

by reason of the other having
threatened to beat him, or that
is wait for that purpose and
that he doth not require it out
of malice or vexation. But if
the Justice shall perceive, that
surety is demanded merely of
malice or vexation only, without
any just cause of fear, it seemeth
he may safely deny it. —
Surety of the Peace shall not be
granted to a person, who is only
in fear, that another may
do hurt, to his servants or
cattle. —

If a man threatens the wife or child
of another, the surety of the Peace
ought to be granted. —

Surety of the Peace shall be granted
where there is a fear of some

Present or future danger and
not for a trespass or battery that
is past, for this security is
only for such as are in fear. —
But the party wronged may pro-
sue the Offender by Indictment
and the Justice if he see cause may
bind over the Offender, that is, to
answer the Indictment.

A wife may demand it ag^t her
husband if he threaten to beat her
outrageously and a husband may
also have it ag^t his wife and
if the wife in such a case can
not find securities, she shall be
committed. —

An Infant under 14, may demand
his Surety and it shall be gran-
ted him. —

If the person to be bound, be
in the Presence of the Justice,
he