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THE EASTON STAR.

By Thomas H. Robson.

EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 7, 1855.

NOTICE.

The Democratic Central Committee of this county is requested to meet at 2 o'clock, this (*Tuesday*) afternoon, at Mr. Marshall's hotel. A punctual attendance is requested.

WANTED, at this office, a smart, active Boy, to learn the Printing business.—One that has been sometime at the trade would be preferred.

☞ The cholera has appeared at Havre de Grace, Md. There have been eight deaths in the course of two weeks. Several cases have also appeared at Perryville, on the opposite side of the river.

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY" and "Household Words" for August have been received.—They are replete with interesting articles Price $3 a year each, or the two for $5. Address Dix & Edwards, N. Y.

☞ The census returns in New York show that the estimate respecting the increase of the population of the city, and of the State, have been wide of the mark.—It is now probable that the population of the city will not exceed 650,000, and of the State, 3,500,000.

JOHN B. ROWINS, Esq.,—We notice that this young gentleman, formerly of this place, and more recently of Elkton, who has been studying his profession at the Law School of Mr. Fowler, in Poughkeepsie, has been admitted to practice in the Courts of New York. Mr. Rowins is a young Democrat of superior talent, and we predict for him a brilliant career in his profession. and an honorable distinction as a politician and statesman. He will return to Maryland in the Fall to commence the practice of the profession.

WORCESTER COUNTY.—At a meeting of the Democrats of Worcester county, held at Snow Hill, on the 31st ult., Denard Williams, Robert P. Todd, Stephen P. Dennis and Charles L. Bowen were appointed delegates to the State Convention for the purpose of selecting candidates for Lottery Commissioner and Comptroller of the State.

THE PRICE OF WHEAT.—The opinion is expressed by Mr. Kettell, of New York—a good authority on commercial matters—that fair prices for wheat will be sustained at home during the whole of the ensuing year. The supplies from Dantzic, and the Russian ports, being cut off, it is argued that all the surplus crop of the U. States will readily find a market in England or France.

DEATH OF JUDGE FRICK.—We regret to announce that the Hon. William Frick, Judge of the Superior Court of Baltimore city, died on Sunday morning 29th ult., at the Warm Springs, near Staunton, Virginia, whither he had repaired for the renovation of his health. As a judicial officer, Judge Frick was very highly estimated, and in all the private relations of life he was truly exemplary.

WE have received from Mr. T. B Peterson, Philadelphia, an interesting pamphlet, entitled "Fresh Fruits and Vegetables, all the year, at Summer Prices, and how to obtain them." Price 12½ cents.—It gives a clear statement of the way in which ripe fruits and vegetables are preserved by hermetical sealing, with plain and particular directions for using the self sealing Cans, an article now coming into general use. This little treatise should be in the hands of every housekeeper.

APPOINTMENTS.—The following appointments have been made by the President:

Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, to be Commissioner of the General Land Office, in the place of John Wilson removed,

Josiah Minot, of New Hampshire, to be Commissioner of Pensions, in the place of Loren P. Waldo, resigned.

Murray McConnel, of Illinois, to be Fifth Auditor of the Treasury, in the place of Josiah Minot, appointed Commissioner of Pensions.

WE should suppose the editor of the Gazette had enough on his hands at this time to reconcile the inconsistency of his whig professions with his open advocacy of Know Nothingism, without troubling himself about the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee. We apprehend the committee have sufficient intelligence to appoint a suitable chairman without need of the Gazette's advice. And before the editor again declaims against "*recent residents*," it would be well for him to look to his own *naturalization papers*. The "recent residents" to whom he refers, we are proud to say, are *natives of Talbot*, who were educated in Easton, and although temporarily absent for a few years, they can never rank second in public confidence to a native of the abolition State of Vermont, although the latter may preach ever so boisterously to give the impression that he repudiated his antecedents when he changed his residence. Persons living in glass houses should be careful how they fling stones.—The "aspiring young democrats in town," so patronizingly noticed by the Gazette, will doubtless feel themselves highly complimented by the editor's condescension.—They will, in all probability, call a public meeting, and take effective means to reward his generosity by presenting him with—*a cracker*.

NOT ONE OF THEM.—The Gazette contradicts the report which is in circulation that the Chairman of the Whig Central Committee of this county, is a Know Nothing. We have never heard it reported that Col. Hambleton had *joined* the K. N. Council, but we know his own party friends had reported, prior to the 24th ult. the day of the Democratic meeting, that Col. Hambleton had said he should *act* with the Know Nothing party. And we regard his declension to call a meeting of the whig party as corroberating the report. And as it was currently reported that Col. H. was favorable to the election of the gentleman to Congress who is spoken of as the Know Nothing candidate, we gave full credence to the rumor. However, as the Gazette says *he is not one of them*, we will do the Col. the justice to put him right before the people. And we are gratified to have the opportunity, on the authority of the Gazette, to add the name of Col. Hambleton to the long list of patriotic whigs, who refuse to endorse the intolerant dogmas and anti-American principles of the Know Nothing party. Let it go abroad, then, that Col. Hambleton is opposed to the Know Nothing movement, and intends to stand by the old whig ship in adversity, as he has done in its palmy days of prosperity. And let the old line whigs of this county take courage in their struggle against Know Nothingism, from the assurance the Gazette gives, that their great leader is still true to the Whig organization.

UNPALATABLE TRUTHS.—The Gazette parades before its readers a paragraph from one of our editorials of last week, and wonderful to tell, it declares "it cannot endorse such sentiments." We think there is nothing strange in the Gazette's refusal to "endorse such sentiments." It would be *strange* indeed if the Gazette 'endorsed' any thing said against the K. Nothings. But strangest of all, while professing to be a WHIG, the editor takes good care to *say nothing*, and *endorse nothing* against the K. N! This the Gazette calls "independence!" "Truckling" forsooth! Why, the Gazette's remarks prefacing the paragraph quoted from us, is the most contemptible piece of "truckling" we have ever seen. It is an unmanly attempt to pander to an intolerant prejudice whilst it cunningly seeks to curry favor with those it aims to "stab under the fifth rib." Out upon all such pandering. We instituted no invidious comparison between the religious characters of Catholic and Protestant Ministers, and the Gazette does not make us do so, only by implication. Such a comparison was foreign from our argument in the paragraph quoted by the Gazette. The question of political "grasping" is very different from that of religious purity—a matter we have nothing to do with. The paragraph quoted by the Gazette contains a statement of unpalatable facts which we defy it to disprove, although it cannot "endorse" them.

POLITICAL.—We noticed last week that the Democracy of Baltimore city had nominated the Hon. John Nelson, as their candidate for the State Senate. Since then the nominating convention have nominated Jno. V. L. McMahan, Robert M. McLane, Willson C. N. Carr, Hugh A. Cooper, Hugh Bolton, John S. Wright, Algernon R. Wood, Thomas Winans, Geo. Evans, and William Devries, Esquires, for the House of Delegates. This is a strong ticket, and one that will be hard for the Know Nothings to meet before the people. When the Democracy of the several counties make their nominations, we hope they will imitate the example of Baltimore, and nominate their ablest and best men. In an important crisis like the present, when a great battle for principles is about to be fought, small men ought to fall back into the ranks, and place the colors of the party in the hands of the most eloquent champions of Democracy.

☞ The Democracy of Cecil have appointed the following gentlemen delegates to the State Convention which meets in Baltimore on the 16th inst:—J. M. Miller, B. B. Chambers, H. C. Mackall, M. Y. Kidd.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.—The returns of the election held in North Carolina on Thursday last come in very slowly; but enough is known to indicate that the Know Nothings have met with a VIRGINIA DEFEAT.

In the first congressional district of North Carolina, Halifax county gives Shaw, dem. a majority of 7 over Paine, k. n. This county gave Mr. Shaw 51 maj. in 1853.

In the second district, Edgecomb and Wayne counties give 2,000 majority for Ruffin, dem., over Latham, k. n. The two counties gave Ruffin 2,143 majority in 1853.

In the third district, as far as heard from Winslow, dem., has a large majority over Reid, The district was carried by Ashe, dem., by 3,169 majority.

In the fourth district Granville gives 650, Franklin 300, Warren 700, and Wake county 450 maj. for Branch, dem. These counties gave only 451 democratic majority in 1853, when Rodgers, whig, was elected by 67 majority.

The democrats gain every where.

TENNESSEE ELECTION.—But few returns have yet been received from this State.—Gentry, the K. N. fusion candidate for Governor has made considerable gains in the 25 counties heard from, and the probability is that Governor Johnson is defeated.

N. B.—The news by yesterday's Sun indicate that the result in Tennessee is still in doubt, although the Cincinnati Commercirl states the K. N.'s there had received a dispatch stating that the State had undoubtedly gone for the Democrats.

EXPLOSION OF POWDER WORKS.—The mills of Mr. Gareshe, near Wilmington, Del., exploded about 7 o'clock yesteaday morning killing six men and wounding five others. The shock was felt here very distinctly, shaking the houses. There was two reports.—*Cecil Democrat*

THE KNOW NOTHING papers are making desperate efforts to press the old line whigs into their proscriptive ranks. Without they accomplish this, their cause is hopelessly ruined. In its anxiety to catch the whigs, the Annapolis Gazette, (K. N. paper,) opens the following gap for Democrats to slip out of the delectable Order. It says:—

'The American party advocates no Principle that is antagonistic to the conservatism of Whiggery. A Whig can endorse Americanism without deserting his own flag.'

If a whig can "endorse Knownothingism without deserting his own flag," it is clear that a democrat *cannot*. But it is nonsense to suppose that either whigs or democrats can embrace the K. N. party without being recreant to their former principles,

COMMUNICATED.

The last Gazette seems to think that our remarks relative to the call of a whig meeting in this county "decidedly cool," when (it says) their own meeting was called precisely in the same manner. Admit that the call for the democratic meeting was not signed by the chairman of the central committee, we happen to know that the meeting was called at his suggestion and other members of the committee, and met the undivided approval of the party. Can the Gazette say as much for its chairman and the members of the whig party? Again, the democratic meeting was called for a definite purpose, and the whig meeting for an indefinite one. Why? because the know-nothings have taken the management of affairs entirely in their own hands, forestalled the action of the whig party by calling a State council of the tribe, and nominated a ticket, which they now call upon the whigs to support, notwithstanding the bone and sinew of the whig party was not represented in the council, and had, in fact, no part or lot in the matter. The delegates who made the nominations were not appointed by open county meeting, but in secret conclave, and the names of those who attended the pow-wow from this county were never published. And here it may not be considered improper to inquire why the nominees of the state council have not been run up at the mast head of the Gazette, and endorsed as the nominees of the great Know-Nothing-American-Whig party for Comptroller and Lottery Commissioner? Is it because the Gazette does not admire the *fusion* complexion of the ticket, or prefers to await the action of the whig State convention, which meets on the 23d inst., for the purpose of consultation, and to ascertain whether the whig party is really dead, as reported, or only "playing 'possum." Wonder if the meeting to-day will appoint delegates to attend that convention? We shall see.

The 'Gazette' says—"It is not the usual time of the year for holding whig meetings, and as there had been no call for a State convention, we presume the central committee did not deem it advisable to call a meeting at this time." Hence it follows, by the Gazette's own admission, that the meeting was called in opposition to the views of the central committee, which explains the reason why it did not emanate from that body, and was not endorsed by its chairman. It thus appears that the whig party in Talbot are divided in opinion as to their true policy, and that while their organ, and a few of the more unscrupulous have surrendered to know-nothingism, the most influential and respectable portion maintain their old position, preferring rather "to bear the ills they have, than fly to others they know not of." The old feud between the houses of "York and Lancaster" seems to be reviving, and we calculate on merry times in the opposite camps of the same family before the "Ides of November". It is a "free fight," and no business of ours which conquers, the Guelphs or the Ghibbelines. We have always, says the Gazette, opposed a meeting to form a fusion with democrats, and shall always do so." Now we presume no one ever solicited the Gazette to favor such a movement; but we would like that paper to explain the difference between a "fusion" with democrats and simon pure whigs opposed to know nothingism, and an alliance with the unscrupulous of both parties for the purpose of propagating the obnoxious dogmas of that creed. Now if the whig and know nothing party are one and the same thing, the distinction is very easily drawn, but it will find some trouble to do so unless it has the manliness to aknowledge that there is in fact no difference between them. There is no necessity for *fusion* between parties where they already agree, and hence we infer that as the Gazette opposes all attempts to unite anti-nothing whigs and democrats in a common cause, it regards the know-nothing party as the simon pure anti-fusion whig party, and Mr. *MacPhail* as the immaculate embodiment of *whig* principles. Well, perhaps, he is, and so was Captain Tyler! If Editors, like other people, are known by the company they keep, there is no difficulty in estimating correctly the prospective reputation of the Gazette's editor, provided he sticks to the amalgamation ticket.

SAXON.

THE FOLLY OF CHANGE.—The Worcester "Shield," a Whig paper that has thus far had the firmness to resist the Know Nothing innovation, remarks, 'there is much practical good sense in the following from the Ponghkepsie Eagle.

But if on the other hand, a plan is on foot to dissolve or disband the whig party, and put up a new flag, after the old plan once followed of having parties for a day, with no common or permanent bond of union, under which victories were of no value, even if obtained, with our present views we shall oppose it, and expect nothing from it but ultimate, if not immediate, defeat. *We regard permanence as one of the first elements of success in any party, and that in politics as in business, continual changes are preventatives of success.*

YELLOW FEVER AT NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA.—Dr. Kemp, of the Baltimore Board of Health, publishes the following official notification:

OFFICE OF BOARD OF HEALTH,
Thursday morning, Aug. 2d, '55.

Official documents have been received from Norfolk and Portsmouth, containing intelligence up to four o'clock, P. M., of yesterday. There were, in Norfolk in the preceding 24 hours, two new cases of fever reported, and one death. There are 16 cases of fever in the infected row, which, with three exceptions, are generally of a mild character. Since the appearance of the yellow fever at Gosport, there have been between 60 and 70 cases and 29 deaths. As yet there has been no case which cannot be traced to Gosport,

WILLIAM M. KEMP,
President of Board of Health.

JUST LIKE THEM.—According to the K. N. Ritual of Kentucky, as originally published, no one having a Catholic wife, could become a member of the Order.—But since the publication of the fact that their candidate for Governor has a Catholic wife, the KNOW-Nothing Executive Council of the State have issued a private circular which runs as follows:

"Having a Catholic wife does not *now* disqualify such person from becoming a member of the Order."

SECRET POLITICAL SOCIETIES.—They have been the curse of every country in which they have existed In France they caused the streets to flow with the blood of its best citizens. In Venice they destroyed the liberties of the people and struck terror into the hearts of the good and virtuous. In America they disgraced the name of American citizens, proscribed good men on account of their religious creed, warred on women and taken from them the means of obtaining the necessaries of life, attempted to destroy the freedom of speech, the right of suffrage, and violated the sacred privileges of the ballot-box at the capital of the nation. All this it has done and more. If a secret society ever gets the control of the affairs of this country, then good bye to all those privileges and blessings which we as American republicans now hold dear.—*Republican.*

☞ A citizen of Morgan county, Ind., who had been seduced into a Know-Nothing Council, gives the result of his experience to the public, through the Martinsville Monitor, in the following pregnant paragraph:

"Reader, you may think you hate K. Nothingism; but until you are initiated into its secrets, and witness something of the height and depth of its iniquity, the solemn mockery of its rituals, and the completeness of its tyranny—its fiend-like indifference, and its utter disregard of moral honesty, you will know not what to detest. Then, if you are true to yourself, your country, and your God, you will have so great a detestation for the Order that you will avoid a bona fide member as a political demagogue, and shun a lodge as a Upas tree."

HEAR ONE OF THE FATHERS OF *the Republic on Religious Toleration.*

Mr. Macon, in the North Carolina State Convention of 1835, a few years previous to the close of his eventful life, thus expressed his views on the subject of religious toleration:

"He said that the article of the old Constitution of the prohibiting all but Protestants from serving as members of the Legislature, was a singular idea in any government, and erroneous; it exceeded the province of the law-maker; his province was only to regulate between man and man, and not between man and his Maker. If this be be not correct, in course of time spiritual courts will be necessary to sit in judgment to regulate what is the true belief. A mixture of politics and religion is the very essence of hypocricy. No human power has any right to interpose, or prescribe any religious opinions as a test of office. Religion is founded on 'Peace on earth and good will to men.' Read the sermon of the Savior of mankind on the Mount. There is no persecution there. We had as well try to bind the air we breathe as men's consciencees. All religions united in the establishment. Roger Williams, the first man to establish toleration in North America, was a Puritan; Charles Carroll was a Catholics. Mr. Macon said he inclined to the Baptist faith; but he was far from believing all their doctrines. * * * He who feared God and loved his brother man, and faithfully discharged to his country every duty, and obeyed the precepts of the Gospel, would not be asked when he reached Heaven to what Church he belonged."

Here is the language of one of the fathers of the republic—one of those men for whom Know-Nothingism affects such strong regard—the views of Nathaniel Macon, the "last of the Romans," in the language of Mr. Jefferson, and the "wisest and best man I ever knew," according to John Raldolph.

THE FUSION OF ISMS.—The following mottoes appeared in a late American and Republican procession in Indianapolis:

Americans shall rule America.
We fuse to conquer: we conquer for freedom.
The People are coming.
Free territory, but not free whisky.
There is a North.
No more slave territory.
No more slave States shall be annexed.
Death to Old Liners.
Eternal war on slavery, protracted by fraud, corruption and mobs.
Kansas and Nebraska shall be free.
We are freemen of the North.
Backbone.
Our Country—the Ordinance of 1787.
No Pope in America.
Old Lineism and Doughfaceism one and inseperable
The Union we will maintain.
American Citizens to rule America.
Down with Kansas Freebooters.
Freedom is National: Slavery is Sectional.

The Know-Nothing State Council of Indiana has adopted the following resolutions:

That we are uncompromisingly opposed to the extension of slavery; and that we will, by all lawful means, seek to place every branch of the Federal Government in the hands of men who will assert the rights of freedom—restore the Missouri Compromise, and refuse under all circumstances, to tolerate slavery in any portion of the territory consecrated to freedom in that compromise.

We demand and will insist upon, the amendment of the Constitution of the State of Indiana, in order that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed *only* by native born citizens, and those who are made citizens by virtue and operation of the Constitution and laws of the United States.

That we will oppose any alteration or amendment of the present temperance law except such as may be calculated to perfect it.

Abolition, Nativism, and Maine Lawism, the three planks!

DR. BROWNSON AND THE POPE.—Dr. Brownson, in a letter wrttten to the editor of the Worcester (Mass.) News, says of the Pope:

"In matters purely temporal, I, as a Catholic, owe no obedience to the Pope, because he has received from Jesus Christ no authority as a temporal sovereign over me. He cannot make or unmake the rights of the sovereign or the duties of the subject—abrogate the former or absolve from the latter.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer]

The Western Christian Advocate—Letter from a "Methodist"—Repudiation of its Know-Nothing Course.

We publish with pleasure the following communication, from Cambridge city, Indiana. We have never doubted that the course pursued by a portion of the Methodist clergy, sustained as it has been by the *Western Christian Advocate*, the organ of that denomination, in attempting to connect that Church with the proscriptive, anti-Christian political faction, known as Know-Nothingism, was distasteful to a large mass of the laity of that highly respectable sect. Our Methodist brethern are generally Democratic in their impulses and feelings, and can, when they take a second thought, do naught but repudiate the party which would deny to large classes of men political rights, simply on account of a difference of birth-place or religion, They are staunch adherents to the protestant American principle that religion and politics should be disconnected entirely, and that they will do nothing practically to belie their professions. With these perfactory remarks, we invite attention to the following excellent letter, written for the *Christian Advocate*, but denied insertion in that journal:

CAMBRIDGE CITY, IND., May 14, 1855.

To the Editors of the Western Christian Advocate:

GENTLEMEN—It is with painful reluctance on my part that I am forced to discontinue the reading of the Advocate; but the course you have thought proper to pursue, in meddling in political matters, and advocating and defending the doings of certain parties, to the neglect of the proper tone given to your professed religion, has compelled me to withdraw my patronage from a once most excellent medium of disseminating the religion of our Redeemer, as expounded by the illustrions John Wesley. I should say that I have been a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church for about twelve years, and hope to live and die a Methodist. I have been a subscriber and reader of the Christian Advocate most of that time. My object in subscribing for it was owing to the religions principles which it advocated, and the good morals it taught, all of which I dearly loved to read and place in the hands of my children. But the course you have recently pursued, in entering into political strifes and commending the *infamous* actions of *Know-Nothings* at once destroyed the object for which I subscribed, and, I think, the object for which the Advocate was established. I must say, if I desired to take a Know-Nothing sheet, I would subscribe for the Times; if I wished a Fusion paper I would obtain the Gazette; if I wished a Democratic paper I would subscribe for the Enquirer; but in longer continuing the Advocate I am not receiving a paper devoted to religion or good morals, consequently you will *erase my name from your subscription books. I want the paper no more.* My subscription was paid in advance. Respectfully yours, &c.,

WILLIAM POST.

CATAWBA WINE.—We lately called upon a lady in Sassafras Neck, who politely regaled us with a glass of "Sparkling Catawaba," made by her own hands from her own vintage. Reader, we are a temperance man, but who could refuse a glass of wine from the hands of a lady, and that wine of her own manufacture, and the pure unadulterated juice of the grape? We took a little, not for our "Stomach's sake," but because it was the product of the soil of Cecil, and made by a Cecil lady, who informed us that she made six gallons of it last year, and would make a much larger quantity this year, and intend to send some of it to the Agricultural Fair, to be held at Baltimore, next fall. Besides, it was the first Catawba wine we had seen, and the identical kind of wine which is produced in such quantities around Cincinnati, and which is a source of considerable profit to the grape growers of that region. We took and tasted; and although we could not say, with Milton:

"One sip of this
Will bathe the drooping spirit in delight
Beyond the bliss of dreams."

Yet, in truth and candor, we must say, it was excellent. It had the color of Maderia, and a more unctuous, cordial-like taste, than the wines in ordinary use, and much more grateful to the palate. If the pure Catawba could supersede the "villainous compounds" in general use, which are dignified with the name of wine; wine-drinkers should be the gainers, and the cause of temperance would lose nothing by the exchange; for it is said that in wine-producing countries these exhibitions of beastly intoxications so frequently met with here, are of very rare occurrence. The reason of this is, that the light wines in general use among the people are not so intoxicating as the distilled liquors in use here. The grapery from which this wine was made, is in fine bearing condition and very productive this season showing that this variety of grape might be extensively cultivated in Maryland, and be made a source of profit.—*Cecil Democrat.*

A learned writer, Dendy, says: "Dryden, to ensure his brilliant visions of poesy; ate raw flesh; and Mrs. Radcliffe adopted the same plan. Green tea and coffee, if we do sleep, induce dreaming. Baptista Porta for procuring quiet rest and pleasing dreams swallowed horse tongue after supper. Indigestion, and that condition which is termed a weak or irritable stomach, constitute a most fruitful source of visions. The immediate or direct influence of repletion, in totally altering the sensations and the disposition in waking moments, is a proof of its power to derange the circulation as the brain, and mental faculties in sleep. People who are troubled with indigestion, may surely get relief form Hoofland's German Bitters," sold exclusively in this country by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 120 Arch street, Philadelphia, and by his agents. See advertisements.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Wonderful Cure of a diseased Liver. Emily Burton; aged 34,, of Long Island, New York, was for a long time in a very precautious state of health, owing to her liver being diseased; the medical faculty prescribed for her in vain, and every remedy she thought likely to benefit her she made use of with the like ill success. About two months ago, she commenced using Holloway's Pills, and complied with the printed directions, which quickly produced a very pleasing change, in five weeks, the bloom of health was again upon her cheeks, being perfectly cured, to the agreeable surprise of her friends. These Pills are also infallible is diseases of the stomach and bowels.

RIGHT DRESS'—this is a military word o command, which never fails to improve the appearence of a company. But it may be applied to civic ranks also; and to the citizens of the country we say that the best place to get the right dress, to suit the figure, the season, and the purse, is at Rockhill & Wilson's celebrated cheap store. No. 111 Chesnut street, corner o Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

DIED.

Of consumption, on the 5th inst., at the residence of his father, R'd. Arringdale, Esq. JOHN THOMAS ARRINGDALE, aged 16 years and 24 days. The deceased was an amiable youth, an affectionate brother, a dutiful son and a consistent christian. He died with the cheering hope of that life and immortality brought to light by our Lord Jesus Christ,

CHARLES G. KERR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 10 Counsellor's Hall,
Lexington St., Baltimore.

He will regularly attend the sessions of Talbot County Court. [aug 7—tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CLOTHING

WE have just received another supply of Summer Clothing, such as *Gingham & Linen Coats, Pants & Vests*, and will sell them a little cheaper than the cheapest. Give us an early call.

aug 7 NUSBAUM & Co.

N. B—A new lot of Trunks and Carpet Bags just received and for sale low.

PAY UP.

THE subscriber has placed his books in the hands of Mr. J. B. BENNETT, for collection. Persons indebted to me on hotel account or otherwise will please call on Mr. Bennett and PAY UP.

aug 7 SAMUEL SHAWN.



SERVANTS FOR HIRE.

THE subscriber has three negro women for hire for the ensuing year. They are good cooks and house servants. For further particulars apply to Chapel, Aug. 7, 1855. WM. SCOTT.

ESTRAY CATTLE.

CAME to the subscribers sometime in June three estrays—one red and white steer—swallow fork in each ear—one milk and cider steer without mark—and one red and white heifer; a swallow fork in the left and underslit in the right ear. The owner or owners of the said estrays are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, including this advertisement and take them away.

WM. JEFFERSON.

Poplar Hill farm, Goldsborough's Neck, Aug 7, 1855—3w

PROPOSALS.

THE undersigned Committee will receive propositions until the 1st Sept. ensuing for building a M. E Church in the town of Oxford Md. The contract to be awarded to the lowest and best bidder: dimensions, 36 by 40 feet, 18 feet pitch, 8 windows 24 hght, 2 do 12 light. Materials furnished by the committee undressed. For particulars apply to either of the undersigned.

NATHL. LEANORD,
PETER STEVENS,
SEVERN MISTER,
A. C. MULLIKIN,
aug 7—tf W. T. VALLIANT.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, I will sell, on WEDNESDAY, THE 15th of AUGUST INSTANT, if fair (if not the next fair day,) at the residance of the late James M. Hopkins, in Bay hundred District of Talbot county, where Wm. P. Kemp, deceased, all his personal property, consisting of

HOUSE HOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE,

comprising TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, *Beds & Furniture, Window Blinds & Curtains, Carpeting, &c., Silver Spoons and Ladle, Knives and forks, China, Crockery Ware,*

And many other articles not necessary to mention. Also, one small

GOLD WATCH AND PENCIL.

A FEW

Farming Implements.

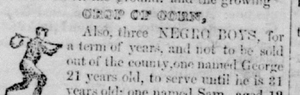


1 yoke of Steers, & 1 odd one.

ONE HORSE, TWO CARTS.

One hauling Seine and Batteau, 1 sail Boat and sails About 200 Cords

OF SUPERIOR



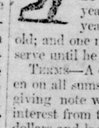
WOOD,

50 or 60 CUT PILES, some

CHESNUT POSTS, CROP OF OATS

shocked on the ground, and the growing

CROP OF CORN,



Also, three NEGRO BOYS, for a term of years, and not to be sold out of the county, one named George 21 years old, to serve until he is 21 years old; one named Sam, aged 12 years, to serve until he is 35 years old; and one named John, aged 10 years, to serve until he is 35 years of age.

TERMS—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; all sums of five dollars and less the cash will be required.

Terms of sale to be complied with before the removal of the property.

JOHN W. KEMP, Ex'tr.
aug 7-ts of Wm. Pinkney Kemp, dec'd.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Orphan's Court of Talbot county, we will offer at public sale at the late residence of Wm. Hambleton, dec'd., in St. Michaels District, on *WEDNESDAY, 1st of AUGUST next*, if fair, if not, on the next fair day, all the personal estate of said deceased, (Negroes excepted) consisting of

Household and Kitch. Furniture,



HORSES, MULES, CATTLE, HOGS, Farming Implements,

and many other articles.

TERMS—On all sums over five dollars, a credit of six months will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale. On all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required—the terms of sale to be complied with before the removal of the property. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

J. R. HAMPLETON,
JAMES DAWSON,
N. P. JENKINS,
Ex'trs. of Wm. Hambleton, dec'd.
july 24—ts

☞ The above sale has been postponed to Wednesday, August the 8th inst.

GRAVE BRICKING.

THE subscriber informs the public that he is prepared, at the shortest notice, to Brick Graves in the best manner. His charges will be moderate. He also intends to keep constantly on hand bricks, suitable for graves, which he will furnish when employed to do the work. He also continues to do all kinds of brick work, such as paving, repairing and putting up chimneys, in the best manner, and with promptness. He can be found at all times when not at work in the country, a Marshall's hotel, in Easton.

july 31 JOS. NEWNAM.

Dover Ferry.

THE subscriber informs the citizens of Talbot and Caroline counties, that Dover Ferry is in operation again, the causeway on the Caroline side having been thoroughly repaired, and a good boat placed on the river. My personal attention will be given to the Ferry.

July 31—3t JAMES TODD.

BOYS COATS for Summer, just received and for sale as low as 50 cts. at the cheap Clothing Store of NUSBAUM & Co.

Guano and General Agency.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he can furnish any amount of Guano at $51 per ton of 2240 lbs. with 20 cents to 100 cents, cost of shipping, namely:—20c for runing bags, hauling 15 to 100c. per ton. I am also prepared to sell Grain, or any production of the land to the best advantage; can buy or sell stock, either for improvement or the knife. All letters promptly attended to and orders filled at the shortest notice.

MARTIN GOLDSBOROUGH,
Gen. Agent and Com. Merchant;
July 31—3t 38 Holliday st., Balt.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice that a NEGRO MAN, supposed to be a RUNAWAY SLAVE, was arrested in Somerset county, in the latter part of June last, and committed to the custody of the undersigned to await the claim of his owner. Said negro calls himself Jim Janes; is about thirty or thirty-five years old; five feet four inches high; of a dark chesnut or copper color; has a round full face; no marks upon his person; he had on when arrested common gay wollen clothing.

NATHAN LANGFORD,
July 21-4t Sheriff of Somerset county.

A MARVEELOUS REMEDY!
FOR A MARVELLOUS AGE.



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.
THE GRAND EXTERNAL REMEDY.

BY the aid of a microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. Through these this Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, is carried to any organ or inward part. Diseases of the kidneys, disorders of the liver, affections of the heart, inflammation of the Lungs, Asthma, Coughs and Colds, are by its means effectually cured. Every housewife knows that salt passes freely through bone or meat of any thickness. This healing ointment far more readily penetrates through any bone or fleshy part of the living body, curing the most dangerous inward complaints, that cannot be reached by other means.

ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM AND *SCORBUTIC HUMORS.*

No remedy has ever done so much for the cure of diseases of the Skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. No case of Salt Rheum, Scurvey, Sore Heads, Scrofula, or Erysipelas, can long withstand its influence. The inventor has travelled over many parts of the globe, visiting the principal hospitals, dispensing this Ointment, giving advice as to its application, and has been the means of restoring countless numbers to health.

SORE LEGS, SORE BREASTS, *WOUNDS & ULCERS.*

Some of the most scientific surgeons now rely solely on the use of this wonderful Ointment when having to cope with the worst cases of sores, wounds, ulcers, glandular swellings and tumors. Professor Holloway has, by command of the Allied Governments, despatched to the hospitals of the East, large shipments of this Ointment, to be used under the direction of the Medical Staff, in the worst cases of wounds. It will cure any ulcer, glandular swelling, stiffness or contraction of the joints, even of 20 years' standing.

PILES & FISTULAS.

These and other similar distressing complaints can be effectually cured if the Ointment be well rubbed in over the parts affected, and by otherwise following the printed directions around each pot.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Lumbago,	Sore Legs,
Burns,	Piles,	Sore Breasts,
Chapped Hands,	Rheumatism,	Sore heads,
Chilblains,	Salt Rheum,	Sore throats,
Fistulas,	Skin diseases,	Sprains,
Mercurial Erup-	Scalds,	Sores of all kinds,
tions,	Swelled Glands,	Stiff Joints, Ulcers,
Venereal sores,	Wounds of all kinds.	

☞ Sold at the manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers of Medicines throughout the United States, and the civilized world, in Pots, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 each. ☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

July 24, 1855—1cowly

GUANO!

WE would inform our customers, that notwithstanding the increase of five dollars per ten in the price of Guano, we have made arrangements to purchase for them any amount they may want, of the best A No, 1 Peruvian Guano at $52 cash per ton of 2240 lbs. As there is some probability of the supply being not over large we would advise our friends to purchase as early as practicable.

J. S. ROBSON & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
July 17—3t No. 4 Bowly's wharf, Balt.

CAMPBELL'S Pure Essence of Jamaica Ginger, do. do., Mustard, Stoughtons Bitters,, Superior Wine do., Saratoga or Congress Water, Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient, Solution Citrate of Magnesia, Hemsley's Worm Destroying Syrup, &c., for sale at the Drug and Chemical store of july 31 LEVIN H. CAMPBELL.

Wanted.—A CLERK in a Country store; to one that can come well recommended for character, qualification, &c., a liberal salary will be given, if immediate application be made to

MANSFIELD & HARRISON,
july 31 St. Michaels.

CUT NAILS, CUT NAILS.

THE subscribers have in store a large quantity of the best Philadelphia cut nails which will be disposed of at a small advance by (july 31) TALBOTT & RAISIN.

LIME, LIME.

NO. 1 Lime, suitable for white-washing and building purposes, for sale by the Bushel or barrel by

july 31 TALBOTT & RASIN

ETAERIAL OIL.

FRESH; just received and for syle by

july 31 TALBOTT & RASIN

WANTED—500 to 600 lbs good Eastern Shore Shoulders and Midlings, for which the highest market prices will be paid in cash or trade for Goods. by

july 31 TALBOTT & RASIN.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS,

ONE case Hummell's celebrated *Extract of Coffee*, in cans, just received and warranted fresh. Merchants supplied at manufacturing prices by

july 31 DAWSON & BRO.

Miller Wanted.—The undersigned desires to employ a first rate Miller to take charge of the Steam Saw and Grist Mills at St. Michaels. To a competent miller, who can come well recommended, liberal wages will be given. *JOHN H. TUNIS.*

July 24—3w

A FRESH supply of Arthur's self sealers, just received by H. F. Byrne,
july 3 St. Michaels.