The Republican Citizen.

Frederick City, Md.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1870.

J. W. Baughman, Editor and Publisher

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

FOR CONGRESS,

[*Fourth Congressional District.*]

JOHN RITCHIE, Esq.

Public Meetings!

Democratic Conservative Meetings will be held in Frederick County and public speaking will take place, as follows, to which the PEOPLE are cordially invited:

Sabillasville, on Friday Night,	"	21
Jeff rson, on Saturday "	"	22
Wolfsville, on Monday "	"	24
Petersville, on Tuesday "	"	25
Liberty, on Thursday "	"	27
Lewistown, on Friday "	"	28
Point of Rocks, on Saturday Night	"	29
Fox's Store, on Monday Night,	"	31
Johnsville, on Tuesday "	Novem.	1
Urbana, on Wednesday "	"	2

GRAND MASS MEETING.

There will be a grand mass democratic meeting in the

COURT HOUSE YARD,

On Thursday the 3rd of November, 1870.

The following diitinguished speakers are expected to be present:

Hon. D. W. Vorhees,
Hon. W. T. Hamilton,
Hon Wm. Pinckney White,
Hon. Thos. Swann,
Hon. James A. Buchanan,
Col. A. K. Syester,
Col. J. P. Roman,
Hon. J. H. Gordon,
Hon. P. Hamill,
Col. Albert Ritchie.

Notice!

There will be a meeting of the Democratic Conservative Central Committee on MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the committee rooms, in this city. THOS. H. O'NEAL,
Chairman Dem. Con. Cen. Com.

THEN AND NOW.

The leopard cannot change his spots nor the Ethiopian his color, but white scallawags can change their principals.

When Hon. John E. Smith voted to sell free negroes—men and women—into slavery, about *one-half* of the negro population of this State was free—the other half slaves. Now, the object of the law for selling free negroes into slavery, was to compel these free negroes to earn an honest living by honest labor. Hence, the law authorized the County Commissioners to hire out, to the highest bidder, by the year, such lazy, idle negroes as did not have or seek regular employment; and, if such negro, being hired out, as aforesaid, failed or refused to render due service to the party to whom he had been thus *forcibly* hired, against his will, then, in that event, he was to be sold as a slave for life, at public auction to the highest bidder.—*Now* there are double as many free negroes in Maryland as there were in 1860, when Smith voted as stated; for, now, all negroes are free; and, hence, as the *nature* of the negro has not changed there are more idlers and non-laborers of this increased free negro population, *now*, than there was when Smith, the Radical candidate for Congress, voted to sell all such non-workers into slavery!

Come up now Hon. Ex-Senator, Hon. Ex-Judge John E. Smith, and tell us what you think ought to be done to mitigate the abomination, or the *crime*, if you will, of negro indolence!

What plan do you propose, Hon. J. E. Smith, to force industrious habits among the "free people of color?" You are a statesman, a political economist, Hon. J. E. Smith! You studied "the rights of man" long ago; and you read the Declaration of Independence, no doubt, several times, and gloried in its sublime doctrines before you ever made a Fourth of July oration.—If with a full knowledge of the rights of man, and of the principles of the Declaration of Independence—adopted by the old "slave drivers" of 1776—you could coerce *free negroes* in 1860 to be engaged in some useful occupation, to keep them from the vices of idleness, and at the same time aid in developing the resources and augmenting the wealth of the State, why can you not, Oh! illustrious Senator, and Ex-Judge—whose knowledge of the science of political economy has ripened with the advance of years—now point out the difference between a free negro of 1860 and a free negro of 1870, and explain to your admiring countrymen why it was just and proper to sell an indolent, unproductive free negro in 1860, and how it happens that it is *now* a crime not to regard all negroes as brothers and equals, and allow them to loaf and lounge in indolence all the year round, if it be their pleasure? We assume that you were *not an ignoramus*, in 1860, Judge Smith, when, for reasons satisfactory to your judgment and conscience, you voted to authorize the selling of free negroes into slavery for life; and, having no evidence that your knowledge in the science of political economy has advanced, and doubting that you have of late years made any new discoveries in ethnology, nothing would be more gratifying to us than to be convinced, by arguments from your own lips, before the people, that you have abandoned your former principles for sound reasons and without a sacrifice of your integrity. Until we hear such arguments we shall be compelled to regard you as a political chameleon ready to assume any hue or color in politics for the purpose of increasing your supply of greenbacks, and, therefore, should be repudiated by honest men of all parties, and especially by that race which you would, some brief years since, have sold into slavery, but to which, as a balance of power in politics, you would now concede the government of the country. Do not skulk your record, Hon. J. E. Smith, as you have done joint discussion with your competitor, but meet the issue squarely, and demonstrate your consistency and political integrity, if you can, before the people.

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS.

The Union is restored, *not as it was*, but to suit the partizan ends of the leaders of the Republican party. To retain party ascendency they have given the ballot to eight hundred thousand negroes, and disfranchised as many free-born white men; and they have kept up a vast standing army, in time of peace, at a cost of $50,000,000 a year, to support their usurpations and enforce their tyrannical and unconstitutional invasion upon the rights of white men, who, alone, before the war exercised the governing power in all the States, and shaped the legislation of the Federal Government.

Immediately on the close of the war in which the strongest passions were excited, and the most bitter prejudices engendered, it was not, perhaps to be expected that those who had felt deeply would reason coolly and dispassionately; and, hence, at the close of the war, men thought more of the triumph of the party with which they had been identified, than they did of their immediate personal interests or of the public good.

The government was in the hands of the party which had waged the war in the name of the Union, and the masses of that party, with passions still inflamed by the incidents of the war, were disposed to justify any measure which the leaders declared to be necessary in the interests of "loyalty"—without considering its justice, its constitutionality or its tendency to restore fraternity between the embittered sections and promote national prosperity.—But surely the time has arrived when PATRIOTS SHOULD BEGIN TO THINK OF THE GENERAL WELFARE, and when an enlightened self-interest, and not mere partizanship, should control the political action of those, at least, upon whom the burdens of government fall most heavily, and who receive from government no special benefit in return—we refer, of course, to those who live by the cultivation of the soil whether as lauded proprietors or as farm laborers, or both.

When the farmer, during and since the war, was receiving $2, $2.50 and as high as $3.50 PER BUSHEL FOR HIS WHEAT he could *stand a good deal of taxation*, and he troubled himself but little about the "infernal" tax or the import or tariff tax. He thought he could afford to pay *his share of both*, (if a Republican) to carry out *reconstruction*, and keep his party in power, —as he would still have enough profits left to add a few more acres to his possessions each year. But times have wonderfully changed!! FIVE HUNDRED MILLIONS, annually, is still —after six years of peace—collected off the industry of the country for the support of government, while the farmer now receives only $1.30 or $1.40 per bushel for his wheat!! The Radical party can take the farmer's money to support freedmen's bureaus, encourage northern manufactures, and keep up standing armies to carry southern elections; BUT THE RADICAL PARTY CAN DO NOTHING TO KEEP UP THE PRICE OF WHEAT; and, on THIS FACT the honest, toiling farmer and planter should begin to think, and seek a remedy before he is utterly ruined.

In the market of the world the land owner, or renter, must seek remuneration for his invested capital and labor. His wheat, corn, oats, and other products of the soil he tills, receives no governmental protection! The products of his industry are not enhanced in price forty, sixty or an hundred per cent., over what they would bring in the market of the world by the aid of the tariff laws. In the sale of his wheat, corn, oats, beef, pork, &c., the American farmer must compete with all other producers of these articles the world over. The farmer is not a *pet* or *favorite* of the radical party—he receives at their hands *no protection*. If we would know for whose *special benefit* the radicals run the government we have only to consult the tariff laws, and see what enormous bounties are paid out of the pockets of the agricultural and laboring class, and other consumers, to the capitalists who have their money invested in the various manufacturing enterprises of the North.

There is scarcely an article used by the farmer or his employees on his farm, or in his household, that is not taxed from thirty to sixty and as high as a hundred per cent. A tax is levied on all groceries, dry goods, hardware—and, indeed, upon all foreign merchandize, and this tax is not laid with a view to revenue, but for the benefit of Northern manufacturers who are amassing colossal fortunes by the favoritism of the party in power, at the expense of the farmers, who are left to starve on low prices for the products of their labor. Those who are not blinded by partizan passion, will be careful so to vote at the approaching election as not to aid in perpetuating this gross injustice.

TRIBUTE TO GENERAL LEE.

In Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, Atlanta, New Orleans and other large cities—in fact all over the Southern States—many places of business were closed, large meetings were held and eulogies pronounced; houses were draped in mourning and bells were tolled, on Saturday last, the 15th instant, in respect to the memory of that great American, christian soldier, and type of true nobility, Gen. Robert E. Lee, who was buried at Lexington on that day. The soul of the Southern nation was stirred, and one great wail of anguish swept all over her land for the loss she sustained in the death of her great Chieftain, and well may she mourn, for she "ne'er will know his like again."

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—Jas. W. Kinna, aged about 25 years, son of Mr. Samuel Kinna, residing at Bellsville, in this Valley was struck by lightning and instantly killed at Grand Prairie, Indiana, on the 28th ultimo. He was engaged in hauling stone for a Mr. Schlosser, and was standing in the wagon when struck. His remains were interred at West Lebanon, Indiana.—*Valley Register*

DECEPTION THEIR ONLY HOPE.

Although a week had passed since the election in several States for members of Congress, and notwithstanding that the returns show very decided Democratic gains, the Examiner and its co-laborer the Republican, hoist in their columns the emblems of victory, claim a "glorious triumph" and declare in large capitals, "THE REPUBLICANS VICTORIOUS EVERYWHERE."—The editors of these papers must know the falsity of their statements, and, hence it is legitimate to charge them with a deliberate purpose to deceive their readers for base party ends.

The leaders of the radical party in all the States in which elections were held on the 12th inst., were backed up and supported by all the power and patronage of the Federal as well as State Governments, and, also, by the solid negro vote in each of those States, and yet with all these advantages, if the New York Herald, one of the most decided *Grant* papers in the country, and generally comprehensive and accurate in its news reports, is to be believed, then instead of the republicans having been "victorious everywhere," they have under all the circumstances, and especially in view of the forty or fifty thousand new black votes, received a very pointed defeat; for, the Herald concedes that the Democrats have gained THIRTEEN MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, which will make a difference in the next, as compared with the last House, of TWENTY SIX. This is, indeed, a "glorious triumph" for radicalism and the new recruits—*over the left*. We here quote what the Herald, of Monday last, says about this glorious triumph of the Radicals in the recent elections:

The news at first of the October elections in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Indiana seemed more favorable to the republicans than the latest and more complete returns of the vote show. It now appears that the democrats have gained in all these States, not very largely, it is true, in the total popular vote over the previous corresponding elections, but still their gain is positive, important. The State of Ohio remains republican, though the democrats claim to have elected two members of Congress more than they have at present—the Congressional delegation being now fourteen republicans and five democrats, and in the next Congress it will be twelve republicans and seven democrats. In Pennsylvania the democrats claim to have gained eight members of Congress. In the present House of Representatives the republicans have eighteen members and the democrats six. According to the election returns thus far the former will have ten and the latter fourteen in the next Congress. Indiana is represented now by seven republicans and four democrats. The election has reversed that, and she will have seven democrats to four Republicans next Congress. So that it appears that the total gain in three States is thirteen representatives, making a difference in the balance of the two parties in the next Congress of twenty-six votes. It seems, too, that the newly elected Legislature of Indiana will have a democratic majority of six to eight votes on joint ballot, which will insure, probably, the election of a democrat to the United States Senate.—These are the facts as far as the election returns show, up to this time, and they are pretty complete. It is but fair to say, also, that these democratic gains have been obtained in spite of the increased strength of the republican party from the recently enfranchised negroes.

ARE YOU AT WORK?

In spite of the immense negro vote to be compacted in solid array against the intelligence and white manhood of of this congressional district, our honorable, talented and consistent democratic candidate can be elected if all his friends, and all friends of constitutional free government, will only zealously and unceasingly do their duty to him, and their principles, up to and on the day of election. The *personal* friends of our standard-bearer should need no urging, no inspiration from us. *They* owe *special service*, and they will deserve special censure if they falter in the contest. *They* must work *all the time*, and never tire in the good work. If there be any who do not feel impelled to work because not personally intimate with our candidate, let them remember their duty as democrats, and their obligations as PATRIOTS; and, from *this standpoint* endeavor *to excel* in activity and zeal those who are actuated by less ennobling considerations. Thus with all hearts and hands united in a generous emulation to defeat the common enemy, and maintain the integrity of proud old Maryland, and the supremacy of our Heaven favored race, which, for six thousand years, has ruled the world—the champion of constitutional government will be triumphantly elected, though all the negroes in the district, ignorant of their own best interests, should vote for the man who once voted to sell them into slavery.

REGISTER!—We again earnestly urge upon our democratic and conservative friends in all the districts, the absolute importance of having all voters registered before the books are closed. The work must be attended to on MONDAY and TUESDAY, NEXT! It is possible that Capt. Ritchie might lose his election for the want of the very votes that may be lost to him from the failure to register on the part of some who, if registered, would vote for him. Let our friends REMEMBER that OVER THREE THOUSAND NEGRO VOTERS have been registered, almost all of whom will vote for Smith—even if he did vote for a law selling free negroes into life-slavery—and that in order to counter-balance these black cohorts of radicalism it is all important that all white democrats should, by a timely compliance with the registry law, qualify themselves to exercise the rights of freemen on the day of election.

THE DAMAGE.—The Clark Courier says: "Anything like an accurate estimate at the damage done by the recent rise in the Shenandoah, in this county, is impossible, but on as careful an estimates as we can make, and after conversations on the subject with many practical and intelligent gentlemen, it is thought that the damage done on the river within the county limits will not fall short of $200,000."

The German armies now in France are said to be attended by 2,700 surgeons.

LOCAL NEWS.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.—The following will be the time for the departure of the Passenger Trains from this station, viz:

EASTWARDLY,

Winchester Accom'n for Balt. at	7.30 A.M.
Fast Line will leave for Balt. at	5.45 A.M.
Mail Train for Baltimore at	2.00 P.M.
Express Train leaves for Balt. at	6.00 P.M.

WESTWARDLY,

Mail Train leave for Wheeling at	10.15 A.M.
Fast Line leave for Wheeling at	5.30 P.M.
Winchester Accom'n Train leave for Winchester at	6.30 P.M.

Public Speaking

IN THE

COURT HOUSE YARD.

HON. ALBERT RITCHIE, of Baltimore, will address the people of Frederick in the Court House Yard, to-morrow, SATURDAY NIGHT, the 22nd inst., at early candle light. Let the people turn out and hear him.

CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.—The members of the Confederate Memorial Association are requested to meet at the CITIZEN office this (Friday) evening, the 21st inst., to attend to important business.

PREMIUM LIST.—In another column will be found a list of premiums awarded to exhibitors by the Frederick County Agricultural Society. This list can be relied on as correct, as it has been examined by the officers of the society.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Geo. F. Webster & Co., property agents, report the sale of Mr. Frederick Krantz's mill and farm, situated on the Linganore, to Mr. Henry M. Nixdorff, for $3,500. They also report the sale of Mr. Nixdorff's wood lot, situated near Shookstown, containing 73 acres, for $3,300.

SEVERELY INJURED.—We regret to learn that Mr. Samuel Trundle, residing about one mile southeast of Adamstown, was severely injured by the fall of his horse at the tournament held near Adamstown on Tuesday last. Mr. T. was one of the knights, and while his horse was running at full speed, by some means one of the animal's hind feet locked with a front one, and he fell, rolling over upon his rider, who was much injured by the crushing weight of the horse.

FINE MARE AND COLT.—Among the many attractions at our late Fair, was the beautiful blooded grey mare, "Nelly"—owned by our enterprising friend Thos. Conklin, of New Market district—with one of the finest colts we have ever seen by her side, sired by the famous "Conductor," owned by Col. J. W. Fairfax, of Virginia. Mr. Conklin has given much of his time and attention to the raising of blooded stock, and will soon be able to cause Frederick county to be proud of his fine breed of horses.

THE PEABODY LYCEUM.—This literary association holds its regular meetings at Kemp Hall on Tuesday evenings of each week.—We learn that it is in a flourishing condition and that its public meetings are well attended and exceedingly interesting in their character. On next Tuesday night, the question, "is a representative morally bound to obey the instructions of his constituents?" will be discussed by M. E. Smith, in the affirmative, and Carlton Shafer in the negative.—An original essay will be read by W. H. Nicodemus, a declamation by J. H. Gordon, and select reading by Messrs. Page and Sleeper. The public are invited to attend the meeting.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.—The current issue of this Magazine contains an unusual variety of timely articles The opening paper, entitled "Crackers," gives a lively sketch of the character and condition of the poorer classes of the white population of the South prior to the war. It contains much information that will be entirely new to a large number of readers. "A Polyglot Empire," by the author of "Prussia the German Nation," is a description of the constituent elements of the Austrian monarchy, and will be perused with profit by those who are interested in the doctrine of the nationality of races. "The Calvert Family" is a historical sketch of the founder of the Commonwealth of Maryland and his immediate connections. "The Stone Annals of the Past" is an article intended to explain in a popular manner the most striking features of one of the great transitional epochs of history. Fiction is well represented in this number of Lippincott's. Anthony Trollope's new novel, "Sir Harry Hotspur of Humblethwaite," is continued, and a variety of shorter stories are furnished by less distinguished, though able writers.

TOURNAMENT.—According to previous announcement, the Tournament near Adamstown, in this county, took place on last Tuesday, in a field attached to the farm belonging to Geo A. Bready, Esq. The day was rather cool and windy, and the sky was covered with leaden, flying clouds, through which occasional bursts of sunshine streamed down upon the pageantry below. Notwithstanding that the weather was somewhat unfavorable, one of the largest assemblages that had ever convened on a similar occasion, in this neighborhood, was present to witness the tournay. Some thirteen knights, brilliantly costumed and well mounted, entered the lists to compete for the honors of the occasion. Mr. G. Fenton Snouffer acted as chief marshal, assisted by several other gentlemen as aids, whose names we neglected to obtain. The fine brass band from Hyattstown was in attendance and discoursed delightful music. We would like to give the names of all the knights engaged in the chivalrous contest for the honors of the day, but our limited space will not permit us to do so. The riding, which lasted several hours, resulted in the success of the following knights, who conferred the honors won, on the ladies herewith named: Knight of Glenwild, Philoemen Cromwell, crowned Miss Jennie Trundle, of Buckeystown district, Queen of Love and Beauty; Knight of Forrest Hill, Geo. Trundle, crowned Miss Fannie Day, of same district, first Maid of Honor; Knight Lone Star of Urbana, Singleton Hagan, crowned Miss Vernon Wertembaker, of Fanquier county, Va., second Maid of Honor; Unexpected Knight, Clinton Harwood, crowned Miss Ida Snouffer, of Buckeystown district, third Maid of Honor. Harrison G. Sleeper, Esq., of this city, delivered a very beautiful and appropriate address to the knights, which was listened to with marked attention by all present. A handsome collation was then partaken of, in which the good people of this district vied with each other in genuine hospitality, after which the young of both sexes indulged in the Terpsichorean art—a lengthy platform having been constructed in the Manor woods, adjacent, for this purpose. A large number of young ladies were present, many of whom were very pretty, and to each and all the young men were unremittent in their attentions. The dancing continued until the fast waning day warned them of the approach of night, when all bade adieu to the pleasures of the occasion, and started homeward. Nothing occurred to mar the harmony of the day, except the accident to Mr. Trundle, which we notice elsewhere.

WE call attention to the professional card of G. E. Chandler, M. D., which will be found in our advertising columns.

ROBERTSON & TRAIL.—We call attention to the advertisement of Robertson & Trail, No. 2, N. Gay St., Baltimore. Their stock of goods is extensive, consisting of the latest styles of carpeting, oil cloth, &c. The beautiful carpet recently purchased for the Court Room in this city, was selected from this establishment. Mr. Trail is well known to many of our citizens, who, we feel sure, will not fail to give him a call, when visiting Baltimore, to make purchases in his line. Their motto is, "Quick sales and small profits."

GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE.

Meeting of the Confederate Soldiers of Frederick City.

FREDERICK, MD., Oct. 17, 1870.

Pursuant to notice the soldiers of the late Confederate army, who reside in Frederick, met at the *Citizen* office for the purpose of expressing their feelings on receiving the sad intelligence of the decease of their beloved and revered late chieftain, Gen. R. E. Lee.

On motion, Lieut. Otis Johnson was called to the chair, and John O. Crown appointed secretary.

L. Victor Baughman made a few remarks very appropriate to the occasion, and then moved the appointment of a committee of three to report resolutions, and that Capt. Geo. K. Shellman be appointed chairman of said committee; which was adopted.

The President appointed Capt. Shellman, L. V. Baughman and W. T. Besant as a committee, who reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The melancholy intelligence of the decease of General Robert E. Lee has been communicated to the country;—

AND, WHEREAS, Whilst all who can appreciate greatness and nobility of character must mourn the loss of such an ornament of our race, it is natural that his decease should be felt with especial sorrow by those to whom he was endeared, as their commander, through years of glory, hardship and peril,—therefore,

Resolved, That we, soldiers of the late Confederate army, now residing in Frederick city, do deeply mourn the death of our former illustrious and beloved commander, and cherish the profoundest respect and reverence for the memory of him who was not only the great military chieftain whose fame has filled the civilized world, but whose character, combining the noblest attributes of humanity, has lent new lustre to our race, and added new dignity to human nature.

Resolved, That we join our former brothers in arms throughout the land, in the sincerest sympathy and condolence with the family and native State of our beloved and revered chief, in this their great bereavement—and that we unite with the high-minded, the honorable and the good of our country and the world at large, in deploring the loss of that rare combination of great and good qualities which marked General Robert E. Lee as the model christian soldier and gentleman of the age.

Resolved, That as a token of our respect and sorrow, we will wear the customary badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions and the proceedings of this meeting be transmitted to the family of our lamented General.

On motion, it was resolved that those newspapers sympathising with us in these proceedings be requested to publish them.

The meeting, on motion, adjourned.

OTIS JOHNSON, Prest.
JOHN O. CROWN, Sec'y.

LIST OF PREMIUMS

AWARDED BY THE

Frederick County Agricultural Society,

At their Fair held at Frederick City, on the 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th of October 1870.

Class No. 1, *Short Horns.*—For best bull with certified pedigree, Mt. St. Mary's College, $20; for best bull, three years old and upwards, do. $15; for second best bull between 2 and 3 years old and upwards, George Houck, $6; best bull between 1 and 2 years old, Cornelius Staley, $9; second best bull, D. H. Routzahn, $5; best bull calf, Mt. St. Mary's College, $3; best cow, 3 years old and upwards, do., $15; 2d best cow, do., $7; best heifer between 2 and three years old, do., $9; 2d best heifer, do., $6; best heifer between 1 and 2 years old, do. $7; 2d best heifer, do., $5; best heifer calf, $3.

Class No. 2, *Ayshires.*—None exhibited.

Class No. 3, *Devons.*—For best bull with certified pedigree, Benjamin J. Snouffer, $20; best cow, B. J. Snouffer, $20; best bull between 2 and 3 years old, A. H. Harget, $12; best bull calf, Mt. St. Mary's College, $3; best cow, 3 years old and upwards, Isaac Snowden, $15; 2d best cow, Mt. St. Mary's College, $7; best heifer between 2 and 3 years old, B. J. Snouffer, $9; best heifer, between 1 and 2 years old, do. $7; 2d best heifer, Mt. St. Mary's College, $5; best heifer calf, B. J. Snouffer, $3.

Class No. 4, *Alderneys.*—For best bull with certified pedigree, Gen. E. Shriver, $20; best Cow, do. $20; best bull, 3 years old and upward, C. K. Thomas, $15; best bull, between 2 and 3 years old, Oliver Burall, $12; best bull, between 1 and 2 years old, C. K. Thomas, $9; best bull calf, D. C. Winebrenner, $3; best cow, 3 years old and upwards, Geo. H. Rizer, $15; 2d best cow, Jos. L. Routzahn, $7; best heifer calf, C. K. Thomas, $3.

Class No. 5, *Herefords.*—None exhibited.

Class No. 6, *Natives or Grades.*—For best bull, 3 years old and upwards, C. Thomas, $10; 2d best bull, William H. Best, $7; best bull, between two and 3 years old, L. C. Mullinix, $8; best bull, between one and 2 years old, Simon D. Best, $6; 2d best bull, John T. Williams, $3; best bull calf, Anders & Reifsnider, $2; best cow, 3 years old and upwards, John A. Dean, $10; 2d best cow, Wm. H. Ramsburg, $5; best heifer, between 2 and 3 years old, Wm. H. Best, $5; 2d best, Eugene L. Derr, $4; best heifer, between 1 and 2 years old, Simon D. Best, $5; 2d best, do. $3; best heifer calf, Joseph G. Miller, $2.

Class No. 7, *Working Oxen.*—None on exhibition.

Class No. 8, *Fat Cattle.*—For best fat steer, owned and fed in Frederick county, to Derr & Waters, $10; best cow or heifer owned and fed in Frederick county, to Anders & Reifsnider, $5.

Class No. 9, *Hog Department.*—For best boar, two years old and upwards, Hy. Boyle, $8; second best, Simon D. Best, $6; third best, C. Wesley Barrick, $4; best boar between one and two years, John O. Holtz, $8; second best, C. Wesley Barrick, $6; third best, D. H Routzahn, $4; beast boar between six and twelve months, Mt. St. Mary's College, $6; second best, to C. Wesley Barrick, $3; best sow two years old and upwards, to Hy. Boyle, second best, Wm. H. Best, $5; third best, A. H. Hargett, $4; best sow, two years old and upwards, Jos. G. Miller, $8; second best, Lewis Yonson, $6; best sow between six and twelve months, to Simon D. Best, $6; second best, C. Wesley Barrick, $4; best lot of pigs, five in number, six months, to A. W. Nicodemus, $6; second best, to Mt. St. Mary's College, $4.

Class No. 10, *Long Wool Sheep.*—For best buck, Elisha Swomley, $8, best pen of ewes, 3 in number, John T. Best, $8; 2d best, do. $5; best pen ewe lambs, 4 in number, Christian Thomas, $5.

Class No. 11, *Mixed Wool Sheep.*—For best buck, Ezra M. Thomas, $8; 2d best buck, Christian K. Thomas, $5; best pen of ewes, 3 in number, do. $8; 2d best, Wm. S. Miller, $5; best ewe lambs, four in number, Frederick A. Stull, $5.

Class No. 12, *Southdowns.*—For best buck, John T. Best, $8; 2d best, John O. Holtz, $5; best pen of ewes, three in number, A. H. Harget, $8; 2d best, do. $5.

Class No. 13, *Fine Wool.*—For best buck, David C. Heim, $5; best pen of ewes, 3 in number, $5.

Class No. 14, *Fat Sheep.*—For best slaughtered mutton, fed in Frederick county, Baumgartner & Heinlein, $3; best live mutton, 4 in number, John T. Best, $5.

Class No. 15, *Blooded Horses.*—For best stallion, with certified pedigree, Col. J. W. Fairfax, $22; best mare, Dr. H. W. Dorsey, $20; best full-bred stallion, Lawrence Bentz, $15; best 3 years old stallion, T. B. Ferguson, $8; best 2 years old filly, do. $3; best suckling colt, Dr. H. W. Dorsey, $3.

Class No. 16, *Quick Draught and Saddle Horses.*—For best stallion, to Mitchell, Wilmer & Co., $15; best brood mare, Lawrence Bentz, $10; best stallion for saddle, Henry Fraley, $15; best brood mare or gelding, E. Y. Goldsborough, $10; 2d best, Archie Snouffer, $5.

Class No. 17, *Quick Draught Colts.*—For best 3 years old stallion, Robert S. Delauder, $8; best 3 years old filly, W. T. Preston, $5; 2d best, Thomas Conklin, $3; best 2 years old stallion, A. W. Reed, $4; 2nd best, Joseph Cover, $2; best 2 years old filly, Dr. J. W. Downey, $3; 2d best, D. H. Routzahn, $2; best 1 year old stallion, C. Wesley Barrick, $4; best suckling colt, Jesse Roser, $3.

Class No. 18, *Heavy Draught Horses.* For best stallion for heavy draught, to Thos. Molesworth, $15; second best, H. O. Zimmerman, $10; best brood mare, D. H. Routzahn, $10; second best do., H. O. Zimmerman, $5.

Class No. 19, *Heavy Draught Colts.*—For best three year old stallion, R. C. Scholl, $8; best two years old do., Frederick Oland, $4; second best do., Wm. Haugh, $2; best 2 years old filly, Lewis H. Stull, $3; 2d best, L. C. Mullinix, $2; best 1 year old stallion, D. H. Routzahn, $4; 2d best, Fred'k. Oland, $2; best suckling colt, H. O. Zimmerman, $3.

Class No. 20, *Teams.*—No entries.

Class No. 21—*Poultry Department.*—Best collection Poultry exhibited, not less than ten, Steiner Schley, $10; best trio of Brahmas, do., $2; best trio Cochins, do., $2; best trio Hamburgs, do., $2; best trio Game, do., $2; best trio Polish, E. M. Tyler, $2; best trio Bantams, Steiner Schley, $2; best trio Black Spanish, Chas. B. Knauff, $2; best trio Dominiques, Steiner Schley, $2; best trio Crevecocurs, do., $2; best trio Leghorns, do., $2; best trio Moonies, do., $2; best trio Rouen Ducks, Steiner Schley, $2; best trio Aylesburg Ducks, do., $2; best trio Muscovy Ducks, Catharine Kolb, $2; best trio Poland Ducks, Peter Roelkey, $2; best trio Geese, (any kind,) Anders & Reifsnider, $2; best trio Turkeys, Wm. T. Preston, $2; best of every variety of Poultry not enumerated above, Henry Shields, $2.

Class No. 22—*Products of the Soil*—To be decided at the annual meeting of the Society.

Class No. 23—*Products of the Soil,*—Best bushel of White Corn in ears, E. J. Holland, $1; best bushel of Yellow Corn in ears, Geo. H. Rizer, $1; best bushel White Wheat, John Bartholow, $2; best bush. Red Wheat, Thos. A. Ogle, $2; best bushel Oats, John Kaas, $1; best bush. Timothy Seed, do., $1; best bushel Clover Seed, John T. Best, $1; best bushel Irish Potatoes, Geo. W. Rhoderick, $1; best bushel Sweet Potatoes, John Carpenter, $1.

Class No. 24—*Vegetables.*—Choicest and largest assortment of Table Vegetables, Mrs. E. Carpenter, $10; best lot of Long Beets, Wm. Bartgis, $1; best head of Cabbage, Jas. McBride, $1; best Parsnips, Mary Buxton, $1; best lot of Cauliflower, Col. George R. Dennis, $1; best lot of Onions, James McBride, $1; best lot of Pumpkins, Miss Anna Berger, $1; best of Turnip Beets, Miss Rachel Phebus, $1.

Class No. 25—*Fruits.*—Best peck of Apples, Anna Winpigler, $2; best peck Pears, Miss Ruth Swearingen, $2; best peck of Quinces, Mrs. C. West, $2; best peck of Grapes, James McBride.

Class No. 26—*Flowers.*—The greatest and most choice variety of Flowers, Miss Ella Houck, $2; best Floral Ornament, Dr. T. E. Mitchell, $2.

Class No. 27—*Machinery, &c.*—Best one-horse Plough, Stewart & Price, $2; best Cultivator, Ramsburg, Miller & Co., $2; best Wheat Drill; J. D. Koogle, $5; best Horse-Rake, do., $2; best Grain Cradle, L. H. Bennett & Son, $2; best three-horse Plough, Ramsburg, Miller & Co., $2.

Class No. 28—*Machinery, &c.*—Best sweep Horse Power, Stewart & Price, $10; best Thresher, Cleaner and Separator, do., $10; best Hay and Staw Cutter, horse-power, do., $5; best Hay and Straw Cutter, hand power, N. W. Slade & Co., 2; best seed cleaning Screen, B. C. Flowers, $2; best Fanning Mill, J. D. Montgomery, $5; best Churn, Daniel Price, $2; best lot of hay and dung Forks, J. A. Staley, $2; best Cider Mill and Press, do., $2.

Class No. 29—*Carriage, Harness and Leather Department.*—Best folding-top Buggy, Noah Bowlus, $10, best set of Carriage Harness, double, L. S. Clingan, $10; best set of Carriage Harness, single, E. R. Shope, $5; best set of Wagon Harness, L. S. Clingan, $3; best of Cart Harness, do., $2; best Saddle and Bridle, do., $5; best suit of Clothes, Zeiler & Blackstone, $5; best half dozen Buckskins, Valerius Ebert, $3; best gents Buck Gloves, do., $2; best three sides Harness Leather, Wm. H. Harrison, $5; best three sides Sole Leather, John Loats, $5; best dozen Calf Skins, Jno. E. Fleming, $5.

Class No. 30—*Household Department.*—Best Ham cured by exhibitor, with receipt, Mrs. Christian Thomas, $5; 2nd best, Mrs. Ezra Barrick, $3; best Butter, not less than three lbs., Susan Diggs, $3; 2nd best, Mrs. John Fulton, $2; best Honey, not less than five lbs., Ezra Willard, $2.

Sweepstakes for Stallions—For that Stallion of whose get the greatest number of superior colts (not less than five) shall be exhibited, John Hudler, $25.

Class No. 31—*Household Department.*—Best Bread, Miss Sue E. Trundle, $3; best Rusk or Rolls, Miss Lila Houck, $2; best Biscuit, Mrs. Geo. W. Cramer, $2; best Sponge Cake, Miss Clara Steiner, $2; best Hard Soap, Mrs. Ezra Barrick, $2; best Soft Soap, Mrs. Godfrey Koontz, $1; best Currant Wine, Mrs. Ann E. Shank, $1; best Grape Wine, Peter Sahm, $2; best Blackberry Wine, Mrs. Brentlinger, $1; best Homemade Cordial, Mrs. A. M. Zimmerman, $1; best Currant Jelly, Miss Fannie Bargtis, $1; best Quince Jelly, Miss Ida Burucker, $1; best Apple Jelly, Miss Rosa Grumbine, $1; best Jar Marmalade, Miss Jennie Brengle, $1; best Preserved Blackberries, Miss Maggie M. McPherson, $1; best Preserved Cherries, Mrs. Harriet Doll, $1; best Preserved Pine Apple, Mrs. H. Pout, $1; best Tomato Catsup, Mrs. James Rigdon, $1; best Air-tight Tomatoes, Mrs. F. Schley, $1; best Air-tight Peaches, Mahala Hill, $1; best Air-tight Pickles, Julia Dixon, $1; best Sweet Pickles, Mrs. Jno. D. Zeiler, $1; best Brandy Peaches, Miss Ida Payne, $1; best Preserved Peaches, Miss Amanda Hopper, $1; best Preserved Quinces Miss Julia Griffith, $1; best Preserved Strawberries, Miss Helen Scholl, $1.

Class No. 32—*B.*—Best Sewing Machine, Wheeler & Wilson, $10; 2nd best, Singer, $5; best Quilt, Miss Laura A. Brengle, $3; 2nd best, Mrs. Sarah Carlin, $2; best Counterpane, Mrs. J. A. Hammond, $2; 2nd best, Miss Bettie H. Riggs, $1; best home-made Hearth Rug, Miss D. S. Russell, $2; best pair Blankets, Mrs. M. Carpenter, $2; 2nd best, Miss Mary L. Bowers, $1; best home-made Carpet, Mrs. A. J. Atlee, $2; 2nd best, Eliza M. Hallar, $1; best Shirt, Miss T. Gittings, $2; 2nd best, Miss Kate Shawen, $1; best pair long Hose, Miss Mary Babel, $1; best pair short Hose, Mrs. Kate Kelty, $1; best piece Embroidery, Miss C. House, $2; best piece Needle Work, Miss R. Dutrow, $2; best Infant's Dress, Mrs. A. G. Henshaw, $1; best Tidy, Miss Annie Miller, $1; best home-made Table Cloth, Miss House, $2; best Painting, Miss Mary Tyson, $2; 2nd best, do., $1; best Worsted Work, Mary A. C. Shook, $2; best made Lady's Dress, Miss Mary Pennel, $2.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Report next week.

☞ Additional Discretionary Awards will be published next week.

☞ Premiums payable on and after the 24th inst. at the Frederick County National Bank.

☞ There were several articles not claimed by the owners, which may be had by calling on the subscriber. H. C. KOEHLER, Secretary.

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GAMBETTA'S VOYAGE FROM PARIS.—The voyage of M. Gambetta from Paris is full of adventure. The balloon came to the ground just outside the walls of the city, and he was forced to throw out ballast and the balloon rose again, passing slowly