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## KEEP YOUR HEAD

Rarely in our history has it been so necessary for Americans to keep their heads as it is today.

The most ghastly of all tragedies has engulfed Europe. It is the burning hope of the vast majority of our people that we may escape the holocaust of destruction. We have not forgotten the World War. It sowed the seeds for the years of social discontent and depression that followed. We have not forgotten that thousands of American lives and untold billions in American wealth and resources were sacrificed. Only history will eventually reveal what good, if any, came from that war.

The President has said that as long as it remains within his power, there shall be no "blackout of peace" in this nation. In that he echoes the minds and hearts of all of us. But the mere wish is not enough. Hysteria, passion, fanaticism, and mistaken idealism—these things can be the producers of ruin and horror. American neutrality is dependent upon America keeping its head.

No one knows when the war will end, or who will be the "victor". But certainly there is justified fear that all that is best in Europe may be lost to that continent for many years after hostilities have stopped. War means that the arts of peace must be ruthlessly dropped in order that the arts of death and destruction may be advanced. The preservation of liberties which have been won through centuries, are threatened in a warring world.

## VIOLENCE DOESN'T WORK

The recent "milk strike" in the New York area is an example of mistaken tactics on the part of a limited group of farmers.

Described as a farmer-sponsored strike against conscienceless dealers, it soon became apparent that in reality the principal victim would be the farmer himself. For, in the New York milk shed, as elsewhere, marked progress in getting a better break for the producer has been accomplished by marketing co-operative organizations. These co-ops opposed the strike, knowing that it could be disruptive to their work. In this they were supported by the bulk of farmers, citizens and public officials.

A strike such as this is invariably a mistaken tactic, of a boomerang nature.

## STATE EGG SUPPLY HELD IN-ADQUATE

Maryland poultrymen were told insufficient eggs were produced in the State for local consumption.

Dr. S. H. De Vault, professor of agricultural economics at the University of Maryland, told producers: "The 29,000,000 dozens of eggs produced annually in Maryland are not sufficient to meet the demands of the State. Only 67 percent consumed in the State are produced locally, that is in Maryland, Delaware and Virginia."

The remainder are imported from twenty-eight states.

He urged them to pay more attention to proper grading and packaging of eggs, thereby enabling them to obtain higher prices.

"Only seven percent of eggs sold in retail stores are sold under trade names and in cartons," he said.

## Vacation Hints

Unwise vacations are shortening the lives of thousands of Americans who would be better off to remain at their desks. Countless persons whose blood pressure needs watching suffer actual harm when they push themselves frantically to get work in shape so they can go on a strenuous, exciting vacation, and then work excessively to catch up after returning. If your blood pressure is high, don't drive hundreds of miles at high speed to get some place or other in a short time; gamble on golf, bridge, or any other game, climb mountains, indulge in long hard swims, fish for tarpon, sailfish and other big game fish which involve long grueling battles; don't carry city excitement—market quotations, prizefights, etc.—along via radio. Unless common sense rules are observed and moderation is exercised in all these respects, the average middle-aged American would be better off remaining quietly at home.

The Chinese import birds' nests a dollars worth every time the hand of your watch marks the passage of only one minute.

## MARYLAND TRAFFIC SAFETY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MAPS PROGRAM FOR OCTOBER

"Save a Life—Possibly Your Own—in October", Theme of Message to be Presented to State's Residents as Plea for Safer Driving

The Executive Committee of the Maryland Traffic Safety Committee, recently announced by Governor Herbert R. O'Connor, gathered at the Chesapeake Club, Baltimore, as the guests of the Governor, for their first meeting and their initial conference with the newly-named General Chairman of the Traffic Safety Committee, Thomas P. Abbott, of Baltimore. Representatives of Western, Central and Southern Maryland and the Eastern Shore were present, together with the Baltimore city members, and the heads of the State Departments concerned with safety work.

The first public activity of the Traffic Safety Committee will be the publicizing throughout the State of the "Traffic Safety Days" to be held the first week of October, in an effort to cut down the number of traffic fatalities during that month, and through the three-month period beginning October 1, always the worst period of the year with respect to traffic deaths. While the October, 1938, record of 43 deaths showed a sharp decrease over the total of 54 in October, 1937, there still remains the fact that forty-three residents of our State, or visitors to it, lost their lives on our State highways and streets, truly a deplorable record.

## October Program Adopted

In an effort to further reduce the October toll, the Executive Committee at its meeting adopted a comprehensive Safety Program for the period of October 1-7, exclusive, under which the seventy-odd members of the general committee throughout the State will set up committees in their various counties, and in Baltimore city, with a view to making the entire State "safety conscious" during that period.

"Save a Life—possibly YOUR OWN"—in October" is the underlying theme of the Safety Message that will be broadcast to the State, not only via the radio, but through newspapers, through literature of various kinds, and as a result of Safety meetings with the civic and fraternal clubs, veterans' posts, school, high school and college groups. In the counties, particularly, the members of the State-wide committee will endeavor to enlist the assistance of others in the respective communities who are interested in the cause of Safety, and who are willing to lend their efforts to help spread the gospel of Safety on the roads.

## City Shares in Will

Benjamin Franklin, by his will dated June 23, 1789, bequeathed to the cities of Boston and Philadelphia alike the sum of 1,000 pounds sterling, "to be let out upon interest at 5 per cent per annum to such young married artificers, under the age of 25 years (later extended by the court to 35 years) as have served an apprenticeship in the said town, and faithfully fulfilled the duties required in their indentures."

The fund was to run for 100 years, at which time Mr. Franklin believed it would amount to 131,000 pounds. He directed that 31,000 pounds should be continued to be let out at interest for another 100 years, and that 100,000 pounds should be "laid out in public works, fortifications, bridges, aqueducts, public buildings, baths, etc., or whatever may make living in the town more convenient to its people and render it more agreeable to strangers resorting thither for health or a temporary residence."

## Bloodstone's Composition

The bloodstone is a species of chalcedony and is a green siliceous stone flecked with red jasper as if with blood, hence the name. The stone is also known as heliotrope, which word comes from Greek words meaning the sun, and to turn.

If it's a woman and the shoe pinches, she buys it.

Many a man who claims to be discreet is only a coward.

## U. S. Owns a Fifth Of National Area

### Government World's Largest Landed Proprietor.

WASHINGTON.—Uncle Sam is the world's largest landed proprietor, a survey of federal properties indicates.

Federal land holdings comprise more than 400,000,000 acres—about one-fifth of the total area of the continental United States. The total value—not including buildings—is about \$4,500,000,000.

The extent of federal properties was disclosed in an inventory made at the direction of President Roosevelt. It did not include property temporarily owned by emergency credit agencies through mortgage foreclosures.

Government figures show that the estimated value of all real estate in the United States is more than \$113,000,000,000. A similar valuation showed that tax-exempt federal holdings comprise slightly more than 4 per cent of the national total.

The vast majority of federal land holdings comprises rural areas, such as national parks, grazing lands and national forests. Only 47,444 acres—not including the District of Columbia—are classed as urban property.

The interior and agricultural departments control the great bulk of federal land holdings—the former 58.83 per cent and the latter 40.54 per cent.

The remainder is divided up in fractions of 1 per cent among the war department, the navy department and the post office department.

The post office department, for all of its thousands of post offices, owns only 1,361 acres, a little for a percentage calculation. The labor department has only 72 acres.

## Tree-Planting Reported

### On Increase in U. S.

WASHINGTON.—The United States department of agriculture reported that farmers have more than doubled their tree-planting activities since 1935, following receipt of a report from the United States forest service showing the distribution of forest trees to farmers in 41 states and territories under the co-operative distribution program authorized by the Clarke-McNary law.

During 1938, a total of 55,359,728 trees were distributed, according to the forest service, more than double the 26,150,197 trees distributed in 1935.

The Clarke-McNary law, passed in 1924, authorizes the federal government to match funds with states to carry on fire protection work in forests and for furnishing forest tree seedlings for plantings on farms. State forestry agencies handle the distribution of trees. During 1938 the federal government spent \$75,286.33, while the states spent \$306,970.33 on the project.

## Right Hand to Left Ear Official School-Age Test

MANILA.—If a child can reach his left ear with his right hand by passing it directly over the middle of his head he is at least seven years old, and should be admitted to the first grade.

The method was prescribed by the principal of the government elementary school in Oas, Albay, to do away with the trouble of getting birth certificates to determine the age of children entering school for the first time.

In the case of children who have unusually short or long hands or unusually small or flat heads, an official birth certificate must be presented by the parents, the principal ruled.

It was said in Oas that almost all the ages determined by the ear-reaching system tallied with the figures recorded in the office of the local civil registrar.

## Last of Micmac Indian 'Medicine Men' Is Dead

HAVELOCK, N. B.—New Brunswick lost one of its most picturesque characters in the death of Noel Limquin, last of the Micmac Indian "medicine men."

Limquin spent his last years in his woodland shack brewing pungent potions from woodland herbs. At one time he traveled the continent with a medicine show and he was the star performer. He would go on the stage and show how genuine Indian remedies were made.

He achieved fame one time when after the show he was interviewed and asked where he had learned to make them. His reply was: "In a big factory at New Haven, U. S. A., where a lot of girls work. They have big machines there and make all kinds of medicine good for man and beast."

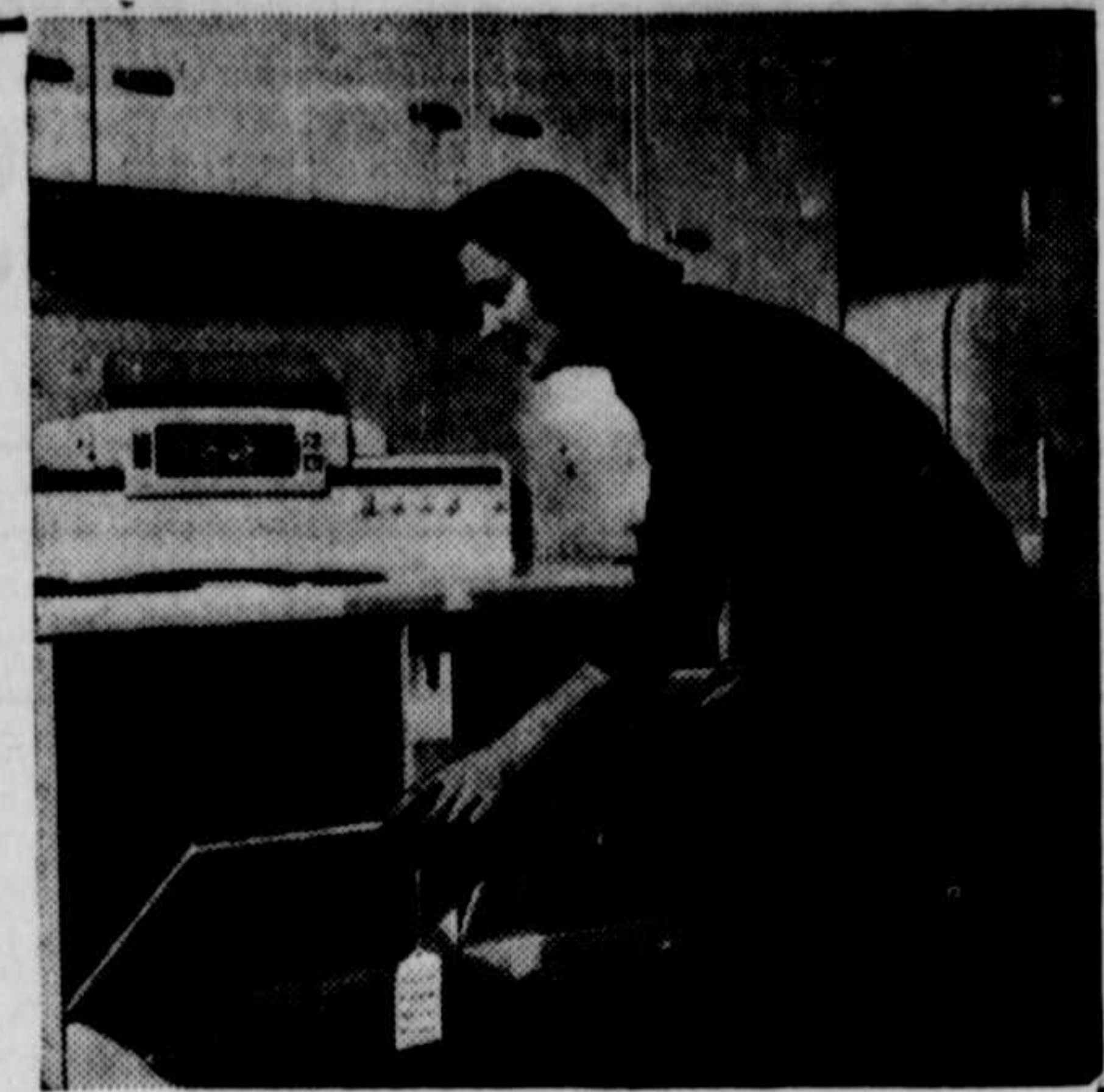
## School Boys Follow

### Same Path 16 Years

SCHENECTADY.—William S. Burke and his identical twin brother, Walter E., are wondering when their paths will part.

The two youths have completed 16 years of schooling together during which they had like interests. Both received bachelor of arts degrees from Union college, where they belonged to the same clubs, studied like courses, and became members of the same athletic teams.

## Another LUCKY LADY Knows About Our



## NEW NO-RISK TRIAL-PURCHASE PLAN

Here's just the chance you've been waiting for . . . to try an electric range in your own kitchen without buying it! A chance to prove to yourself that electric ranges are really fast, cheap, clean and easy to operate . . . and six whole months in which to decide before buying!

Brief details of this amazing plan are: You make a small deposit of \$10 and the range is installed in your home. After a six-month trial period, the deposit plus the

nominal monthly rental charge is applied to the purchase price and range buyers are given free a 7-piece set of aluminum cooking utensils. Should you decide not to keep the range after using it for 6 months, your deposit will be returned to you. Budget terms are extremely liberal . . . 42 months to pay. Come in and inspect our complete line of Crawford, Hotpoint, Westinghouse and Quality ranges. Let us fully explain this no-risk-to-you plan today!

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## Priest's Letters Disclose Early Indian Sacrifices

North American soil has been soaked numberless times with the blood of human sacrifices, old letters of Father Charlevoix, a Jesuit priest, to his superiors would indicate.

The priest reported the sacrifices were common on the huge chunk of copper weighing two tons or more (now in the Smithsonian institute at Washington), which was a religious shrine of the Indians before its removal in 1843. The Indians believed the rock had been sent to their ancestors by the Morning Star and that in times of stress it spoke in the voice of thunder demanding a human sacrifice. The sacrifice offered was usually a prisoner taken in war.

Father Charlevoix related one instance which came under his observation. Before setting out on a hazardous expedition, the Indians were told by their medicine men the rock demanded a sacrifice. They accordingly selected a 15-year-old girl prisoner, told her she was to be married to the son of a chief, and prepared her in the tribe's richest garments. The child was shown unusual deference and, happy in the belief her imprisonment was to end, she was led away by an escort of warriors. Not until she came to the rock and saw the fire blazing at its base did she realize the actual fate in store for her.

Despite her entreaties, she was tied to the rock and a warrior sent an arrow into her heart as the fire burned about her. The braves then sprinkled themselves with her blood in the belief it would make them more valorous.

## Milk Needs Cleanliness To Retain Healthful Aids

Ever since the earliest days, milk has been considered one of the most healthful foods. Exaggerated powers were ascribed to it by the ancients and many hoary legends regarding its properties still persist. But with all the virtues intelligent people concede to milk today, we know that under certain conditions it can also be a menace, since bacteria, as well as human beings, thrive on milk.

Public health officials, recognizing the potential dangers of unclean bacteria laden milk, spare no effort to safeguard its production, handling, and transportation. The milk delivered to the householder's doorstep is unquestionably safe. But whether or not it remains so depends upon the consumer. If milk is to be fit for consumption, it must be kept clean and cold within the home.

Clean containers, clean glasses, clean and sterilized bottles for the baby, and the maintenance of clean hands by the person who pours the milk, serves it, and uses it in food preparation, are all links in the chain of sanitation needed to keep milk fresh and wholesome. Only if these safeguards are observed can milk uphold its reputation for healthfulness.

Mankind is as decent and intelligent as ever it was. It is guilty only of trusting leaders who misuse and betray it.

Sunday September 6, will hold Church School at 9:45 a. m., C. C. Buck, Supt. Morning Worship Service at 11 a. m.

## Feminine Beauty Aids Used In Automobile Finishings

Use of rouge is not confined to feminine faces. Enough rouge to paint a town red is consumed by the automobile industry for fine polishing operations. One company alone purchases 12 barrels annually.

Nor are diamonds alone used to enhance milady's beauty. The automobile industry values diamonds for another reason—they are used to drill and grind tough metal. Purchases for motor making may amount as high as \$1,000,000 a year.

About 2½ bars of soap and a gallon of liquid soap for every 10 cars are consumed by one plant. It takes five Angora goats to provide enough mohair for the average sedan, so the raising of Angora goats has become a major industry. Texas produces about 14,000,000 pounds of mohair annually.

Supplying brushes for motor plants is a big business. Annual consumption in motor manufacture totals 25,000 camel and badger hair brushes, and 75,000 with stiffer bristles.

About 500 pounds of sand is used in the molds made for casting each automobile engine block.

The rag man is a big man in the motor factory. For washing and polishing cars, one plant buys 120,000 yards of gauze and 1,200 pounds of tacking each year.

Among other unusual materials used in the motor industry are agate, arsenic, borax, garnet, gold, jade, mercury, mica, onyx, platinum, radium and silver.

## Panama Canal Figures

The soil excavated at Panama would make a wall as high and as wide as the ancient Chinese Wall and reaching all the way from San Francisco to New York. It would make a pyramid 4,200 feet high or four-fifths of a mile, obliterating the Washington monument, the White House, state, war, navy and treasury buildings and all the finest official part of the city of Washington. During six years the amount of quinine distributed free among canal employees was 15,000 pounds, an average of 2,000 pounds per year.

## Tribute to Water

William Jennings Bryan said of water: "Water, the daily need of every living thing. It ascends from the seas, obedient to the summons of the sun, and, descending, showers blessing upon the earth; it gives of its sparkling beauty to the fragrant flower; its alchemy transmutes base clay into golden grain; it is the canvas upon which the finger of the Infinite traces the radiant bow of promise. It is the drink that refreshes and adds no sorrow with it. Jehovah looked upon it at Creation's dawn and said—"It is good."

## Croquet, Golf Game

Nicknamed "crolf," a new game combines features of croquet and golf. The game is played with regulation golf clubs and balls on putting greens. Four sets of croquet wickets placed around each hole on the course serve as hazards through which a player's ball must pass before it drops into the cup.

A grain of theoretical wisdom may turn out to be a pound of practical folly.

## France Reoccupies Vast Central African Region

Another headache for the map-maker is the shifting boundary between Italian and French territory in north-central Africa. Tibesti, a 50,000 square mile area between French Equatorial Africa and the Italian dependency of Libya is being reoccupied by France, according to reports from Europe. This action follows the repudiation by Italy last December of the Rome pact of 1935.

"Under the agreement at Rome," points out the National Geographic society, "Tibesti, along with other territory, was ceded to Italy by France in what was then called the final settlement of their long-standing colonial account.

"This region, wild and mountainous, holds the highest peak of the entire Sahara area—the volcano of Emi Koussi, with an altitude of some 11,000 feet. Mountain and desert at the same time, Tibesti has conditioned its inhabitants to a marked degree. These natives, the Tibbus, have tremendous qualities of endurance, coupled with monkey-like agility. An independent African race, black without the typical physical characteristics of the Negro, they number no more than 10,000, a figure which represents a sparse population of only one person to every five square miles. As fighters, the Tibbus use, among other weapons, the knife, which they throw with great skill."

## Glass Reduces Spoilage

Discomfort of humans and spoilage of show-window goods, caused by the hot rays of the sun, are being reduced by a new type of glass scientists call aklo, which absorbs the infra-red rays that carry approximately one-half of the sun's heat. The glass is being used by merchants to lengthen the lives of their show-window displays by keeping flowers from wilting, bakery goods from spoiling and fabrics from fading, for example. Outer panes of heat-absorbing on sides of a house or office most exposed to the sun have been found to assist greatly in controlling temperatures and reducing the load on air-conditioning equipment. Railroad companies are using the new glass on coaches to eliminate passenger discomfort caused by the hot sun pouring through car windows.

## Moon Cycle Regular

The moon is a dark body, and we see it only because of the sunlight falling upon it. As the moon revolves around the earth once each month different portions of its illuminated surface are turned toward us. When the moon is between the earth and sun, it is full, and when it is on the opposite side of the earth from the sun, it is full. Two or three days after new moon, a thin crescent is seen in the west after sunset. The crescent increases in size until the line dividing the light and dark portions runs straight across. This is first quarter. The lighted portion increases until full moon occurs. The phases are then repeated in reverse order as third quarter and new moon succeed. The phases cover a period of a little more than 29½ days on the average, from new moon to new moon.

The man who knows one thing well feels capable of giving advice on all subjects.