Easton Star.

EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY, FEB. 20, 1877.

E. K. BOZMAN, Editor.

The Republican majority of the Kansas Legislature, in spite of the Democratic efforts to prevent it, has organized by electing Mr. Hayes's friends to the principal offices. The Democrats in Congress have begun and dealt with the Republicans as they may have treated to them to deal fairly in settling the Presidential controversy—anything in the honest rights of the matter, and have been cheated. That is the long and the short of the matter. The Republican leaders keep on faith with any Party when it interferes with their ambition to do as they expect the Democrats in Congress to keep faith with them and the country, by accepting and treating Mr. Hayes as though he was the legal President, honestly and fairly elected? Will they do it?

"A SHOT AT PACKARD."

A Fight And Its Cause in New Orleans.—The Boston Governor Schemes—an Insane Kind—But Amusing—Governor Wormoth—Answers to Make a Fourteen Shooter, &c.

New Orleans, February 15.—The article in Times has the following: "At half-an-hour before dusk this morning the vicinity of the Governor's room in the St. Louis street Slide Hotel was with the sharp reports of two pistol shots, followed simultaneously, and in an instant thereafter by a general rush toward the gentleman's apartment. Here it appeared that Mr. Packard, while seated in his chair, surrounded by a half-dozen officers, had been suddenly assaulted by one of the parties, who, having a pistol and pointing it at Mr. Packard's breast, almost pulled the trigger, when the latter seized Mr. Packard's wrist with one hand, and with the other struck Mr. Packard in the face. At that instant Mr. Packard seized with the assailant and threw him to the floor. Although the party had fired two shots, he did not take the precaution to divest the person of his pistol, but, on his being thrown down, the latter drew another from his pocket and fired at Mr. Packard, who, in the meantime, had succeeded in throwing his assailant on his back. The assailant was then secured by the officers, who had by this time gained the room, and he was conducted to the Second Station. The assailant is represented to be a newspaper reporter, by representing himself to be a correspondent of the Philadelphia Press. A search was instituted and it now is alleged that another participant in the affair.

There was no blood shown by the bullet only a slight bruise. Packard's face shows no sign of a bruise. Packard claims to be one of a Louisiana militia in Pennsylvania. Rating asks his name he replied only patriot. Long, tall, only hair in face Grecian twenty-five years.

WHAT GOV. HAYES SAYS OF IT.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 12.—The following dispatch has been received here from Gov. Hayes relating to the attempt to assassinate Gov. Packard at New Orleans this morning:

New Orleans, February 12, 1877. R. B. Hayes, Gov. Stearns, Wm. Lyon, Washington, D. C.—Attempt assassinate Gov. Packard was evidently premeditated. Pistol was fired twice at close range, but he escaped with only bruise in face. Gov. Packard was expecting attempt, and had only been in New Orleans twenty-four hours. Gov. Packard was shot by a young man, who gave his name as Joseph Rastin, but whom, it was said, some have recognized as a person of that name who was formerly a reporter for the Cincinnati Gazette, and who, it is alleged, was in the employ of the Associated Press. The assassin was immediately arrested and taken to the station house. Gov. Packard was not in his chair when the assassin came in, but was talking with a friend, who had just left him, and who was standing at his left. The assassin came up behind Gov. Packard, and, without a word, fired his pistol at the back of his head. The ball struck him in the right side of the face, and he fell forward on his face. The assassin then fired a second shot, which did not take effect, and was then seized by the officers and taken to the station house. Gov. Packard's face is very much bruised, but he is able to be about his office. Gov. Packard's friends are very much excited, and it is feared that some violence may be attempted to the person of the assassin