

THE MIDLAND JOURNAL

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY

EWING BROS.
 RISING SUN MARYLAND
 Entered as Second Class Matter at Post Office in Rising Sun, Maryland
 Under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879

INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS AND ALL OTHER SUBJECTS

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION	
ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE	\$1.50
SIX MONTHS	\$1.00
THREE MONTHS	.50
SINGLE COPY, 2 CENTS	

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1938

INCOME TAX IN A NUTSHELL

WHO? Single persons who had net income of \$1,000 or more or gross income of \$5,000 or more, and married couples who had net income of \$2,500 or more gross income of \$5,000 or more must file returns.

WHEN? The filing period begins January 1, and ends March 15, 1938.

WHERE? Collector of internal revenue for the district in which the person lives or has his principal place of business.

HOW? See instructions accompanying Forms 1040A and 1040.

WHAT? Four percent normal tax on the amount of net income in excess of the personal exemptions credit, for dependents, earned income credit, and interest on obligations of the United States and obligations of instrumentalities of the United States. Surtax on surtax net income in excess of \$4,000.

THE VOICE OF THE AUTOMOBILE DEALER

Automobile dealers are a definite asset to any community. They are usually progressive and conscious of their civil obligations.

It is sometimes overlooked that the automobile dealers are in one sense the local representative of automobile manufacturing company and the entire automotive industry.

There are thousands and thousands of automobile dealers throughout the country and we may wonder what methods the automobile company use to be sure that the advice and opinions of the many dealers are transmitted to the manufacturing companies. The local dealer sees the representative of the company frequently, and once or twice a year meets with the heads of the companies at the factory.

One company at least has a formal policy for finding out what the dealers are thinking about business in general. General Motors has a Dealer Council and at stated intervals a group of dealers from various parts of the country meet with the General Motors official group to discuss problems of common interest.

ACCOUNT CARD HOLDERS ASKED TO CORRECT THEIR OLD-AGE INSURANCE RECORD

Baltimore, February 11, 1938.—Brides of 1937-38 who obtained social security account cards before they were married are requested by the Social Security Board to send in their new names to prevent confusion in the keeping of their wage accounts for Federal old-age insurance. Mr. Luther Becker, Manager of the Baltimore Field Office of the Social Security Board announce today.

A card for this purpose, designated as "Employee's Request for Change in Records" is now available at any one of the Board's 323 field offices located in strategic centers.

This card provides space both for the newly-acquired name and that used in applying for an account number. Corrected account number cards will be sent to those who report their change of name.

Mr. Becker explained that since wage accounts are kept in the name the worker gives the employer, individuals who change their legal names should correct their records to insure the accurate recording of their wages. Wage information reports filed by employers and transmitted to the Social Security Board indicate that many employees have gone to work on new jobs under their new names without notifying the Board of the change. This, Mr. Becker pointed out, complicates the keeping of their accounts and might make it difficult to ascertain the full amount of the benefits to which they will ultimately be entitled.

Social security account card holders may use this new application form also to correct misstatements as to age, address, or any other inaccurate declaration that may have been made.

A staff of 1,020,000 public and private teachers instructs the nation's school population.

PROGRAM FOR PEACE

A Glimpse at the Thirteenth Annual Conference of the National Committee on the Cause and Cure of War

Representatives of the eleven national organizations of women met again this year at the Hotel Washington, in the Capital City, as in previous years, at the call of their honorary chairman, Carrie Chapman Catt, and the active chairman, Miss Josephine Schain. The purpose of the conference as stated in the call was as follows: "Our purpose at the conference will be to re-enforce our knowledge, refresh our courage, redouble our efforts, and reaffirm our beliefs, having in mind that saying of President Masaryk that 'Nothing kills an idea that is really believed in.'"

In considering "A Present day program for Peace" many outstanding leaders in present day thinking are brought together and questions are given careful study from all sides and from all angles. The careful way that this conference is conducted has given it a standing to be proud of and the speakers invariably mentioned this fact when they appeared on the platform, realizing that they were speaking to representatives from all over the country, on January 18.

At the first session, James G. McDonald reviewed "The outstanding events of the year affecting the Peace Problem." As a member of the editorial staff of the New York Times and former president of the Foreign Policy association, and also former League of Nations High Commissioner for German Refugees, he spoke with authority on the subject.

In the afternoon four speakers presented various aspects of the economic situation, which seems to be generally considered the cause for most of the present unrest; although as one speaker suggested that term is used to cover wealth, power and security, which really are more suggestive of actual causes of war. Felix Morley, editor of the Washington Post, spoke of plans tried during the year in International Opposition to War, and seemed to feel that the Brussels Conference of the Powers signatory to the Nine Power Pact had more effect than was generally credited to it on the far eastern situation, and was not a dead issue even now, as it adjourned subject to call again at any time by its leader or any two of its members.

That evening the conference, which has always urged American participation in the World Court, was especially fortunate in having a member of that Court, the last appointed member and a citizen of our country, the Hon. Manley O. Hudson, as speaker. He spoke of the workings of this court, which, called by its proper name, is the Permanent Court of International Justice, and which during the 17 years of its existence has formulated 529 instruments of international law and has settled at least 60 disputes between states. His address as well as some remarks made by others in discussing the possibilities of International Police force helped to reaffirm our belief in the necessity for a real Community of Nations. The United States is one of the greatest nations and it cannot have the influence it should in the world today by a policy of isolation.

At another session, Clyde Eagleton, speaking of the Far Eastern policy of our country, suggested that our non-cooperation with the League of Nations had encouraged dictator nations in their ambitions of conquest and that our neutrality policy had encouraged rather than hindered law breaking countries in carrying out their plans of conquest. He did not favor boycott in the generally accepted sense but that it would be possible by the combined action of the three great powers, England, France and the United States, in cutting off supplies and refusing to deal with Japan, to put a stop to the slaughter now going on in China. When questioned as to whether this method would not lead to war he said that

Questions And Answers

WHAT'S WHAT ABOUT SOCIAL SECURITY

Q. 143 The personnel records of my establishment show an employee by the name of William Smith, but he has a Social Security account number under the name of Bill Smith. Which name should I use in making reports under the Social Security Act?

A. 143 If your employee's account number shows his name as "Bill Smith" then your reports should show his name as "Bill Smith" instead of William Smith.

Q. 144 One of my employee's has two or three Social Security account numbers. So far, I have always reported him under the same number, but I understand he should have but one number. Just what should he do with the extra ones?

A. 144 Each of your employees should have only one Social Security account number. Possession of more than one account number is not in the best interest of the employee. Seek to have your employee turn in to the nearest Social Security Field Office for cancellation all but one account number card. On the back of each card turned in for cancellation there should be written plainly and accurately the number of the account card retained by the employee.

Q. 145 Does the amount a worker will get in unemployment compensation payments depend on the person's wages?

A. 145 The amount of payments which will be made to an eligible unemployed worker under unemployment compensation law will depend on the amount of his weekly wage, the period for which he has been employed and other factors. Ask the State Unemployment Compensation Commission for full information.

Q. 146 Will everyone who loses his job get unemployment compensation?

A. 146 No. Unemployment compensation will be paid only to those unemployed workers who register for employment and who otherwise qualify under the State unemployment compensation law. Payment of unemployment compensation has begun in all the States in this Region which are Maryland, District of Columbia, North Carolina, Virginia and West Virginia, and in many other States, and each worker should inform himself about the provisions of his State law.

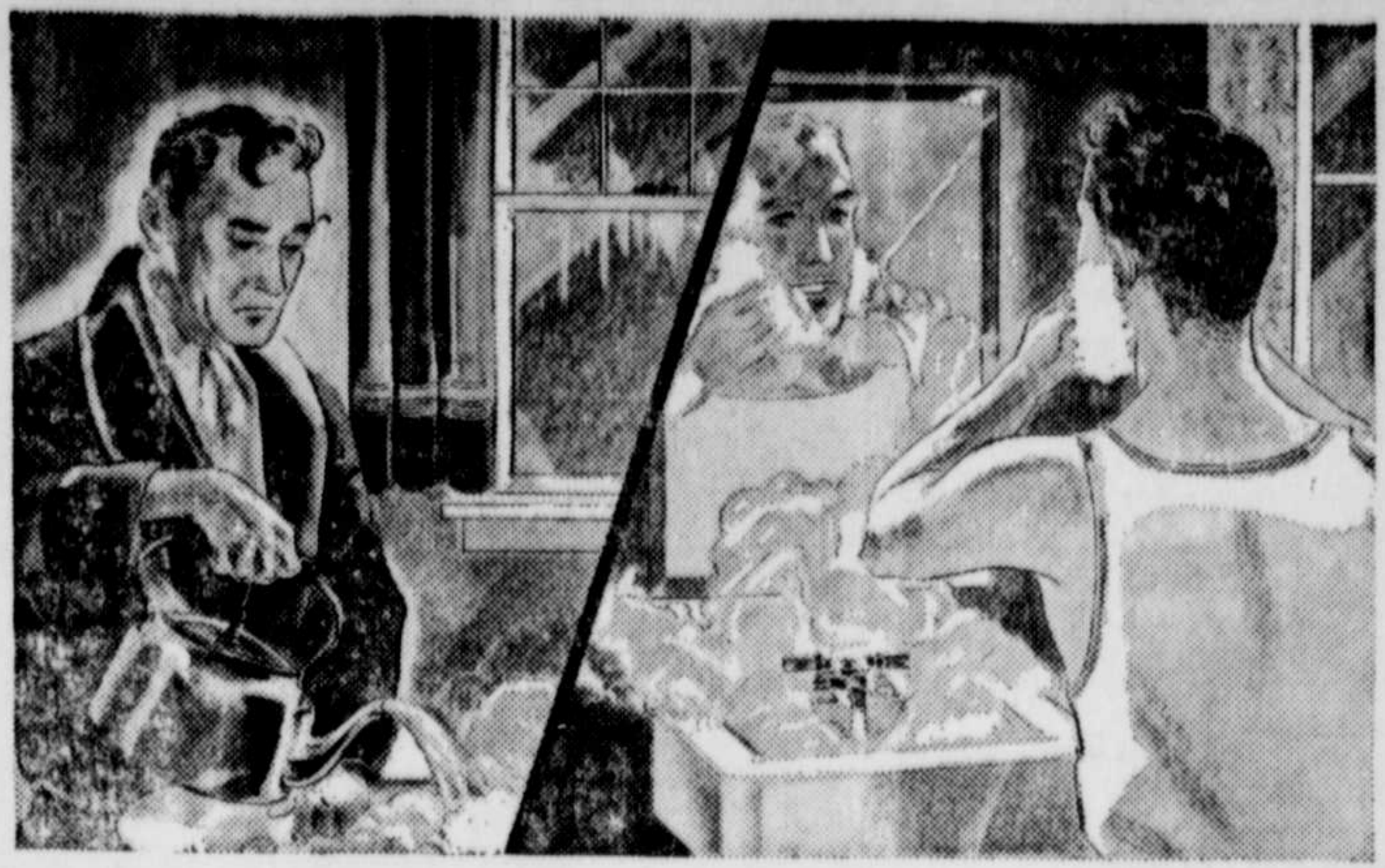
Q. 147 My husband has just died. He was employed in a canning factory. What steps are necessary to procure the benefits due me?

A. 147 You should file a formal claim on prescribed forms with the nearest Social Security Board Field Office, where every assistance will be given you in filling in the forms. The benefit is in the form of a lump-sum payment of 3 1/2 per cent of the wages earned since January 1, 1937. Similar payments are made to individuals who have been employed in covered occupations since January 1, 1937, and who have since reached the age of 65 years.

It might. Are we sure that our present method will not?

An interesting part of the conference was visitation by delegations from the various states on their representatives in Congress. A delegation of thirteen ladies from Maryland had an interview on Tuesday at noon first with Senators Tydings and Radcliffe and then with Representatives Goldsborough and Gambrell. Miss Snow, of the League of Nations association, was spokesman for the group and called the attention of the legislators to a bill introduced by Representative Lewis of Maryland which calls for cooperation of our country with the other great powers in cutting off supplies to Japan. Another bill in which the conference was much interested was one which would modify our neutrality legislation (which the state department and executive find so unsatisfactory that they are unwilling to use it) and recognize Japan as the aggressor and cut off supplies to them at the same time we assist China, the victim of the aggression. Many such bills seem to be in the making and it is to be hoped that something can be done to make clear to the other powers what the foreign policy of this country is.

Social features of the conference included a reception at the Washington hotel for the officers of the various organizations represented and for the Hon. Manley O. Hudson, the speaker of that evening. The next day the delegates were invited to a tea at the White House as guests of Mrs. Roosevelt and that evening the banquet was held and attended by the eight hundred delegates. At this time Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Cordell Hull, Mrs. Ruth Bryan, Owen



Which DO YOU PREFER?

There's not much doubt about your preference! For, it's no fun running downstairs these cold mornings—heating a kettle of water for the daily shave—and then carrying it up to the bathroom. Much more comfortable and time-saving to get hot water "right off the bat" when you turn the faucet. And you can easily have the comfort of continual hot water for shaving, baths, and all household needs for little money. How?

RENT an Electric Water Heater! We'll be glad to explain in detail our easy rental plan offered for limited time only to our residential electric customers. And you pay only 1 1/4¢ per kilowatt-hour on our low off-peak rate to heat water electrically. (Minimum monthly bill \$1.)

CONOWINGO POWER COMPANY

Electricity—CHEAPER IN QUANTITY

A Lecture

Christian Science

Christian Science: The Revelation of Truth Triumphant

by John Randall Dunn, C.S.B. of Boston, Massachusetts

Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts

Do we not see on all sides evidences of the fact that human beings are ever striving to triumph over limitation, bondage, needless drudgery, unhappiness, and, last but not least, mental and physical disease? From the dawn of human history to this year of grace, we can trace the yearnings of mankind for deliverance from material discord, and the progress made toward such deliverance. Possibly the most notable contribution to the material betterment of the human family has come through the numerous inventions which have happily replaced the hand-to-mouth existence of our forefathers. In fact, these days, as space in his motorcar, streamlined train, or airplane, as he snatches from the air through the wizardry of radio a message from the uttermost parts of the globe, heats his home by the turning of an electric switch, or produces a tasty and nourishing meal from a tin, he may be inclined to cast a pitying eye on the men and women of yesteryears to whom existence was just one long struggle. There may be such satisfaction with the purely material aspects of modern life and achievement, that, like Alexander the Great, he sighs for new worlds to conquer.

A Serious Question

Now while there should be unbounded gratitude for and appreciation of these marvelous latter-day human inventions and material achievements, it might be well for one to pause and put a serious question to himself: Has mankind made equal great strides in the subjugation of fear, heartache, unhappiness, intemperance with its train of evils, greed, hate, lack, and all the ceteras of mortal discord and dis-ease? The great Teacher of Nazareth centuries ago put the question in these words: "What shall it profit a man, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own soul?"—his spiritual sense? Will the possession of a great bank account heal a heartache? Can one in an airplane flee from the torments of a guilty conscience? Can a house aglow with the wonder of electricity insure a mental home filled with the consciousness of

health and harmony? After all, then, is not the overcoming of sin, hate, and fear, limitation, greed, and disease the most vital problem facing humanity today?

Can Materialism Heal Materialism?

Modern medicine and surgery, aver their exponents, are constantly combating and attempting to master the various physical ills of mortals. Psychology, psychoanalysis, etc., are delving into the mental realm, and are striving to cope with the various behaviorisms and so-called fixations of the carnal mind. But is not the effort of materialism to heal materialism with materialism, quite like the familiar picture of the man attempting to lift himself by his own bootstraps? Sacred history records that Moses, through faith and spiritual understanding, wrought many marvels in the sight of Pharaoh, and straightway the magicians of Egypt apparently duplicated his works by their necromantic efforts. Finally, when Moses cast down his rod and it became a serpent, and the magicians apparently did likewise with their rods, we read that Moses' rod swallowed up the other rods. Here in the graphic word-imagery of the Old Testament is a pertinent prophecy of the ultimate swallowing up of all merely material methods and conceptions in an understanding of a power and Principle beyond and above matter.

Has Materiality a Divine Principle?

Does it occur to the average mortal that mankind has had no Principle, no definite spiritual rule whereby and wherewith to meet and master the problems of human experience? Take the drugging system, for instance. Can we find any law or rule here for the cure of disease? The healing potion of yesterday is likely to be regarded as a poison today, and vice versa. A century ago, it is said that credulous Scotch people put cobwebs on sores, and toasted cheese on cuts, and verily believed that these remedies were efficacious. Also, a kunklebone of leg of mutton cured cramp, and white sulphur carried in the stockings was an excellent remedy for rheumatism! Do we smile indulgently and say, "Yes, but this was a century ago!" Then consider a very familiar, oft-repeated query of our own time, "What is good for a cold?" or, "What do you recommend for a headache or indigestion?" And if we listen to individual recommendations, or to the advertisements in newspaper and radio, we may conclude that the human mind has advanced but little beyond the superstitions of bygone years.

Now the Man of Nazareth did his wonderful healing work and so-called miracles through no reliance whatsoever on material means and methods. Apparently he understood a power, a Principle, which varied not, which was wholly spiritual or apart from matter.

TO BUILD NEW SUSQUEHANNA BRIDGE

Would Replace The Present Double Deck Highway Structure

A new highway bridge over the Susquehanna River above Havre de Grace as part of the Governor Nice Highway when it is extended to the Delaware line will be built eventually, according to Nathan L. Smith, chief engineer of the State Roads Commission.

Mr. Smith made the announcement in addressing the Maryland Association of Engineers meeting at the Southern Hotel, in Baltimore. He said the engineers also of plans to build a bridge across the Potomac River below Washington.

Mr. Smith included mention of the two bridges in a description of the state's future plans for arterial highways.

The Susquehanna bridge, though not to be built immediately, is an eventual necessity for the Governor Nice Highway, Mr. Smith said. It would replace the present double-deck bridge at Havre de Grace.

While less positive about the Potomac River bridge, to cross to Virginia from a point in Charles County, Mr. Smith disclosed that it was under consideration. The Governor Nice Highway, of which 27 miles is completed, will bypass Havre de Grace to the north, cross the Susquehanna on the new bridge, and then by-pass the town of Perryville, Northeast and Elkton enroute to the Delaware line, he said.

tion has far exceeded all reasonable bounds and that the time has arrived for car owners to "fight vigorously and all proposals to saddle upon them additional cost, regardless of the purpose sought to be served by new taxation."

"In 1926," said Garrison P. Knox, manager of the Club, "252,852 motor vehicle owners in this State paid \$2,222,000 in registration fees and gasoline taxes. Ten years later 378,382 motor vehicle owners paid \$14,360,000. The gas tax has increased from 2 to four cents, exclusive of the one cent per gallon Federal tax and from the gas tax alone the State received \$4,320,000 more in '36 than the combined receipts in 1926."

"We call public attention to this terrific increase in the motorist burden because there are indications that tax-hungry glances are again being cast in the direction of motor vehicle owners. Unless there is a stiffening of the motorist backbone, new imposts are likely to be added to the huge total now collected."

There are still 133,000 one-room school houses, but they have been disappearing at the rate of seven a day.

Movie stars fall down in one particular. No woman can get crying mad and still look pretty.

Call a spade a spade and you may get it in the neck.

One-half the world is busy trying to separate the other half from its coin.

Rhode and Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt were the speakers.

The finding of the conference will soon be distributed through the member organizations and has a million or more thinking women will have further food for thought. —Reported by Bertha Balderston.

MOTORIST TAXATION IN MARYLAND

In short span of ten years motorist taxation in Maryland has increased 173.6 per cent, or more than 3 1/2 times the rate of increase in motor vehicle registration.

From the pockets of motorists the State took \$9,064,000 more in 1936 than it exacted in taxes in 1926. When complete figures for last year are available, the taxation total will show a further increase.

The Keystone Automobile Club made these figures public in a statement declaring that motorist tax-