THE EASTON STAR

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1889.

CHARLES G WRIGHT,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE Chicago grand jury has indicted three men for complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin.

POLITICS IN MARYLAND.

One half of the Republican party in this State are spoiling for a fight and the other half are fighting for the spoils.

WE are authorized to say that Captain Hedge Thompson and Hon. J. F. Turner have not made any combination with anyone and have not even talked with any person about making a ticket for the coming election. They believe that none but true and tried Democrats should be nominated, men in whom the people have confidence, politically as well as personally. With such a ticket they feel that the party can win.

THE citizens of this county have a just cause to be proud of their public schools and the efficient manner in which they are equipped with school furniture and school comforts. Nor should they loose sight of the efficient and able corps of teachers in the school service of the county. No county in the State has a more excellent system and better governed schools than our own.

The school board last Tuesday asked the county commissioners to respond to its needs in a spirit of liberality, which doubtless will be done and the response from the people will be yes, gentlemen, give the school board what it needs to carry on this good and glorious work, and we will endorse your action.

A synopsis of their report will be found in today's STAR.

WE desire to repeat what we have often said, that the Democratic party, if it desires to succeed in this County in the coming election, must be harmonious. To do this all bickering and jealousy among the leaders should cease. They should come together and act frankly with one another. Any other course will end in disaster. This paper has no candidates. Only those the convention shall nominate, let them be who they may, will be our candidates. No man who forces himself forward on the people can hope to win. We must have a fair and impartial convention, true and tried Democrats, men in whom the rank and file of the party have confidence, and when such a convention shall have done its work all Democrats can go to work and elect the ticket.

These are our views in a few words, and we shall have more to say on the subject later.

SECRETARY RUSK, of the Department of agriculture, in an interview at Pittsburg recently, was reported in the *Sun*, as giving the following graphic but perhaps not overdrawn picture of the greedy rush for office at the National Capital:

> Why you have no idea the way they swarm about Washington. They bore and bother the life out of us, and we are unable to do anything. We recognize the fact that we are public servants and the public have some claim to our attention. Therefore we try to see everybody. They rush into the departments, and there are so many of them that they take up most of our time. On this account, it is impossible to do any work.

Sad state of affairs, that public business should be neglected and the whole attention of the heads of departments should be given exclusively to the office seekers. This was not the case under the Cleveland administration. The offices were filled and the public business was attended to without interruption, nor was any of the departments of government neglected in order that the spoilsman's claim be considered in preference to the Nation's welfare and the people's interest.

THE Berlin-Samoan conference has about completed its work. A cable dispatch to the *World*, Thursday night says: The Samoan Commission assembled at the Imperial Chancellor's official residence at the usual hour. Greetings between the representatives of the powers were unusually cordial, because at a special conference, held Wednesday night, the final barriers to an agreement had been removed. The treaty was read in its engrossed form and concurred in article by article. The treaty gives absolute autonomy to the Samoan Island, guaranteeing to the natives not only a predominating influence in every governmental body, but restricting the treaty powers from representation upon the Samoan Council or Ministry.

An Advisory Council, a civil court and a constitutional government are all provided for, and in this last feature ex-Secretary Bayard's proposition to the first Samoan Conference has been virtually adopted. The treaty further guarantees the restoration of the *statu quo ante* and the reinstatement of Malietoa as King of Samoa. To ex Secretary Bayard is due the credit for the wisdom in the agreement, for it was he who laid down the lines upon which the treaty has been drawn, and it reflects quite as much credit upon him as upon the administration under whose auspices it has been completed.

A PATRIOTIC MOVEMENT.

Maryland's Sons of the Revolution.

The first annual meeting of the "Maryland Society of the Sons of the Revolution" will be held in the State House at Annapolis, on Monday, June 10th, at 10 A. M., for the election of officers, and to effect conformity with the National Society organization, which now includes fifteen States.

The principles of the Society are patriotic and democratic, and membership is extended to all residents of the State who are descendent (through either male or female line) from patriots of the American Revolution, whether statesmen, soldiers or sailors. The initiation fee and annual dues are fixed at a nominal sum, in order that all entitled may avail themselves of the birthright privilege.

Blank forms for setting forth the record of ancestor, with affidavit of descent, may be obtained from the "Secretary of Maryland Society of Sons of the Revolution," Annapolis, Md.

Cleveland's Welcome.

Ex-President Cleveland was the guest of the Young Men's Democratic Club of New York on the evening of Monday, May 27th, the occasion being a reception and dinner in his honor, and a welcome to him as a citizen of the metropolis. At the close of the dinner the health of "Our Guest" was proposed, and the company rose and drank to Mr. Cleveland, who responded as follows:

"Many incidents of my short residence in this good city have served to fill my cup of gratitude and to arouse my appreciation of the kindness and consideration of those with whom I have made my home.

"I come to you with no excuses nor apologies and with no confessions of disloyalty. It is not given to man to meet all the various and conflicting views of party duty and policy which prevail in an organization where individual opinion is so freely tolerated as in the Democratic party. Because these views are various and conflicting, some of them must be wrong. And yet when they are honestly held and advocated, they should provoke no bitterness nor condemnation; but when they are dishonestly proclaimed, as a mere cover and pretext for personal resentment and disappointment, they should be met by the exposure and contempt that they deserve. If with sincere design and intent one charged with party representation has kept the party faith, that must answer his party obligation.

"No man can lay down the trust that he has held in behalf of a generous and confiding people and feel that at all times he has met in the best possible way the requirements of his trust; but he is not derelict in duty if he has conscientiously devoted his efforts and his judgment to the people's service.

"I have deliberately placed in close connection loyalty to Democratic principles and devotion to the interests of the people—for in my view they belong together and should mean the same thing.

"But in this day of partisan feeling and attachment it is well for us to pause and recall the truth, that the only justification for the existence of any party is the claim that in principle and performance its object and purposes are the promotion of the public good and the advancement of the welfare and prosperity of our entire country. There never was a party platform or declaration of principles which did not profess these things and make them the foundations of party creed, and any body of men who should openly proclaim that they were associated together for the express purpose of gaining supremacy in the government, with the sole intent of distributing offices and the spoils of victory among the associates, would be treated with ridicule and scorn. Thus we are brought face to face with the proposition that parties should, no more than individuals, be untruthful and dishonest.

"When we seek for the cause of the perpetuity of the Democratic party and its survival through every crisis and emergency and in the face of all opposition, we find it in the fact that its corner-stone is laid in devotion to the rights of the people and sympathy with all things which tend to the advancement of their welfare and happiness. Though heresy may sometimes have crept into its organization, and though party conduct may at times have been influenced by the shiftiness which is the habitual device of its opponents, there has always remained, deeply imbedded in its constitution and character, that spirit of true Americanism and that love of popular rights which has made it indestructible in disaster and defeat and has constituted it a boon to the country in its hour of triumph and supremacy.

"The great founder of our party, as he consecrated himself by a solemn oath to the faithful performance of the duties of the Presidential office and pledged himself to the preservation, protection and defense of the Constitution, after presenting to his assembled fellow-countrymen the causes of congratulation found in the condition of our country and the character of our people, impressively added:

"'With all these blessings, what more is necessary to make us a happy and prosperous people? Still one thing more, fellow-citizens: a wise and frugal government, which shall restrain men from injuring one another; shall leave them otherwise free to regulate their own pursuits of industry and improvement, and shall not take from the mouth of labor the bread it has earned. This is the sum of good government and this is necessary to close the circle of our felicities.'

"In the lexicon of true Democracy these words are not obsolete, but they still furnish the inspiration of our efforts and an interpretation of our political faith.

"Happily the party creed which we profess is not within such narrow lines that obedience does not permit us to move abreast with the advanced thought of the country and to meet and test every question and apply a principle to every situation. True Democracy, staunch in its adhesion to fundamental doctrine, is at the same time, in a proper sense, progressive. It recognizes our growth and expansion and the birth of new thought and sentiment. It will judge them all by safe standards, and in all phases of national development it will be prepared to answer, as they arise, every need of the people and every popular want.

"The Democracy honestly advocates national brotherhood, to the end that all our fellow-countrymen may aid in the achievement of the grand destiny which awaits us as a nation; and it condemns that pretext of liberality and harmony which, when partisan advantage is to be gained, gives way for inflammatory appeals to sectional hate and passion. It insists upon that equality before the law which concedes the care and protection of the government to simple manhood and citizenship. It does not favor the multiplication of offices and salaries merely to make partisans, nor use the promise and bestowal of place for the purpose of stifling the press and bribing the people. It seeks to lighten the burden of life in every home and to take from the citizen for the cost of government the lowest possible tribute.

"We know that we have espoused the cause of right and justice. We know that we have not permitted duty to party to wait upon expediency. We know that we have not trafficked our principles for success. We know that we have not deceived the people with false promises and pretenses; and we know that we have not corrupted nor betrayed the poor with the money of the rich."

"Who shall say that these things promise no reward and that triumph shall not follow the enlightened judgment and the sober second thought of our countrymen?

"There are today no weak, weary and despondent members of the true Democracy, and there should be none. Thoughtful attention to political topics is thoroughly aroused. Events are day by day leading men to review the reasons for their party affiliations, and the supporters of the principles we profess are constantly recruited by intelligent, young and sturdy adherents.

"Let us deserve their confidence, and, shunning all ignoble practices, let us remain firm to Democratic faith and to the cause of our country. If we are true to these, the day of our triumph will surely and quickly come and our victory shall be fairly, nobly won, through the invincible spirit of true Democracy."

High License Endorsed by Methodist Episcopal Ministers' Meeting.

The Methodist Episcopal ministers' meeting Wednesday, on motion of Rev. A. M. Courtenay, of the Madison Square Church, on next Monday to discuss the high license question. The subject was introduced by Rev. Samuel A. Wilson. It was announced that the subject was being agitated by the Business Men's Association, who proposed to hold a mass-meeting to discuss it. There was quite an exchange of opinions. Rev. Samuel A. Wilson said to a reporter: "Of course, all preachers are opposed to the saloon, but many of us think that high license will be at least a step in the direction of prohibition. Statistics seem to indicate that high license reduces drinking, as it does the number of the saloons. It is the most vital question of our time, and all should study it carefully in all its bearings. I am open to conviction, but it seems to me that high license will do good. We ministers really have the high aim of doing good to our fellow-men. It is our duty to study carefully the best means of accomplishing good. High license appears to be a step towards prohibition, and we should not discard it in the face of statistics which seem to indicate it may do some good, though not so much as prohibition."

Rev. G. W. Hyde, of the Union Sailors' Bethel, thought high license a good step towards prohibition.

Rev. C. E. Dudrear, of Homestead M. E. Church, said: "I am a Prohibitionist. I am thoroughly convinced those ministers who favor high license are entirely sincere in their belief that it will be a step towards prohibition."

CARDINAL GIBBONS FAVORS HIGH LICENSE.

"I am very strongly in favor of high license as a means of checking intemperance. I regard high license, with moral sanction, as the most efficient way of diminishing the drinking vice. In order to make high license effectual only a limited number of licenses should be issued for each ward and they should be given only to persons of good reputation, men who stand before the community moral and upright, and owners of property.

"The licenses should be accompanied with strict legislation and the violation of laws respecting these licenses should be severely punished. Among the punishments should be the withdrawal of license, never to be restored to those who violate the law."

ORDERS FOR THE CAMP

Issued by Adjutant General Howard from Annapolis.

Adjutant General Howard has issued the following orders for the summer camp:

STATE OF MARYLAND,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ANNAPOLIS, May 23, 1889.

General Orders, No. 5:

I. The biennial encampment of the Maryland National Guard (with the exception of the Baltimore Rifles, the Monumental City Guards and the Allegany County Guards, all independent colored infantry, the time and place for which will be announced in future orders) will be held in the vicinity of Frederick Junction, on the Main Stem of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, commencing July 17, 1889, and ending July 26.

II. Brigadier General Stewart Brown, commanding First Brigade, will command the camp and will direct the movements of the troops. Contracts made by him for transportation will be forwarded to these headquarters for the approval of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

III. Subsistence will be commuted at forty cents per man per day (officers included) present in camp. Requisitions for funds must be verified by morning reports, and forwarded to these headquarters.

IV. As officers and men will receive pay as fixed by law, it is made the imperative duty of all to attend this camp of instruction. No pay will be allowed for such service for a less period than five days, and all excuses for non-attendance will be rigidly scrutinized by commanding officers.

V. Companies arriving at camp with less than seventy-five per cent. of their enlisted strength, and not showing a reasonable and proper degree of proficiency, will be reported by Brigadier General Brown, commanding, to these headquarters for the action of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, with a view to disbandment.

VI. Before breaking camp, pay rolls will be made out, signed and witnessed, and forwarded to these headquarters. Blank forms for this purpose will be furnished in due time from this office. By command of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

J. HOWARD, Adjutant General.

Advertised Letters.

Letters remaining in Post-Office, Easton, June 1, 1889.

Persons calling for letters in the following list will please say that they are advertised, otherwise they may not receive them.

Abel, Matilda
Bantom, Miss Hester
Bantom, Miss Mary
Bell, F. B
Banks, Jerry
Geoghegan, Capt. Peter
Gaunt, Jos.
Johns, Miss Mary E.
Jones, Wm.
Lawrenson, Mrs. Mary Ellen
Lawrenson, David
Miller, Chas.
Stamford, Miss Mandy
Stamford, Miss Henrietta
Spencer, Miss May
Show, Samuel
Sutton, Miss Ellen
Worton, Jas. H.
Woods, Miss Louisa
Williams, Miss Georgie

JAS. H. COVINGTON,
Postmaster.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while it's wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since it's first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Hayward & Brother, Easton, Md.

Hayward's cure for constipation, Sour stomach, Dyspepsia or headache, Biliousness or kidney disease. Prompt relief. For sale by Hayward Bros. S. E. Corner Washington Square, Easton, Md. Hayward's Royal Blood Bitters, $1 at first of each month.

THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR TALBOT COUNTY

Proceedings May Term, 1889.

TUESDAY, May 28, 1889.—Court met, present Judges Wickes and Stump; Col. Thomas Tughlett, clerk; Major Wm. H. Stewart, State's attorney; John R. Sullivan, sheriff; James A. Rae, crier, and bailiffs Tucker and Bostick.

Appeals No. 4—Silas Lane, constable vs. Charles W. Sullivan, replevin; verdict for the appellant for property replevied and costs; judgment reversed. Russum for appellant, Seth for appellee.

Appeals No. 7—Peyton C. Gay vs. F. P. Reynolds, action on account; trial before court; verdict for appellee; judgment reversed and judgment on verdict. Mallikin for appellant, Stewart for appellee.

Appeals No. 6—C. R. Leonard vs. Hewett Langsdale, action on account for rent; judgment of *non pros*, appellee to pay costs. Martin for appellant, Shanahan for appellee.

Appeals No. 11—Saml. Snow vs. Mrs. M. E. Thompson, action on note; trial before court; verdict for appellant, judgment below reversed and judgment on verdict for costs. Mallikin for appellant, Shanahan for appellee.

Appeals No. 18—Levi S. Turner vs. Rufus Warner, action on account; trial before jury; verdict for appellee. Thomas & Turner for appellant, Kirby for appellee.

The grand Jury came into court, filed the following report and were finally discharged.

The Honorable, the Judges of the Second Judicial Circuit of Maryland—

YOUR HONORS: The grand jury for the May term of the circuit court for Talbot county, make the following report of the work done during the past eight days of our session:

We have examined a docket of fifty-six cases of alleged violations of law, examined one hundred and forty-one prisoners, made thirty-six presentments and found thirty true bills.

We have inspected the county jail and found imprisoned therein thirteen persons, of whom one was white and twelve were colored; nine of the prisoners were awaiting trial, one was serving a sentence imposed by a magistrate, one was serving out a sentence imposed by this court, and one, Sallie Sherwood, an insane colored woman, who, we recommend, should be returned to the Spring Grove Insane Asylum, from which institution, we learn, she has been recently discharged.

The jail was found to be clean and well kept, and the prisoners report that they have been kindly treated by the sheriff.

Notwithstanding the recent heavy rains, we are glad to report the roads throughout the county are in a pretty good condition, with the exception of a portion of the road running between Mt. Zion church and the three bridge branch, and the road between Brown's saw mill and Hillsborough, both in Chapel district, and also a part of the road between the Oak and St. Michaels.

Although the attention of the county commissioners has been previously called to the reported unsafe condition of the piles of Miles river bridge, we deem it our duty to call their attention to it again, and respectfully suggest that they have the piles thoroughly examined at an early date, and make such repairs as are considered necessary to put the bridge in a safe condition.

We would also call their attention to the unsafe condition of the crossing below the gate at Moore's mill.

As about one-half of the witnesses examined, and probably two-thirds of the time of our session was consumed in investigating alleged violations of the local option law, it is the opinion of nine-tenths of the grand jury that if a high license liquor law were adopted, similar to the liquor law now in force in the city of Philadelphia, and the present local law repealed, the expenses of the county would be very much reduced and the morals of the community greatly improved.

May 28, 1889. LOUIS W. TRAIL, Foreman.

Appeals No. 21—W. K. Carson & Co. vs. Wm. E. Mason, action on account; trial before court; not concluded.

The four hulless oats cases removed from Queen Anne's county to this county have been the subject of much discussion among farmers. Three of the cases were settled today, by confessing judgments in favor of plaintiffs.

The case of L. W. Covey vs. Chas. H. Dean, was continued.

Court adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, 29.—Court met, present Judge Wickes and same officers as yesterday.

No. 31, appeals; verdict for appellants, verdict below reversed. Shanahan for appellants, Russum for appellee.

Appeals No. 28—Tilghman & Craft vs. James B. Parrott, action on replevin bond; trial before court; verdict for appellee. Martin for appellee, Tharp for appellant.

Appeals No. 32—Edward A. Caulk vs. State, illegal scraping for oysters; trial before jury; verdict for appellant. Seth for appellant, Stewart for appellee.

Appeals No. 29—Irving Brooks vs. State, disorderly conduct; trial before court; verdict not guilty. Gibson & Carrington for appellant, Stewart for appellee.

No. 27, Civil trials—J. P. J. Hubbard vs. J. W. Knotts, executor of Ebenezer Jackson; trial before jury; not concluded.

Court adjourned.

THURSDAY, 30.—Court met, present Judges Wickes and Stump, and same officers as yesterday.

No. 27 civil trials still before jury.

Court adjourned.

FRIDAY, 31.—Court met, present same as yesterday.

No. 27, Civil trials, jury brought in a sealed verdict for defendant. Russum for plaintiff, Seth and Bateman for defendant.

No. 33, Civil trials—Frank H. Johnston vs. W. H. Withgott, action replevin; trial before jury; verdict for defendant. Martin for plaintiff, Thomas & Turner for defendant.

No. 35, Civil trials—Sarah C. Bayne vs. Charles W. Baker, action; trial before jury. Martin for plaintiff, Stewart and Russum for defendant. On trial.

Court adjourned.

SATURDAY, June 1.—Court met, present same as yesterday.

No. 35, Civil trials still before jury.

Court adjourned.

MONDAY, June 3.—Court met, present Judges Wickes and Stump, and same officers as on Saturday.

No. 35, Civil trials; verdict for defendant.

No. 39, Civil trials—John S. Roe vs. Richard S. Dodson, action; trial before jury. Gibson & Carrington for plaintiff, Mullikin for defendant. Still on trial.

Court adjourned till this morning at 9½ o'clock.

TERRIBLE STORM IN PENNSYLVANIA—

HUNDREDS OF LIVES LOST AND A TOWN TOTALLY DESTROYED.

One of the most terrible storms that has visited the Eastern States struck the western part of Pennsylvania Friday. The greatest horrors were felt at Johnstown, a town about 75 miles west of Pittsburg, where it is reported that from 1,000 to 1,500 lives are lost and thousands of dollars worth of property destroyed. The reservoir above the town broke about 4 o'clock in the evening and the immense volume of water rushed down, carrying with it death and destruction. Houses with their occupants were swept away and hundreds of people were drowned.

A majority of the residences, with the exception of a few on Main Street are built of wood, a great many of which are occupied by the employes of the Cambria Iron Works. Johnstown is a city of about 12,000 population and is situated on the Conemaugh river. All railroad and telegraphic communication with Johnstown was cut off and the only communication was by couriers. Altoona, in Central Pennsylvania, was in the midst of a flood that has not been exceeded in fifty years. A steady, unbroken rain had been falling for 36 hours, destroying bridges and paralyzing travel and laying waste towns, causing losses that will reach millions of dollars. The Juniata river was thirty feet high at Hollidaysburg and the water four feet deep at Gaysport.

There was a landslide at Wilmore and another at Allegrippur, a mile long. The Greensburg bridge was swept away. The bridge at Petersburg was impassable and dangerous for pedestrians to cross. Nearly all the towns in the western part of the State were in danger of a washout. The storm visited the entire length of the Cumberland valley. It went over the river from the Maryland side and carried death and destruction in its path. At Carlisle the storm was terrific and its violence was felt in every part of the town. Many persons were injured and several were killed outright by falling timbers from dislocated roofs. The loss in Chambersburg valley will foot up very heavily. At Williamsport, a great lumbering centre, great danger of the boom, containing 225,000,000 logs, valued at five million dollars, giving way was feared, but three hundred men were kept at work night and day strengthening the weak places, securing rafts and making things snug in anticipation of trouble. The storm lasted eight hours and its violence was unprecedented. Not until late at night was there any abating, and then the distress was appalling in the extreme: whole families destroyed, homes completely gone, nothing but absolute disaster and ruin prevailed in the unfortunate district.

HORSES AND HORSEMEN.

The races at Idlewild Park last Saturday afternoon were interesting. A 3-minute and a matinee race had been arranged.

The 3-minute race was trotted for a purse of $35. Entries: T. H. Anderson's blk. g. Black Jack, F. C. Mason's b. m. Florence M., R. H. Paschett's ch. g. Deceiver, R. M. Marvell's ch. g. Sam Hannibal. First, second and third heats won by Black Jack. Time—2.56½, 3.00, 2.56.

The entries in the matinee race were E. H. Roe's g. m. Algoma, B. F. Padgett's br. m. Ella B., Chas. Higgins' br. m. Maggie K. Two started, Algoma and Ella B. Algoma won in three straight heats. Time—2.48½, 2.45½, 2.42½.

A friend has been kind enough to give us the pedigree of a standard mare owned by Miss Tilghman, of Riversdie, Miles River Neck. The animal is the ch. m. Soubrette, foaled 1881, by Bashaw, Jr., 2.24½, son of Green's Bashaw (sire of 16 2.30 trotters). 1st dam, Aimee, by Stillson, son of Messenger Duroc (sire of 16 2.30 trotters). 2d dam, Delilah, by Ashland, son of Mambrino Chief (sire of 6 2.30 trotters). 3d dam, Lilla, by Imp. Trustee. 4th dam, Imp. Glorianna, &c., &c. See Bruce's Stud Book. If anyone can beat this, let's hear from them. To make assurance doubly sure, this mare has a chestnut filly by her side by Hannibal, whom we all know. Soubrette has Bashaw, Hambletonian and Mambrino Chief, backed by Imported Trustee, the sire of the 20-miler Trustee, and the filly has an additional Mambrino Chief cross through Hannibal, and this double infusion of such royal blood will not hurt it any. Soubrette is *registered standard* in Wallace, and the papers can be shown.

Mr. Solomon Pippin bought of Wm. H. Hurlock, of Kent county, a Bashaw mare, dam by St. Lawrence. She is a bay and moves lively. Mr. Pippin gave her a mile in fifty last Friday evening, against a heavy wind. She cost Mr. Pippin $460, and was sold by him last Saturday to Mr. L. W. Covey for $600.

(Communicated.)

The readers of the *Star* no doubt read with much satisfaction the friendly advice and suggestions given by it to the Hagerstown *Mail*, which for a number of years has been a discordant member of the Democratic party. Instead of giving encouragement and working zealously in behalf of the party's interest and advancement, it continually found fault and aided the Republican party materially in securing control of the Sixth Congressional district.

We had hoped that the efforts of the *Star* towards securing peace in the Democratic family of the State of Maryland would be of avail, and we have been very much disappointed in finding expressions of discontent coming already from those within the party in Talbot County. In the *Democrat* of June 1st there is to be found a communication signed W. telling the Democratic party what it must and must not do—what steps will bring victory and what defeat.

If there ever was a time in the history of the Democratic party within the State of Maryland when unity of action, burying of differences and nomination of good men was needed, it is now. Questions of grave importance will in all probability demand serious consideration by the legislature to be elected and a United States Senator is to be elected to succeed the Hon. E. K. Wilson.

The Republican party was never in better condition than at the present time. The spoils accured to the party by the election of a Republican President will not be meted out until after the November election. Whatever of difference might exist within the party is quietly slumbering and will continue to do so until after a united effort has been made to secure the control of the Legislature. Numerous applicants have presented their claims for recognition in the division of the spoils and policy and the Managers give to each encouragement, in order that he may work more assiduously for Republican success in November.

The history of the Republican party is not an enviable one by any means. Every Democrat within the borders of the State knows why it has proceeded. Its history during the war and thereafter should never be forgotten. It has never been a party of the people but on the other hand has always been in the interest of classes and always sectional.

Under such circumstances it is incumbent upon every Democrat who has party success at heart to discourage in every possible way Republican hopes of success and to put forth every effort which will tend to secure peace and success to his party. Threats at this time are unfortunate in the extreme. It ought to make no difference whom the Democratic party may nominate, provided the nominees have the ability, are loyal to their party, are honest and have the people's welfare at heart. Men of experience, of unquestioned ability, and recognized for their honesty of purpose, ought to be at the front. If the Democratic party in convention through its delegates should nominate such men it is the duty of every good Democrat to support the ticket. We have our preferences, others have theirs, and it is impossible to nominate a ticket which would suit every one. But every Democrat work for the men of his choice before the convention meets to nominate a ticket. This each one has a right to do, but if disappointed in his efforts under no circumstances ought he to let his prejudices and differences contribute towards Democratic defeat and Republican victory.

If differences should be reconciled and unity of effort on their part be put forth. In pursuing such a course we fail to find any "unholy alliance," but on the other hand we see much that is commendable and a step towards success, which should be a lesson to us all, if there is hope for a continuance of Democratic rule.

TARE.

FOR THE BLOOD,
Whether Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It never scales, for sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

New Advertisements.

LOST

Certificate of Scholarship in Dickinson College, No. 305, for four years, in the subscriber's name. Notice of intention to apply for Potomac.
jun1-3t H. R. CHEREUM.

LOST:

On the road between the residence of Col. F. C. Goldsborough, in Bailey's Neck, and Christ Church, or near Dr. J. M. H. Bateman's office, Easton, a Green Leather Pocket Book, containing about $70 in bank notes. A reward of $10 is offered by the finder, who will leave the same at Dawson & Jenkins' drug store, Easton, Md. junt-1t

Easton National Bank of Maryland.

JUNE 3d, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the President and Directors of this institution have declared a *Dividend of Five Per Cent.* for the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on OR AFTER JUNE 20th.

R. THOMAS,
Junt-3t LO Cashier.

DR. TEACKLE,
State Vaccine Agent,
702 Park Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

Physicians, State, Reformatory and Charitable Institutions furnished free.
may25-3t

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weeks) begin 11th July, 1889, and end 11th September. Have proved of signal use—1st, to students who design to pursue their studies at this or other Law School; 2nd, to those who design to read law; 3rd, to those who, though not intending to make the profession, desire the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (U. S. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law.
may25-1mo

Auditor's Notice.

J. Price Kirby, assignee,
vs.
Michael T. Connelly and Catharine Connelly, his wife.

In the Circuit Court for Talbot County.
In Equity.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the auditor will proceed to make an audit in the above entitled cause on
SATURDAY, JUNE 15TH, 1889,
At his office in Easton. Persons having claims against the fund are hereby notified to file their claims with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Talbot county on or before that day, otherwise they may be excluded from all benefits of the fund.

OSWALD TILGHMAN,
jun4-3t Auditor.

PUBLIC SALE
OF A
VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT.

Under and by virtue of authority contained in a decree of the Circuit Court of Talbot county, in a cause in which Virginia C. Orem is complainant and Sarah W. Orem and others are defendants, the undersigned, as trustee, will sell at public auction, in front of the Court House door, in the town of Easton, on

Tuesday, June 25th, 1889,

between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock P. M., all that farm or plantation situate on the waters of St. Domingo Creek, in St. Michaels district of said county, adjoining the lands of Chas. W. Willey, Frank S. Orem and others, called and known as Newlands, and containing

140 Acres of Land, More or Less.

This farm is beautifully located on the salt water and within sight of the town of St. Michaels, and is improved with a

Commodious Dwelling,

and all necessary outbuildings, and any one desiring a country residence could not find a more attractive and healthy location.

The landlord's portion of the wheat crop will be reserved, but all other rents will go to purchaser. Possession to be given at such time as purchaser may desire.

TERMS.

The terms of sale are one-fourth in cash on day of sale, and balance in three equal instalments, payable one twelve months, one twenty-four months and one thirty-six months after date, purchaser giving notes, with security, to be approved by the trustee.

Title papers at expense of purchaser.

JOSEPH B. SETH, Trustee.
jun4ts

EXAMINATION.

The examination for one free scholarship in St. John's College, and for four scholarships in the State Normal School, will be held in the Court House at Easton on

Friday, the 14th day of June, 1889.

At the same time and place, candidates for graduation from the High Schools will be examined.

Please be present at 8:45 o'clock in the morning.

By order of the School Board,
ALEXANDER CHAPLAIN,
may28-2t Secretary.
(All County Papers copy and insert 2 t.)

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, May 23rd, 1889.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK OF EASTON," in the Town of Easton, in the County of Talbot, and State of Maryland, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking.

Now, therefore, I, EDWARD S. LACEY, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK OF EASTON," in the Town of Easton, in the County of Talbot, and State of Maryland, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

(SEAL) *In Testimony Whereof*, Witness my hand and Seal of office this 23rd day of May, 1889.

E. S. LACEY,
Comptroller of the Currency.
(No. 4046.)
may25-6t

At Private Sale.

That delightful salt water situation lying on the waters of Leeds Creek, in Miles River Neck, recently purchased by Benjamin Taylor of Robert Hough, containing

235 ACRES,
CALLED
"KNIGHTLY."

There is an elegant old mansion on the premises. The buildings, outhouses and fencing all in good repair.

Terms easy. Apply to
THOMAS & TURNER,
Attorneys.

$7,000, Money to loan on first Mortgage.

Apply to
apr25tf THOMAS & TURNER,
Attorneys, Easton, Md.

SALESMEN WANTED!

Good reliable men can find permanent employment by addressing E. C. Fuller & Co., Nursery men, Waterloo, N. Y. We hire on SALARY, and pay expenses, or on commission. Stock first class and guaranteed true to name. Apply at once stating age.

may25-1m

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in the State of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of

MARTHA W. HUGHLETT,

late of Talbot county, deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the

TWENTY DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1889,

otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefits of the said deceased's estate.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND THIS 20TH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1889.

JAMES HUGHLETT,
TAMSEY HUGHLETT,
Administrators.
may25-4t

In the Field of Action.

The season of action is now upon the farmer and we wish him success, as also to direct his attention to the various things that he may need during the season.

The Little Diamond Sulky Cultivator

is improved this year, and is an implement now quite perfect. The points are worth investigating, and before you buy a cultivator, call and see this little king of the field. We also have a full line of

Drags, Harrows, Hand Cultivators, Field Rollers, South Bend and Economist Chilled Plows, DANIEL'S PLOW SULKY, CORN PLANTERS.

Indeed everything you may need for the Field. The outlook for the wheat crop is promising, and we wish especially that you should call and examine the



M'Cormick Binder

with its late improvements. It is now stronger, with less weight and lighter draft than ever before. The "knotter" has been improved in 3 pieces and is now the simplest thing of the kind on the market. Before you buy any Binder this year, come and examine this. We also have the



McCormick Mower,

And it, too, is improved, and in point of quality and price is second to none in the market. We received yesterday a large lot of superior

Barb Wire,

And can offer you some inducements on fences.

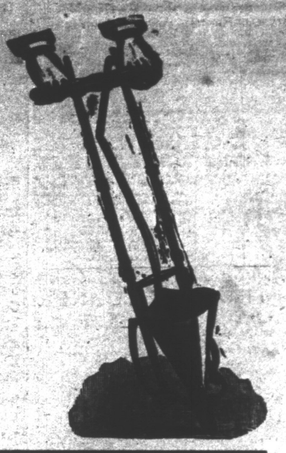
Come and see us.
Your Friends,

SHANNAHAN & WRIGHTSON HARDWARE CO.

JAMES A. SEEMER,

AGENT FOR THE

McKay Plant Setter.



The most complete plant setter ever invented.

Simple and easily worked.

Always ready for work.

Call and see the little machine.

JAS. A. SEEMER,
Easton, Md.
mar23-3m

NEW YORK
One Price Clothing.

Spring Styles and Novelties.

A THRON.

New and handsome stock of Spring Goods.

Neat checks made up from the fashion-book for 1889.

Suits for men, boys and youths.

The finish, the fit, will be equal to custom work at one-half the price.

NEW YORK
CLOTHING HOUSE,

102 and 104 East Baltimore Street,
Next to Corner of St. Paul,
BALTIMORE.

THOROUGHBRED STALLION
"COLLECTOR,"

Will make the Spring season of 1889 in Talbot county, and will be at F. G. Wright's livery stable every Tuesday and Saturday during the season.

DESCRIPTION.

A beautiful sorrel horse, 16¾ hands high, bred by Dr. J. Pembroke Thom, of Baltimore, Md. He possesses the mettle, finish and substance of the thoroughbred in a high degree, and has the characteristics of the Revenue family.

PEDIGREE.

Got by Revenue (son of imported Trustee and Rosalie Somers); dam, Garland by Uncle Vic (son of Lexington and Undine by imp. Yorkshire).

2nd dam, The Gloaming, by imp. Glencoe.

3rd dam, Blue Bonnet, by imp. Hedgford.

4th dam traces on back ten generations, to the imported mare Jenny Cameron—she was brought over before the Revolution.

COLLECTOR is owned by W. F. Fleming, of Accomac county, Va., and comes to this county well recommended as a sure foal getter. He is not only of the most fashionable running blood, but he comes from two of the three heads that contributed so largely to the American trotting horses. These were Messenger, Trustee, Hambletonian and Mambrino, and their descendants, Hambletonian and Mambrino from the first; Planet, Exshequer and John Nelson from the second; Boston and Lexington from the last named. The descendants from the first require no comment. From Revenue comes the incomparable pace horse Planet, the best of his day at any distance, from a mile dash to a four miles heat. His daughter Katie Pease won the $25,000 gold stakes, 4 miles heats, in California, and another daughter, Blanc Winnie, dropped Palo Alto, 1 year old, recorded 2.20¼.

Exshequer, a blue blood racer, (full brother to Planet,) had speed and bottom, was a race horse of great merit, and is a standard bred trotting sire, and registered in the Trotting Stud Book, No. 3551. He got Lucille 2.21, Bicolette 2.27¼.

John Nelson got the dam of Albert W., 2.22, Boston got 3d dam of Maud S., 2.08¼, Lexington got the 2d dam of Jay-Eye-See, 2.10.

The stoutest and speediest blood of the land, found in the finest and lasting runner, when in combination produced the fastest trotters. It is offered to the people of Talbot county, in the same close blood lines of Collector.

TERMS, $25 to Insure.

Groom fee, 50 cents.

Apply to
W. F. FLEMING, Owner.
F. G. WRIGHT, Manager, Easton, Md.
mar16,90

HANNIBAL, No. 2191,

Record 2.22 on half-mile track, driven by an amateur, and never regularly trained or put in a condition for a record.

His colts have shown a capacity to train on and trot fast, and have brought good prices.

LIST OF COLTS SOLD.

The Spring mare, 4 years old	Price
Gray mare, 4 years old	$ 300
Bay colt, 3 years old	200
Black colt, 3 years old	200
Bay colt, 3 years old	200
Black colt, 3 years old	200
Bay colt, the Hugg colt, 3 years old	200