THE MIDLAND JOURNAL

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY

EWING BROS.

RISING SUN CECIL COUNTY MARYLAND

Entered as Second Class Matter at Post Office in Rising Sun, Maryland Under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879

INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS AND ALL OTHER SUBJECTS

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE	$1.50
SIX MONTHS	$1.00
THREE MONTHS	.50

SINGLE COPY, 3 CENTS

ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

Foreign Advertising Representative THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1938

ARE WE BANKRUPT

If you believe what you read in the anti-administration newspapers or what you hear from administration orators, the United States is collopsing into bankruptcy.

Recently editor Gannett, president of the National Committee to Uphold Constitutional Government, which is batting for the Liberty League, made a radio speech in which he mourned over the terrible financial plight of our country and, to illustrate the depths of our misery, adduced that "Great Britian was enjoying unusual prosperity until the American depression began to have its effect on London. Great Britain still is far better off than are we."

The folks that want to make a horrible example of us, chargeable, of course, to the Roosevelt administration, never specify wherein England has the bulge on us. Our standard of living is very much higher than that of the English people and the comparsion between how we have improved conditions and the way they have is all in our favor. In such intanglible things as education, better living conditions, rescued homes and farms, to say nothing of the new roads, and public buildings, we put a large share of the relief money, while our neighbor overseas put practically all of hers into doles. And this is not to mention Great Britian's immense expenditures for arms ad armaments which are not only unproductive but may all be completely destroyed.

Perhaps the easiest way to figure the relative size of the national debt, over which the administration critics have been doing so much mourning, is to split it up on the basis of population. If we had to pay tomorrow the whole amount of our debt and we divided it up evenly each inhabitant of the United States would have to come across to the tune of $286. If the same process was applied to John Bull's tight little isle, everbody over there would have to pay about $735. And don't forget that John Bull owes this country a health sum in War Debt that he has not paid one cent of, and does not intend to pay.

Will business get better or worse? Will change take place rapidly or slowly? Which lines of industry seem to face the most favorable prospects, and which the most unfavorable? In an attempt to answer such oft-asked questions as these, the Associated Press recently queried more than a score of "leading economitss." The resulting symposium casts an interesting and fairly optimistic light on the current situation.

Asked if there will be general recovery during the balance of the year, 11 economists said "definitely yes." Nine said "probably yes." Only one took the negative view, and two had no opinion to offer.

Asked as to the duration of the recovery cycle, eight economists said it would last until Christmas at least; four expected it to go through next spring. Seven believed it could continue beyond spring, and three had no opinion.

Sixteen of the men replying regarded government spending as an aid to recovery, from the standpoint of the short view. Two believed it hindered recovery, two more thought it of little importance, and three were undecided.

BIG JOBS

The farm marketing cooperatives have some of the biggest jobs of their existence on their hands now.

Disorganized markets, declining consumption of some products, producter, middleman differences and difficulties, are but a few of the problems. And the leading co-ops are going aggressively to work on the immensely important task of getting a fair return for their members, serving the consumer well, and bringing order out of chaos.

If this work is to be successful, the marketing cooperatives must have 100 per cent loyalty from their members. Every member must feel that he is part of the organization—and that the organization needs his help and support. That kind of membership has made it possible for co-ops to lick trouble in the past—and it can do it again.

Thomas J. S. Waxter, director of the Department of Public Welfare, announced that a compilation made by his staff showed that sixty-six per cent. of the heads of families given relief in Baltimore in 1937 were natives of Maryland.

THE GOLD MINES

J. E. Jones

Population figures show that five cities: Detroit, Lansing, Flint and Pontiac, Michigan; and Akron, Ohio, have multiplied over five times in population since the turn of the century 38 years ago.

People went to those cities for the same reasons that our people flocked to California in 1849, and to the Yukon in 1896. Gold was discovered in Michigan—"the gold of employment opportunity". So writes J. H. Van Deventer, editor of Iron Age. He relates that the richest gold field in the World was in South Africa, which produced 7 billion dollars in gold ore. But the gold fields of the automoble industry which "started with scratch" did better, according to editor Van Deventer.

"Since 1900 and including 1937 there has come from the modest little original discovery a golden flow of wages aggregating the stupendous sum of 84 billions of dollars; wages directly traceable to the automobile and which would not have existed except for it," he added.

"Those who have traced the flow of business from localities in Michigan and adjoining States will understand how it came about that Michigan gold mines, where automobiles made great cities and States, distributed 2 billion dollars to workers in steel plants in other States; 3 billion dollars to the rubber industry workers; 2 billion dollars in the pay envelopes of the petroleum industry; 13 billion dollars to pay road building labor; 50 billions of dollars in wages of chauffeurs, truck drivers, car repair men, service station and parking lot employes.

In the Carolinas and a dozen other states in the South millions of planters and workers in the cotton fields and sugar cane plantations, other in coal and iron mines, and in the turpentine, nitrate bauxite industries are helping to create automobiles. In New England and along the Atlantic coast to the Mississippi tens of millions more utilize natures gifts of wood, timber, clay, asbestos, limestone, minerals, grains and animals for the same purpose. Further west to the Pacific other great states furnish copper, silver, manganese, chronium and other minerals, and contribute from their rich resources of lumber, wool, glass-sand, mohair, flaxseed and petroleum. All these fruits of the states have made the far-flung American automobile a familar sight on all the roads of the world.

* * *

Hopes For Improved Safety

There are 30 States that do not require applicants for drivers licenses to be examined for competency; eight do not require licenses to operate a car; in six States no licenses are issued, and in five more States only the "unfit" are required to pass tests for driving. Only eight States enforce a test of vision, and but fifteen require the knowledge of traffic laws.

Now dual highways are great safeguards in automobiling, and this form of construction is increasing—as it should.

Laws and rules for safety multiply. While everybody knows that automibiles have been made safer and simpler it is also common knowledge that human beings who drive cars cause most of the accidents by careless driving.

Supplement activitics like the School Patrol brings results as children grow up. A recent Government statement says that "one of the greatest hopes for improved safety conditions lies through implanting of correct thinking and habits in those who are now passing through public schools.

* * *

Nobody Knows

Washington is as curious as any part of the country as to whether President Roosevelt will seek a third term, have it forced upon him, or decline the nomination. Undoubtedly he can have it. Even his family, and closest political associates, declare that they have no information concerning the President's future political intentions. They don't even know who else to pick for the New Deal standard-bearer. It seems that in a nation of 130,000,000 people nobody knows but Mr. Roosevelt, what he is thinking about.

A doctor may give a patient hope, but he charges for the time it takes him to give it.

THE SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD IS PAYING BENEFITS TO WORKERS NOW

There are two kinds of payments under the old-age insurance provisions of the Social Security Act.

One other kind is monthly old-age benefits payments. Payments are due now to many workers; and to estates and relatives of eligible workers who have died since December 31, 1936.

The Social Security Board has made it simple for the eligible worker or the estate or relatives of an eligible worker to file a claim for such a lump-sum payment. Payments are only made to those who file claims for the sums due them.

A Lump-Sum Payment is now Due:

(1) To the worker who has reached 65 since January 1, 1937, and who has been paid wages for work done as an employee since December 31, 1936, and before he reached 65, in any employment which is not specifically excepted under the old-ag benefit provisions of the act; and,

(2) To the estate or relatives of a worker who has died since December 31, 1936, provided the deceased worker had been paid wages for work done as an employee after December 31, 1936, and before he reached 65, in employment which is not specifically excepted under the old-age benefit provisions of the Social Security Act.

Do not be misled by the words "excepted employment." Generally speaking, all employment in commerce and idustry comes under the act. NO PERSON is excluded; only certain EMPLOYMENTS are excepted. Ask your Sicial Security Board field office.

The Total of Your Wages Determines The Amount of Lump-Sun Payment

The amount will be 3½ percent of the total wages. For example: Suppose wages amounted to $1,000; the 3½ per cent lump-sum payment would be $35. Total wages means the sum of all the wages paid by all the employers for all the time worked in covered employment after December 31, 1936, and prior to death or reaching 65, not counting wages $3,000 from any one employer in any oe calendar year.

Your Social Security account number is very important. No one else has the same account number you have. The amount of benefit payments to you will be based on the wage record kept under your number. One number is good for your lifetime.

A Claim Must Be Filed Before Any Payment Can Be Made

No fee is charged. It is ot necessary to employ a claim agent or anyone else. Your nearest Social Security Board field office will give you all informatiin and every assistance. Field offices serving Maryland are listed below:

Baltimore, Md. Salisbury, Md.
Cumberland, Hagerstown, Md.
Washington, D. C.

"RELIEF BUMS"

A news item tells of a Negro taxi driver who was unable to work for a time because of illness. He obtained $50 from a government relief agency to tide him over. Now he is back at work, and is trying to return the money. When it was pointed out to him that he was not legally obligated to do this, he observed that "that was the way I was raised—and that's the way I'm raising my child."

A great many other Americans can learn a lesson from this Negro taxi driver. One of the most ominous portents on the horizon is the fact that thousands of people have apparently come to look on relief as a "profession." They plan to make it thier "life work." Productive jobs in private industry hold no attraction for them, when they can take it easy at the taxpayers' expense. They figure some one owes them a living.

This isn't a criticism of those people who have turned to relief only as a last resort, and are eager to get off the rolls as soon as opportunity for a real jobs comes along. Nor is it a criticism of relief per se. The hungry must be fed, the homeless sheltered, the clothesless clothed. Honest beneficiaries of relief aggressively seek real employment. Professional "relief bums" are a new menace to democratic government.

While some critics of the nation-wide unemployment compensation system have recently been loudly complaining that the amount of benefit money paid out in the half year just ended is not commensurate with the amount collected in contributions for this purpose, the record shows that Maryland has been keeping well up in the line.

Figures given out by the United States Treasury, custodian of the unemployment fund, as of June 30, show that Maryland had then withdrawn for benefits payments a total of $6,3000,000 to cover the first half year of operation. The total deposited up to date by Maryland was $12,800,000. Thus the payments amunted to nearly one-half the total collected.

Where there is "family trouble," there is somebody who is still a spoiled brat who needs spanking but is too big to spank.

Have it your own way...but

Whether you blame it on the heat or the humidity, the main thing is—your body feels hot and sticky. You crave relief. And a refreshing, warm bath is one of the best ways to get this relief. It's a nuisance if you have to wait for water to heat . . . a blessing if you have an automatic supply.

• TRY AN ELECTRIC WATER HEATER ON OUR NEW TRIAL-PURCHASE PLAN

Ask today about our new Trial-Purchase Plan. It permits trying a new Electric Water Heater in your home. You pay a small deposit of $5; 75c per month for six months; and if you decide to keep it, you have 36 months to complete payments.

CONOWINGO POWER COMPANY

Electricity—Cheaper in Quantity

MARYLAND UTILITIES—WEEK OF AUGUST 8, 1938 AD. COMP

POLITICAL CARDS

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Having been urged by many friends and members of the bar to become a candidate for re-election. I take this method of announcing my intentions of becoming a candidate for re-election as Associate Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit of Maryland. This method of announcement is adopted because the office which I hold, and the duties incident there to preclude me making a personal campaign.

Thomas J. Keating.

FOR STATE SENATOR

At the Democratic Primaries on September 12th next, I will be a candiate for nomination for State Sentor, and I earnestly solicit the support of all voters. Should I be nominated, and later elected, it will be my ambition to serve the people and taxpayers of Cecil county, without fear or favor, always remembering I am a servant of the people.

Frederick H. Leffler,
Elkton, Maryland

FOR CLERK OF COURT

I hereby announce my candidacy for Clerk of the Circuit Court for Cecil county subject to the Republican primaries in September. Your support will be greatly appreciated

Ralph R. Crothers,
Zion, Md.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court for Cecil County subject to the Democratic primaries in September and I earnestly solicit your support.

Daniel H. Garrett.
Elkton, Md.

FOR REGISTER OF WILLS

I hereby announce to the voters of Cecil county, that I will be a candidate for Register of Wills, subject to the Democratic primaries on September 12. I earnestly solicit the support of all voters.

W. Norman Clark,
Elkton, Maryland.

I hereby announce my candidacy for Register of Wills for Cecil County subject to the Republican primary in September. Your support will be appreciated.

Jesse E. Pierson,
Elkton.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

I hereby announce my candidacy for County Commissioner subject to the Republican primary in September. Your support will be appreciated.

Harry D. Barnes,
Elkton.

I hereby announce my candidacy for County Commissioner for Cecil county, subject to the Democratic primary in September. Your support will be apreciated.

Lawson C. Tosh,
Rising Sun, Md.

Having decided to be a candidate for County Commissioner from the First Commissioners District, subject to the Democratic primaries on September 12, I take this means of asking the support of all voters.

Walter B. Scarborough,
Elkton, Md., R. D. 4

I hereby announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner, from the Third Commissioner's district, I will appreciate your support at the Democratic primary on September 12.

L. H. Balderston,
Colora, Md.

I hereby take this means of announcing to the voters of Cecil county, that I will be a candidate for County Commissioner (Second Commissioners District) subject to the Democratic primaries in September next. I earnestly solicit the support of all voters.

Reuben Reynolds,
Fair Hill, Md.

I hereby announce my candidacy for County Commissioner for Cecil County. Subject to the Democratic Primaries in September. Your support will be appreciated.

Howard S. Vincent,
Elkton.

I hereby announce my candidacy for County Commissioner for Cecil County, subject to the Democratic Primaries in September and ask the support of all voters.

Howard R. Brown,
R. D. 2. Rising Sun, Md.

I take this means of informing the voters of Cecil county, that I wil be a candidate for County Commissioner from the Third Commissioners' District, subject to the Democratic primary on September 12th. I respectfully ask the support of all voters.

W. Earl Fisher,
Colora, Md.

FOR SHERIFF

Former Night Officer at Elkton, Md.
DAVID J. RANDOLPH,
Candidate for
SHERIFF OF CECIL COUNTY
Subject to the Democratic Primary,
September 12, 1938
I respectfully Ask Your Support

I wish to announce to the public that I will be a candidate for nomination for sheriff of Cecil County at the Democratic Primaries, in September, next. I earnestly solicit the support of all voters.

Roland A. Nickle,
R. D. 4 Elkton, Md.

FOR JUDGE OF ORPHANS' COURT

I hereby announce my candidacy for Judge of the Orphans' Court subject to the Democratic Primary in September. Your support will be appreciated.

J. Frank Blake,
Child, Md.

Having decided to be a candidate for Judge of the Orphans' Court of Cecil county, I hereby ask for the support of all voters at the Democratic primaries on September 12, next.

Sylvester Preston,
North East, Md.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSONER

I hereby announce my candidacy for County Commissioner from the Third Commissioner District, subject to the Republican primary in September. Your support and friendly influence will be greatly appreciated.

Perry A. Gibson,
Rising Sun, Md.

REGISTER OF WILLS

I hereby announce my candidacy for Register of Wills for Cecil County, subject to the Democratic Primary, Sept. 12, 1938. If nominated and elected it will be my desire to serve the people to the best of my ability.

Claude C. Buck
Rising Sun, Md.

FOR STATE SENATE

I hereby announce to the voters of Cecil county that I am a candidate for the State Senate, subject to the Democratic primary on September 12, 1938.

Cecil Clyde Squier
Port Deposit, Md.

REV. BAKER TO CONDUCT SERVICE

Rev. John Moses Baker, Baltimore's well known evangelist and author, will preach Sunday morning, August 14, 11 o'clock, in Asbury M. E. Church, Reisterstown, Md.. Rev. C. D. Taylor pastor.

Rev. Baker is well known to our readers because of his poems which have been appearing from time to time in The Midland Journal. He has also preached and conducted revival services in some of our churches nearby.

Evangelist Baker always comes with an inspiring message. He is true to the Book and the Christ that it reveals. His woderful power to present and make the old gospel so plain has won many souls for God. A number of the young men and boys converted in some of Rev. Baker's revivals are now preaching the Gospel as ministers of prominent churches.

Rev. Carlton D. Harris, pastor of the Central M. E. Church, who is writing about the Great Revival in his Church said "Evangelist Baker, who has been with us for nearly four weeks, engaged in a labor of love, will long be remembered by the congregation for his tender appeals, helpful sermons and his charming spirit. Rev. Baker is a man whom God is abundantly blessing for use in the advancement of his kingdom. We pray the blessing of the Father may go with him and his devoted family all along pilgrimage."

At his press conference in New York Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf was asked by a reporter, "Please tell us, Your Royal Highness, why Sweden is so properous and the people there contented, as you have just said." At once the distinguished democrat replied, with a broad smile, "Why that is because in Sweden we all cooperate, gladly. Business cooperates with government. By the way, you gentlemen must know that your New Deal is copied mostly from Sweden."

When a woman says, "Please don't make a scene, darling," she means she is going to make a scene if you don't do as you're told.