Easton Star.

EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1874

[illegible], Editor.

EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

Hon. Eugene Hale has declined the Postmaster Generalship. The President has tendered the position to Hon. Marshal Jewell, of Connecticut, at present Minister to Russia, and he has accepted.

The Court of Appeals of Maryland has decided the case of McBlair vs. Bond, over the office of Adjutant General, and affirmed the right of the Governor to remove McBlair and appoint Bond, with the consent of the Senate. This decision gives General Bond the office for two years from last winter, and settles similar contests in the future.

Mayor Havemeyer, of New York, must be taking lessons in political ethics under President Grant. Gardner and Charlick, two of the Police Commissioners of that city, having been convicted, fined, and degraded from their offices, for malfeasance in office, Havemeyer, imitating Grant in the Boss Shepherd business, has reappointed Gardner and Charlick to their old positions. New York is up in arms about the action of the Mayor, and Gov. Dix has been called upon to remove him. Dix is in a fix, not being able to remove Havemeyer without consulting Grant.

The Craighill and Brewerton Channels, [illegible] the Patapsco river, giving vessels drawing 24 feet of water a passage to and from the city of Baltimore, at all times, by the new route, is completed. The important event was celebrated in Baltimore on Thursday by a [illegible] over which Mayor Vansant presided. Baltimore can now [illegible] at her wharves the largest ocean steamers, and will [illegible] compete with New York and Boston for the foreign trade of the country. The [illegible] cost a large sum of money, but will increase the business of Baltimore [illegible]. It was [illegible] well spent. It is estimated that it will cost only $50,000, annually, to keep the channel open.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Department Guillotine.

DISCHARGE OF CLERKS—EFFECT ON THE FEMALE VICTIMS—FAINTING SCENES, ETC.

[illegible]

It was recommended by bureau officers that only one of a family be retained, and this recommendation was generally followed. This wholesale discharge will cause much suffering, which, however, will be somewhat mitigated by the payment of two months' extra salary to every victim of congressional economy.

About twenty-five per cent and the same number of temporary clerks were discharged from the Interior Department. This includes a [illegible] of the force in the Patent Office, the appropriation for the bureau having been reduced [illegible] thousand dollars. The commissioner has accommodated the business to the circumstances, although he shows that the government will lose largely by the curtailment of expenditure. During the past week two hundred [illegible] patents were issued.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A Battle Between the Republicans and Carlists

Marshal Concha Killed—Four Thousand Republicans Killed, Wounded and Missing—The Government Organizing Fifty Battalions to go into the Field at once.

BAYONNE, June 29.—Despatches received at the Carlist headquarters in this city report a desperate battle having taken place between the Republican troops and Carlists at Estella. The Republicans made an attack in heavy force [illegible] the town, and were repulsed and defeated with heavy loss. Several important points captured by the Republican troops are reported to have been retaken, and are now held by the Carlists.

MADRID, June 29.—Despatches were received by the Government this morning conveying the startling intelligence that Marshal Concha was killed yesterday in an attack by the Republican troops upon a Carlist intrenchment at Muro, three kilometres from Estella. When the national forces learned of the death of their commander they retreated to their former positions without disorder, leaving no trophy in the hands of the enemy. The command of the Republican army will now be taken by Gen. Zabala, President of the Council and Minister of War. Senor Cotoner will succeed Gen. Zabala as Minister of War, and Senor [illegible], Minister of the Interior, becomes President of the Council.

Besides Marshal Concha, one brigadier and two staff officers were killed.

Gen. Martinez Campos commands the army of the North until the arrival of Gen. Zabala. By orders from Madrid the whole army has fallen back to Lerin, eight miles from Estella.

A CARLIST ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLE.

BAYONNE, June 29.—The following account of the recent fighting before Estella and the death of Gen. Concha is derived from Carlist sources:

The Republicans made their first attack on the left bank of the river Ega on Thursday and followed it up on Friday, on the evening of which day they had forced the Carlists from their first line of defences. The next day, Saturday, they attempted to carry by assault the heights [illegible] commanding Estella. In the attack they failed and were driven back in disorder. Their retreat became a rout, and Gen. Concha was mortally wounded. The total loss of the Republicans in killed and wounded and missing is 4,000. [illegible] the night under cover of which the Republicans succeeded in withdrawing all their cannon.

[illegible]

MADRID, June 29.—Official despatches place the loss of the national troops in the engagement before Estella at 1,000. Gen. Concha, after taking Abarzuza, marched directly upon Estella. [illegible]

[illegible]

ment.

BAYONNE, July 1.—Don Alphonso was wounded in the arm in one of the recent engagements with the republicans.

LONDON, July 1.—The [illegible] correspondent [illegible] the current [illegible] Marshal Concha was killed [illegible] which [illegible] favorable to the restoration of a dynasty attached to the Pope.

WORKING TOWARDS MONARCHY.

PARIS, July 1.—The sub-committee of the committee of thirty have drawn up a new constitutional bill. The measure provides for the continuance of "president of the republic," for the creation of a second chamber, for the organization of a purely personal septennate, which is to terminate with the expiration of President MacMahon's seven years' term, or sooner, in case of his death or resignation. No provision is made for a successor to the President, and, it is thought the object of the omission is to leave an opportunity for the restoration of the monarchy, which may be possible when the septennate ceases.

GERMAN COMPLIMENT TO BANCROFT.

BERLIN, July 1.—The North German Gazette, official organ, pays a warm tribute to George Bancroft. It says the German government sees his departure with regret, a feeling which is lively and general in private as well as official circles, and declares that since Frederick the Great received Franklin the understanding between Germany and the United States has never been more profound than at present. The Emperor William has presented his portrait, life size and painted to order, to Mr. Bancroft.

THE POPE AND THE RELIGIOUS ORDERS.

ROME, July 1.—The Pope told the generals of religious orders who called upon him yesterday that he deplored the suppression of their houses and exhorted them to remain united, and they would reassemble thereafter.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The Queen Anne's Trance Sensation.

MR. EDITOR:—The writer called to see Miss Fannie Larmour a few days ago, and found her unable to converse on account of indisposition. We were, however, permitted to see [illegible]

[illegible]

On the first day of June she was in a trance, when it was revealed to Mr. and Mrs. Knotts that on the 19th of the same month Fannie would be in the hands of the Evil One to be [illegible] by him, and that she must be watched [illegible] herself. This was kept a secret from Miss Larmour, for she is ignorant of what she says in the trancoate state. On the 18th of June she awoke like one wild—raving as a maniac, and Mr. Knotts was compelled, with the assistance of others, to tie her hands and feet. In that condition she remained all day, and when the fit of madness left her, she was childish, paying but little attention to what was going on around her next day—unmindful of the crowd in the yard and house, who had come to see her in her last trance, which she had said months ago would take place on the evening of the 19th of June, at 8 o'clock, and which did, beginning precisely at that hour. Of that date Miss Larmour was also ignorant. For three hours she was seemingly in the greatest agony, for the contortions were fearful to behold. She has since spoken of it as anguish she never thought it possible to be borne, and says she was brought, as it were face to face with the Devil, who threatened to take away her life unless she renounced her faith in Christ, which she refused to do, praying to be delivered from the Devil. At last she prevailed, the Tempter fled, and Miss Larmour came to herself.

She has been asked why she is to pass thro' the trancoate state no more, and her answer is that the purpose was to prove to men that the book to be written by her is the work of God. She has been bidden to feel no more concern whether men hear or forbear; and she declares if it were in her power to give the proof beyond the shadow of a doubt, she would withhold it, lest she forestall the work of Providence, and He take from her the spirit of prophecy, or by whatever name it may be called, though she does claim to be a Prophetess.—She has passed through the critic's furnace, heated as many fold as that in which was cast the Hebrew three. She has been assailed on every hand; but while she may be the subject of a delusion, she is neither a knave nor fool. Any one is at liberty to visit her, provided they are *Ladies* or *Gentlemen*, and we promise they will return if not with the conviction that Miss Larmour is a subject of Heaven's special favor, with at least a conviction of her candor and truth. When will be fulfilled that which was spoken by the prophet Joel: "And it shall come to pass in the last days saith the Lord, I will pour out of my spirit upon all flesh; and your sons and daughters shall prophesy, and your young men shall see visions and your old men shall dream dreams: and on my servants and on my handmaidens I will pour out in those days of my spirit, and they shall prophesy?"

CREDO.

TELEGRAMS.

Peach Bottom Narrow Gauge Railroad.

LANCASTER, PA., June 30.—Seven miles of the Peach Bottom Narrow Gauge railway was opened to passenger travel to-day from York, Pa., to near Dallastown. The road runs from York to Oxford, Pa., sixty miles, of which over fifty miles are graded. When finished it will be the most extensive line of narrow guage road in Pennsylvania.

Reported Wreck of the Cable Steamer Faraday.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 1.—The steamer Faraday, engaged in laying the new Atlantic cable, left Halifax a week ago. Intelligence from Pictou, just received, represents that she struck an iceberg off Halifax, and is a total wreck.

There are conflicting rumors, however, regarding the Faraday catastrophe. Reliable infomation will not be received until late in the night.

Shooting Affray Between Lawyers.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 1.—At ten o'clock this morning M. D. Welsh a well known attorney and candidate for clerk of the Criminal Court, was shot by B. B. Barnes, also an attorney, and probably fatally wounded.—They had a quarrel on Monday, when Welsh drew a pistol on Barnes. To-day mutual friends attempted to adjust the difficulty, and had a meeting in Dr. Jones' office. The parties to the quarrel were present. Barnes said he was ready to settle the affair, and it is supposed Welsh misunderstood the remark, as he rose and drew a pistol and said he was also ready for a settlement, whereupon Barnes fired, the ball striking Welsh on the left temple and coming out under the ear.—Barnes at once surrendered to the officers.

LATER.—M. D. Welsh, who was shot by B. Barnes this morning, will, it is thought, recover, as the ball passed under the skin and out behind the ear. Barnes has been released on $2,000.

Georgia Politics.

ATLANTA, July 1.—The democratic executive committee of the State met to-day. It was decided not to call a State convention. An address was adopted urging unity of action and the selection of the best men for candidates. Resolutions in relation to the call of a congressional convention were adopted, as also one declaring the attendance of [illegible] on primary meetings and the nominating convention unwise and impolitic.

Arrest of an Ex-Bank President.

NEW YORK, July 1.—George Ellis formerly president of the [illegible] Commonwealth National Bank, was arrested [illegible] $20,000.

The Iowa Railroad Law.

[illegible]

the result should show that such an observance of the act must involve a permanent surrender of the revenues to which the company is entitled from the operation of its [illegible], a different policy will be adopted with the view of securing such revenue, and any attempt to enforce the act as a valid law will be resisted in the proper tribunal.

Western Passenger Rates.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The prominent Western railroad to-day concluded an agreement cutting down through passenger and freight rates about fifty per cent. The revised tariff will go into operation immediately.

Loss of a Southern Steamer.

SAVANNAH, GA., July 1.—The steamer Clyde, on her way from Altamaha to Savannah, was lost in a heavy blow in Sapelo sound.

Snow Storm in Nova Scotia.

HALIFAX, N. S, June 30.—There was a heavy fall of snow in Cape Breton yesterday.

Arkansas Election.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 30.—The election passed off quietly to-day. It is impossible to tell the result to-night. The city has gone largely for convention, though the vote for delegates is close.

Dr. John H. Carroll, acting surgeon to the United States forces at this post, died to-day.

CRESWELL.

Mr. Creswell retired from the Cabinet almost a week ago. Astounding as the fact must have appeared to his old acquaintances, the correspondence shows that the step was voluntary, and altogether he makes a civil bow and a decent exit. Chorpenning had nothing to do with it of course, and he is not to renew his partnership with Earle. What is it, then? The mystery must be unravelled. Too many are wondering over it to let it pass without a solution. When Creswell leaves an office with no visible boot in the rear, his motive is worth knowing. And it is not far to find.

Creswell is a rat, with an abnormal development of that rodent's proverbial instinct. He loves a sound ship, well provisioned, and when he has found one to his mind in these essential particulars, he creeps aboard with a tread so stealthy that she is frequently afloat a long time without notice of the sleek passenger in the hold. But with the least gurgle of water, the slightest creak of the timbers, this wise creature suspends his feast, and upon the first opportunity deserts.

Since his entrance into politics Mr. Creswell has been on both sides of every important issue, and whenever there was a third side he managed also to take that also in his way around. He was a Whig until 1852, when Pierce swept the country. He was at Cincinnati for Buchanan, and Maryland being a strong Democratic State, he actually continued for the whole space of four years an ardent pro-slavery man, winding up his service in that capacity by a vote for Breckinridge. Then in 1861 he was Chairman of a committee which reported a series of ultra-secession resolutions to a public meeting at Elkton, and he became captain of a militia company which he never led into action, simply because he considered in expedient to join the enemy before the action began. He opposed and denounced Winter Davis with indecent acrimony, and spent the rest of his days in urging an importunate claim for credit as the friend and coadjutor of Davis.—He slipped into Congress by fraud, force and personal treachery, over a political associate for whom he had implored the people to vote at that very election. He stigmatised negro suffrage as the crime of the age, and supported it in a sycophantic and disgusting speech, protesting that from his earliest youth he had entertained no higher ambition than to get "a chance" of voting "alongside of the negro." He was war and anti-war, Davis and anti-Davis, emancipation and anti-emancipation, negro suffrage and anti-negro suffrage, negro equality and anti-negro equality—anything in short that promised reasonable returns.

It is very remarkable, and creditable to the instinct by which he is guided, that in all this long and checkered career he has never made a mistake, and never left a rising party to join a failing one. His numerous passages between them were never ill timed, and always bountifully rewarded.—Possessed of none but the most ordinary abilities, a politician of a very low grade, known to be a constitutional renegade, and thoroughly unscrupulous, he has managed to plunder every camp in turn, and comforted himself with the spoil. Never in at the battle, he was invariably high at the feast; and when the table was cleared he took himself off to another.

The Grant ship is sinking. Creswell thinks it time to get "a character" from the master and leave. He has no taste for storms. The old thing is doomed, and Creswell would not be Creswell if he failed to slip over the side in time.—*N. Y. Sun.*

A WILMINGTON SENSATION.—The "Every Evening" of Monday publishes this:—For some time past, a man living in West Wilmington has suspected his wife of marital infidelity, and last week conceived a plan by which he could either confirm or dissipate his fears. So he told his wife that he was going to start west on business that day, and would not return home for several weeks. His valise was packed, and early in the morning he bade his wife an affectionate good-bye and started for Philadelphia to take, he said, the Pacific Express for Chicago. He remained in Philadelphia all day, but instead of going West he took the 11:40 P. M. train for Wilmington and reached here at 1 o'clock.

He proceeded to his home immediately and quietly got inside by a back window. After lighting a candle he then stealthily stole to his wife's chamber. With his heart beating fast and fearing the worst, he opened the chamber door and saw a sight which more than confirmed his worst fears. As the husband stooped to identify the invader of his home, who like the wife was fast asleep, a drop of hot candle grease fell on the rascal's naked body, and he excitedly sprang to his feet and was admonished further of the wronged husband's presence by a vigorous application of a heavy boot to his person.—He ran for a second story back window and jumped to the ground. The woman appreciating her paramour's position hastily threw his clothing after him, and he put on garment after garment as he ran, pursued by the irate husband, now armed with a club.—The latter finally gave up the chase and returned to his home, though he left it the next morning forever.

HOW IT WORKS.

As the workings of Local Option in Worcester county has been called in question by those who oppose the measure, we present the following testimony in its favor from two of the citizens of that county:

SNOW HILL, Md., June 19th, 1874.

Rev. Vaughn Smith, Dear Sir:—In reply to your favor, asking for a statement of the results of Local Option with us, we can say that it has proved as satisfactory as was hoped for by its warmest supporters. It went into effect on the 1st day of May, and since then a man under the influence of liquor has been a rare sight. Business men unite in saying that its results, so far as it affects their interests, are all for the better. Many are now industriously employed, who before [illegible] their time and means in and around dram shops. No friend of the law is disappointed in the good he expected from it, but many, who worked and voted against it, now say they are convinced it is right and that they are sorry of their efforts against it.

Very Respectfully,

[illegible],
Postmaster at Snow Hill, Md.

[illegible],
Attorney-at-Law, Snow Hill, Md.

The practicability of increasing the supply of edible fish by means of artificial hatching [illegible]

[illegible]—*N. Y. Sun.*

(COMMUNICATED.)

MR. EDITOR:—You are doubtless aware, as was almost everybody on the morning of the 4th, that in Easton an organization has sprung into being known as the "Mulligan Guards," but where under the heavens they got their name from this deponent saith not. If you know, *do tell!* You will hardly call them a military company to play soldier and drink ardent "to the day we celebrate," and yet they were evidently *ardent*, else why make the welkin ring from two o'clock in the morning to six, when every sober body wished to be asleep? If you ask me who compose the party, I am sure I can't tell, and I question if they can. I will try to guess who the captain was. Does it speak well for our progress as a people, and for the glorious land in which we live, that we find an Irish-Indian captain of a band of freemen! There was one woman in the crowd—the captain's squaw, perhaps—who is a model for the women of our country and our times, for she was willing for once to go behind. She must have gloried in her Chief, for he was a better looking Indian than the picture in your office of the noted "[illegible] Charlie." We will only speak of another—a *Lieutenant*, perhaps—anyhow the tallest man in town. What a coat he wore! and how becoming! Who cut that coat, especially the tails thereof? Did Satterfield or Elston? or was it cut at home? Of the rest it is needless to write. If they were not many they were much, judging by the noise.

We noticed, however, that only certain places and people came in for cheers. For instance, "Three cheers for Charlie Bennett!"—And three good round cheers were given; but as Charlie didn't down with the "red-eye," no "tiger" came. The company raised the siege; took up the line of march, and halting at the "Paragon," gave it three lusty cheers, for it would never do to pass without paying their respects to the captain's home. The "forward march" was given, and they next halted in front of the "New Grocery at the Old Stand," and as friend Boon came down like a man, he was given three times three and also got the tiger. "Now, in conclusion," as the preachers say, it seems to us that the "Mulligan Guards" were enlisted and equipped not so much to remind us of the birthday of our nation's freedom, as to keep us in memory by keeping us from sleep. If their purpose was the first, they succeeded in making us wish for the time that either the nation or the *Guards* had never been born. If the last, we fondly hope they will never do so again.

Yours truly,

A WELL-WISHER OF THE
MULLIGAN GUARDS.

CENTRAL PARK, NEW YORK.—The following appeared in the New York *Evening Post*, June 12th:

We all know that mechanical inventions are the peculiarity of our age, and have much to do with producing and distributing our most important commodities, while they promote the education of our people by taking the heaviest burdens from their hands, and by securing time and means for instruction. It is proper, therefore, to hold our inventors in honor and to present them and their inventions to the public eye in fitting monuments.

It has occurred to a number of our citizens that a suitable monument should be erected in the Central Park, in memory of the late Elias Howe, Jr., the inventor of the sewing machine, and that the money should be raised by voluntary offerings of *not more than one dollar* each from ladies who have known the benefits of the invention. Elias Howe, Jr., was not merely a successful inventor, whose needle machine, more powerful and humane than the famous "needle gun," has changed wholly the face of one of the most universal and fatiguing kind of domestic toil; he was also a good citizen and earnest patriot, who freely gave his money and time, and was ready to risk health and life for his country.

It is understood that an experienced sculptor has a satisfactory design for an impressive monument, with studies modeled from life, and that a gentleman of well-known integrity and thorough acquaintance with the history of the invention is ready to act as Treasurer.

SAMUEL OSGOOD,	HOWARD CROSBY,
WILLIAM C. BRYANT,	CHARLES O'CONNER,
HENRY WARD BEECHER,	HENRY W. BELLOWS,
WILLARD PARKER,	E. H. CHAPIN,
FREDERICK DE PEYSTER,	CYRUS W. FIELD,
JOHN COTTON SMITH,	ALEXANDER MASTERTON,
R. OGDEN DOREMUS,	J. S. GIBBONS.

We now beg leave to say that the Committee having organized and appointed Rev. Dr. Samuel Osgood, Chairman; Dr. R. Ogden Doremus, Secretary, and Alexander Masterton, Esq., Treasurer, we trust that the public will respond freely to the call, so that there may be as little delay as possible before this merited testimonial to the great inventor will be added to the noble works of art that adorn our Park. Subscriptions may be forwarded to Alexander Masterton, President Manufacturers' and Merchants' Bank, No 561, Broadway, New York.

THE MILLIONAIRE FORGER.

What the California Legislature has Condoned.

From the Virginia City Enterprise.

The recent action of the California Legislature in condoning the offences of the millionaire forger and robber, Harry Meiggs, has led to an overhauling of the files of old journals in order to ascertain the exact nature of his crimes. The Sacramento *Daily State Journal* of October 11, 1854—a paper long since extinct—contained the following:

"The frauds committed by Harry Meiggs are supposed to amount to two and one-half million dollars. Warrants on the Treasury of San Francisco have been forged to the amount of one million. Stock of the California Lumber Company, of which he was President, to the amount of fifty thousand, was also forged, and the signatures of different business houses to notes for over fifty thousand have been forged.

"He failed for eight hundred thousand, and owed a number of bills, which made up in the aggregate two million five hundred thousand dollars. In his operations he was very shrewd. He took all classes in his ravenous maw. From the highest to the lowest, the rich and the poor, the washerwoman, the banker and the millionaire; he paid his respects to all. None were too small for his accommodating genius, none too great for his practice. From the bankers he borrowed money by giving forged Comptroller's warrants on the city as collateral security to double the amount, and even offered to pledge them at twenty-five cents on the dollar. From the others he raised money on forged notes on business firms, and from clerks and mechanics he borrowed on his word or own note.

"His exodus was as remarkable as his 'operations.' He purchased his vessel, got her clearance for ports in the Pacific, ballasted her with the spoils of a city, equal in their extent to those of many nations in former days; gathered his family and friends around him, and went 'down to the sea' unmolested, laughing at his dupes. He left his family mansion as it was, with its carpets, and paintings, and [illegible], and curtains; with its ottomans, and *tete a tetes*, and golden fishes, and birds of the brightest plumage, with its servants unpaid, perhaps, and its wines and its oils and [illegible], on a family excursion to San Mateo, as he said, to far off lands, as his creditors say. He went prepared for a two years' siege. He went prepared for peace or war, with munitions of war in ample store. He went prepared to conquer or purchase a dukedom. And all this at the expense of San Francisco business men. The loss of these men is not regretted so much as the manner of losing it. But still he is a poor wanderer on the face of the earth, with the brand of Cain upon his brow. He can have no peace, his evil deeds will haunt him, wherever he may go. He will be shunned by society. With all his ill-gotten wealth, he will find the way of the transgressor hard."

And simply because this man has been successful in [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] SAVINGS BANK OF NEW YORK.—Application was made recently in the Marine Court, New York, for a receiver for the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company. The New York Herald states the case as follows:

[illegible]

nance allowed the clerk, a colored gentleman to write in the credit side of her book, under date of April 28, 1874, the following entry: "Notice of sixty days received for full account." These sixty days of notice expired on the 28th day of last month (Monday.) Mrs. Maggie made application again for her money and was told she could not have it. All efforts on her part to induce the payment of the money proved futile, and she has decided to apply to the law for a remedy.

HYDROPHOBIA AND DEATH.

THE PAINFUL CASE OF A BROADWAY DRY GOODS DEALER.

Mr. William McCormick's End—The Scratch of a Poodle's Tooth—Poison that Slumbered for Three Weeks in the Blood—A Wound that was Barely Perceptible.

A distressing case of hydrophobia terminated fatally at 309 East Fifty-first street yesterday afternoon. The patient was a Broadway dry goods dealer, Mr. William McCormick, who was well known on Beekman Hill, in the Nineteenth Ward, where he boarded in his brother's family. He had terrible paroxysms, and many of the most distinguished physicians of the city, attracted by the medical reports of his case, called on him before his death, but none were able to afford him relief.

He first exhibited symptoms of the malady in its incipient stages on Monday last, when he complained to his relatives of a peculiar numbness and lassitude of the arms and back, and more particularly about the neck. He said that he thought it was an attack of rheumatism. The feeling grew on him, and he tried several simple medicines without improving his condition. On Friday he said that his throat felt parched, and made swallowing painful. He drank much water that day, however. On returning to his house to dinner at 6 o'clock in the evening he looked wild and haggard. A cup of tea was offered him, and on raising it to drink he was taken with a slight spasm just as it touched his lips. Dr. Hadden of East Fifty-first street was summoned at 8 o'clock that evening, but was unable to diagnose his case on first looking at him. The doctor noticed that his eyes had

A WILD AND METALLIC GLARE,

and that he kept them constantly roving from one point to another. He talked in a whining tone about his thirst, and begged for a glass of water. His raging thirst at once led the physician to suspect that his disease might possibly be hydrophobia. One of the attendants at his bedside stepped into an adjoining room for the water, and when he heard it running he behaved very nervously and gasped like a man being strangled. The water was put in front of him, and the sight of it made him shudder and tremble more violently than ever. The glass was held close to his mouth, and he shouted: "For God's sake take it away! take it away!"—The water was again offered him, and he seized the glass with trembling hands and managed by a desperate effort to carry it to his lips. He took two swallows and then let it drop, screaming, "Take it away, take it away." After this his delirium subsided and his convulsions were less frequent. Dr. Hadden inquired whether he had been bitten by a horse, or cat, or any other animal. Mr. McCormick said that he had been scratched on the hand by a little poodle dog, but that it didn't amount to anything. He said that he was playing with the dog in a baker's shop round the corner, about three weeks before, and that the animal had scratched his finger slightly with one of his teeth. The wound was so slight that there was no blood, and it healed in a day or two. He pointed to the scar on the index finger of his right hand, above the thumb and near the finger joint. All that was visible was a faint redness of the skin, the mark of the dog's tooth having disappeared. He was positive that the poodle was not mad, but admitted that it was taken to the pound three or four days ago. After listening to his story Dr. Hadden offered him some brandy, but he had the same horror of the stimulant that he had for the water. The doctor prescribed for him, and left him feeling much easier. At midnight his spasms returned and he moaned and frothed dreadfully. He broke down the bed on which he lay in his convulsive attempts to get off, and afterward ran to the window and tried to jump to the sidewalk.—It required the united strength of his two brothers and his brother-in-law to drag him back. His limbs were pinioned and he was placed on another bed. In his struggles he made several snaps of his teeth at his attendants, and while his hands were being tied he sprang at one of his brothers and tried to bite him. A bed-sheet was held before his face to prevent him from

SPITTING AT THOSE AROUND HIM.

Dr. Hadden returned to him at 8 A. M. yesterday with Dr. Tuttle. They found him frothing at the mouth and throwing himself about like a mad man. He struggled with superhuman force, and the doctors had to throw a mattress over him to keep him down. They sent to the Fifty-ninth street police station for a strait-jacket, but none could be had. He raved about the doctors, and said they would kill him.

Three grains of morphine and one-twelfth of a grain of atropine in a solution of one hundred drops was injected under his skin.

THE EFFECT OF THE NARCOTICS

was apparent in a few minutes. The atropine was the first to act. It worked on the glands and stopped the frothing at the mouth. The morphine made the patient insensible.—He remained so until 9 A. M., when he showed signs of consciousness. Drs. Hadden, Dr. Leavitt, and Dr. Hammond, late Surgeon General of the United States Army, were in attendance. Dr. Hammond confirmed Dr. Hadden's opinion that the patient had hydrophobia. He said that there was no well-authenticated case of recovery from hydrophobia on record. He thought that the certificate of three or four reputable physicians should be sufficient to have the body of any one dying from the disease destroyed. He agreed with Dr. Hadden that to administer anæsthetics was all that could be done for Mr. McCormick, and that it was utterly

IMPOSSIBLE TO SAVE HIS LIFE.

On the patient's recovering consciousness he showed the same wild symptoms that had first seized him, and another hypodermic injection of morphine and atropine was made. The second injection was not so powerful as the first, but it put the patient in a comatose state, in which he continued until the time of his death. He died at 5 o'clock. Drs. E. D. Leavitt, Hogan, and P. W. Cremin watched by him, and could hardly tell when he stopped breathing. His death was painless.

At 4 o'clock Dr. Charles P. Russel, late register of Vital Statistics, and Drs. Viele and Maclean Hamilton, of the Health Department, and many other medical men visited him.

They all said that the cause of his death was hydrophobia. An inquest is to be held to-day, and an autopsy is to be made.—*N. Y. Sun.*

A Brilliant Record of Cures.

[illegible]

JUNE 30th, 1874.

TO THE
PEOPLE!

THOMPSON & KERSEY
SELLING OFF
THEIR STOCK
OF
LADIES' & GENTS'
Dress Goods.

CALL AND SEE
The Bargains
OFFERED.

Goods Must be Sold,
AND
We are Determined
TO
DISPOSE OF
OUR STOCK
AT
"Clearing Out" Prices.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
Thompson & Kersey

BUY your Shirt Bosoms of THOMPSON & KERSEY, where you can get Rosenthal's Patent Bosom and Yoke Pattern. jy7

LOST— On Thursday night, on Bayside road, the CAPE of a lady's water-proof cloak. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Star office. jy7-3t

LOST— Somewhere on the street in Easton, about two weeks ago, a child's Gold Chain and Pin—the pin set with coral. The finder will be well rewarded by leaving it at the Star office. jy7-3t

FOR SALE— A $500 STALLION, one of the best horses in the county, Frank Pierce stock. Inquire at the Star office. jy7-3t

FOR SALE. The HOUSE at present occupied by J. V. B. Wright. If not sold by October, it will be for rent. Apply to W. M. HOLLYDAY. jy7

Blackberries & Whortleberries WANTED.
OWEN A. BOON & CO., opposite Bayside road, Easton, are paying the highest cash prices for Blackberries and Huckleberries, and want all they can get. Bring them along by the 100 bushels, and exchange them for the cash or cheap groceries. jy7

Notice to Creditors.
ALL persons having claims against the estate of Edward Leonard, are hereby notified to file the same with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, properly proved, on or before the 10th day of August next, for audit and payment.
jy7 THOS. A. LEONARD, Trustee.

CALL at THOMPSON & KERSEY'S, and see the new invention—Rosenthal's Patent Shirt Bosoms. jy7

NEW crop of RUTA BAGA and TURNIP SEED just received from Landreth & Son, for sale at TRIPPE'S.

ONE dose of TRIPPE'S SYRUP OF BLACKBERRY ROOT will often arrest the worst cases of Diarrhœa. Every one should have a bottle; price only 25 cts. For sale at TRIPPE'S Drug Store.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.
NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the Teachers' Association of Talbot Co. will be held in the Easton Grammar School, on THURSDAY, the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. A full attendance of Teachers is requested. By order of
G. E. HADDAWAY, Pres't.
WM. [illegible], Sec'y. jy7-2t

SUN UMBRELLAS— A line of Sun Umbrellas can be had at je30 [illegible] HAT STORE.

MACKINAWS— A new supply of fine Mackinaws just received of Taylor, by je30 M. M. HIGGINS.

Auditor's Notice.
[illegible] vs. [illegible]. In the Circuit Court for Talbot county. Equity side.
NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after the 14th of July inst., the above case will be [illegible]. Persons having claims [illegible] the fund, will file the same with the Clerk of the Circuit Court, properly [illegible] on or before the above named day, otherwise they may be excluded from [illegible].
W. [illegible] HOLLYDAY, Auditor. jy7-2t

[illegible] to the Fruits.
2000 BUSHELS OF CHERRIES, WHORTLEBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, and all other kinds of small fruits wanted at the fruit preserving factory of je30 E. THARP & SONS.

New Advertisements.

Save Fifty Dollars!
THE NEW FLORENCE.
PRICE, [illegible] below } any other first-class
VALUE, [illegible] above } Sewing Machine.
SAVED, [illegible] by buying the FLORENCE.
Every machine warranted.
Special terms to clubs and dealers.
Send for circulars to the
Florence S. M. Co., Florence, Mass., or 43 N. Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

1874
DOMESTIC.
This Sewing Machine gives the best satisfaction to the user, is paid for most readily, and is the best of all to sell. If there is no "Domestic" agent in your town, apply to DOMESTIC S. M. CO., New York.
LADIES SEND for elegant Fashion Book.

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies. A queer book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Phila.

CHAS. E. SHANAHAN,
ATT'Y-AT-LAW, EASTON, MD.

Trustee's Sale
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court for Talbot county, sitting as a Court of Equity, the undersigned, Trustee, will offer at public sale, in front of the Court House, in the town of Easton, on
Tuesday, July 21st, 1874,
between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock P. M., of that day, all and singular, that tract or parcel of
WOODLAND, &C.,
formerly the property of George C. Arringdale, dec'd, it being a part of the tract or tracts of land known as "Webb's Discovery," "Parry's Range," "Highfield Addition," and "Dudley's Inclosure," situate in Chapel District of said county, on the West side of Tuckahoe Creek, adjoining the lands of David Wooters and others, and containing the quantity of
60 ACRES OF LAND,
more or less, about [illegible] acres of which is well set in valuable WOOD and TIMBER; the remaining 15 acres consist of marsh and meadow land.
The Woodland is beautifully undulating, convenient to churches, school, &c., and when cleared would make a neat little farm.
Terms of Sale:
As prescribed by the decree, are one third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal instalments of six and twelve months—the credit payments to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser with a surety or sureties to be approved by the Trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale.
CHAS. E. SHANAHAN, Trustee.
Wm. K. Rathell, Auct'r.
je30-ts

WHY order your SHIRTS ready made, when you can get Rosenthal's Yoke and Bosom Pattern free of cost at jy7 THOMPSON & KERSEY'S.

Notice of Dissolution.
NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of SMITH & STREET in the Watchmaking and Jewelry business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
ROBERT SMITH,
H. F. STREET.
Easton, July 1st, 1874.

NOTICE.
The business will be carried on by the undersigned at the office of the Building Association, immediately opposite his late stand, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.
jy7 ROBERT SMITH.

OFFICE OF
Board of County School Commissioners
FOR TALBOT COUNTY.
EASTON, MD., June 30th, 1874.
PROPOSALS.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, 21st of JULY, 1874, for MATERIALS, carpenter's work, brick work, lathing and plastering for one new school house, to be built near "Longwood," Chapel district, according to plans and specifications which can be seen at this office.
By order of the Board.
A. CHAPLAIN, Secretary.
jy7-3t

SHIRTS [illegible] Rosenthal's pattern. Get them at jy7 THOMPSON & KERSEY'S.

A DAY OF PLEASURE.
An Excursion to Baltimore by a Different Route.
THE M. P. Sabbath School of Easton propose to give an Excursion from Easton, Miles River Ferry and St. Michaels, to Baltimore, Druid Hill Park, &c., on the fine Steamer SAM'L J. PENTZ,
On Saturday, 11th of July.
By this route the citizens of Miles River Neck and St. Michaels will have a rare chance of enjoying an elegant trip to the city, the Park, &c., and return by moonlight, arriving at the Ferry about 10 o'clock P. M.
Tickets $1.00. Children under 12, 50c.
For further particulars see large bills.
By order of jy7-2t COMMITTEE.

BUIST'S NEW CROP OF TURNIP & RUTA BAGA SEED.—Just received a large supply of Buist's warranted and unparalleled Turnip and Ruta Baga Seeds at the Drug Store of je30 HENRY & GOLDSBOROUGH.

Ready-Made Clothes
AND
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AT VALLIANT'S CHEAP CASH STORE,
AT ROYAL OAK.
THE public are invited to call and supply themselves with a cheap suit, bought at lowest cash prices and sold at a small profit, as cheap as goods of same class can be bought anywhere.
HUGH B. VALLIANT.

CHOICE LIQUORS and a full line of GROCERIES and CONFECTIONERY for sale cheap for cash at Valliant's cheap Royal Oak store.
je30 HUGH B. VALLIANT.

Harvest! Harvest!
NOW is the time for wheat gleaners—MACHINE OILS, CHEAP GROCERIES, go to R. T. BENSON'S, Royal Oak, where you can get a full supply.

TO THE FARMERS.—No. 1. Paraffine Oil or any Machine [illegible], price 75 cents per gallon, just received and for sale by HENRY & GOLDSBOROUGH.

COAL OIL.—COAL OIL.—Best [illegible] coal oil—20 cts. per gallon. For sale by HENRY & GOLDSBOROUGH.

GRAND
OPENING OF
THE LATEST AND
FASHIONABL
DRY GOODS, FANCY G
AT
J. J. JUMP & C
DRY GOODS H
June 12th, 1874.

THE
GREATEST BARGA
OFFERED FOR
14 YEAR
Reduced Prices.
Reduced P
Side Band Lawns and
PERFECTLY HAND
and very cheap.
BLACK GRENAD
LOW PRICES.
FANS, FAN
IMMENSE STOCK.
NEW UMBRELL
AND PARA
Cheap! Cheap!! C
BEAUTIFUL
CHALLIE
FOR FANS AND P
COME ONE, COME ALL,
new goods at J. J. JUMP

CASSIMERES,
CASSIMERE
CASS
We have just laid in
Large and Hand
stock of
SUMMER CASSIM
at prices which will astonish
goods.
An immense stock of
Gentlemen's G
of every descrip
AT PRICES TO DEFY COM
J. J. JUMP

Establis
1838.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTH AND MATTINGS.
We are now offering special bargains in
Ladies' Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, &c. &c.
and claim our stock to be second to none in this market.
[illegible] & Co.