Easton Star.

EASTON, MD.,

TUESDAY, FEB 13, 1877.

T. T. ROBSON Editor

THE BALTIMORE, CHESAPEAKE, AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

We are glad to learn that work on this road will be resumed in the Spring. When built, it will constitute a very important link in our Peninsular chain of railroads.

It would seem that the railroads of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, being all more friendly to the Delaware railroad, have been projected expressly to divert trade from Baltimore. We cannot go to Baltimore by any of them without going by Wilmington, which is within 32 miles of Philadelphia; then we have to come back and head the bay, making a long and expensive route. This is manifest by an just to our State emporium. It is can be avoided. Baltimore should not be placed in a disadvantage in this respect. If possible, it should be placed on an equality with Philadelphia as to distance and cost of transportation, and then if Philadelphia can beat Baltimore in the competition for our trade, so be it.

It was a bold idea of Dr. Goldsborough, President of the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Delaware Railroad Company, to cut the Delaware railroad in the middle, and turn the trade of the lower part of the peninsula to Baltimore. The Junction & Breakwater road starts at Lewis, the mouth of the Delaware bay, and runs to Harrington, on the Delaware road. The Baltimore, Chesapeake & Delaware Bay road is an extension of the Junction & Breakwater road across the country westward, to Love Point, on Kent Island, at the mouth of the Chester river, thence to Baltimore by steamers and floats.

The distance from Harrington to Baltimore by this new road will be 74 miles shorter than by the old route via Wilmington, and it will place the whole of the lower part of this Peninsula by rail nearer to Baltimore than it is to Philadelphia. The new road will cross the Md. & Del. road at Greensborough, and of course our railroad trade will then go to Baltimore by this short and cheap route instead of Philadelphia. It will be only a four hours run from Harrington or Easton to Baltimore. *One third of the road is already graded*, and as it is only 40 miles long it will not take long to complete it after the necessary financial arrangements are completed.

Baltimore made a great mistake 25 years ago, when it defeated the construction of the old Eastern Shore rail; and Delaware soon afterwards stepped in and built a trunk line down the peninsula, and now the Eastern Shore trade is diverted to Philadelphia by reason of the Delaware road. This artificial and unnatural state of affairs must be corrected, or Baltimore must compete for this trade at great disadvantage. Of all the projects which have been suggested to correct the mistakes of the past, and restore to Baltimore what she has lost by reason of our railroad system, this Baltimore, Chesapeake & Delaware Bay railroad project appears to us to be the most practicable. Persons can come up the Delaware railroad to Harrington and change cars; then in less than two hours they will be on a Steamer at the mouth of the Chester river in sight of Baltimore city. The route will be short and cheap, and that must make it popular. All the other Maryland railroads on the Peninsula are tributary to the Delaware road, and their business is dwarfed by the tariff of the P. W. & B. road; the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Delaware Bay road in connection with the Junction & Breakwater road will be an entirely independent line, and can regulate its tariffs to suit itself, without consulting the P. W. & B. road.

But will it pay to build this road? We think it will. It runs through a splendid country and must do a fine local business. It will necessarily command all of the Baltimore railroad trade and travel of the Peninsula except from Dorchester, and even a portion of that county. It will draw a large portion of Sussex county trade to Baltimore, because of the shortness of the distance. In connection with the Old Dominion Steamship Company, it will open a short and direct route from Washington and Baltimore to Cape May, Ocean city, Long Branch &c. It will be *the route* from Baltimore to Rehoboth. In summer it will be a delightful route between Baltimore and New York. It will open a new route for the peach trade of this section, both to Baltimore and New York. A few miles added to the Queen Annes road would enable it to form a junction with Baltimore, Chesapeake & Delaware Bay Road somewhere between Wye Mills and Queenstown, and then Baltimore might even compete for the trade of New Castle county, Del. When the road is built, there is scarcely a doubt that the Government would establish a coal depot at Lewis; and the Cumberland coal from Baltimore for the depot would necessarily be transported over this short and direct route. No other road could compete with it for that trade. Goods freighted from Baltimore for the lower part of the Eastern Shore of Md. and Va. would necessarily go by this route, because the freight would be less, and they would reach their destination quicker than by any other route. We think the road would possess sources of revenue far surpassing those of any other road on the Peninsula and we have no question about its paying, and paying handsomely.

We sincerely hope that Dr. Goldsborough may succeed in Building this road. The merchants of Baltimore take a lively interest in its progress; the Board of Trade of Baltimore has approved it; and it is not unlikely that the city may extend it to a helping hand, by endorsing the bonds of the Company, so as to assure its early construction. It is really a Baltimore road, projected in the interests of Baltimore, and when built, it will restore to the present generation of Baltimore traders the profitable Eastern Shore business which was so unwisely thrown away by the past generation. As a mail route the road will be very important, as it will overtop all others by placing the mail more daily papers in the hands of the people of the eastern shore at least three hours in advance of the Philadelphia and New York papers. If anyone will consider for a moment the advantages to business by a saving of *seventy four* miles in distance; the difference there will be in the cost of freight; the rapidity with which people here may go to and return from Balt more as trading out; he must admit that the speedy construction of this road is a necessity, alike important to the Eastern Shore and to Baltimore.

A Petition was presented in the New York Assembly on Tuesday, setting forth that the mismanagement and failure of sunday life insurance companies have produced distrust and alarm in the public mind, and praying the Legislature to take such action at an early day as will give greater protection and security to policy holders by putting the business on a economical, more legitimate and more economical basis. This petition is signed by Millionaires of New York city, and the New York Sun says they have not become excited on the subject they have seen the Sun. Sun.

Some two hundred years ago the bank officers of China were hanged for embezzling or misapplying the money of their employers. At the present day they only lay it all out in opium. This proceeding, however, is not quite so fatal to their employers. From that day to this, over two hundred years, there has not been one single "irregularity" found in the accounting one single bank officer in the Chinese empire.

We opine it will require the practice of a little Chinese justice in the conduct of our "policy holders" will have any security and protection" against the thieving rascality of the rapacious office-holders of our Life Insurance Companies.

These gentry, or at least some of them, all of a sudden become deeply concerned for the welfare of "widows and orphans." They organize Life Insurance Companies, and send out their solicitors to weep over the desolation of Zion, and persuade credulous country people to invest in life policies, so that the widow and orphan may be provided for in the event of the death of the head of the family. A very good thing, if those who handle the widow and orphan's money are honest; but a very bad thing when the officers of the company are a set of arrant knaves. Those blood suckers care about as much for the widows and orphans of policy holders, as a cannibal does about a Missionary's fat baby. Both are anxious to be devoured.

Within a year or two past, a number of big life insurance companies have gone into receivership. The officers who went into the ventures poor, came out rich, and left the policy holders nothing. Generally one of their own pals is appointed to settle up the concern; and if anything is left he gets it. In some instances the chief manager spends the money in riotous living, in keeping fast horses, and in supporting fast women.

If the people of New York have become "excited" on the subject, they should go to work promptly and hang those who have cheated the widow and the orphan, deal with them as the Chinese did with their dishonest bankers, and let the world know that they intend to hang every insurance officer within their borders who betrays the trust imposed in them by confiding policy holders and it will not be long before the evils now complained of will cease, and the business will be placed "on a sounder, more legitimate, and more economical basis." What is needed is more honesty in the management of life insurance companies. *Hemp* is the remedy. If New York will commence the work, and the other States will but follow her example, it will not take long to reform these mismanaged and rotten institutions. No half way measures can reach the disease. If there are companies honestly managed, their officers will not object to the most desperate measures. If they are the friends of the widow and orphan, they will glory in seeing those who rob them punished as they deserve. We know that the dishonest—those who have stolen the money they have been intrusted with—will cry out against the Chinese method, but in a matter so grave neither their advice nor their wishes should be heeded. We could name several of these vampires, (who have taken the money of confiding victims,—lead on to destruction by their *polished* statements) who ought to swing, and if the people about them who have suffered with others, do not hang them to bleach between heaven and earth, they will not do them justice. These swindling companies usually employ many good, honest men to solicit for them, and when the break down comes, these innocent canvassers are blamed for the disaster, when in fact they have nothing whatever to do with taking care of the money they collect from policy holders and are in nowise responsible for the irregularities in the management, or misappropriation of the funds. These men should always hold themselves ready to take part in punishing those who victimize them with the policy holders. While the law against dishonest insurance officers remains so lenient as to allow them to escape punishment, Judge Linch should assert his authority, and bring them to justice, whenever they are found swindling the widow and the orphan. One or two examples would be a powerful corrective; and some of the recent failures are of a sufficiently aggravating character as to justify the Judge in asserting his authority now; and there is no doubt that the excitement he would cause by opening his court in or near New York city, would have a most benign influence on the New York and New Jersey legislatures which now have the business under consideration.

FLORIDA COUNTED FOR HAYES.—The Electoral Commission, or, rather, the Republican majority of the commission, have counted Florida for Hayes. It would seem from this decision, that the Democrats overestimated the character of the Judges of the Supreme Court, in trusting to their impartiality in deciding the votes of the disputed States. The vote on the question was 8 Republicans to 7 Democrats, the Republican Judges voting with the Republican Congressmen. The Republican majority of the commission refused to inquire into the merits of the question, ignored the evidence taken in the case, recognized nothing but the bogus certificate of Gov. Stearnes, and decided that a fraudulent Hayes return, certified as good by a perjured Governor, was better in law and justice than a true Tilden return, certified by an honest and truthful Governor, backed by a ruling of the Supreme Court of Florida, and an act of the Florida legislature. This decision will prove exceedingly damaging to the Supreme court judges who participated in it by satisfying the country that they are no more impartial than other partisans. There are points in the Louisiana case not in the Florida case, but as the Judges have clothed a carpet bag return board's return with a kind of sanctity, which must not be looked into or questioned it is not likely that they will deal any more fairly with the Louisiana than they did with the Florida contest. After they have gulped down both Florida and Louisiana, they will be hot enough by that time to reverse their decision, and give Hayes the three votes of Oregon, and thus consummate in a peaceable way the conspiracy concocted by Morton, Chandler and Sherman, by force of arms, to defeat the inauguration of Mr. Tilden.

Joseph H. Maddox Gov. Well's financial agent in the Louisiana returning board business, made most damaging exposures of Wells' corrupt transactions on Wednesday and Thursday of last week. As soon as the evidence was given, a telegram announced that "*Gov. Wells is sick*;" and when Gov. Kellogg read it, he is reported as having said: "*This is h——ll—aint it?*" Kellogg doubtless was to finger part of the one million of dollars that Wells went for.

The bill in the Pennsylvania legislature, providing for the removal of the State Capital from Harrisburg to Philadelphia, has been defeated. Pittsburg will not now secede and join the Panhandle, as it threatened to do, in the event of the passage of the bill.

Congress has passed the bill abolishing the Police Board of Washington over the veto of the President. This is bad for Mr. Hayes.

Mr. P. P. Bliss, author of "Hold the Fort," who was killed in the Ashtabula bridge disaster, left his family a sum of money insufficient for their needs. A generous, christian public contributed to make up a handsome sum, and now Mr. Moody intimates that the churches have been so liberal that no more is needed.

Gen. Sherman is staying at Hotel Dieu, Paris. He is suffering from a cold.

Millionaire claims to have the handsomest woman photographed.

THE ELECTORAL COMMISSION—

THE FIRST DECISION

William M. Evarts and Charles O'Conor concluded the argument in the Florida case on Monday 5th. The commission then deliberated during Tuesday and Wednesday, as to what evidence it would consider, and at 4 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday its decision was announced. The following dispatch contain the order passed.

REGULAR ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON, February 7.—The electoral commission commenced their session to-day at 10 o'clock, and continued until 4. The following is the minute on the official record of the commission:

On motion of Mr Justice Miller: "Ordered, That no evidence will be received or considered by the commission which was not submitted to the joint convention of the two houses by the president of the Senate with the different certificates, except such as relates to the eligibility of F. C. Humphries, one of the electors." The vote is as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Bradley, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Garfield, Hoar, Miller, Morton, and Strong—8. Nays—Messrs. Abbott, Bayard, Clifford, Field, Hunton, Payne and Thurman—7.

On motion of Mr. Abbott "Resolved, that in the case of Florida this commission will receive evidence relating to the eligibility of Frederick C. Humphries, one of the persons named in the certificate No. 1 as elector."

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Bayard, Bradley, Clifford, Field, Hunton, Payne, and Thurman—8. Nays—Messrs. Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Garfield, Hoar, Miller, Morton and Strong—7.

The secretary of the commission was instructed to inform the counsel on the respective sides that at 11 o'clock to-morrow it will be prepared to hear argument on the question of the eligibility of Frederick C. Humphries as an elector. Mr. Humphries is one of the republican electors, and the question raised as to his eligibility is that he was at the date of his election a United States shipping commissioner, which is alleged to be such an office of trust or profit as to disqualified him from acting as an elector, but which office, it is asserted by the republicans, he resigned before the election.

The commission by their decision to-day will have before them in the Florida case three sets of papers, namely: First, the certificates of the Hayes electors; secondly, that of the Tilden electors; and third, the paper containing the record of the Circuit Court of Florida on the *quo warranto* and subsequent action of the Legislature of the state.

THE VOTE OF FLORIDA FOR HAYES.

WASHINGTON, February 9.

The electoral Commission were in secret session from 10 o'clock this morning until half past 3 o'clock this evening continuously, with the exception of two short recesses. Almost the entire time until nearly the close of the session was occupied with debate, in which every one of the fifteen members by turns participated. Two or three of the Justices and several of the Senatorial members read elaborately prepared opinions on the main points at issue, and the discussion is understood to have been from its commencement to the close of extraordinary power and ability. The question of the eligibility of F. C. Humphreys was not made the subject of much discussion, nor was any vote taken concerning it. About six o'clock the debate being ended, Senator Edmunds submitted a resolution declaring in substance that the four Republican electoral votes of Florida should be counted, and embodying, also, various reasons for such declaration. Representative Hunton offered the following as a substitute:

Resolved, That the electors named in certificate No. 2, to wit: Wilkinson Call, J. E. Yonge, Robert Bullock and Robert B Hilton, are the four persons who were duly appointed electors by the State of Florida on the 7th of November, and that their votes as certified by such certificate are the votes provided for by the Constitution of the United States.

This substitute was rejected by the following vote: Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Bayard, Clifford, Field, Hunton, Payne, and Thurman—7. Nays—Messrs Bradley, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Garfield, Hoar, Miller, Morton and Strong—8.

Mr. Edmunds then withdrew his resolution, and Mr. Garfield offered the following, which was adopted by the foregoing vote reversed:

Resolved, That the four persons, to wit: Frederick C. Humphreys, Charles W. Pearce, William H Holden and T. W. Long, were duly appointed electors of President and Vice President of Florida, and that the votes cast by the aforesaid four persons are the votes provided for by the Constitution of the United States.

The vote in detail on the adoption of this resolution was as follows: Yeas—Messrs. Bradley, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Garfield, Hoar, Miller, Morton and Strong—8. Nays—Messrs. Abbott, Bayard, Clifford, Field, Hunton, Payne and Thurman—7.

On motion of Mr. Garfield, Messrs Edmunds, Bradley, and Miller were appointed a committee to draft a report of the decision of the commission, with a brief statement of the reasons therefor to be signed by the members agreeing therein, and to be transmitted to the joint session of the two houses as required by the electoral act. The argumentative resolution previously offered and withdrawn by Mr Edmunds was adopted by the committee of three, with a few verbal changes, as their report, and about 8 o'clock P. M it was signed by eight members of the commission who had voted for the adoption of Garfield's resolution.

THE EVIDENCE OF GOV. WELL'S RASCALITY.

It will be remembered that Joseph H. Maddox swore before the House Committee now investigating the Louisiana fraud, that Gov. Wells authorized him to sell the vote of the State of Louisiana to the friends of either Tilden or Hayes, whichever would pay the most for it. It was valued by Wells at $1 000 000. Wells having denied the charge, Maddox has produced the following letters from Wells as corroborating evidence, Maddox brought the letters to Washington with him when he left New Orleans on the 21st of November, but did not deliver the one to Senator West. They fasten the rascality on Wells as tight as wax. After Maddox failed to negotiate with the Republicans, he tried the Democrats through an agent. Col. Pockett. John Morrissey said, he would have no more compunction about buying Wells and his crowd than he would about buying so many pigs, but he was not in that business.

NEW ORLEANS, November 20, 1876

To Mr J. H. Maddox, New Orleans.

Dear Sir: Understanding the condition of Political matters here from association with both political parties, and a friend of the President and a government office, would it not be considered a part of your duties to be close to Washington, with as little delay as possible, and place before the President the condition and the pending dangers of the situation? Should you consider, upon prompt action in the premises, allow me to commend you to Senator West, who is my friend, and with whom you will freely communicate.

Yours, very truly,

J. MADISON WELLS.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 21, 1876.

My dear Maddox:

I regret much not being able to see you when here. I wanted to say much to you which it would be, at least, imprudent to put upon paper. I trust, however, to meet you in Washington as soon as the canvass is over, which is upon us. Our duties as returning officers have augmented the magnitude of the destiny of the two great parties, may I not say the nation. I fully comprehend the situation as well as my duty to the greatest living general, U. S. Grant, and not with my consent shall this oppressed people be governed by his paroled prisoners, aided by their whitelivered cowards of the North—Let me, my esteemed sir, warn you of the danger. Millions have been sent here, and will be used in the interest of Tilden. Unless there is some counter movement, it will be impossible for me, or any other individual, to arrest its productive results. The gentleman presenting this letter is fully aware of the moves, and, if you allow, will communicate freely to our friends, and act promptly, or results will be disastrous—A hint to the wise. Strictly private and confidential.

Yours, very truly,

J. MADISON WELLS.

To the Hon. J. R. West.

Washington, D. C

CHECKMATE TO OREGAN.

SOME REPUBLICAN TELEGRAMS THAT SHOW ZACH CHANDLER'S HAND.

WASHINGTON, February 7.—The Senate committee on the Oregan case was in session to-day. Senator Kernan introduced the following dispatches in evidence:

NEW YORK, November 8.—To John H. Mitchell or H. W. Scott, Portland, Oregon: We are now absolutely certain of 185 votes for Hayes if Oregon is safe, and Tilden is sure of the rest. Can you certainly defeat all democratic attempts by fraud, false counting or bribery to capture it? Answer when sure. Z. CHANDLER.

PORTLAND, OREGON, November 9.—To Hon Z Chandler, New York, Have no fear for Oregon; it is absolutely certain for Hayes and Wheeler. Our majority is at least one thousand. Every precaution has been taken from the first against fraud. The democrats concede that the election has been fair, and admit publicly that we have the state by at least 800. Our anxiety is not for Oregan, but other States. Give me the latest reliable information.

JOHN H. MITCHELL.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 9.—Honorable John H. Mitchell, Portland Oregan, Hayes is elected if Oregon is certain. Get returns as soon as possible and announce result.—Make special arrangements against fraud, which will be attempted. Watch every precinct. Answer. A. A. SARGENT.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Hon. John H. Mitchell, Portland, Oregon; Without Oregon, Hayes is defeated. Don't be defrauded. Hasten returns. Answer.

W E CHANDLER

NEW YORK, November 8.—Hon. John H. Mitchell: Returns elect Hayes sure, with Oregon, which, is indispensible. Use utmost vigilance. W. E CHANDLER

PORTLAND, November 15, 1876.—Hon J H Mitchell, Palace Hotel, San Francisco: The democrats claim Watts ineligible, being postmaster at the time of the election. He has now resigned and his resignation is accepted. Vote not being canvassed yet. He will undoubtedly be all right. In the event of the secretary of state refusing to give the certificate to Watts and recognizing the democrat having the next highest vote, Cartwright and Odell will refuse to recognize and will appoint Watts, *and they vote*. Have you any good news? STEELE.

The last of these dispatches sustains Cronin's evidence before the Committees, to the effect that Cartwright and Odell, Hayes electors, refused to meet with him to cast the vote of Oregon, by showing that it was a part of the Republican programme that they should refuse to do so. In this respect Steele's dispatch to Mitchell is highly important—There is no doubt now that Cronin's statement is true.

VERDICT AND RECOMMENDATIONS IN REGARD TO THE BROOKLYN DISASTER.

NEW YORK, January 31.—The coroner's jury inquest on the victims of the Brooklyn Theatre fire rendered their verdict this morning. They find that two of the victims came to their death by burns, and that the remaining 218 died of suffocation. They are led to believe by the evidence that more than that number perished in the fire. They find.

First—That there was no responsible head of the employees.

Second—That there was no discipline among them.

Third—That appliances for the extinguishing of fire were wholly inadequate.

Fourth—That the fire hose was not in its place for use.

Fifth.—That the stage was overcrowded with scenery.

Sixth.—Indifference to danger in not providing proper appliances to extinguish fires; although two conflagrations had occurred in the same theatre previously.

The jury declare that the business management was culpable in not providing better means of exit, and reach the following conclusions and recommendations.

First.—The erection in theatres of a brick wall extending from cellar to roof, dividing the stage from the auditorium.

Second—Fire hydrants on the stage, two on the stage, one on the fly gallery and one in front of the lobby, with proper lengths of hose, subject to frequent examination to insure its being ready at all times for use.

Third—Trained employees to attend to the hose and hydrants

In the fourth, fifth and sixth conclusions the jury recommend wide staircases from the galleries, the use of material to render scenery incombustible, and placing of proper screens over border lights.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE OF A LADY.—Information was received here to-day of a sad case of attempted suicide, which occurred near Glyment, in Charles county, Md., during the latter part of last week. It seems that a young lady a member of one of the most respected families in Charles county; deliberately left her home and went to the edge of a marsh near by, where she cut her throat from ear to ear; and made a gash in each of her arms. Finding that death did not ensue at once from the cuts, she attempted to drown herself in the marsh, and failing in this, succeeded in dragging herself to the kitchen of her father's house, where she fell fainting from the loss of blood. No cause for the rash attempt can be assigned, and the lady herself refuses to give any, only saying that she intended to kill herself. At last accounts she was in a critical condition.—*Alexandria Gazette, January 30.*

—The existing famine in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies in India will cost at least $32 000 000. Already in Bombay an area of 54,000 square miles is affected, and in Madras the total area affected 84,700 square miles. In the two Presidencies twenty-seven millions of human beings are suffering. The Indian Government, while anxious to do all in its power, considers it absolutely necessary in order to avoid national bankruptcy, to exercise the severest economy.—The people are to be employed on relief works, but are to be paid only enough to give them a bare subsistence. Private trade in grain will not be interfered with and the Madras Government has been censured for purchasing 30,000 tons of grain at the beginning of the scarcity.—Sir Richard Temple says the Bombay officials have the famine well in hand, but that matters are less satisfactory in Madras where he found a disposition to expend excessive sums and to admit to the relief works without exacting the proper tests.

General Sherman naturally objects to being called a soldier politician. He is a soldier and politician. He is a soldier and a politician.

New Advertisements.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

In the Town of St Michaels.

BY virtue of authority of the Circuit Court for Talbot County sitting in equity, the undersigned, will offer at public auction in front of the town hall in the town of St. Michaels, Talbot County, on

Saturday, March 17th, 1877,

at 3 o'clock p.m., that valuable house and lot situate on Mulberry street, between the property of Oliver P. Sparks and Church street, and immediately opposite the residence of Capt. George Tyler, which formerly belonged to Mary Thomas, deceased.

The lot front south 128 feet on Mulberry street—the street running from Main street to Lambdin's wharf—and runs back, west, 146 feet, more or less, to a marsh lot belonging to James Benson; is bounded on the East by the property of O. P. Sparks, and on the West by church street. It is improved by a single story Frame Dwelling and back buildings in fair repair, and a carpenter's shop on the corner of the lot next to Church street. It is as desirable a location as any in St. Michaels—being on a wide street and in the heart of the town.

The property will be first offered in three lots, then as an entirety, the trustee reserving the right to accept the bid or bids which shall bring the most money.

LOT NO. 1.

Is an unimproved lot, lying next to the Sparks property, fronting 60 feet on Mulberry street, and running back 146 feet to Benson's lot.

LOT NO. 2.

Fronts 60 feet on Mulberry street is west of and adjoins lot No. 1; is 146 feet deep, and improved by the dwelling aforesaid and apurtenances.

LOT NO. 3.

Fronts 38 feet on Mulberry street, is west of lot No. 2 and east of Church street. It has on it a Carpenter's shop, and is a desirable location for business.

TERMS.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree, are, One-Half of the purchase money to be paid in Cash, on the day of sale; the balance in nine months from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bond with security to be approved by the trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale. On the payment of the whole purchase money, a good title in fee simple will be conveyed, the purchaser paying for title papers.

J. W. BRYANT, Trustee.

feb13-ts C

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE it hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot County in the State of Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of

THOMAS H. LEONARD,

late of Talbot County deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same properly authenticated to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of August A.D. 1877, otherwise they may be by law excluded from the benefit of the said decease's estate

JAS. M. LEONARD,
JONATHAN H LEONARD,
Executors of Thos. H Leonard, deceased

feb13 3t

ACTIVE AGENTS, GENTLEMEN OR LADIES, wanted *instantly* to introduce a splendid book,

CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION

DESCRIBED AND ILLUSTRATED.

nearly 800 pages, rich illustrations, superb bindings, very attractive, and a treasure as the best and cheapest history of the Great Exhibition. Endorsed by the officials, press and clergy. Is selling immensely. One lady of no experience has cleared $350 in four weeks. Act quickly, if at all. Now or never. For full particulars address HUBBARD BROS, Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted by note or open account to the late Joseph V. B Wright, are hereby notified that payment of the same must be made ON OR BEFORE THE FIRST OF MAY NEXT, as I shall proceed to collect according to law all claims remaining due at that date. *Prompt attention will save Costs.*

A. A. PASCAULT,
Atty. for Mrs. E. A Wright, Executrix of J. V. B Wright, decd.

feb13.3t

HUBBARD has at his Provision Store on Dover Street a good article of SEED OATS for sale. Come and see

For Rent.

THE house and lot on the creek, a short distance below Easton Point, where John Williams lately lived. A first-rate place for an oysterman.

feb13 3w R. C. HOLLYDAY.

For Sale.

SEVERAL superior Milch Cows, fresh to the pail, with young calves will be sold low. Apply to Editor of the STAR.

feb13 3t

Stationery.

DIRECT from Mount Holly Mills. In large assorted quantities. Made to my express order. Wholesale and Retail,

G. W. MINNICK,
opposite the Bank.

Valentines,
Valentines,
Valentines!
Valentines!
Valentines!
Valentines!!

For Sale at R. J. Trippe's.

THE very thing you have been looking for, Lamp Chimneys that WILL NOT BREAK, for sale at R. J. Trippe's.

SEND 25c. to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.

Only 15 cts.
Only 15 cts.
Only 15 cts.

THE Handy package Dyes. The Best Dyes in Use. One package will dye a pound of goods and cost only 15 cents For sale at R. J. TRIPPE'S.

Safety Lamps.

ANOTHER Supply of PERKINS & HOUSE SAFETY LAMPS, at greatly Reduced Prices. We have tried them for more than three years, and can say without hesitation, they are the very best Lamps; we have sold, and all who have used them bear the same testimony.

For sale at R. J. TRIPPE'S.

Hurricane Lanterns

The best and most convenient in use. For sale by HENRY & GOLDSBOROUGH.

Triumphant Prize Drawing.

TOWN LOTS!

100 Tickets $10 each No blank tickets.
One Prize of One Hundred Dollars.

Each ticket represents a town lot, 50x150 feet, in the new and thriving village of Claiborne, Talbot Co., Md

Only 100 tickets will be issued

This almost giving away of lots is done for the simple purpose of securing co-operation and influence of persons who otherwise would be interested in the success of that new town. This village is unrivalled in location, will shortly have a population of one hundred.

PLAN OF DRAWING.

Tickets representing every town lot numbered and located as shown on a map of the town, on file in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot County, will be placed in the drawing box from which one hundred tickets will be drawn, any one or for persons entitled to do so. Immediately after the lot distribution the drawing of the prize of One Hundred Dollars by the ticket holders will take place. The drawing will take place at the Town Hall, St. Michaels, Talbot county, Md., on

Thursday, March 1st, 1877,

at 8 o'clock, P. M. Subscriptions taken and further particulars furnished by Chas. H. Gibson, Easton; John T. Harrison, St. Michaels; N. Valiant, Tilghman's Island.

JOHN C. HARPER,
CHAS H GIBSON,
G E HADDAWAY,
Managers.

Title papers will be furnished at a trifling cost

feb6 2w

Notice to Creditors.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber of Talbot county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot County, in the State of Maryland letters testamentary on the personal estate of

BARCLAY HASKINS,

late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with vouchers thereof legally authenticated to the subscriber, on or before the fifteenth day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 2d day of February, A. D. 1877.

CHARLES P. CRAIG,
Executor of Barclay Haskins, dec'd.

feb6 3t

BUILDING.

Charles E. Gatten,

THE oldest builder and contractor in Easton served his time in Baltimore city, guarantees to give satisfaction to all who employ him.

Contracts for wood and brick work, plastering, painting and upholstering. Jobs taken in town or country, by the day or by contract. Thankful for past favors he solicits a continuance of the public patronage. feb6,77yr

FISH.

A. W. ROWE & BRO.,

Commission Merchants & Shippers,
13 & 14 Del. Ave. Fish Market,
PHILADELPHIA.

All consignments promptly handled Fish of all kinds sold on commission Box as free. Returns made same day of sale.

References—Corn Exchange Bank, N. E. corner Second and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia; Moon & Lanphear, Fulton Market, N. Y. feb6-6m

THE WOODBERRY NEWS.

The Great Family and Literary Paper.

Devoted to

REFORM IN CHURCH AND STATE,

Regardless of parties and creeds. Publishes splendid stories, sound editorials and practical literature. Treats of Agriculture, Horticulture, Bee Culture, Window Gardening, Poultry Raising, and all subjects pertaining to rural life and cottage homes. No family can afford to be without it. Each subscriber receives the magnificent steel engraving—

"GOOD MORNING,"

the retail price of which is $5. Terms $1.50 per annum, postage prepaid. Specimen copies for four consecutive weeks sent upon receipt of 10 cts. Address, "Woodberry News,"

feb6tr Woodberry, Md.

Wood for Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given given that the subscriber has opened a WOOD YARD at EASTON DEPOT. Wood of all kinds delivered anywhere in town. Orders left with Mr. Jack Griffith, at Thompson & Kersey's store, promptly attended to. Residence on Railroad Avenue, beyond the depot LEWIS O. WARNER.

jan30tf

LAWYERS BLANKS of every description supplied by

G. W. MINNICK,
opposite the Bank

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot County, in the State of Maryland, letters Testamentary on the personal estate of

JOSEPH V. B. WRIGHT,

late of Talbot county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to present them properly authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of January, A D 1878, otherwise they may be by law excluded from the benefits of the said deceased's estate.

ELIZABETH A WRIGHT,
Executrix of Joseph V. B. Wright, dec'd.
A. A. PASCAULT,
Attorney for Executrix.

jan30-3t

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Ask the recovered Dyspeptic, Bilious sufferer, victims of Fever and Ague, the mercurial diseased patient how they recovered health, cheerful spirits and good appetite—they will tell you by taking SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c.

This universal Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will cure all Diseases caused by derangement of the Liver and Bowels.

The Symptoms of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache; Loss of Memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done, *Debility, Low Spirits*, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption.

Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not regulated in time great suffering, wretchedness and Death will ensue.

I can recommend as an efficacious remedy for disease of the Liver, Heartburn and Dyspepsia, Simmons Liver Regulator.

LEWIS G. WOODS, 1625 Master Street,
Assistant Postmaster, Philadelphia.

"We have tested its virtues personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and Throbbing Headache, it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We have tried forty other remedies before Simmons' Liver Regulator, but none of them gave us more than temporary relief, but the Regulator not only relieved, but cured us."—*Ed. Telegraph and Messenger, Macon, Ga.*

Manufactured only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Ga., and Philadelphia.

Price $1. Sold by all Druggists.

Oct10,12-1y

CAKES, CAKES.—I will have a nice assortment of Cakes baked each week, large Fruit Cakes, Pound Cakes, &c., which will be sold very cheap. JOHN M. MASON.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves!

THE BEST IN USE.

The Emerald,
Virgin Queen,
Virginia,
Welcome,
Sea-Bird,
and Advance

Cook Stoves; also a beautiful

6-Hole Portable Range,

with or without Warming Oven, for either wood or coal. A large variety of

HEATING STOVES,

including the new *Silver Light*, double illuminating, self-feeding and self-cleaning grate. Also, the celebrated

FAME

Fire-Place Heater

The most Powerful, Durable and Economical Stove made, so conceded by all who have used them. Saves one-third the fuel, and will keep fire from the beginning to the ending of Winter without going out. This Stove is constructed upon an entirely new plan, taking its draft from the top, thereby throwing the heat to the floor, warming the rooms much more effectually than any other Fire-Place Stove.

Don't buy until you have seen and examined this Stove.

T. C. NICOLS,
Easton, Md.

CarriageRobes,
Horse Covers,
Carriage,
Wagon
and Cart

HARNESS,

THOS. C. NICOLS

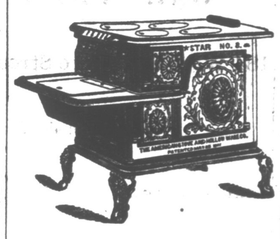
oct23,76

TUTHILL & AVERY,

1876.

STOVES

The Best,
The Star,
The Utility,
The Cricket,
The Carrol Cook,
The Excelsior Cook,
The Menumental Cook,
The Talbot County Cook,



The Ingleside Double Heater, The Open Franklin,
The Lightning Heater, The Sunny Side,
The Wildflower, The Parlor.

These are but a part of the Stoves we keep in stock, representing the best foundrys in Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Some of them made especially for us, and on which, we can give special figures. We warrant every Stove we sell!!!

We have a full and carefully selected

LINE OF

HORSE COVERS,
LAP ROBES
AND BUFFALO ROBES,

which we will sell as low as any *one here or in the city.*

Remember we have

A Foundry,
A Tin Shop,
A Harness Shop,
A Machine Shop,
A Blacksmith Shop,
A Wheelright Shop,

and the largest Stock of Hardware, Tin Ware, Machinery, Blacksmith and Carriage-Makers Supplies kept this side of Wilmington, and at prices that we warrant.

Having recently bought the stock, fixtures and goodwill of John T. Braty, we will Make, Repair and sell Harness at figures that defy competition. Try us, we will do you good. Respectfully,

TUTHILL & AVERY.

FEB. 1877.

BLEACHED MUSLINS,
Unbleached Muslins,
Bleached Sheetings,
Unbleached Sheetings,
All the leading brands,
At lowest prices.
Covington & Bateman.

TABLE LINENS,
Napkins, Towels,
Crashes, all grades,
At lowest prices.
Covington & Bateman.

NEW SPRING CALICOES,
New Spring Percales,
New Shirting Calicoes,
New Shirting Percales,
Covington & Bateman.

JCUVIN'S gold medal Kid Gloves
Best Glove Made,
For only 75 cents.
Covington & Bateman

TOBACCO FOR SMOKERS,
Tobacco for Chewers,
The best 75 cent Tobacco in Easton
The best 80 cent Tobacco in Easton
An excellent Tobacco for 65 cts.
Special prices on Tobacco, to persons who buy in quantities of 10lbs or over.

COVINGTON & BATEMAN

PRICES REDUCED.

J. W. CHEEZUM & CO

Having determined to close out their large stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

At a great Redu