Easton Star.

EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1878.

T. K. ROBSON, Editor

It is cruel for parents to let their children suffer with coughs and colds, which in so many cases lead to consumption and premature death. Give Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup a trial.

Fashion Then and Now.

The bill which has lately taken account always takes ample precaution upon the approach of winter, while the maiden without one of these garments is engaged in circulating the report that they are to be outlawed in the fashionable. She may be the victim of mirth for fashions are constantly changing. When we were young, it was the fashion to build custard pies square, but now they are constructed round, and in the fall of 1878 will be quilted in the style of the Average Dwelling house. One thing, however, continues fashionable, and that is—rheumatism, in its various types. Upon this subject, R. G. Kettlewell, a gentleman connected with the Baltimore Salvage Corps, says: "From a severe attack of rheumatism, in which the knees and ankles of my legs were drawn up in knots from the excessively acute pain, has taken one third of a bottle of Keller's Roman Liniment entirely cured me."

Trade in New York Correspondence.

(Expressly reported for the EASTON STAR.)

Now that the two important questions, whether we shall have hard or soft money or any at all, and whether the great burning lake of fire and brimstone has outgrown its usefulness as a bugbear, have lost their prominent positions in the minds of speculative geniuses and left a vacuum in the field of argument, we return again to our natural element of minding our own business. I say our natural element is contradistinction to the paulpy irritiveness of others, and I think the claim is certainly warrantable; because here we live on the theory that your house is your castle and the tenant is monarch thereof, and you may live five years in a street and not know that your neighbor's grandfather was an escaped convict. How different this is from the Philadelphia principle, where each one knows more about our social, financial, physical, political, and religious affairs than you do yourself. Still imported gossipers not to the manor born find sufficient to satiate their appetites. Dr. Moffets register for recording drinks intended to assist the excise law. Count ossmer theatrical manœuvres, and those of the administration at Washington are portions of their diet, but I am afraid that the last topic will destroy their appetite, inasmuch as it does not seem to agree with anybody. I think that if Congress would follow the example of a western legislature and adjourn to attend a circus the country would be the gainer, or perhaps if as a committee of the whole they visited Florida to see who has lied harder. Blaine or Schurz, during the timber discussion much valuable time would be saved. However, such important questions must be settled and no doubt deserve preference to the bill to pay pensions to the poor veterans of long forgotten wars.

The great financial prestidigitateur John Sherman has again explained his views. He is the most wonderful sight-of mind performer in the mongrel Cabinet. Some performers have succeeded in riding two horses but it remained for him to attempt to straddle John Bull and the American eagle. The arena is large, the audience watches with painful agony while ring master Hayes cracks his bressive whip and clowish secretaries ask unanswerable conundrums from the people. At last election night arrives, the performance is finished, and all disappear from public view.

Business has slightly improved due to the favorable crop reports from the South and the West; still the purchases are comparatively small and matters are in a very unsettled condition.

And while on this topic I will assume the liberty of extracting the view of "the London Economist" upon the commercial history of 1877. It shows that a period of commercial distress of unusual length has been experienced in the United States and Europe, and that there are two causes for this depression; first, the lessening of the means of consumers; and second, over-production in many branches. In Germany and France, as well as in this country, there was a prodigious destruction of the means of consumers by war, which did not show itself at once in this country on account of the expanded currency. Railroad and other industries were extended beyond any legitimate demand; in other words floating capital was applied to the working of coal and iron and the construction of railroads beyond the necessities of consumers. Both suffered under the same evils—diminished resources and over production.

The causes which will restore prosperity, are; first, greater economy and industry; second, unusual harvests, and their accumulation of savings. But we must remember that we have yet the heavy burden of large taxation, both local and national. Tables of statistics show that in six of our largest cities, from 1860 to 1874 the local taxation was quadrupled, from $15,000,000 to $65,000,000, and the debts nearly quadrupled from $85,000,000 to $305,000,000. In 14 of our cities the population has increased 70 per cent.; the taxable value, 156 per cent.; but the debt, 270 per cent.; and the actual taxation for state, city, and county purposes increased 363 per cent.

It is plain that if this continues, the residents of large cities will sacrifice the whole increase of their manual labor to taxation, and especially if ignorance and and demagogism are to remain in control of the finances of this country, as they have been in the past, property can hardly bear its burdens and the petty taxation resulting from stupid legislation is said in some branches of the importing trade to eat away it profits. If intelligent classes do not combine to govern on sound principles there is no remedy but a gradual bankruptcy of municipalities, the suffering and poverty of great numbers, and the removal of many branches of production to rural districts, where intelligence and property control taxation and the expenditure of public moneys. Better times are certainly ahead, but we must still wait for thorough reforms in taxation and our revenue system. These are the views of all rational people, and the sooner they are practically indorsed the greater will the natural benefit be.

A modern benedict under the unromantic name of Lopez conspired with the servant of a wealthy retired merchant, Mr. Morrison, to obtain his daughter, Flora, to wife, and through her blackmail the stern parent, who very naturally desired better than a pauper son-in-law, had the alleged marriage declared null and void as obtained through fraud, and the quixotic husband imprisoned for perjury, where he is now lodged, allowing him sufficient opportunity for cool reflection upon the hard ways of the transgressor. How strange that small frauds who only deceive a few receive punishment, and greater national frauds are rewarded with presidential honors and support from electoral commissions.

St. Patrick's ambiguous birthday was celebrated with less noise but more whisky than usual. The customary procession was a mere shadow of former pageants as the idea has lately fallen into general disfavor.

Hoping that the friendly "misunderstanding" between Pioneer and Micawber is by this time fully explained, and that hereafter they will, like brethren, dwell in peace,—I am your negligent correspondent. ALEXIS.

It Sustains Its Reputation.

For nearly a quarter of a century it has been acknowledged that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has no equal in speedily and permanently curing "cold in the head" and all inflamed affections of the nasal cavities. Its immense sale and great popularity are dependent upon and entirely due to its merits and superiority over all other similar preparations. Very many physicians, having thoroughly tested it, are now prescribing it in their practice.

MALBURTON, Ont., Jan. 1st, 1877.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir:—For years I suffered with chronic catarrh. Last winter it became more severe, seriously affecting my throat and lungs. My stomach and blood were also out of order. I tried many physicians and several advertised remedies, obtaining but temporary or no relief. My general health became worse, so that I despaired of life. Seeing favorable notices of your medicine, I procured one-half dozen bottles of the Golden Medical Discovery and a supply of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The Discovery purified my blood and restored my general health, the Catarrh Remedy gave immediate relief, and after a little perseverance a final cure was effected.

Thankfully yours, ROBT. McCORMICK.

[From the Baltimore Sun.]

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

Proceedings in Brief.

ANNAPOLIS, March 30, 1878.

SATURDAY, 23d.

The Senate was not in session Saturday. In the House about seventy bills of a strictly local character were passed. The bill authorizing the city council of Baltimore to subscribe to the capital stock of the Maryland and Delaware Canal Company, or to loan the funds of said company, was ordered engrossed for a third reading. The bill authorizing barber shops to be open on Sunday was rejected.

MONDAY, 25.

In the Senate unfavorable report was made on the local option bill. The bill authorizing Baltimore city to fund its floating debt to the amount of $1,500,000 was passed, also the bill reducing the number of managers of the House of Refuge. The Frat monumental bill was defeated. In the House the bill in regard to inquests was defeated, also the House of Correction appropriation bill for the want of a constitutional majority. The House bill to promote the mechanical arts passed.

TUESDAY 26.

In the Senate, favorable report was made on the House bill to protect oysters in Patuxent river. A bill was reported to repeal all the state laws as to war pensioners, it being argued that acts of Congress cover all proper cases in the premises. The Spring Grove Asylum bill was amended so as to define the duties of the treasurer of the institution. On consideration of the nine months' appropriation bill amendments were adopted restoring the usual appropriations to the State Normal School and the Maryland Agricultural College. The sum of $38,760 was inserted in the bill for support of the State Deaf and Dumb Asylum instead of $19,750, as stated in the bill. The sum of $20,000 was appropriated for improvements of the penitentiary. The House bill appropriating one thousand dollars per annum for five years to Charlotte Hall school was passed. In the House of Delegates a bill was favorably reported to pay $79,294.38 on account of State House repairs. A bill was passed authorizing Baltimore city to subscribe $500,000, or indorse bonds to that amount, for the benefit of Maryland and Delaware ship canal. On consideration of the nine months appropriation bill the salary of the supervisor of tobacco inspectors was stricken out. The State Normal School appropriation was stricken out. The appropriation for the Boys' Home, Baltimore, was fixed at $600. The appropriation for the Colored House of Reformation was placed at $9,000. The bill was passed. The appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1880, was passed.

WEDNESDAY, 27.

In the Senate, unfavorable report was made on the bill authorizing Baltimore city authorities to subscribe $500,000 to the Maryland and Delaware ship canal, and the report was adopted. The nine months' appropriation bill was passed. Amendments were inserted prohibiting the sale of articles in the State produced by convict labor at the penitentiary, and the admission of convicts from other States. Also there was inserted an appropriation of 25,000 for colored schools, to be separate from the appropriation for white schools. The militia bill was passed, and the grain-weighing bill was referred to the committee on inspections. A bill was passed, exempting certain church property from taxation, and taxing property of certain corporations hitherto exempted.

In the House of Delegates unfavorable report was made on the bill prohibiting physicians from disclosing confidential communications from their patients. A bill was passed incorporating a State board of managers for the House of Correction, and appropriating twenty-five thousand dollars per annum for expenses. The bills appropriating twelve thousand dollars per annum to St. John's College for two years, and appropriating seven thousand eight hundred dollars to Western Maryland College for two years, were passed. The bill providing for a tax commissioner for the State was passed. The bill providing for a State loan of five hundred thousand dollars was passed. The Senate bill authorizing the managers of the House of Correction to hire convicts to the Maryland Canal Company was passed.

THURSDAY, 28.

In the Senate, a report was placed on the journal from the Conrad-Chancellor committee highly eulogistic of Dr. Conrad's management of Spring Grove Asylum. On consideration of the general appropriation bill for 1879 an amendment was proposed to pay $74,940 for repairs of the State House, and the bill passed by yeas 16, nay 5. In the House Delegates the State elevator and pier bill was killed. The donation to the State Agricultural College was continued. Mr. Blair's resolution instructing the attorney general of Maryland to institute proceedings to give effect to the electoral vote of the State was passed—yeas 46, nays 28. The nine months appropriation bill was passed with the Normal School appropriation, the riot expenses, the penitentiary and House of Correction appropriations being inserted. The appropriation for repairs of the State House was rejected—yeas 21, nays 53. Mr. Blair's resolution, as passed by the House, instructs the attorney general of Maryland to exhibit a bill to the United States Supreme Court setting forth that by reason of the fraudulent returns made from other States, and allowed to be counted, due effect was not given to the electoral vote of Maryland, and praying the court to make the revision contemplated by the electoral commission law, and upon such revision declare that Hayes and Wheeler were not, and Tilden and Hendricks were elected President and Vice-President of the United States.

Various Causes—

Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition—all operate to turn the hair gray, and either of them inclines it to shed prematurely. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will restore faded or gray, light and red hair to a rich brown or deep black, as may be desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action, and removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on old, brashy, weak or sickly hair, to which a few applications will produce the gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and sure in its operations, it is incomparable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the lustre and richness of tone it imparts. It contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil or color with cambric; yet it lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. 3

Deaths.

JAMES.—Near Whittman, Tuesday, March 16th, Annette James, in the 54th year of her age.

LLOYD.—In Baltimore, March 22nd, Anne M., in the 27th year of her age, wife of Jas. P. Lloyd.

MARKOE.—At Washington, D. C., on March 19th, Mrs Mary Galloway Markoe, aged 86 years, widow of the late Francis Markoe.

STEWART.—On Wednesday, the 27th instant, Julius E. Stewart, in the 21st year of his age, oldest son of Charles H. and Mary A. Stewart.

NEWNAM.—On the 11th instant, at the Royal Oak, Mrs. Ann M., consort of Joseph Newnam, in the 80th year of her age. She had been a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church for about forty years.

SHRYOCK & CLARK.

LUMBER.

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

delivered in any part of the state at the

Lowest Cash Price.

Union Dock, Baltimore.

Orders left with John A. Arringlaie, Easton,

Will receive prompt attention.

apr2,1y

THE LUMBER BUSINESS

Great Increase in the Trade

The Firm of Shryock & Clark.

Enterprise and Popularity.

RAPID GROWTH WITHIN THE PAST FIVE YEARS.

[Special Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

Where and How the Trade is Carried on—Recent Shryock & Clark's Private Wharf—Its Edwards—Their Professional Men—Who They Will Find at Materials, from 3-4ths to Window Sashes and Doors.

During the past few years there has been an immense increase in the lumber business of the city—the capital invested, which before the war could be counted by the thousands, now exceeding millions of dollars. The increase is most marked both in the matter of consumption and stock on hand. This great change is mainly due to the enterprising men who have taken the business in hand, as well as to the running of the rails of the Baltimore and Ohio road into the lumber fields of the Northwest.

In this region great forests cover the country, the lumber yielded being one of the principal sources of wealth to the inhabitants and profit to the lumber merchants of this and other ports.

THE PAST AND PRESENT.

Prior to the breaking out of the war Baltimore was considered one of the smallest lumber markets of the country, nearly all the timber that came here being rafted down the Susquehanna river. There was no trade worth speaking of outside of the city, and orders for lumber, except for city and State use, were of but very rare occurrence. Now everything is changed. The rafting, as far as this city is concerned, is a thing of the past on the waters of the Susquehanna, and an immense fleet of canal boats and schooners supply the place of the cumbersome and slow-going rafts.

LOCATION OF THE LUMBER YARDS.

The principal lumber yards of Baltimore are situated in the neighborhood of the Back Basin, Union dock, and the piers adjacent; and owing to their number and the extent of ground they cover, they are a source of great revenue to the city in the way of wharfage dues. Among the leading firms hereabout located may be mentioned Messrs. Shryock & Clark, A. Cate, Matthews & Son, R. K. Hawley & Co., R. T. Waters & Sons, Henry James & Co., and many others, who have made their business one of the leading industries of the city.

LUMBER EXCHANGE.

Some few years ago, as the trade began to show visible signs of an increase, with indications of still greater things in the near future, a lumber exchange was opened at Canton and Falls avenues, and here the merchants meet daily to discuss and transact business. The present officers of the exchange are: President, R. K. Hawley; vice pres dent, William Gill; treasurer, Thomas J. Shryock; and secretary, F. F. Waters. There is also an efficient board of directors.

TRADE WITH THE SOUTH.

The increase of trade with the Southern country has been surprisingly large, especially during the past two months, since which time more cargoes have been received from the South than during any six months in the history of the trade.

MESSRS. SHRYOCK & CLARK.

The enterprising and popular firm of Messrs. Shryock & Clark have grown with the growth of the business, and their dealings now cover every branch of the trade in lumber. Thomas J. Shryock and George R. Clark, who constitute the firm, are both young men, but their knowledge of everything pertaining to timber is as extensive as that of any house in the United States. They entered into a copartnership some five years ago, and, both having had previous experience, soon won the confidence of purchasers, and sprang to a leading position among the lumber merchants of the city. They began their successful career with a small yard on Mill street and Eastern avenue, and did a thriving trade there from the start. The builders of the city encouraged them liberally with orders, and in time demands began to come in from different parts of the State, as well as from Philadelphia, New York and other points North. Then the smallness of their accommodations became manifest, and Messrs. Shryock & Clark began to look about for another yard. They succeeded in securing the extensive lot on the corner of Eastern avenue and Union dock, where their office is now located. Immediately at the rear of the office is a large enclosure filled with white pine, yellow pine and every class of cabinet and building lumber. At all hours of the day the teams of the firm may be seen leaving the yards with immense loads for different sections of the city.

PRIVATE WHARF.

In addition to the two yards named, Messrs. Shryock & Clark have another extensive one on Block street, near the drawbridge, the possession of which enables them to sell in lots at a great saving to purchasers. This yard has a large wharf attached, at which the schooners and canal boats, no matter of what draught they may be, can come alongside and discharge their cargoes. This, of course, saves the firm a large amount of money, fully one dollar a thousand feet, in the matter of hauling, and customers are correspondingly benefited. It is the only private lumber wharf in the city, and Messrs. Shryock & Clark have long ago come to an appreciation of its profitable conveniences. As is the case with the other yards, teams are constantly backing in and hauling out of the yard, with material for the various points where the building patrons of the firm have work on hand. The yard is stocked with a splendid supply of timbers of all classes, stacked and ready for instant removal to any place required. Not content with the local trade, which was extensive from the very first they have formed extensive connections throughout the lumber sections East, West and South. They have no middlemen to deal with, doing all their business direct with agents in the principal lumber regions throughout the country. Their out of town orders have of late been frequent and heavy, and there is scarce a place in the State of Maryland to which the firm does not send building, cabinet and other descriptions of lumber.

WHERE THE LUMBER COMES FROM.

The white pine is shipped to Messrs. Shryock & Clark from Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin; the Southern States supply the yellow pine, and Indiana and other States contribute vast consignments of walnut and poplar. In the yards of the firm builders will find everything required in their operations, from joists to window sashes and doors.

Nothing short of a visit to the lumber localities of Baltimore could give the reader an idea of the enormous extent of the lumber business in Baltimore. A stroll along the wharves in the neighborhood of the Back Basin will open up to the vision of the pedestrian a perfect forest of dressed and undressed timber. No matter where one may turn, pile upon pile meets the eye, while moving loads on heavy drays drawn by powerful horses pass and repass in constant stream along the streets and wharves. At every open space between the mountains of lumber on the wharves, vessels may be seen unloading; and, as fast as the vessels move away from the docks, the piles are replenished by contributions from the cargoes of the timber vessels in port.

Dividend Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the President and Directors of the Workingmen's Permanent Building and Loan Association of Talbot county, Maryland, have declared a dividend of three and one-half (3½) per cent. for the past six months payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the Second Tuesday in April, 1878, at the office of Robert H. Dixon. Transfer books closed until April 15th, 1878.

apr2-4t C. C. BYERLY, Secretary.

For Sale.

TEN Building Lots, well located in Oxford's Addition, Easton. Apply to

mar19-4t J. F. BATEMAN.

New Advertisements.

Trustee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate

SITUATED IN

Talbot and Queen Anne's Counties, Md.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Queen Anne's county, the undersigned will offer at public auction, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 1st Day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the real estate of which Solomon Hopkins, late of Talbot county, died seized and possessed, consisting of

383 Acres and 36 Perches

of land, more or less, all of which is tillable, except about

55 Acres in Timber,

Wood and Branch land.

The above described property will be offered by the Trustees in two parts, and as a whole, and the highest bid will determine the purchaser, as is usual in such cases; as follows:

Part No. 1.

All that part of the aforesaid real estate, which lies on the south of the aforesaid public road containing 294 acres, 1 rood and 30 perches of land, more or less, of which about [illegible] acres are in timber and the balance tillable. The improvements are a large Brick Dwelling with Frame Kitchen attached, two Barns with Corn Houses, Stable and Sheds, and a small Tenant House on this part.

Part No. 2.

All that part of the aforesaid real estate which lies on the north of the aforesaid public road, in Queen Anne's county, aforesaid, opposite part No. 1 as above described, containing 88 acres, 3 roods and 6 perches of land more or less, of which about 25 acres are in timber, wood and branch, and the balance tillable, being a field on the farm adjoining, and under good fencing.

This is a rare opportunity for those persons desiring to purchase real estate for investment or otherwise, as it is within a mile of the property. The land is now productive, of a very superior quality, well cultivated and enriched. It is located about [illegible] miles from Wye Mills, and [illegible] from Wye Landing.

TERMS OF SALE.

The terms of sale are: One fifth of the purchase money to be paid in Cash on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof by the Court in the option of the Trustees, and the residue in three equal instalments in nine, eighteen and twenty-seven months from the day of sale, with interest on each instalment from said date as it falls due, and the payment of the ref to be secured by the bonds or notes of the purchaser with sureties to be approved by the Trustees.

The purchaser will be entitled to the rent of the present year, and further particulars made known on day of sale.

John B. Brown,
Edwin H. Brown,
Trustees.

apr2-4t

New Advertisements

AMERICAN NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY, 1878. A TENTH ANNUAL VOLUME NOW READY. 388 pages. Price 50 cents. Free by mail. Contains the names and circulations of all newspapers, and a GAZETTEER of the towns in which they are published. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce Street, New York.

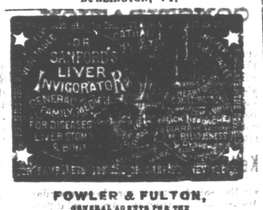
SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellent and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. Ask your nearest store for it. Each plug is stamped "Jackson's Best." Sold by all dealers. Send for sample to Geo. W. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

USE THE WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO.'S PERFECT BUTTER COLOR is recommended by the agricultural press, and used by thousands of the very best Dairymen. It gives a perfect June color, and is harmless as salt. A 25-cent bottle colors 200 pounds, and adds 5 cents per pound to its value. Ask your Druggist or Merchant for it, or send for descriptive circulars.

PERFECT BUTTER COLOR!

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, BURLINGTON, VT.



FOWLER & FULTON, GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES CARTRIDGE CO., MANUFACTURERS OF THE Solid Head, Reloading, Military, Sporting, Central Fire

CARTRIDGES!

Also Rim Fire Ammunition for Pistols and Rifles. Cartridge Cases, Swaged and Patched Bullets, Primers, for loading Tools, &c., &c. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. 300 Broadway, New York City.

40 Mixed Cards, with name, 10c. Agents' outfit 10c. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

PIANOS Retail price $900 only $290. Parlor Organs, price $340 only $90. Paper free. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Marble, etc., no two alike, with name, 10cts. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

Stray Gattel.

THIS is to certify that on this 30th day of March, 1878, appeared before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, on Talbot county, Josiah H. Kinnamon, living on "Dog Walk" farm, near Long Woods post office, and represented that on Wednesday, the 27th of March, inst., there came on his premises as estrays two 2-year old heifers; one red, the other dark red, with white tipped feet; both without ear marks; and that said heifers are still trespassing on his farm as estrays. It is ordered that he give notice in the Easton Star to the owner or owners of said estrays to come forward, prove property, pay damages, and take them away. N. E. NICOLS, J. P.

Notice.—The owner of the above mentioned estrays will please come forward and recover their property upon the terms prescribed in the foregoing order.

JOSIAH H. KINNAMON.

apr2-3t

Notice.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Workingmen's Permanent Building and Loan Association of Talbot county, Maryland, will be held at the office of the Association on Tuesday, will be held at the office of the Association on Tuesday, at 7 o'clock P. M., April 11th, 1878, at which time an election for Directors will be held, for the ensuing year. By order of the President,

apr2-3t C. C. BYERLY, Secretary.

The Morning Herald

A live Baltimore Daily Newspaper, only [illegible] per copy. Mailed to any address for [illegible] per month. G. W. MINNIGH, Agent, opposite the Bank.

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS AND OTHER

[illegible] corporate or [illegible] county, who shall be exercising or pursuing any business or shall be doing any act or thing or shall be in the occupation of any house or place for any purpose for which a license is required by the laws of Maryland are hereby warned to apply for and procure the license required by the laws of Maryland, on or before the 1st Day of May next under the penalty prescribed by said law for the violation thereof.

Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the License Laws:

Tavern Licenses.—The amount of stock by tavern keepers, (the quantity of stock at any one time) shall be as follows:

If the applicant's stock in trade does not exceed $1000 — $12 60
If over $ 1,000 and not over $ 1,500 — 15 60
" 1,500 " " 2,500 — 18 60
" 2,500 " " 4,000 — 22 60
" 4,000 " " 6,000 — 30 60
" 6,000 " " 8,000 — 40 60
" 8,000 " " 10,000 — 50 60
" 10,000 " " 15,000 — 80 60
" 15,000 " " 20,000 — 100 60
" 20,000 " " 25,000 — 125 60
" 25,000 — 150 60

The applicant must either make oath, as heretofore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at the principal season of sale, or the oath may be made before any Justice of the Peace where the person hunting license resides, through [illegible] agent. If the latter course be adopted, the following form will be deemed a sufficient compliance with the act:

Talbot County, to-wit.

On this ——day of ——, 1878, before the subscriber, [illegible] of the County aforesaid, personally appeared ——, and declared that he intends to apply for a trader's license under the 2d section of the Act of January session, 1858, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, and make oath that the amount of stock of goods generally kept on hand by him [or by the concern in which he is engaged, in case it be a partnership] at the principal season of sale, [or if the applicant has not previously engaged in such trade] that the amount of goods which he intends to keep, [illegible] of the Peace out of the county in which the application is made, there must be attached the certificate of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county in which the Justice of the Peace resides.

[illegible] Tavern Keepers.—[illegible] cakes and vendors of beer and cider, [lager beer excepted] are not required to pay license.

License to Ordinaries and Tavern Keepers.—The license to ordinaries and tavern keepers to sell spirituous and fermented liquors or lager beer, in quantities not to be put at one time, are as follows: Provided, that the applicant shall first be recommended to the Clerk by two respectable freeholders of his immediate vicinity, and shall make oath before the Clerk [illegible] to evade the [illegible] of this article, provided and except that [illegible] good beds and sufficient conveniences for the private use of said ordinary keeper, with stabling and provender for five horses at least.

The said applicant is also to make oath before the Clerk as to the rate of rent or annual value of the house at or in which the business to be authorized by the license may be done or intended to be done.

If the rental or annual value is not over			
$100			$25 60
100	and not over	$200	40 60
200	" "	300	50 60
300	" "	400	60 60
400	" "	500	70 60
500	" "	750	90 60
750	" "	1,000	100 60
1,000	" "	2,000	150 60
2,000	" "	3,000	180 60
3,000	" "	5,000	250 60
5,000	" "	10,000	400 60
10,000			450 60

Licenses to Retailers of Spirituous Fermented Liquors or Lager Beer.—The amount of license to be paid by retailers of spirituous or fermented liquors, are as follows:

If the value of stock in trade be		
$500		$18 60
Over 500 or less,		25 60
From 1,000 to $2,000		50 60
" 2,000 to 4,000		75 60
" 4,000 to 6,000		100 60
" 6,000 to 10,000		125 60
" 10,000 to 20,000		150 60
" 20,000 to 30,000		175 60
Over 30,000		150 60

No license shall be granted to sell spirituous or fermented liquor or lager beer, in quantities not less than a pint for the sum of $18 60, unless the person applying therefor shall also obtain a license to sell goods, chattles, wares, and merchandise, paying therefore the sum herein prescribed, according to the amount of stock included.

PROVIDED,

That the applicant for license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors be "recommended to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot county by the Grand Jury which shall have been in session at the term next preceding the first day of May" and *Provided further*, that no license will be granted for the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors in Districts Nos. [illegible] Sand's [illegible] county.

Oyster and Eating Houses.—The license to be paid by the keepers of oyster and eating houses is $50 60 throughout the State.

Billiard Tables.—A license may be granted to any person who may apply for permission to keep a billiard table, for which license there shall be paid the sum of $50 50 and for every additional table $25 50.

Hawkers and peddlers must renew their licenses on or before the first of May, or their trades [illegible] the rates fixed in the following table:

To travel on foot	$41 00
With one horse and wagon	51 00
With two horses and wagon	71 00
For the whole Shore:	
To travel on foot	$61 00
With one horse and wagon	101 00
With two horses and wagon	151 00

No such license shall be granted to any hawker or peddler in the name or style of a partnership, or company, and left one person shall trade under any such license. A violation of the law subjects the offender to a fine of not less than fifty dollars, nor more than a hundred dollars, recoverable before Justices of the Peace.

Brokers.—Any person who shall make it his business to do it for any manner on his own account or for others, in the purchase or sale of stocks, bills, notes, bankers, or other obligations, shall be deemed and taken to be a broker. The rates are as follows:

Exchange Broker	$100 60
Stock Broker	75 60
Bill Broker	50 60

Females vending millinery and other small articles, whose stock is not over $500 pay a license of $6 50 only, the same over that amount they are required to pay the same license as other persons—oath to be made as to the amount of stock at the principal season of the year.

The Clerk shall not issue license to any person to sell spirituous or fermented liquors from whom the grand jury has recommended a license to be withheld, or to a person whose license has been suppressed by the Court without [illegible] Stallions.—The owner and keeper of every stallion or jack, shall before being permitted to stand or station such animal, pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of some of the counties [illegible] be [illegible] one dollar, [illegible] receipt of the Clerk of the seal of his Court attached thereto, for said sum, shall be the license for stationing or standing such stallion or jack, for one year from the date thereof; provided, that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid by the section for such license be less than ten dollars; and that every stallion or jack upon which the said tax is paid shall be exempt from all other taxes; and shall be [illegible] Any owner or keeper stationing or standing any stallion or jack without license shall forfeit and pay twice the sum authorized and required to be paid in the last preceding section, one-half to the State and the other half to the informer.

Amendments to the License Laws Passed January Session, 1868.

(Chapter 238, Page 444.)

AN ACT

To amend the [illegible] of the Code of Public General Laws, entitled "Licenses," so as to exclude a trader [illegible] all the license to trade with the stock of Goods.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland. That the following be added to Article 56 of the Code of Public General Laws entitled Licenses.

¶ —And be it enacted. Any trader who shall take out license to sell goods, chattles, wares and merchandise, spirituous and fermented liquors or lager beer, in the State [illegible] privilege to sell or vend said license to any party purchasing or renting his stock of goods and purchasing in place of business, and the party so purchasing may continue to sell under the license of said trader.

(Chapter 448, Page 863.)

AN ACT

To amend the 10th section of Article 56 of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended, requiring a license to enable any person to [illegible]

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that the 10th section of article 56, of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that the following be added to said section to read as follows:

Subsection 1.—Any person applying for the same and paying the sum of [illegible] dollars, shall obtain a license for carrying on the business of Real Estate Broker, and any individual copartnership or firm shall carry on the business of a Real Estate Broker without a license, shall be subject to the penalties imposed upon other Brokers by section 1 of this Article.

CALEB GRIFFIN,
Sheriff of Talbot Co.

apr2tf LGC

NOTICE.

Mr. John A. Arringdale having sold out his lumber business to R. B. Dixon, his books and accounts have been placed in my hands for collection.

All persons indebted to said Arringdale are hereby notified to call at my office and pay their bills before the 1st day of May next, or they will after that date be collected according to law. A. A. PASCAULT, Agent.

Easton, April 2, 1878.

Tuthill & Avery

ARE

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

HARDWARE,

AND

Agricultural Implements,

BEING THE ONLY

MANUFACTURERS

AND

Wholesale Dealers

Eastern Maryland,

CAN AND DO OFFER

INDUCEMENTS

TO THE

FARMER

AND THE

TRADE.

PLOWS,

HARROWS and CULTIVATORS.

THE MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

HARNESS,

Home Made,

Cost Made.

Prices Never Before Offered as Low!

Seeds! Seeds!

GARDEN & FIELD.

TUTHILL & AVERY.

Solubble Sea Island Guano,

Manufactured by R. L. W. Rasin & Co., Baltimore, has no superior as a crop producer. Pays well on corn. For sale by

DANIEL LLOYD

J. C. Harper will act as agent during my absence from Easton.

mar12-6m

Farms Wanted.

WANTED, 100 Farms of all sizes for Eastern buyers. Owners of land desiring to sell will please send full description with prices and terms to F. L. McKINS,

mar12-5t Woodberry, Md.

Strayed Sow.

CAME to Cottage Mills about 6 weeks ago a White Sow, and she is still there as an estray. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. CLARK OVERSHINER.

Cottage Mills, Trappe District, March 26, 1878-2t

NEW GOODS.

Keep on hand Fish's celebrated Mince Meat, which will be sold for less than it cost to make it at home. Get some and try it.

Martin & Co.,

Have received a supply of Boston Cider from New York, which they will keep fresh. It will be sold at [illegible] per quart.

Martin & Co.,

Have just received from the Chesapeake and other points fresh Oysters, both in shell and shucked, and will be sold in quantities to suit.

Martin & Co.,

Have ready all kinds of Bread and Cake. Bride's cake made a specialty and put up in the best style, and at city prices. Give your order a few days in advance and we will be sure to give satisfaction. We bake for families every day and at [illegible] prices.

Black Harness!

SOMETHING new! This soap is not only adapted to the cleansing and oiling of Harness, but is peculiarly [illegible] of boots, shoes, carriages and buggy tops, or any article of leather. For sale by [illegible]

1878. —:o:— 1878.

Spring is now here, and farmers will soon commence active duties. I am prepared for them, and offer such inducements as have never been offered here before. Call and see for yourselves.

HARDWARE

I have the most complete assortment of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

ever in Easton, and at prices that must command attention. I have all the leading mowers of the day, for one work. A new ground low is offered subject to any test desired.

The Farmer's Friend,
Heckendorn, Concave,
Patuxent, Minor & Hornung

and others, are all particularly known. Castings for all plows. Brig harrows of all styles. Cultivators, &c. A full supply of

Garden and Field Seeds.

Clover, Timothy, Orchard, Kentucky Blue, Mixed Lawn and other Field Seeds.

Garden Seeds:

Early Potatoes, very fine;
Seed Oats;
Onion Sets, very superior;

Every kind of Garden Tools. Farming Implements of all descriptions.

Harness, very cheap, Collars, Bridles, Hames, Traces, &c., in large supply.

Besides my usual unsurpassed assortment of

HARDWARE,

Cutlery, Iron, Seeds, Farming Implements, &c., &c.

I have the largest and most varied stock ever before on the Peninsula.

Call and see me, one and all. You are welcome to all times; and if you want good goods, CHEAP goods, and ALL KINDS in my line of business, come to the place.

Call. Examine prices and quality. I'll suit you in quality and price.

THOS. C. NICOLS

NEW Family Grocery Store

ON

Market Space.

MY friends and the public are respectfully informed that I have just opened a new family Grocery Store on Market space, Easton, next door to Norris' Shoe store where I shall be pleased to supply them with anything they may want in my line of business.

WHITE AND BROWN SUGARS,

Coffees, Flour, Molasses,

SYRUP, COAL OIL,

Hams, Bacon, Lard, Fish,

Dried Beef, Pepper, Salt,

Canned Fruits and Vegetables, Spices,

Buckwheat Flour,

Hominy Meal,

Rice, Butter, Eggs, &c., &c.

At lowest market prices.

ALSO,

A large assortment of

Glass and China, Queensware, Stone Ware, Willow Ware, Wooden Ware, Brooms, &c., &c.

My stock has been purchased at the lowest cash prices, and are offered at a small profit. Call and see me.

G. LACY EATON.

Easton, Feb 26th, 1878.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Talbot county, and to me directed, at the suit of I Davis Clark, use of Jno K. Caulk vs. Charles W. Haddaway and Thos. S. Haddaway, I have seized and taken in execution all of the said Charles W. Haddaway's right, title and interest both at law and equity, in and to ½ of an acre of land, more or less, with the building thereon, called and