches. At Great Falls just above Washington, D. C., there is only a narrow channel open. In the rest of the normal channel ice is piled 10 to 20 feet deep.

Already there are floods in the Alabama river and its tributaries, in the Tombigbee and Black Warrior rivers in southern Alabama and also in the Pascagoula river and its tributaries in southern Mississippi. Some of the rivers in Georgia and the Carolinas are in moderate flood stage because of heavy rains.

The Mississippi river, though in no immediate danger of flooding, is clogged with ice below Cairo—farther south than usual.