THE EASTON STAR

T. K. ROBSON, Editor.

TERMS:

One Dollar and Fifty Cents cash in advance, or *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* if not paid within the year. Clubs of Ten, *Ten Dollars* in advance.

No paper will be discontinued, except at the discretion of the editor, until arrearages are paid. No subscription taken for a shorter period than six months. Subscribers out of the county $2 in advance, which includes prepayment of postage.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square—Ten lines—one insertion $1; and 25 cents of each subsequent insertion. A liberal reduction made to those who advertise by the year or for six months.

Advertisements sent to the office not marked the number of times to be inserted, will be marked TF and continued till ordered out, and charged according to regular rates.

Special Notices in Local columns, 10 cents per line for each insertion.

The Easton Star.

Devoted to Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Foreign and Domestic News

NEW SERIES. EASTON, MD., TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1882. VOL. XVII.—NO 40

Lumber Business.

BUY YOUR

LUMBER,

SHINGLES. LATHS,

Sash, Doors, Bricks, &c.

AT LOW PRICES FROM

SAML. BURNS & CO.,

104 Light Street Wharf,

BALTIMORE.

TUNIS' STEAM SAW & PLANING MILLS.

Pine, Hemlock, Cypress and Oak

LUMBER

SHINGLES, LATHS, PICKETS, MOULDINGS, CASINGS, FRAMES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, LIME AND HAIR,

50,000 WHITE PINE PEACH BOXEX.

We have always on hand a full supply of *MARYLAND, VIRGINIA, GEORGIA and WHITE PINE, and HEMLOCK* Timber, with facilities unequaled in the State for manufacturing and filling orders promptly and delivering anywhere. We invite a comparison with city or other dealers.

Our constantly increasing business is an evidence of fair prices

We have also *BUILDING HARDWARE* and a full line of General Merchandise for country trade.

W. W. TUNIS & BRO.,
TUNIS' MILLS, MD.

January 14, 1882-1yr

LUMBER!

--AND--

Building Materials,

Shingles, Laths,

Lime, Hair, &c.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS.

and Mill Work generally.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

My long experience in the Lumber trade should be a guarantee to purchasers of my ability to suit them both in quality and prices.

Prime articles of No. 1 White Pine and White Hemlock Fencing now in tock.

Principal office in Easton and Yard at Easton Point connected by Telephone.

Deliveries made on navigable water free of freight.

Comparison of Quality and Prices Solicited.

ROBERT B. DIXON,
Dover Street, EASTON.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A perfect restorer & dressing, elegantly perfumed and entirely harmless. Removes dandruff, restores natural color and prevents baldness 50 cents and $1 sizes at druggists

Floreston COLOGNE

A delicate & exquisitely fragrant perfume with exceedingly lasting properties. 25 and 75 cents.

Parker's Ginger Tonic

An Invigorating Medicine that Never Intoxicates.

This delicious combination of Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia, and many other of the best vegetable measures known, cures Female Complaints, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Wakefulness, and all disorders of the bowels, stomach, liver, kidneys, and urinary organs.

If you have lost your appetite and are low spirited, or suffering from age, or any infirmity, take Parker's Ginger Tonic. It will strengthen brain and body and give you new life and vigor.

100 DOLLARS

Paid for anything injurious found in Ginger Tonic, or for a failure to help or cure. Try it or ask your sick friend to try it. To-Day. 50c. and $1 size at druggists. Large saving by buying dollar size. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., 163 William St., N. Y.

CANS! CANS! CANS!

For Fruits and Vegetables.

SMITH & WICKS,

Mill and Bowly Streets., Baltimore.

PATENT OUTSIDE SOLDERER, } AS BUYERS MAY PREFER.
OLD STYLE INSIDE SOLDERER, }

Having largest facilities in the country (150,000 per day) can insure prompt filling of orders. We also furnish Solder, Cases, Soldering Irons, and Hall's Gasoline Fire Pots for Chipping Purposes.

Our Solder is exactly the same in quality as we use for making cans; made of pure pig tin and lead. No old lead, antimony or bismuth is used in its preparation.

☞ Correspondence solicited, and information about the canning business given on application. may26-3m

The Walter A. Wood Cord Binder

AND

HARVESTING MACHINE.

WORLD'S FAIR ROLL OF HONOR.

The Eight Highest World's Prizes.

1857
Grand Gold Medal
United States National Agricultural Society.

1862
International Exhibition Medal
London, England.

1867
Grand Gold Medal
And Cross of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor
Paris, France, Exhibition.

1873
Grand Diploma of Honor and Knights cross of the Imperial Order of Francis Joseph
Vienna, Austria, Exhibition.

1874
Gold Medal
Bremen, Germany International Exhibition.

Four Medal and Four Diplomas
Philadelphia International Exhibition
The Highest Honor by the Centennial Commission.

1878
Two Gold Medals
An object of art and the cross of the officers of the Legion of Honor.
Paris, France, International Exhibition.

Eight World's Highest Prize.

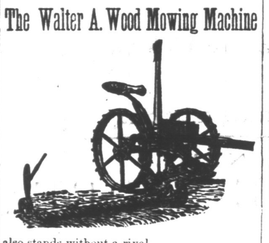
1880.
A special First Degree of Merit (the highest award possible) awarded to the

Walter A. Wood Twine-Binding HARVESTER

At the Melbourne, Australia, International Exhibition.

These Awards and Honors show the Walter A. Wood machine to be the best machine in the market. No other can begin to compete with it. It stands unrivaled among harvesters.

The Walter A. Wood Mowing Machine



also stands without a rival.

These machines have not hitherto had an agent in Talbot county, because the manufacturers could not supply the demand for them.

They have now enlarged their factory, and can satisfy all demands; and we have the honor to have the agency, and would be pleased to sell them to our farmers

E. T. ROE, Chapel.
A. K. ROE, Easton.

may15-6t

A Year's Readnig

For $1.

THE NEW YORK

WEEKLY WORLD.

New Presses, New Type, New Building, New Appliances, and New Life in Every Department.

$1.00 A YEAR, POSTAGE PAID.
50 CTS. FOR SIX MONTHS.

A Complete Family Paper.

FREE MASONS

Should Read Its Special

MASONIC DEPARTMENT

Edited by one of the most renowned Free Masons, with contributions from the pen of distinguished Masons.

The WEEKLY WORLD is the only leading newspaper in the country that has a special department devoted to Masonic interests.

Other Excellent Features.

1. All the News, Complete and Interesting.
2. The Farmer's World—A full page of Agricultural and Farm News.
3. The Literary World—A full page of Long Stories and Short Stories, Comic Ballads and Serious Poems, Fairy Tales and Sailors' Yarns.
4. The Housekeeper's Department—What Every Woman Wants to Know.
5. The Veterinary Department—With prescriptions free for all Subscribers, and full instructions for the treatment of live stock.
6. The best chess column in the world for Amateur players.
7. The best Checker Department in the world for both amateur and professional players.
8. A Corner for the Young Folks—Riddles, Charades, Puzzles, Enigmas, Acrostics, &c
9. Complete Market Reports—Unrivalled in detail and accuracy.
10. Answers to inquiries.

Each department is perfect of its kind, and all combined make the best Weekly newspaper ever published.

The New York World has no superior on either side of the Water as a Live, Brilliant, Perfectly Appointed, Progressive Newspaper.

Unequalled Offers to Club Agents.

SPECIMEN COPIES SENT FREE.

THE NEW YORK WORLD,

World Building, New York.

may2-6t

BOARDING.

MRS. SOPHIE K. TRIPPE can accommodate a few more boarders with pleasant rooms and comfortable table, either by the day or week, at her residence over the drug store of Stevens & Hayward.

mar11-3m

Medical.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and cause no pain or griping, and by the gentle action they produce are adapted to all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO.,
New York City.

Over 5000

Druggists

AND

Physicians

Have Signed or Endorsed the Following Remarkable Document:

Messrs. Seabury & Johnson, Manufacturing Chemists, 81 Platt St., New York:

Gentlemen:—For the past few years we have sold various brands of Porous Plasters. Physicians and the Public prefer Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster to all others. We consider them one of the very few reliable household remedies worthy of confidence. They are superior to all other Porous Plasters or Liniments for external use.

Benson's Capcine Plaster is a genuine Pharmaceutical product, of the highest order of merit, and so recognized by physicians and druggists.

When other remedies fail get a Benson's Capcine Plaster.

You will be disappointed if you use cheap Plasters, Liniments, Pads or Electrical Magnetic toys.

A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 35cts. HEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

TUTT'S PILLS

A DISORDERED LIVER IS THE BANE

of the present generation. It is for the Cure of this disease and its attendants, SICK-HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, PILES, etc., that TUTT'S PILLS have gained a world-wide reputation. No Remedy has ever been discovered that acts so gently on the digestive organs, giving them vigor to assimilate food. As a natural result, the Nervous System is Braced, the Muscles are Developed, and the Body Robust.

Chills and Fever.

B. RIVAL, a Planter at Bayou Sara, La., says: My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of bilious diseases and chills. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. The result was marvelous: my laborers soon became hearty and robust, and I have had no further trouble.

They relieve the engorged liver, cleanse the blood from poisonous humors, and cause the bowels to act naturally, without which no one can feel well.

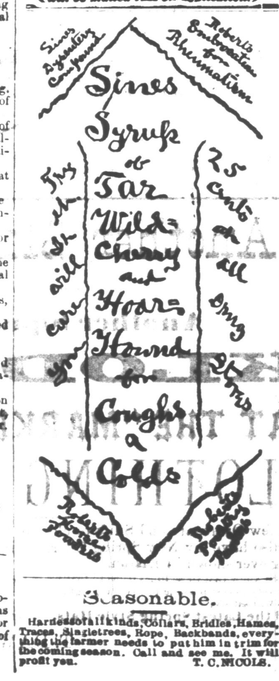
Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain Health, Digestion, Vigor and Vitality. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 39 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, and acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of One Dollar.

Office, 39 Murray Street, New York.

(Dr. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)



Seasonable.

Harnesses of all kinds, Collars, Bridles, Hames, Traces, Singletrees, Hope, Backbands, everything the farmer needs to put him in trim for the coming season. Call and see me. It will profit you. T. C. NICOLS.

Miscellaneous.

For The Star.]

THE WORTHIES OF TALBOT:

BEING CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE BIOGRAPHICALS ANNALS OF THAT COUNTY.

Col. Jeremiah Banning.

Dis carus ipsis quippe ter et quater
Anno revisens æquor Atlanticum
Impune.

HOR. LIB. I. OD. XXXI.

(CONTINUED)

The ensuing January he was passenger on board the ship Oxford, under command of Nicholas Price, then bound on a voyage to the Barbadoes. This ship belonged to Foster Cunliffe & Sons, merchants of Liverpool, who had for many years carried on an extensive and lucrative traffic at Oxford, particularly under the agency of Mr Robert Morris, their factor.

The great natural abilities of Mr. Morris overleaped every other deficiency. As a mercantile genius it was thought he had not his equal in the land. As a companion and bonvivant he was incomparable. If any public or political point was to carry he defeated all opposition. He gave birth to the inspection law on tobacco, and carried it, though opposed by a powerful majority. He was the first who introduced the mode of keeping accounts in money, instead of so many pounds of tobacco, pr. yard, pr. pound, pr. gallon, as was formerly the case. He was a steady, warm friend wherever he made professions, and had a hand ever open and ready to relieve real distress. At repartee he bore down all before him. Mr. Morris was father to the present Robert Morris, of Philadelphia, and the most distinguished merchant of his time in America, perhaps exceeded by but few in the world as to his extensiveness of trade, mercantile knowledge, popularity and probity in his dealings.

Mr. Morris, the elder, agent to the great house of Cunliffe & Sons, Liverpool, received his death wound in July, 1750, by the wad of a gun fired by way of salute to him from the ship Liverpool, Merchant, Samuel Matthews, commander, which was then lying at Oxford. The accident occurred in the following manner: On the arrival of the aforesaid ship from England, Mr. Morris and some other gentlemen went on board as is usual on such an arrival; on his return to the shore he was accompanied by the Captain, who before he left the ship gave orders upon a certain signal to salute with such a number of cannon. The signal was the Captain putting his finger upon his nose. Unfortunately, a fly lit upon the nose of Capt. Matthews, and he with his hand brushed it away; this was taken by the officer on board as the signal. The guns were fired; the wad of one passing through the back board of the pinnace struck Mr. Morris a little above the elbow, broke the bone, and occasioned a contusion which in a few days brought on a mortification, and put a period to his life in August. It may appear fabulous, but notwithstanding, assuredly true, that Mr. Morris had a favorite spaniel by the name of Troy; this dog kept by his master during the whole of his sickness, and after he was laid out, couched under him, where he in a few hours died. I do not mention this through any superstition, but merely to portray the sensibility of those sagacious animals.*

The motive that led to the above particulars of Mr. Morris was in order to give a sketch of the now poor, forlorn and destitute town of Oxford, which was at the time of his death and during his agency, for he was its principal supporter, one of the most commercial ports in Maryland. The storekeepers and other retailers, both on the western and eastern side of the Ches peake, repaired there to lay in their supplies. In those days Easton, then only known by the name of Court House, could not boast of one store. Seven or eight large ships at the same time were frequently seen at Oxford, delivering goods and completing their lading; nor was it uncommon to dispatch a ship with 500 hogsheads of tobacco in 12 days after its arrival. At that time tobacco was not examined or inspected by sworn officers as now. Men skilled in that article were employed by the merchants or storekeepers, and called receivers, to view, weigh, mark, and give receipts to the planters, after which vessels were sent to collect it, when it underwent a pressing and packing preparatory for shipping.

After the death of Mr. Morris commerce, splender, and all that animating and agreeable hurry of business at Oxford gradually declined to the commencement of the civil war, which broke out in April, 1775, when it became totally deserted as to trade. In the autumn of that year was the last appearance of British ships, or indeed of any other, at that port. Baltimore at that time was little thought of or scarcely known, especially by an adjoining State. Herds grazed on the streets, if streets they could be called, but it immediately took the lead, and was destined to become the emporium not only of the Chesapeake, but of Maryland, and was excelled by but three cities in America.† Talbot Court-House, formerly distinguished by that name, as I before observed, became the centre of the retail business. Easton, known at present by that name, was in the writer's first memory a trivial place, and only contained three tippling houses and one tailor's shop. The poor, forsaken Oxford is bereft of all former greatness, and nothing remains to console her but the salubrious air and fine navigation, which may anticipate better times. Oxford's streets and strands were once covered by busy crowds, ushering in commerce from almost every quarter of the globe. The once well-worn streets are now grown up in grass, save a few narrow tracks made by sheep and swine, and the strands have more the appearance of an uninhabited island than where human feet had ever trod.

We will now return to the voyage to the Barbadoes, from whence I returned in the month of September, 1755. On the passage up the Bay and opposite the mouth of the Patuxent river, I first heard of the death of General Braddock, and of the total defeat and rout of his army. This circumstance, to those who may be unacquainted with the critical and dangerous situation of the country at that time from the French and Indians, may seem trivial; but far otherwise was the opinion of the people at that day, for it was thought that nothing but the success of Gen. Braddock could save this country from immediate destruction.

In January, 1756, I was deputized by Mr. Henry Callister,* the then agent for the Cunliffes, to carry the French neutrals—as they were called—around into Wye River, in order to distribute them among those who would be pleased to receive them. These unfortunate people were natives of Nova Scotia, and when ceded to Great Britain, those of the inhabitants who refused to take the oath of allegiance, were banished their country and dispersed among the colonies.†

In March following, 1756, I visited Lisbon on business with Sir Harry Franklin, the then British envoy of that Court. Lisbon, the preceding first day of November, had been mostly destroyed by an earthquake, and presented the most deplorable spectacle that it is possible to conceive from the awful effects thereof. The city was in a heap of ruins, with numberless dead carcasses of human bodies being mingled therewith. A square adjoining the river Tagus, and whereon it was supposed 5,000 fled for refuge, suddenly sunk and buried every soul in oblivion. To the bank or quay belonging to the same, were many boats moored; all disappeared at the same moment, and not a wreck thereof was ever more seen.

While at Lisbon, I had the first intelligence of the defeat of Admiral Byng, off the Island of Minorca, and the capture of that place by the French, for which the unfortunate Byng was tried by a court martial, and as it was said, very unjustly condemned to be shot, and which sentence shortly after was carried into execution on board the Monarque, in Portsmouth harbor.

In 1760 I again went to the Island of Barbadoes. On my return from that place the ship Friendship, with a great number of other vessels, were convoyed by two sloops of war. A few days after their departure were overtaken by a hurricane, the violence of which overset one of the sloops close to the stern of the Friendship; it was lost, and every soul on board perished. The day after this accident the wind became moderate, when they fell in with a French privateer, who without hesitation pushed into the midst of the fleet, and without ceremony boldly engaged the remaining convoy, and a most desperate conflict ensued. They were soon enveloped in smoke, and so long did the contest continue—though the French vessel was a sloop and the other a brigantine—that victory became doubtful with the fleet, and who were just about shifting for themselves. In this dilemma, out belted the privateer through the thick of the smoke, and the man of war pursued with a constant fire for some time, yet the privateer, by short tacks in the eye of the wind, got clear.

In the following Spring, 1761, I took command of the ship Friendship and sailed for Barbadoes, and on the passage was captured by a French privateer belonging to Martinico, and carried into that Island,‡ where all on board the ship were confined in a common jail, and where all died except myself and one boy.

Here let us pause to contemplate the miseries and horrors of a prison, a prison in a suffocating and burning climate—a prison crowded with 370 men, many groaning under the pain of their wounds received in battle, and the worst torturing disease (the flux), suffocation and almost every calamity and distress incident to man. The dead and the dying were the pillows of the living. Those that died were 24, often 48 hours, before being removed; they were then thrown over the high walls of Fort St. Pieers, within which the prisoners of war were confined. At the foot of the walls negroes stood ready to drag the corpses to the sea-side, with every insult and derision natural to a low class of vagabonds, bred up under every prejudice and enmity to the English, where they were slightly covered up with sand, and soon after rooted up by the hogs and devoured. Those unacquainted with the rigors of war, and how the hearts and feelings of men inured to bloodshed and slaughter become callous, would suspect the above to be mere fiction. But the truth is, the writer and his crew, as well as all the other prisoners suffered more than he has words to express—such as a scanty allowance, and that of putrid meat; water from a stream where the women washed their linen, and that strongly tinctured with soapy. The hot scorching rays of the sun pouring down in the prison yard; driven within the walls thereof at the ringing of a bell on the going down of the sun; but to this dreary retreat they hurried as to the most happy abode, and doubly happy were those who could first gain the window seats, two of which, in front of the prison, could contain two men in each, with an arm embracing the iron grate. It will not be candid to omit the more favorable part of the usage while in jail, and this was they could not complain of their allowance in bread. Far be it from the writer to throw out any insinuations against the French nation in general, being perfectly satisfied that there is not a more humane, brave and generous people on the face of the globe. As an instance of this, when the soldiers were leading me to jail, a French merchant, by the name of Monsieur Acquirt, and who was a perfect stranger, proffered to furnish me with any money I might want, saying, when himself a prisoner among the English, that he met with the like treatment. After my redemption by a flag of truce, I was carried to the Island of Guadaloupe, which had but just fallen into the hands of the English. After remaining on this island for a few days, I took passage in a ship for the Island of St. Christopher, where I remained for some weeks waiting for an opportunity to return to the continent. At length one offered, in the Sarah, Captain Cator, for Philadelphia. This ship was a letter of marque, and the captain a worthy man and an intrepid seaman. After many skirmishes, chasing and being chased, as is usual for armed vessels in time of war, we arrived safe at Philadelphia, where the writer purchased a horse and traveled down into Maryland.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

* Henry Callister succeeded Mr. Morris as agent or factor of the Cunliffes at Oxford. This gentleman has left behind him numerous letters of great interest to the local historian. He was a native of the Isle of Man, a friend of the Rev. Thomas Bacon, and a man of education and accomplishments.

† An account of the Acadians that were sent to this country is given in a contribution entitled "The Poor House," published in THE EASTON STAR of Dec. 2nd, 1879.

‡ This capture occurred on the 16th of April.—Maryland Gazette, June 11th, 1761.

* Mr. Robert Morris is buried at Old White Marsh Church near Hole-in-the-Wall—or Hambleton, where a stone was erected to his memory, with an inscription which has been so frequently printed that it need not here be repeated. A memoir of this Talbot worthy is in preparation.

Correspondence of the Chicago Times, Aug. 10, 1881.

The World's Epileptic Institute.

While passing through St. Joseph, Mo., and having heard a great deal about the World's Epileptic Institute located here, I concluded to pay the celebrated institution a short visit. We were met by Dr. Richmond, the proprietor, who has gained a reputation as broad as the land. He is a rather small, yet prepossessing man, of very affable and gentlemanly manners. He gave us a hearty welcome, and took great pains in showing us through his palatial and mammoth institution. It is a five story building, 200x180 feet, with basement, and contains over three hundred rooms, and can accommodate five hundred patients, and each and every room is furnished in the most elegant and lavish manner. But we will begin at the office, which is a large room furnished with rosewood furniture throughout. In the office are thousands of photographs of those who have been benefitted by the Nervine. The walls are elegantly papered, and are refusely decorated with rich and costly pictures, relieved here and there by busts in stone and bronze of eminent men of this and other countries. In connection with the Institute is a mammoth printing house and bindery, occupying six or seven large rooms, and a score of presses are kept running night and day turning out work for the doctor. The office is one of the finest and most complete in the west, and he has the rooms decorated, carpeted and trimmed up with as much care and luxury as is his own private office. On the first floor of this mammoth building is the doctor's private office, the printing department, bindery, tank room, packing, bottling and consultation rooms, barber shop, drug store, etc., all of which are fitted up regardless of expense. The second floor has the hotel office, dining, billiard and cooking rooms, many guest chambers and several parlors. The third and fourth floors are all rooms, all of which are furnished with Brussels carpets and the finest furniture. The billiard room has six tables, all of which are free to the guests of the house and their friends. The bath room is large and neat, and is also free to guests. The entire building is surrounded on the east and south by an elegant five acre park, in which are lovely trees, beds of rich and rare plants, gravel walks and drives, delicious arbors, and a most beautiful summer house. There are also a number of fountains that add wonderfully to the beauty of the park, which is truly one of the most lovely and attractive in the western country, and the Institute has no equal for luxury and comfort in the world. Everything is perfection, and the visitor is at once charmed with the entire place and its surroundings. An idea of the immensity of the doctor's business may be given when we say that on the day we visited the Institute he showed us to his express room, and we saw the expressman take goods labeled to the following places, to say nothing of hundreds of orders from all quorters of America: Lyons, France; Geneva, Switzerland; Madrid, Spain; Brussels, Belgium; Cape Town, Africa; Shanghai, China; Yokehima, Japan; Bombay, India; Melbourne, Australia. The doctor employs hundreds of men and women in his Institute in the several branches, aside from the immense force required to conduct the hotel. It is worth a visit, and Dr. Richmond extends to all a cordial invitation to come and see him. He and his wonderful medical discovery have given to St. Joseph a good name all over the habitable globe.

A humorous courtship: He—"May I call you Revenge?" She—"Why?" He—"Because 'Revenge is sweet'." She—"Certainly you may; provided, though, you will let me call you Vengeance." He—"And why would you call me Vengeance?" She—"Because 'Vengeance is mine'."

General Debility and Liver Complaint.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—My wife has been taking your "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Pellets" for her liver and has found them to be good medicines, and would recommend them to all sufferers from Liver Complaint, Sour Stomach, and General Debility. Yours fraternally,

N. E. HARMON,
Pastor M. E. Church, Elsah, Ill.

Johnny's composition on "pins" contained the following remarkable statement: "Pins have saved many people's lives." "Why, Johnny," said the teacher, after reading the composition, "how do you make this out? How have pins saved many lives?" "By not swallowing them," said Johnny.

Bed Ridden and Cured.

W. E. HUESTIS, of Emporia, Kansas says that his wife had been sick nearly seven years, and for the last four months bed ridden. She has been treated by a number of physicians and only grew worse Her attention was called to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovey" and "Favorite Prescription," which she commenced using. In one week she could sit up, and in three weeks could walk about. By druggists.

An exuberant youth hails a supposed acquaintance on the street with "Hello, Joe," but finding his mistake adds, "O, excuse me; I thought you were another man!" Laconic stranger answers "I am."

Dont forget that Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound takes all the prizes for curing coughs and colds if you have been unfortunate and contracted for one during this wet weather.

Conjugal amenities: He—"My darling, I really believe my rheumatism has wholly disappeared." She—"Oh, I am so sorry! Now we shall never know when the weather is going to change."

The only scientific Iron Medicine that does not produce headache, &c., but gives to the system all the benefits of iron without its bad effects, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

It is said that when Jumbo's shipment was at first contemplated they were in doubt as to whether it would be best to carry the vessel over in the elephant or the elephant in the vessel.

Do not forget that Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound is the most pleasant to take of any cough remedy and the largest bottle for the money, 25 cents at all drug stores.

SEEK

health and avoid sickness. Instead of feeling tired and worn out, instead of aches and pains, wouldn't you rather feel fresh and strong?

You can continue feeling miserable and good for nothing, and no one but yourself can find fault, but if you are tired of that kind of life, you can change it if you choose.

How? By getting one bottle of Brown' Iron Bitters, and taking it regularly according to directions.

Mansfield, Ohio, Nov. 16, 181.

Gentlemen:—I have suffered with pain in my side and back, and great soreness on my breast, with shooting pains all through my body, attended with great weakness, depression of spirits, and loss of appetite. I have taken several different medicines, and was treated by prominent physicians for my liver, kidneys, and spleen, but I got no relief. I thought I would try Brown's Iron Bitters; I have now taken one bottle and a half and am about well—pain in side and back all gone—soreness all out of my breast, and I have a good appetite, and am gaining in strength and flesh. It can justly be called the *king of medicines*.

JOHN K. ALLEMONG.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is composed of Iron in soluble form; Cinchona the great tonic, together with other standard remedies, making a remarkable non-alcoholic tonic, which will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Malaria, Weakness, and relieve all Lung and Kidney diseases.

HANNIBAL MEMBRINO,

(Trial, four years old, 2:30) by Woodford Membrino, 2:21¼, the fastest son of Membrino Chief, and sire of eight 2:30 and better trotters. Dam, Lady McKenny, (Mr. Penistan says the best brood mare on his farm, and could trot a mile in 2:30,) also the dam of Nil Desperandum, whose record is 2:24¾.

Hannibal Membrino will make the season in Talbot county at $30 to insure. Owners parting with mares, will be held responsible for insurance. Mares from a distance, or out of the county, will be charged $30 the season, with the privilege of return next year free in case of failure, provided the horse is alive and in my possession.

JOHN K. CAULK,
Trappe, Talbot county, Md.

feb28,81

WILLIAM J. GOLT,

Harness Maker,

Opposite T. T. Martin's, Easton.

Harness of all Grades, from $10 to $40 a Set.

Keeps on hand a full supply of best material, and makes all kinds of harness promptly to order. His harness is hand-made, which will last twice as long as machine-made work.

Wagon harness, carriage harness, cart harness, collars, bridles, martingales, halters, saddles, etc., kept in stock and sold cheap.

I invite a call from all wanting anything in my line, and guarantee to give satisfaction.

☞ Special attention paid to repairing, and work done quickly.

W. J. GOLT.

Easton, May 16, 1882-6m

IF YOU

GET

A Cough or Cold,

AND WANT TO

GET

WELL QUICKLY,

GET

A BOTTLE OF

Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry

AND HOARHOUND.

jan24,82yr

PIERCE'S

New York Ready-Mixed Paints,

In gallon, ½ gallon, quart and pound cans. Recommended by the large Steamship and Railroad companies, of New York.

-STEVENS & HAYWARD-

Druggists and Apothecaries,

AGENTS FOR TALBOT COUNTY.

Linseed Oil, Lead and Colors at bottom prices.

Den't Forget It

Wherever you find the "Advance" Chilled Plows you will see good work done and horses not overworked. They are the satisfactory plow of the age. T. C. NICOLS, Agent for Talbot county.

MUSICAL.

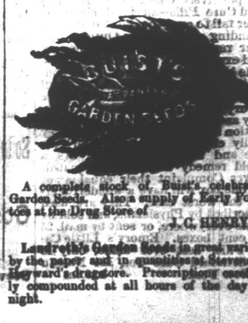
JOSEPH HAID, No. 6 E. Biddle Street (Extended), Baltimore, Md., PROFESSOR AT PIANO TUNER, visits Easton in Spring and Fall, and oftener, if required, and there is work to justify it. Orders left at Mr. M. Goldsborough's newsand musicstore promptly attended to.

oct25,81y

Lamps and Lamp Fixtures,

Chimneys, &c. &c

I carry a full line of Lamps and Lamp Fixtures. Also a supply of two grades of Coal oil. J. G. Henry



A complete stock of Burt's celebrated Garden Seeds. Also a supply of Early Potatoes at the Drug Store of J. G. HENRY.

Landreth's Garden Seeds in great variety by the paper, sent in quantities to suit purchasers. Hayward's drugstore. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of the day or night.