Easton Star.

EASTON, MD.,
Tuesday Morning, April 6, 1875.

T. K. ROBSON, Editor.

The price of land has an upward tendency all over the country. The price commenced to advance as soon as the Republican Congress went out of power. People begin now to feel more confidence in the stability of the government. It is believed that business generally will soon begin to revive from the same cause. The chief embarrassment now, grows out of the unsettled condition of the finances and the high price of gold; but these causes of trouble will very soon be removed by Democratic statesmanship, as soon as the Democratic party can control the Financial legislation.

General Spinner has resigned the office of United States Treasurer, his resignation to take effect the first of next June. His withdrawal grew out of a difference of opinion between himself and the Secretary of the Treasury, respecting his official duties and powers. The truth is the General had no faith in Grant's crude financial theories, and was honest enough to express his dissenting opinion pretty plainly. Such independence of thought and action is fatal to any officer of the Government who may dare to try it. Grant don't tolerate honest criticism of his opinions or actions by any of his subordinates. They must see as he sees, or shut their eyes and see nothing. If he has gotten things in a muddle they must remain muddled, so far as his subordinates are concerned, no matter how much intellect and experience they have. Hence, during his whole administration, he has surrounded himself by inferior men, as no other President did before him. General Spinner's name is familiar to every body, because it is engraved on all the greenbacks which have been issued by the Government. In a little while it will pass out of sight, and those who now know it, will know it no more forever.

It is doubtful if any State in the Union, the reconstructed States of the South excepted, has suffered more from rogues in office than Kansas, and it seem that not satisfied with preying on their own people the politicians of the "Corrupt Commonwealth," as it is called, have made a raid upon the outside world. In the vacant territory in the northwestern part of the State several counties have been constituted apparently for the sole purpose of issuing worthless bonds.

Among these are named Comanche, Kingman, Clark and Harper counties. According to the official report of the late Attorney-General of Kansas there are no people in at least three of these counties, yet public debts have been contracted in their name and thrown upon the market. The Kansas City *Times* intimates that Gov. OSBORN is interested in the swindling Ring which put these worthless bonds afloat, and unfortunately the reputation of the Governor is not such as to render the accusation altogether improbable. The *Times* calls attention to the fact that Osborn has recently been in this city, and that since his visit here the interest has been paid on Comanche, Kingman, Clark and Harper county bonds, notwithstanding that there are no people in those counties, and also on the Barbour county bonds, though the Probate Judge of that county swears that the Treasurer defaulted some months ago, and that there is not a dollar in the treasury. This is hardly sufficient evidence to convict Gov. OSBORN of complicity in the fraud; but from the facts given it certainly appears probable that the members of the fraudulent bond Ring may have paid the interest on their bonds in the expectation of making a market for a fresh issue of the trash.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Civil Rights Failure in Trenton.

TRENTON, N. J., March 24.—A week ago the proprietor of the Trenton house refused two colored men the privilege of playing billiards at his saloon, which is attached to the hotel. The colored men made complaint under the civil rights bill, and the proprietor, Mr. Katzenback, was arrested, and the hearing of the case came off to day before United States Commissioner E. Mercer Shreeve. The decision, which was an elaborate one, dismissed the complaint as not coming within the law. The commissioner says:

It is true the public may visit a billiard saloon, so they may go to a store, but every one cannot play there, as every one cannot buy in a certain store. The storekeeper may suit his customers, and every place which is accessible to all is not necessarily a place of public amusement. To say that every body can go to a billiard saloon does not determine its character, nor does the fact that a license is required make it a place of public amusement. A license is taken out for pedler's wagon, but it does not thereby become a place of public amusement.

There is nothing in the license idea by which we can determine the true nature of the place. A licensed place may still be so regulated as practically to exclude the public. It is asked what is a billiard saloon if it is not a place of amusement?

"I answer, at best and only in a limited sense or in a qualified manner, can it be called a place of public amusement. It is the private business of a private party, conducted as it suits the keeper. It is no more a place of public amusement than a drinking saloon. Evidently into the latter no man has a right to go and take a drink without leave of the proprietor. The applicant may be refused and driven away for reasons best known to the owner, and which he is not bound to disclose. The civil rights bill has nothing to do and was intended to have nothing to do with such places.'

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—On Saturday last, Ex-Senator Shakspeare and J. A. Fulton, Esq., of Dover, waited upon Rev. Dr. Phoebus, of this town, to induce his acceptance of the position of State Superintendent of Public Schools. The Dr., after some hesitation, consented that they might present his name to Governor Cochran. Ex-Speaker Stockley, of the Senate, and others have also written the Dr. pressing letters, urging him to accept the office. It is hardly necessary to state that his appointment would meet the approbation of this entire community. The Doctor's tastes and well-known scholary attainments, which, by the way, have suggested his appointment, peculiarly fit him for the office—an office that seeks him rather than he the office—but unfortunately, in this particular case, there is a clause in our State constitution which prohibits all ordained ministers from holding any civil office in the commonwealth.

Dr. A. H. Grimshaw, of Wilmington, is named for the office, and several others.

Since the above was put in type we are informed that the clause in the State constitution makes clergymen ineligible to civil office only while in *active discharge* of ministerial or pastoral duty. Thus, a minister not actively engaged in his calling—not filling a pastorate—is eligible to a civil office. Such is the opinion of I. C. Grubb, Sec'y of State, we are informed.—*Smyrna Times.*

ANOTHER NEW YORK SENSATION.—New York society is in a flutter over another scandal in high life. The star actors in the drama are Fifth-avenue people, which makes it so very bad, you know. Mrs. Annie Whiteing is before the Supreme court, praying that she be granted a divorce from her husband and $200 a weekly alimony. She figures her husband's wealth at $1,500,000. Mr. Whiteing, who is a well known business man, has commenced a counter suit against his wife, on the ground of infidelity. Mrs. Whiteing connects a wealty society woman with her husband's waywardness.

TURNING THE TABLES.—How heroes carry off heroines is mentioned by the *Court Journal* with this note: At Vienna we saw a little tenor struggling to carry off a fat soprano, to the amusement of the house, which she made stentorian mirth by turning around, whipping up the tenor, and making her exit with him kicking under her arm.

THE RIGHT TO VOTE.

Suffrage not Necessarily a part of Citizenship—The Supreme Court Deciding Against the Right of Women to the Ballot.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The Supreme Court to day decided the case of No. 182, Miner vs. Hoppersatt: error to the Supreme Court of Missouri. This is the case presenting the question whether, under the Fourteenth Amendment, a woman who is a citizen of the United States and of a State, is a voter in the State, notwithstanding the provisions of the Constitution and the laws of that State confine the right of suffrage to men alone. It is said that women are citizens. They are persons, and therefore under the Fourteenth Amendment, declared to be citizens of the State wherein they reside, but it did not require that amendment to make them such.—They were before persons and people, and were not in terms excluded from citizenship by the Constitution. The Federal Constitution was ordained by the people of the United States composed of the people of the several States, and whoever at the time of its adoption was one of the people, became a citizen. All children born of citizen parents within the jurisdiction, are themselves citizens. The naturalization laws are reviewed to show that women have always been considered citizens the same as men; also the laws giving jurisdiction in Federal cases.

It is then said that the Fourteenth Amendment did not affect the citizenship of women any more than it did of men, and thus minors' rights do not depend upon it. She has always been a citizen from her birth, entitled to all the privileges, immunities, &c., of citizenship. The amendment prohibited the State in which she lives from abridging any of those rights. The right of suffrage is not made in terms one of the privileges of citizenship. The United States has no voters, and no one can vote for Federal without being competent to vote for State officers. The elective officers of the United States are chosen directly or indirectly by the voters of the States. The amendment did not add to the privileges or immunities of the citizen, it simply furnished an additional guarantee for the protection of such as he already had.—Nor is the right of suffrage coextensive with the citizenship of the States. When the Federal Constitution was adopted all the States but Rhode Island had Constitutions of their own, in not one of which were all citizens recognized as entitled to this right; and under all these circumstances it cannot be for a moment doubted that if it had been intended to make citizens of the United States voters, the framers of the Constitution would have so expressed that intention, and not have left so important a change in the condition of citizenship, as it then existed, to implication.

But if further evidence is needed it is to be found in the provisions of the Constitution. If suffrage is necessarily a part of citizenship, then the provision of the Constitution which gives citizens of each State all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States would entitle the citizens of each State to the right to vote in the several States precisely as the citizens of those States are.—Other provisions, among them that relating to the apportionment of representatives, were cited to the same point. But still again, after the adoption of the Fourteenth Amendment, it was found necessary to use, in the Fifteenth Amendment, the following language:

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any other State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

The Fourteenth Amendment had provided against any abridgement of the privileges or immunities of citizens, and if the right of suffrage is one of them, why amend the Constitution further to prevent its being denied on account of race, color, &c. The duty of the United States to guarantee to the States a republican form of government is discharged in protecting those Governments which were recognized as being republican in form by the Constitution when adopted. The Governments of the States being then accepted, it must be assumed that they are such as are to be guaranteed.

The admission of new States is then considered, and it is found that there is nothing to favor the idea that suffrage is a right of citizenship, but everthing to repel it; also the restoration of the States to the Union after the war, none of them having provided for female suffrage. Besides, a person who has simply declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States may vote under certain circumstances in Missouri and other States, and this could not be if suffrage depended upon the right of citizenship.

The Court are unanimous in the opinion that the Constitution of the United States does not confer the right of sufrage upon any one, and that the Constitutions of the several States which commit that trust to men alone are not necessarily void. Affirmed.—The Chief Justice delivered the opinion.

THE LATEST TORNADO IN GEORGIA.—*Large Loss of Life and Property.*—The Augusta (Georgia) Chronicle of Tuesday contains some interesting particulars of the tornado which swept over that section on Saturday last.—At Berzelia there were two heavy rain storms coming from different directions at different times during the afternoon, one from the northwest and the other from the northeast. During the first one, various articles fell there and were picked up, such as hats, bed linen, boards and shingles, and others of a varied character, which were known to have come from a distance of many miles. The force of the wind was so great in the track of the cyclons that horses and mules were blown almost away, and in a few instances men, women and children were carried hundreds of yards, and in one case a child carried away has not been found, and in another instance a young lady in Hancock county was said to have been landed in the top of a pine tree, and so severely injured that she cannot live. Near Sparta, the house of Sanford Massey was destroyed and Mrs. Massey and her child were killed. A Miss Berry, who was visiting at this house, was also killed, and Mr. Massey had his foot broken. At a Babtist Church, in Warren county, a meeting was in progress when the storm reached there. The building was demolished, and one person killed and over thirty wounded.

In Glasscock county the force of the storm was fearful, and thirty-five persons are known to have been killed. At Camak there was a whirlwind within a whirlwind, the tornado sweeping the whole of the village away, not leaving a house of any kind standing. At this place a night watchman was killed by a car containing ten tons of guano, under which he took refuge, turning over on him. The residents of that section are houseless and homeless, having lost all they had in their houses—clothing carried off, provisions destroyed, and no place where they can lay their heads. At Appling, the county seat of Columbia county, two Babtist churches were blown down and nine persons killed—two white and seven colored. The woods in this section were cut down for a long distance, making a lane a quarter of a mile wide. Here the loss of stock was immense. Many horses, mules, cows, &c., were blown away and either killed outright or so badly injured as to render them useless. Calls for aid for the unfortunate people in the devastated section have been made, and the people of Augusta already making a liberal response. The whole effect of the tornado is unknown, as many places off the line of railroad have not been heard from.

ANOTHER CABLE.—Mr. William Orton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, sailed for Europe Saturday, and rumor has it that his business abroad is the making of contracts for the laying of a new submarine telegraph cable between Key West and Punta Rosa, Florida, for the International Ocean Telegraph Company. In case such a wire is laid, messages may be sent to Brazil by the Western Union and International lines, via the Cuba, Submarine, West Indies and Panama Telegraph Company's lines, which now have to be sent by the way of the Transatlantic cable. The line will be one hundred and twenty miles long.—*The N. Y. World, March, 30.*

DRESSMAKING.

MISS McGILL of New York wishes to inform the ladies of Easton and vacinity, that she is prepared to do dressmaking in all its branches, trimming done in the latest styles. Nothing but reliable patterns used. Residence above Cheezum's Dry Good store
ap6-7t 2m.

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF RICHARD REESE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Richard Reese, deceased, are hereby notified to file the same with the Register of Wills for Talbot county on or before the 1st day of MAY next, for dividend, otherwise they will be excluded from the benefit of said estate.

ROBERT R. BUTLER,
ap6-3t Adm'r of Richard Reese, dec'd,

PAPER Bags, Wrapping Paper, Cotton, Twine, Paper Twine, new invoice just received.
G. W. MINNICK,
Opposite the Bank.

FOR SALE.

A FINE FAMILY HORSE, also an express wagon and harness.—Apply at the STAR OFFICE.
ap6-3t

LEVY FOR 1875.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Easton, March 29th, 1875.

ALL persons having claims against Talbot County are hereby notified to file the same, properly proved in the Office of the County Commissioners at Easton, on or before *the first day of May next,* or they may be excluded from the next levy.

By order of the Board,
WM. H. D. HARPER, Clerk.
ap6-4t

ALL ARE INVITED

TO EXAMINE THE FINEST STOCK OF

Millinery Goods and Trimmings

IN EASTON, AT THE NEW STORE OF

MRS. E. V. HIGGINS

☞Butterick's Patterns for Garments—of all kinds.

☞The Cheapest Line of DRESS SILKS in this market.

ap6

Public Sale

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, the undersigned, as executor of the last will and testament of James B. Morgan, late of said county, deceased, will on

Thursday, April 8th, inst.,

sell at the late residence of said deceased, in Talbot county, near Hillsborough, all the personal property of said deceased, consisting of

Household Furniture,

1 four-wheel Top CARRIAGE and Harness, 1 Horse Cart & Harness, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles.

3 GOOD HORSES,

One of them a superior roadster, several head of COWS and YEARLINGS, BLADE and TOP FODDER, Crop of Wheat now growing, and many other articles not enumerated.

TERMS

The terms of sale as prescribed by the Court are: All sums of and under $10 cash all over that amount a credit of six months, with interest from day of sale will be given, purchaser giving note with security approved by the executor. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

R. C. CARTER,
Ext'r of J. B. Morgan, dec'd
ap6-1t H. Irwin, Auct'r.

NEW
Spring and Summer Goods.

JACOB WILLIAMS

HAS the pleasure to announce that he just returned from the city with a

Larger Stock than ever before

OF

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters

of the various kinds and styles,
FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS, MISSES and CHILDREN.

Also, a full and complete stock of all kinds of

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

BUCKETS, BROOMS,
TUBS, PLOW-LINES,
TRACES, &c.

I have also added to my present stock a full line of DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS.

Persons wanting to buy bargains will find them if they will call on

JACOB WILLIAMS,
Opposite the Market House,
ap6 Easton, Md.

MARTIN & CO.

RECEIVE New and Fresh Goods Daily.

THEY have a full stock of all kinds of Confectionery, and bake daily Cakes and Bread, made from the best flour, which they offer to the public at a much lower price than they did before, on account of the decline in materials.

SWEET POTATOES for table and planting for sale by MARTIN & CO.

FRENCH and German Mustards, very superior quality, in jars or by the pint or gallon, for sale by MARTIN & CO.

APPLES! APPLES! A lot of Jelly, Flower, Northern Spy and Grindstone, for sale by the barrel or retail, at MARTIN & CO.

BUTTER! BUTTER! A superior quality of Glade, Roll and Homemade Butter, put up in corn shucks, at MARTIN & CO'S.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO! A stock of Segars, Snuff and Tobacco of different grades, at MARTIN & CO'S.

PICKLES and Catsups on hand and for sale by MARTIN & CO.

ONIONS and Union Sets. Superior lot of the Potato sets for sale by MARTIN & CO.

FOR early planting a lot of Early Rose, Peerless, for sale by the barrel or retail, at MARTIN & CO'S.

FRUITS! FRUITS! All kinds of Fruits, in cans or dried, for sale by MARTIN & CO.

FINE Grits and Hominy, at MARTIN & CO'S.

ENGLISH PEAS, kiln dried, for table use, for sale by MARTIN & CO.

ORANGES and LEMONS for sale at a very reduced price, at MARTIN & CO'S.

CHEESE! CHEESE! A superior article for Summer use, at MARTIN & CO'S.

CRACKERS! CRACKERS! A fresh lot of Water, Soda, Butter, Cream and Lunch Milk Crackers received fresh every week at MARTIN & CO'S.

MARTIN & CO. take all kinds of Country Produce, for which the highest market price will be allowed. ap6

NOTICE

TO

MERCHANTS, TRADERS AND OTHERS.

ALL persons and bodies corporate or politic in Talbot county, who are or shall be exercising or pursuing any business, or shall be doing any act or thing, or shall be in the occupation of any house or place for any purpose for which a license is made necessary by the laws of Maryland are hereby warned to obtain a License, or renew the same before the

1st Day of May Next.

under the penalty prescribed by said law for the infraction thereof.

Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the License Laws:

TRADERS LICENSES.—The amount to be paid by traders for a license, (the amount of stock at the principal season of sale to be given under oath,) is as follows:

If the applicant's stock in trade does not exceed $1000				$12 60
If over	$1,000	and not over	$1,500	15 60
"	$1,500	" "	$2,500	18 60
"	2,500	" "	4,000	22 60
"	4,000	" "	6,000	30 60
"	6,000	" "	8,000	40 60
"	8,000	" "	10,000	50 60
"	10,000	" "	15 000	80 60
"	15,000	" "	20,000	90 60
"	20,000	" "	30,000	100 50
"	30,000	" "	40,000	125 60
"	40,000			150 00

The applicant must either make oath, heretofore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at the principal season of sale; or the oath may be administered by a Justice of the Peace, when the person wanting a license applies without an agent. If the latter course be adopted, the following form will be deemed a sufficient compliance with the act;

Talbot County to wit.

On this——day——, 1875, before the subscriber a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for said county, personally appeared,—— and declared that he intends to apply for a trader's license, under the second sec. of the Act of January session, 1858, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, and made oath that the stock of goods, generally kept on hand by him [or by the concern in which he is engaged, in case it be a partnership;] at the principal season of sale, [or if the applicant has not previously engaged in such trade,] that the amount of goods which he intends to keep, &c., does not or will not exceed $——

Sworn before—— ——

If the oath be administered before a Justice of the Peace out of the county in which the application is made, there must be attached the certificate of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county in which the Justice resides.

Persons may sell salt to cure fish in March, April and May, without license. Vendors of cakes and vendors of beer and cider, [lager beer excepted,] are not required to pay license.

LICENSE TO ORDINARIES AND TAVERN KEEPERS.—The license to ordinaries and tavern keepers to sell spirituous and fermented liquors or lager beer, in quantities less than a pint at any one time, are as follows: Provided that the applicant shall first be recommended to the Clerk by two respectable freeholders of his immediate vicinity, and shall make oath before said Clerk that he has bona fide [and without intending to evade the requirements of this article,] provided and expects to maintain six good beds, with sufficient covering therefor—and three rooms more than sufficient for the private use of said ordinary keeper, with stabling and provender for five horses at least.

The said applicant is also to make oath before the Clerk as to the rate of rent or annual value of the house at or in which the business to be authorized by the license may may be done or intended to be done.

If the rental or annual value is not over $100				$25 60
If over	$100	but not over	$200	$40 60
"	200	" "	300	50 00
"	300	" "	400	60 60
"	400	" "	500	70 60
"	500	" "	750	90 60
"	750	" "	1,000	100 00
"	1,000	" "	2,000	150 60
"	2,000	" "	3,000	180 60
"	3,000	" "	5 000	250 60
"	5,000	" "	10,000	400 60
"	10,000			450 60

LICENSES TO RETAILERS OF SPIRITOUS OR FERMENTED LIQUOR OR LAGEER BEER.—The amounts of license to be paid by retailers of spirituous and fermented liquors or lager, are as follows:

If the value of the stock in trade be			
	$ 500		$ 18 60
Over	500	or less	35 60
From	1,000	to $2,000	50 60
"	2,000	to 4,000	75 60
"	4,000	to 6,000	100 60
"	6,000	to 10,000	120 60
"	10,000	to 20,000	180 60
"	20,000	to 30,000	140 60
Over 30,000			150 60

No license shall be granted to sell spirituous or fermented liquor or lager beer, in quantities not less than a pint, for the sum of $18.60, unless the person applying therefor shall also obtain a license to sell goods, chattles, wares, and merchandise, paying therefore the sum heretofore prescribed, according to the amount of stock in trade.

PROVIDED,

That the applicant for license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors be "recommended to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot county by the Grand Jury which shall have been in session at the term next preceding the first day of May" and *Provided further,* that no license will be granted for the sale of spirituous or fermented liquor in Districts Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 5, of said county.

OYSTER AND EATING HOUSES.—The license to be paid by the keepers of oyster and eating houses is $50.60 throughout the State.

BILLIARD TABLES.—A license may be granted to any person who may apply for permission to keep a billiard table, for which license there shall be paid the sum of $50.50, and for every additional table $25 50.

Hawkers and peddlers must renew their licenses on or before the first of May, as other traders. The rates are as follows in the county.

To travel on foot,	$41 00
With one horse and wagon,	51 00
With two horses and wagon,	71 00
For the whole Shore:	
To travel on foot,	$61 00
With one horse and wagon,	101 00
With two horses and wagon,	151 00

No such license shall be granted to any hawker or pedler in the name or style of a partnership, or company, and but one person shall trade under any such license. A violation of the law subjects the offender to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than a hundred dollars, recoverable before a Justice of the Peace.

BROKERS.—Any person who shall make it his business to deal in any manner on his own account, or for others, in the purchase or sale of stocks, bills, notes, banknotes, or other obligations, shall be deemed and taken to be a broker. The rates are as follows:

Exchange Broker,	$100 00
Stock Broker,	75 00
Bill Broker,	50 00

Females vending millinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over $500 pay a license of $6 50 only, but if over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons—oath to be made as to the amount of stock at the principal season of the year.

The Clerk shall not issue license to any person to sell spirituous or fermented liquors from whom the grand jury has recommended a license to be withheld, or to persons whose license has been suppressed by the Court, without a special order of the Court.

STALLIONS.—The owner and keeper of every stallion or jack, shall before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some of the counties in this State, the highest sum which he intends to ask or receive for the season for one mare; and the receipts of said Clerk, with the seal of his Court attached thereto, for said sum, shall be the license for stationing or standing such stallion or jack for one year from the date thereof; provided, that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid by the section for such license be less than ten dollars; and that every stallion or jack upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all State Tax.

Any owner or keeper, stationing or standing any stallion or jack without license shall forfeit and pay twice the sum authorized and required to be paid in the last preceding section, one half to the State, and the other half to the informer.

Amendments to the License Laws Passed January Session, 1868.

(Chapter, 239, Page, 444.)

AN ACT

To add an additional section to article fifty-six of the Code of Public General Laws, entitled Licenses, so as to empower a trader to sell the license to trade with the stock of Goods.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the following section be added to Article fifty-six of the Code of Public General Laws entitled Licenses.

7.—And be it enacted, Any trader who has taken out license to sell goods, chattels, wares, merchandise, spirituous and fermented liquors or lager beer, in this State, shall have the privilege to sell out said license to any party purchasing or renting his stock of goods and purchasing his place of business, and the party so purchasing may continue to sell under the license of his predecessor in business until the expiration of said license.

(Chapter, 448, Page, 863,)

AN ACT

To add to the tenth section of Article 56 of the Code of Public General Laws, a subsection, requiring a license to enable any person to act as Real Estate Broker.

SEC. 1—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that there be added to the tenth section of article 56, of the Code of Public General Laws, a subsection to read as follows:

Sub Section 1.—Any person applying for the same and paying the sum of fifty dollars, may obtain a license for carrying on the business of Real Estate Broker, and any individual, co-partnership or firm who shall carry on the business of a Real Estate Broker, without a license, shall be subject to the penalties imposed upon other Brokers by section seventeenth of this Article.

N. C. FITZJARREL,
ap6 4t Sheriff of Talbot Co

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the W. P. B. & L. A. of Talbot county for the election of Directors to serve the ensuing twelve months, will be held at their office on Tuesday evening, April 13, 1875, at 7 o'clock.

C. O. BYERLY,
ap6 Secretary.

FASHIONABLE TAILOR

GENTLEMEN wishing to have their Clothing made up in the most fashionable style, will do well to call on me, opposite the "Paragon House." I employ none but the best workmen, and am therefore able to guarantee a most comfortable fit and elegant style. I will also always be found prompt and courteous in my dealings.

ap8 JOHN SATTERFIELD.

Spoor's Patent Gate.

To the Farmers of Talbot and Caroline Counties.

THIS is to give notice that I have bought the Right for Talbot and Caroline counties, Md., for SPOOR'S PATENT GATE, and am prepared to sell Farm Rights to all who desire to use it in said counties. Price $5 each. The gate has been tried and approved by a number of our Talbot farmers, and may be seen in Easton, in front of the jail

JAMES ROSS.
Easton, April 6th, 1875-3m

LOOK AT THIS.

THE CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN.

THE DOWN TOWN

GROCERY.

The undersigned takes this method of informing his Customers and the Public generally that he has a full and complete assortment of

DRY GOODS.
GROCERIES,
WOODENWARE.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &C

Queensware,
Glassware,
Tinware,

FLOUR, BACON, LARD, Cheese, Butter, &c.

Having bought his goods for CASH he will sell at a small advance for the cash, or to punctual paying Customers. On all Bills of $10 and over a DISCOUNT of FIVE PER CENT will be allowed for CASH.

DUER'S FLOUR.

at $7.75 per barrel, equal to any $8.50 Family Flour sold in Easton. Every barrel guaranteed.

Highest market price paid for all kinds of Country Produce in exchange for goods.—Remember these goods will be sold at the lowest cash prices. The Public's obedient Servant.

WM. GRACE.
ap6-6.

NEW

MILLINERY GOODS!

THE LATEST STYLES FOR SPRING OF

1875.

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,

AND

Novelties of all Kinds To Please the Ladies.

MRS. MARY A. STEWART,
Of Easton, Md.

Has just received a full assortment of *all kinds* of goods embraced in the above lines, which she is now offering all at small profits to punctual dealers.

All kinds of Millinery Work done in the most approved fashionable manner at short notice

"The Domestic Paper Patterns," showing all the newest styles as fast as they come out, and also those that are out. They are pronounced the best in use.

Stamping for Embroidery and Braiding neatly and promptly done. My greatest pleasure will be to give satisfaction to all who may favor me with their patronage. Thankful for past favors, I hope to merit a continuance of them.—The public generally is solicited to call and examine my stock. ap3.

Mambino Hambletonian.

WILL make the Spring Season from APRIL 1st to JULY 1st, 1875.

Will be in Easton THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY of first week of April, and the same days of every other week

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY of second week in April at Dr. Wm. H. DeCourcey's, Queen Anne's county, and same days of alternate weeks, stopping at Wye Mills.

TERMS—$20 the season, payable at its close.

EDWARD LLOYD.
mb30 NOAH CHANEY, Groom.

Auditor's Notice.

L. H. Delahay, Trustee, vs. John R. Hughlett. } Circuit Court for Talbot county. Equity side.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after the 15th of April, 1875, the Auditor will make an audit in this case. Persons having claims against the fund, will file the same with the Clerk of the Circuit Court, properly proved, on or before the above named day, otherwise they may be excluded from the benefit of said fund.

W. M. HOLLYDAY,
mb30-3t Auditor.

APPOINTMENT OF COLLECTOR.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OFFICE,
Easton, March 29th, 1875.

Application for the appointment of Collector of State and County taxes for the year 1875, will be received by the County Commissioners at their office in Easton until April 20th, 1875.

By Order of the Board,
WM. H. D. HARPER, Clerk.
mch-30-3t-1.

April 6th, 1875.

Thompson & Kersey

BEAUTIFUL NEW STYLES

Dress Goods for Gentlemen.

We guarantee that no House in Easton has ventured to purchase as large an assortment of SUITINGS, COATINGS, PANTALOONERIES, and VESTINGS, as we have just placed in stock. And we pledge to offer Gents GREAT BARGAINS in these attractive goods. Call and see that these statements are true.

THOMPSON & KERSEY.

Village Blacksmith.

THIS famous RACE HORSE will make the season of 1875, from MARCH 15th until July 1st, commencing at RIVERSLIE FARM, about 2 miles from Miles River Ferry.

He will be at Mr. A. A. Pascault's stable (the James Ll. Martin farm, near the Easton Depot) on TUESDAY, April 6th, and alternate between my place and Easton throughout the season, being at each place every other week. Mr. Pascault will give any information desired by those desiring his services.

TERMS—$20.00 FOR THE SEASON, due and payable at time of first service

VILLAGE BLACKSMITH—Chesnut horse, foaled in 1866. 16 hands high. By VANDAL (Glencoe's best son) out of CHOLERA by the world famed WAGNER, the four miler, the conqueror of them all.

VILLAGE BLACKSMITH is as handsome a horse as there is in America. He was a celebrated winner at all distances over large fields in fast time. From his breeding, performances and excellent disposition, he must prove a popular sire. For further particulars, call at the Farm, or address

HENRY C. TILGHMAN,
mh9 Easton P. O., Talbot co., Md.

Spring Goods!

HAVING just returned from the city with a new and complete stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, AND HATS.

I desire to invite the attention of ALL to an examination of the same.

I have unquestionably the finest line of

GENTS' HATS

ever exhibited in this market.

All other goods have been purchased at

Bottom Figures,

and will be sold in the same way.

EVERY ARTICLE WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

Don't fail to examine here before closing the bargain elsewhere.

mb30 M. M. HIGGINS.

W. P. B. and L. ASSOCIATION OF TALBOT COUNTY, MD.

MARCH 24d, 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given that the President and Directors of this institution have declared a DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT. upon the capital Stock of this Association for the past six months, payable at the office of R. B. Dixon, Treasurer, on and after April 1st, 1875. By order of the Board, HENRY HOLLYDAY, Secretary.

mh 27-3t

Peter Simple.

THIS well known JACK will travel throughout Talbot county this season, commencing MARCH 30th and ending JUNE 30th, 1875. For terms and other particulars see handbills.

THOS. J. CLARK.
Easton, March 23d, 1875-3t

1875!

GRAND OPENING

OF

LADIES & GENTLEMENS' SPRING DRY GOODS Every day this Spring.

Ladies pronounce our Dry Goods the handsomest we ever had.

Our Cloth & Cassimer DEPARTMENT

excels any effort in the past.

COME ALL

and see our beautiful goods. Our rapid increase of business is without precedent in Easton.

The Reasons Why,

are evident to all who examine our stock and prices,

J. J. JUMP, & CO.

The New Spring Cassimeres

HAVE ARRIVED

AT RASIN'S.

GENTLEMEN are invited to give us a call, and examine the New styles of Fancy Cassimeres, Coatings and Vestings, just in from Philadelphia, now open.

JOSEPH RASIN.

SOMETHING NEW.

FOUR IN ONE.

CALL and see it, the latest thing out, at the store of JOSEPH RASIN.

NEW SPRING GOODS

HAVE BEEN FILLING IN

AT "RASIN'S"

For the past two weeks, and on

THURSDAY, APRIL 1ST,

Will be opening day for our full stock of New Spring Goods. The public are invited to give us a call and examine our stock.

JOSEPH RASIN.

ROSENTHAL'S Self Cutting and Fitting Yoke Pattern for Shirts, and Rosenthal's Patent Self Fitting Shirt Bosoms, all Linen, 25c, 31c, 37c, 50c, 62c, 75c, and 87c, new styles and warranted to insure a nice fit, at JOSEPH RASIN'S.

mh27

Grocery and Provision Store.

A New Store at the Old Stand.

WILLIAM K. LEONARD

HAVING taken the store lately occupied by Whittington Cox, at the corner of Washington and South streets, Easton, and completely stocked it with

Groceries & Provisions,

Will keep constantly on hand for sale at city cash prices,

SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES,
BACON, LARD, HAMS, BEEF,
SALT, VINEGAR, CHEESE,
MOLASSES, SYRUP, FLOUR,
TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS,
Soap, Candles, Starch, Coal Oil Pepper,
Ginger, Spices, Pipes, Brooms, Tubs,
Buckets, Feed, Crockery and
Glassware. Meal, Mustard, Cakes, Candy, Notions, &c.
Also, a fine lot of CANNED FRUIT
and VEGETABLES.
FLOUR by the barrel and at retail.
MEAL always on hand.

He will be glad to have a call from his many friends, promising to do as well by them as any store in the county.

mh30-1y WM. K. LEONARD.

Groceries! Groceries! Groceries!

THE largest stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and QUEENSWARE can be found at J. H. THOMPSON & SON'S.

WE can sell you goods at 5 per cent. less than you can buy them in Easton.

To Tea Drinkers.

We can show by far the largest and cheapest stock to be found this side of Baltimore. J. H. THOMPSON & SON.

WE have just received a large invoice of FLOUR of all qualities, which we will sell you at

CITY PRICES.

COME AND SEE US and we pledge to show you the largest and cheapest stock and give satisfaction in every way.

mh16 J. H. THOMPSON & SON.

SPECIAL

TO THE LADIES

We have just added to our large stock of goods a

BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

Hamburg Edgings and Insertings

purchased from one of the largest importers of these goods in this Country. We are therefore prepared to offer them at LOWEST CITY PRICES.

LADIES call and examine them.

COVINGTON & BATEMAN.

CORSETS.

We have a large stock of the most desirable styles at low prices. Our 50 cent

CORSETS

are suburb.

COVINGTON & BATEMAN.

SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES.

We have them suitable for all the best Sewing Machines.

COVINGTON & BATEMAN

1875. SPRING. 1875.

We are now receiving our usual large stock of SPRING DRY GOODS, which we are offering at greatly reduced prices. Beautiful Spring styles,

BLEACHED & BROWN MUSLINS, CALICOES, CASSIMERES, a large invoice of SHEETINGS, Tickings, &c.

We will open the season of 1875 with a stock complete in every respect, and prices guaranteed as low as can be found in the Easton market.

J. W. CHEEZUM & CO.

WASHINGTON STREET, EASTON.