The Republican Citizen.

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J. W. Baughman, Editor and Publisher

WEST VIRGINIA AND MISSOURI.

It is difficult for us to determine whether we are more gratified at the glorious result of our election in Maryland, than at the magnificent victories achieved over despotism in West Virginia and Missouri.

Here, in our State, all men white and *black*, with one years residence and 21 years old (if of foreign birth being naturalized) could exercise what has long been called the "inalienable right of freemen;" but in the two States above named it has been far otherwise. In West Virginia—we do not, just at this writing, remember how many thousand white men were denied the use of the ballot—but in Missouri the general estimate is, that not less than 65,000 white men have been disfranchised ever since the close of the abolition war—a war which set four millions of negroes free, and enslaved six millions of white men. West Virginia rebuked the Congressional Jacobins and their imbecile chief, last month, by the election of a Democratic Governor, a majority of her Legislature and two out of her three members of Congress. So complete is the victory that that State—created during the war in violation of the constitution for Radical advantage—can now be counted upon for all time against the infernal machinations of the Radical traitors to free government. All hail, to West Virginia!

But we glory still more, in the result of the election, on the 8th inst., in Missouri In this State where the would-be despot at Washington used once to haul wood and sell it in exchange for whisky, the victory is overwhelming. Notwithstanding the disfranchisement of 65,000 white men, the State has gone 30,000 Democratic—that is to say—Hon. B Gratz Brown, a war Democrat, and cooperating with the "so-called" Union party since the war, conceived the JUST IDEA, that the time had arrived when the sixty-five thousand disfranchised white men of Missouri, who had sympathised with the South during the "rebellion" should be restored to their "inalienable right to vote"—to have a voice in the selection of those who were to make and execute the laws. On this broad, just, constitutional platform he was nominated by the liberal wing of the republican State convention some two months ago for Governor. McClurg, now Governor of the State, representing the proscriptionists was nominated by the other wing of the Republican party, and the struggle commenced, Carl Schurz, Republican U. S. Senator, sustaining the liberal party. The Democrats who *could vote*, if at all, voted for Brown. It was thought the contest would be close. There was the State officials supporting McClurg, the Governor from whom they had received their offices, running for a second term; and, to this influence was added all the power of the Federal administration. The miserable apology for a President—U. S. Grant—went into the fight, threating decapitation to all Federal office-holders in Missouri, who hesitated in giving an active support to McClurg, the extreme Radical—who would, in order to retain political power, continue the disfranchisement of 65,000 free born white men—farmers, mechanics, manufacturers, merchants—the property holders and tax-payers of the State. Well, what has been the result in this contest for right and justice on the one side, and proscription and wrong, backed by the enemy of free government at Washington, on the other? *The* Governor of Missouri and his impotent backer at Washington have been defied and rebuked by the freemen of the States, by a majority of 30,000 for Hon B. Gratz Brown. Henceforth Missouri with SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND ENFRANCHISED rebel sympathisers (so-called, by knaves and lunatics,) added to the 30,000 majority given for Brown, at this recent election, will be DEMOCRATIC ALL OVER—aye, for a century to come. The great State of Missouri—following the smaller State of West Virginia where white men have been so long disfranchised for their political opinions—has proclaimed in tones of thunder, to the corrupt leaders of mongrelism, that white men shall not be slaves while negroes are free; and, further, that white men shall rule America.

THE RESULT IN MARYLAND.

In the FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT Hambleton's majority over Torbert, Radical, 3,966.

SECOND DISTRICT.—Archer, Democrat, over Marine, Radical, 6,560.

THIRD DISTRICT.—Swann—so much abused by Creswell and all other Radical knaves—has a majority of 4,723 over Booth, Radical.

FOURTH DISTRICT.—Capt. Ritchie, the champion of white supremacy, has a majority of 1,818 over Hon. John E. Smith, Radical.

FIFTH DISTRICT.—Hon. Wm. M. Merrick, Democrat, has a majority—in the largest negro voting district—of 1,791 over his Radical opponent, Gary.

The Democratic majority in the State is 18,858!!

The entire Democratic vote in the State is 76,608.

Republican vote 57,750.

Aggregate State vote 134,358.

If we take 37,000 registered negro votes from the 57,750 Radical vote, it would appear that only about 20,750 white men voted the Radical ticket, while 76,608 white men voted the Democratic ticket. HOW IS THAT FOR HIGH?

Or, again, 55,358 Democratic majority on the white vote of the State!!!

The Mongrel papers have a new glorification for the negro—they boast that they carried the city of Philadelphia by negro votes!

A WORD TO THE COLORED PEOPLE.

The election just past, in Maryland, should be seriously considered by that class of our population, which has been recently enfranchised, and which, on the 8th inst., voted at the polls throughout the State for the first time.—Impelled by a blind impulse, excited by unprincipled men, for selfish aggrandisement, you voted, almost to a man, for the radical candidates. It would be base flattery to intimate that one in a hundred of you was governed by an intelligent appreciation of the political questions upon which white men are divided in opinion. Many of you voted the radical ticket on the false theory, that you owed a debt of gratitude to the radical party for your enfranchisement, and many others from a fear, maliciously instilled into your simple, credulous minds, that democrats hated you, and would, if they got into power, sell you into slavery.

This base work of embittering the negroes against democrats, individually and as a party, has been zealously prosecuted by all the knaves, carpet-baggers and scallawags of radicalism. Hence, the solid vote of these ignorant and credulous creatures was cast solid against the democratic candidates.

There were great promises of places of honor and profit also held out to you as an inducement for you to *stick* to the radical party: and, then, again, there were threats made by your colored leaders against the more confiding of your race, who may have been disposed to vote with the white men of the democratic party, who had always treated them with kindness, and befriended them in their hour of need.

Well, now, you negroes in this congressional district voted for J. E. Smith, notwithstanding that ten years ago he voted for a law to sell free negroes into slavery. Capt. Ritchie had never shown SUCH "HATRED" to your race; he had done nothing to forfeit your regard; but he made no appeals to you for your votes.

Now go to Smith, and his scallawag and carpet-bagger crew, and ask them for favors. Perhaps he and they will tell you, in the language of the Baltimore American, that you have proved an element of weakness rather than of strength to the radical party; and, that having given you the ballot, and finding that your vote cannot elect them to office in Maryland, they have no further favors to extend.

This is about your situation NOW.—The radicals of Maryland can give you no offices; besides, if they could they would not, *for they want them all themselves.*

Be not longer deceived by radical promises. Suffer them not to keep alive in your hearts bitterness against your old masters—you who have been slaves—for, REMEMBER, that you who have been good servants will ever find in your old masters your best friends.—Put not on an air of consequential importance; imagine not, that, because you are voters, your true relation to white men as to race, is in the slightest degree changed; for, only the Omnipotent arm of God can change his own work, and as he made the different races of men so they will remain, essentially, till the final resurrection.

Now look to your every day interests, first. We tell you this because it is a simple idea you can comprehend. REMEMBER, that by voting with the radical whites in Maryland, you have only about 20,000 white men to whom you can look for employment as laborers, for homes and the means wherewith to support yourselves and families; and, that in doing this, you array yourselves, as you did at the last election, against 77,000 WHITE DEMOCRATS, WHO OWN THE LANDS AND THE CAPITAL OF THE STATE. It is evident from the late elections, that democrats do not need your votes to insure them success, and will not in the future, as they have not in the past, stoop to flatter you for your votes; but it may be well for you to consider, *now*, while you know nothing of politics, how far it is *expedient* for you to array yourselves in hostile attitude against the democratic party in Maryland—so powerful in numbers—and, from the individual members of which great party, as land owners, merchants, manufacturers, and capitalists in one form and another, you must mainly look for those industries and occupations, which being wisely availed of, may keep you from want and degradation. We counsel you FOR YOUR GOOD—not for your votes. Choose ye, and abide the consequences.

TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION.

The torch-light procession, on Friday night last, in this city, in honor of the grand victory of the democracy in this congressional district, and throughout the State, was one of the most enthusiastic and brilliant ever witnessed in Frederick. To describe it at this late date is unnecessary. Allen G. Quynn acted as Chief Marshal, supported by a number of aids and assistants. Urbana district sent in a very large delegation.—Other districts were partially represented in the procession. Mayor Banks, of Baltimore, A. Albert, Sheriff of that city, and some thirty other gentlemen in company, honored the occasion with their presence, and joined in the immense procession. A number of private residences were beautifully illuminated. The City Hotel was all aglow with lights.—The Court House yard was brilliantly illuminated and the Court House wreathed with flowers and evergreens. The display of torch-lights, banners and rockets, lighted up the streets through which the procession passed. Arrived at the Court House, the enthusiasm was intense. The first speaker was Hon. John Ritchie, candidate elect to Congress—whose admirable address will be found at length in another column. Hon. J. C. Clarke, Mayor Banks, Augustus Albert, Mr. Israel, F. J. Nelson, Albert Ritchie, and J. S. Carper made brief, pointed and eloquent congratulatory speeches, on the gratifying occasion. At a late hour the meeting adjourned with three rousing cheers for Capt. Ritchie and our grand victory.

"We have fired our last ball at the White Man's Party, and as soon as possible we will give an account of the killed and wounded."

The above boastful paragraph appeared in the Republican of the 8th inst., though issued on the 5th, in order that the *"shot"* might have the more fatal effect on the Democracy. We have looked in vain in the last Republican for the promised "account of the killed and wounded." Let us supply the omission: Well, that stupendous humbug by whom you swear, Post Master General J. A. J. Creswell is "killed," dead as Julius Cæser; the notorious John E. Smith, who once voted to sell free negroes into slavery, and recently fawned upon them for their votes, is "killed" as dead as a rotten mackerel; Tobert, Marine, Booth and Gary, four other would-be Radical members of Congress by the aid of negro votes, are, also, "killed," and go down into dishonored political graves with Creswell and Smith. The infamous R. Stocket Mathews—and, Gen. A. King, the great stumpers in the interest of all the Radical knaves in the State, are sore all over with *wounds*, and sick unto death, and will, with their confederates in crime against the rights and liberties of their own race, soon pass into the grave of political infamy; and—the man who "fired" that "last ball" is also terribly wounded, and will be as dead as a stone, as soon as Grant appoints a new Post Master General in place of the present blustering bullying, but politically imbecile representative of the Federal administration in this State.

In addition to these once shining lights of Radicalism in Maryland, now forever obscured, hundreds of satellites revolving around the planets, have lost their borrowed importance, and must give up all hope of escaping the effects of that terrible blow fo the "White Man's party," which has struck from their political firmament all their great luminaries. Hiding themselves in the gloom and darkness of the hour, let them repent of the "crimes they have committed in the name of liberty"—for the sake of office—and seek happiness by becoming honest men and patriots. Let them abandon devious and wicked ways for the attainment of office—let them concede that the majority of *white men* of Maryland—as from the days when the Pilgrims first landed on her shores—shall rule the State, and none of them will ever again, be "killed or wounded" by any "shot" "fired" by carpet-bagger or scallawag.

LOCAL NEWS.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.—The following will be the time for the departure of the Passenger Trains from this station, viz:

EASTWARDLY.

Winchester Accom'n for Balt. at	7.30 A.M.
Fast Line will leave for Balt. at	5.45 A.M.
Mail Train for Baltimore at	2.00 P.M.
Express Train leaves for Balt. at	6.00 P.M.

WESTWARDLY.

Mail Train leave for Wheeling at	10.15 A.M.
Fast Line leave for Wheeling at	5.30 P.M.
Winchester Accom'n Train leave for Winchester at	6.30 P.M.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that our esteemed fellow-townsman, Mr. Wm. H. Falconer, sustained a most serious injury whilst driving out in company with Mr. John Loats, on Wednesday last. From a reliable source we are informed that in consequence of the breaking of the axle of the vehicle, the horses became unmanageable and ran off, the result being the fracture of Mr. Falconer's left leg below the knee. Dr. Culler, of Jefferson—near where the accident occured—skillfully adjusted the fracture, and upon Mr. F's. arrival home he was placed in the hands of Dr. C. Smith. We are gratified that, although his injuries are severe, he has a fair prospect of a speedy recovery.

TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION.—The gallant Democrats and Conservatives of New Market district will celebrate the great victory over radicalism in this congressional district in the the town of New Market to-morrow night by a torch-light procession, bonfires and illumination. The adjoining districts are invited to participate in the celebration. We bespeak a full turn out of all those who aided in achieving the glorious victory of truth over falsehood—of right over wrong—of liberty over despotism.

INSTALLMENT OF OFFICERS.—At a meeting of Rocky Fountain Lodge, No. 58. I. O. G. T., on the 5th inst., the following officers were installed: W. C. T., Charles Shaw; W. V. T., Miss Janie Delashmutt; R. S., Samuel M. Suman; F. S., Geo. B. Hargate; T., Miss Ann Delashmut, C., Rev. W. H. Reed; M., Wm. R. Suman, jr.; G. G., Allen Duval; Sent., Charles Sneider; R. H. S., Miss Annie Keller; S. H. S., Miss Linnie Larsh; A. R S., Miss Nannie Duval; D. M., Miss Kate Krieg.

REAL ESTATE SOLD.—Last Saturday, William B. Tabler, auctioneer, sold at the Dill House, on account of Robert Stokes, Trustee, the Willson property, known as the "Old Guard House," to the Reformed Church, for the sum of $5,000. The object of the purchase is to establish an Orphans' Home under the auspices of the Reformed Church, of this city.

J. MORTIMER KILGOUR, ESQ.—The many friends of this gentleman in this county, will rejoice to learn that he has been triumphantly elected Commonwealth's Attorney for Loudoun county, Va.

TRUSTEE.—Dr. Lewis H. Steiner, of this city, was elected one of the Trustees of Franklin and Marshall College, at a late session of the Reformed Synod, at Mechanicsburg, Pa.

Mr. J. W. Lawrence, of Austin, Taxas, now in Philadelphia, has just received a letter from his son, a resident of Houston, giving some details of a most destructive freshet which recently devastated the Colorado Valley in that state, accompanied by a lamentable loss of life. The letter states that at least 250 lives have been lost by this flood. In one instance a party of 17 negroes were drowned, and in another the three daughters of a Baptist clergyman, who witnessed the disaster, but was powerless to save them. A large amount of cotton in the fields was destroyed, and it is estimated that the destruction of property will amount to several millions of dollars. All communication had been cut off between Houston and Austin for eight days previous to the date of the letter. The same district was visited by a destructive flood in July, 1869, in which 20,000 bales of cotton were destroyed, but no lives were lost.

The dramatic cry of the Mongrel party is, "help me, Sambo, or I sink!"

SPEECH OF HON. JOHN RITCHIE.

In the presence of this demonstration, my fellow-citizens, I feel, in the language of Thaddeus Stevens, "there are earthquakes all around me." This upheaval of popular feeling can be fitly likened only to a convulsion of nature. But wild, and unrestrained and overwhelming as is your enthusiasm, it is fully justified by the magnitude and importance of the victory you have achieved. The value of our success cannot be overestimated, whether we consider from what we have been saved or what we have accomplished. Had the result been different, instead of this scene of gratulation and rejoicing, we should have been appalled by the orgies of an inferior, untutored race, intoxicated by sudden accession to power, restrained by no education of self control, and manipulated and abetted by the influences of a reckless and unscrupulous partisanship. We almost tremble in our exultation, as we contemplate the direful condition of Southern communities, to which it was intended to consign us, and from whose fate we have just happily escaped.

On the other hand, what we have positively gained furnishes cause for the utmost gratification.

Our victory cheers us with the assurance that love of constitutional liberty is not yet extinct; that our people still cling to the Government and institutions of their fathers; that "the Union as it was" is still "the primary object of patriotic desire;" and more than this, that there is sufficient courage, patriotism and recuperative force yet remaining to work out the aspirations now enkindling the American heart. There is implied in the result an open defiance by conscious strength of all the menaces and blandishments anunscrupulous Administration, holding both the sword and the purse of the nation, could bring to bear Ballots, not bayonets, should and shall govern us, is the stern and potent sentence of the public voice. Disfranchisement, profligacy, favoritism, corruption, monopoly, extravagance, have been rebuked. The limitations of the Federal power, the reserved rights of the States and the people, and the practices and constructions of the "purer days of the Republic" have been reasserted. And, in particular, the last and crowning act of Radical supervision and outrage, by which, for partisan aggrandizement and domination, it was sought to overturn our political fabric and our social structure at the same time, in fraudulently usurping control of the elective franchise and making the African the political and social peer of the white man, has been indignantly condemned.

In contemplating this glorious result, in the face of a negro registration of thirty-three hundred in the Congressional District and eighteen hundred in our own county, we naturally inquire for the instrumentalities through which the great "sober, second thought" has made itself felt.

First and principally, we are indebted to the fidelity of the Democracy, who, victimized by long years of proscription and, so to speak, of outlawry, has yet tenaciously clung to the cardinal principles of constitutional government, and in a spirit that may be justly called chivalric, made the issue, disdained all temporizing, asked no quarter, and boldly and squarely grappled with its Goliah-like antagonist. The result vindicates the truth that devotion to principle is both right and expedient.

But while awarding to the Democratic Conservative party the high praise of providing an organized force and a lofty and unsullied standard, to which all true men might rally, great credit is also due to the gallant men, heretofore against us, with whom patriotism proved stronger than party; men too clear-headed to be blinded to a new and terrible danger by the phosphorescent flashes of a false loyalty, and men of sufficient manliness and integrity to sacrifice party affiliation on the altar of their country's good. But for their help—seven hundred of them in Frederick county alone—our struggle, however heroic, would have been in vain. Honor to these men! We take them to our hearts, and gratefully acknowledge their timely aid in averting a common disaster. By their help we have done much. Many of the strong-holds of the enemy have been carried, but he is still strongly entrenched, and other battles must be fought; greater triumphs won. Let us, one and all, then, in solid column, "take touch by the elbow," and shoulder to shoulder, move on to the complete overthrow of Radicalism.

Let me also acknowledge, in behalf of our cause, the effect of your individual activity and zeal, nobly emulated elsewhere, in securing the result. Nor would I omit in this connection to return thanks for the effective sympathy, in our struggle, of large-hearted Baltimore, represented by her honored Mayor and his companions here tonight rejoicing with us, and for the valuable assistance of that indefatigable worker and champion, also at hand, Colonel James C. Clark.

There is another reflection belonging to this occasion, not to be overlooked. The hour of success is the hour of forbearance. And we say to the vanquished as Gen. Grant said to General Lee, (and we will *keep our* word), give your parole that you will lay down your arms; take the oath of allegiance to white supremacy and to give "no aid or comfort" to Radicalism, and go home and obey the laws, and you shall be protected.

Even for the deluded negro we have sentiments only of commiseration and sympathy. Our first duty to him was to keep him from political association with the white race, our duty to him now, affrighted and already denounced and threatened with desertion by his false friends who have used him in vain, is to see that he is not made a victim to injustice through their disappointment. We will inexorably deny him equality with us, but we will, unless he madly provoke another fate, redeem to him, or rather to our own sense of humanity, our pledge of protection to his person and property.

And now let me thank, for you and myself, the noble women, whose presence illumes and beautifies this scene, for the inspiration their sympathy supplied in our arduous and unequal contest; and for the tasteful floral wreathings and decorations that greet and please the eye on every side—emblematic of the laurels that crown our victory.

In conclusion, I thank you for the confidence and regard you have manifested toward me personally. With whatever ability I may have borne your banner, I have at least kept it faithfully unfurled from the peaks of Allegany to the plains of Carroll, that neither friend nor foe might mistake its import of uncompromising hostility to Radical aggression and Negro Equality. That banner now floats in triumph over the Fourth Congressional District, and not one hostile standard, anywhere profanes the soft blue sky of proud old Maryland.

But one word more. I trust wisdom and strength will be given me faithfully to represent the interests of my fellow-citizens, believing that I will be true to the principles of genuine Democracy, in proportion as I seek to advance the welfare of all the people of my district, without distinction of party.

A New Species of Snake Discovered.

Dr. S. W. Crawford, of Browe county, has exhibited a snake captured by him in West Virginia, which no naturalist who has seen it can assign a place among the known species. It is of a milk white color from head to tail, with the exception of a few brown specks scattered along the back. It is now about five feet in length, and not more than two and a half inches in circumference at the thickest part. It has as yet no poison fang in the mouth, which is, however, provided with teeth as keen as cambrick needles. The tail was supplied with a horny appendage about half an inch in length, which it used with deadly effect at the time of its capture.

The body is so slender that when held up in the light of the sun the light shines through it precisely as when the fingers of the hand are held before the light of a lamp or a jet of gas. It evidently belongs to the race of constrictors. Dr. Crawford, who handles it with the utmost fredom, tells us that it will clasp his arms with such force as to stop the circulation of the blood. On one occation, when he was exhibiting it he had allowed it to coil itself about his neck. At this moment a young lady came up behind and did not discover the reptile until within a few feet of it. The sight so startled her that she uttered a shriek The snake, which is invariably startled at any sudden noise, tightened its folds so that the doctor was in danger of suffocation.

The snake has grown about seven inches since its capture. The boy whose discovery of it led to its capture had seen it a few weeks before and describes it as then about two feet in length. Dr. Crawford says that it was examined by naturalists a short time after he obtained possession of it, and they pronounced it to be about three months old. He thinks it will reach a length of 12 or 14 feet before it attains its growth.

The only solid food which it has taken during the last three months is a rat which it first killed after the approved method of constrictors by crushing it in its folds, and then swallowing it whole. Dr. Crawford has taught it to drink milk, and it daily consumes a small quantity of this food.—*Cincinati Gazette.*

Outrages at the South--Who are Responsible.

At the great Boston Democratic meeting, last week, John Q. Adams, in an eloquent speech on the position of parties, referred to the outcry got up every year about outrages at the South to influence party prejudices at the North. The speaker said: It is mostly false; but supposing it true, what then?

What does it prove? Only this, that if you will violate the law of free government, you must take the consequences. If you will trample on men's pride and sentiment—yes, or even on their cherished prejudices, to say nothing of their rights—you may look for "outrages." Why, gentlemen, I have read of these outrages in history before now; and where do you think they occur? Why, Ireland has been famous for "outrages" for centuries. Poland has been a land of outrages. Hungary was for very many years a very nest and hotbed of outrages, and indeed she became so outrageous that Austria had finally to find a cure. And she found one, my friends, a perfect cure; not an "outrage" now to be heard of. And what was it? Why, she restored to Hungary her Constitutional rights; that is all. And as soon as we restore to the South her rights under the Constitution we shall hear no more of "outrages."

No wonder there are outrages. I wonder there are not more. I am sure we should not be as quiet if the cases were reversed. I know we were not at all quiet one hundred years ago when it was tried here. I fear if you should put the Asiatics to rule over us, as we have put the African to rule over them, there would be some trifling outrages going on. But there is very little need of political violence done there, though certainly there are some "outrages." I know of one myself; a plain, manifest, flagrant, intolerable outrage upon free government and Constitutional law, and that is "reconstruction" itself.

THE TWO-HEADED AND FOUR-LEGGED WOMAN.—There is now on exhibition at the Fair Grounds in Columbus, Ga the most wonderful freak of nature ever presnted to the world. It consists of a negro girl, or as some would say, a pair of girls, aged 18 years. The person or persons has two perfectly developed heads and bodies down to the waist, where two spines and bodies become blended into one solid body. On each body are two perfect arms and hands, of which each has full and natural use. She has four perfectly formed and well-developed legs and feet, on which she moves actively She can waltz, and dance a quadrille. She was born a slave the property of Mrs. Smith, in Columbus, Robeson count, North Carolina, who tenderly cared for and raised and educated her. She is intelligent, and can and does hold converse with two persons at the same time. She is cheerfully, and said to be most devotedly attached to Mrs. Smith. What is singular, though she appears from the color of her skin to be of pure negro blood, she has straight black hair.—*Columbus Sun.*

Intelligence received from south-east Missouri gives an account of a desperate and fatal affray which occurred on Varners river, on Friday last. Anderson Shephard, an old hunter, sixty-five years of age, was in his boat on the river, when he was approached by another boat containing three men, whose names are not given, but between whom and Shephard an old feud existed. As soon as the boats came within shooting range one of the men fired at Shephard and broke his right arm. Shephard seized his rifle, rested it on the side of the boat and killed his assailant. The two others then commenced firing on him, but he managed with his teeth and left hand to load his rifle, and finally, after receiving seven bullets in his body, killed them both. He then managed to reach the shore, where he was received by persons attracted to the river bank by the firing and taken home, where he now lies in a critical condition.

VIRGINIA DELEGATION TO CONGRESS.—The delegation from Virginia to Congress, just elected, stands five Conservative and three Republicans. They are as follows:

First district—John Critcher, Conservative.

Second district—James H. Platt, Republican.

Third district—Charles H. Porter, Republican.

Fourth district—W. H. H. Stowell, Republican.

Fifth district—R. T. W. Duke, Conservative.

Sixth district—John T. Harris, Conservative.

Seventh district—E. M. Braxton, Conservative.

Eighth district—Wm. Terry, Conservative.

The Magnificent Victory in Maryland.

Thirty-seven Thousand Negro Recruits Fail to Save the Radical Party.

The returns we present this morning from all parts of Maryland are the best answer to the intrigues and vaunts and menaces of the Radicals. In spite of 37,000 newly registered negro voters; in spite of their secret leagues, their United States Marshal and his horde of deputies, and hovering in their rear a strong force of Federal bayonets—in spite of these and of all the influence, both direct and indirect, which the Federal government could bring to bear upon this election, we have carried every Congressional District, in as orderly an election as was ever held in this State. In this city of Baltimore we have beaten the combined black and white Radical vote by a majority of nearly 14,000 votes, and we have demonstrated the fact that the pivot on which the election turned was the negro vote. So thoroughly was this understood, that in many districts where there was a large negro registration, this new Radical element was entirely nullified by a corresponding accession of white voters to the Democratic ranks, and the old majorities were thus maintained. An analysis of the vote in Baltimore presents the following suggestive results: The total vote cast was 30,043. Of this the Democratic vote was 24,847; the Radical vote, black and white, was 15,176. Of the 8,633 negroes registered, not less than 8,000 cast their votes for the Radicals at the election yesterday The white Radical vote was therefore, but a little over 7,000, thus clearly showing that the negroes constitute a majority of the Radical party in Baltimore.—*Balto. Gazette.*

Samuel Adams on Military Rule.

The following sound words were written, not as one might suppose, at New York in 1870, but at Boston, in 1768. It was one Samuel Adams who wrote them:

"No one can pretend to say that the peace and order of the community is so secure with soldiers quartered in the body of a city as without them. Besides, where military power is introduced military maxims are propagated and adopted, which are inconsistent with and must soon eradicate every idea of civil government. Do we not already find some persons weak enough to believe that an officer is bound to obey the order of his superior, though it be even against the law. And let any one consider whether this doctrine does not lead directly even to the setting up that officer, whoever he may be, as a tyrant."

How applicable these words of a Revolutionary patriot, against the rule of British red-coats, to the rule of Grant's troops now!—*Newark Journal.*

BIOGRAPHY OF GEN. LEE.—The family of Gen. Lee have selected Colonel Charles Marshall, of Baltimore, to write a full biography of the great chieftain, and will turn over to him ample material, including that collected by Gen. Lee himself, and his notes and letters of his campaigns. Col. Marshall will also prepare the biographical sketch for the forthcoming Lee Memorial which the faculty of Washington and Lee University are pushing forward to completion. To his high litery attainments Colonel Marshall adds the rare qualification of having been Gen. Lee's private secretary during the war.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

THE MISSOURI ELECTION AND PRESIDENT GRANT.—The Cincinnati Gazette (rep.) says:

When President Grant concluded to interfere in the Missouri elections he yielded to bad advice. The contest there was one that he could well afford to let alone; but he was made to believe that he could control it, and unfortunately, he undertook that job. The election of Brown by forty thousand majority is the result. It is to be hoped that this lesson will be heeded by the President, and that, among other things, it will convince him that the class of men who led him into the Missouri snare are not safe advisers.

DEFAULTING SHERIFFS IN VIRGINIA.—Wm. F. Taylor, Auditor of Public Accounts, in response to a resolution of the Legislature of Virginia, calling for a statement showing the number of sheriffs and collectors, both of military and civil appointment, who are defaulters to the State, and the amounts with which they are "severally chargeable" since the 3rd of April, 1865, reports that the amount of defalcations by the military appointees in the period mentioned, is $241,719 24, and those of the civil officers, $60,789 99. Total, $302,509 23. Judgments have so far been obtained in these cases against principals and their sureties to the amount of $301,996 46.

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTION.—This State for the first time during its existence elects a Democratic Governor, Auditor, Treasurer, Secretary of State, &c.; also a majority to each House of the Legislature, which will give the ballot to twenty-five thousand disfranchised white men, and elect a United States Senator this winter. We notice Hon. H. G. Davis, formerly of Baltimore city, has again been re-elected to the State Senate from Piedmont District by a largely increased majority, and he is spoken of as likely to be elected to the United States Senate to succeed Mr. Willey, whose term ends 4th March next.

The Chicago Tribune, which is about as black as any paper in the country—draws this picture of Schenck:

"He set himself up as the champion of a protective tariff, and brought into the House the most nefarious scheme of private plunder that was ever reported from the Committee of Ways and Means. We call it now, as we called it then, a nefarious scheme of private plunder."

And why does not the Tribune honestly confess that the whole Mongrel Congress is of a piece with Schenck? He is the fractional part of the guilty whole.—*N. Y. Day Book.*

A NEW WHEAT ENEMY.—A letter from Loudoun county, Va., in the Richmond Dispatch, says:

"A new enemy to the wheat has made its appearance about here. It is a worm, white and about the size of a cambric needle The worm gets into the field and cuts off the wheat just above the ground. The stalk is entirely severed from the root, and where this is done in large patches over the fields, as we have seen it in several instances, the ground is left entirely bare. Indeed, I heard one farmer speak of re-sowing his field that had been visited by this, as yet nameless worm.

BAKING POWDER

A substitute for yeast.

This yeast is convenient, economical and wholesome. Try it if you wish to prove its superiority, not only over other Baking Powders but in the common methods of raising dough for making light, sweet and nutritious Biscuit, Rolls, Corn Bread, Buckwheat and other Griddle Cakes.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents.

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The subscriber having purchased the right of the Celebrated

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As a Grain cleaner, this Fan stands far superior to any article of the kind ever produced.

☞This Fan cleans thoroughly at one operation; at the same time

It Bags, it Weighs, it Counts,

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Singer Sewing Machines

SOLD WITHIN THE PAST YEAR.

This is without a paralell in the history of the business. These Machines can be seen at the Dry Goods Store of Eldridge & Landis, 34 West Patrick Street, Frederick, Md. Machines will be left at the houses of parties who contemplate buying, and if not satisfactory in every particular, *no sale.* Machines sold by paying in monthly or weekly installments. A lot of second-hand Machines of various makes, on hand and for sale cheap.

S. C. CROWN, Agent,

may27 34 W. Patrick Street.

A Body and Mind Disease.

Such is dyspepsia. The stomach and the brain are too intimately allied for the one to suffer without the other, so that dyspepsia and despondency are inseparable. It may be added, too, that irritation of the stomach is almost invaribly accompanied by irritation of the temper.

The invigorating and tranquillizing operation of Hostetter's Bitters is most powerfully developed in cases of indigestion. The first effect of this agreeable tonic is comforting and encouraging. A mild glow pervades the system, the chronic uneasiness in the region of the stomach is lessened, and the nervous restlessness which characterizes the disease is abated. This improvement is not transient. It is not succeeded by the return of the old symptoms with superadded force, as is always the case when unmedicated stimulants are given for the complaint. Each dose seems to impart a permanent accession of healthful invigoration. But this is not all. The aperient and anti-billious properties of the preparation are scarcely secondary in importance to its tonic virtues. If there is an overflow of bile the secretion is soon brought within proper limits, and if the biliary organ is inert and torpid it is toned and regulated.—The effect upon the discharging organs is equally salutary, and in cases of constipation the cathartic action is just sufficient to produce the desired result gradually and without pain. The Bitters also promote healthy evaporation from the surface which is particularly desirable at this season when sudden spells of raw, unpleasant weather are apt to check the natural perspiration and produce congestion of the liver, coughs and colds. *The best safeguard against all diseases is bodily vigor*, and this the great Vegetable Restorative essentially promotes.

Marriages.

On the 3rd inst., by the Rev. A. R. Kremer, NOAH FLICKINGER to Miss LIZZIE SAYLOR, both of Woodsboro'.

On the 27th ulto., in Pipe Creek M. P. Church, by the Rev. David Wilson, GEO. W. STOUT, of Frederick county, to Miss CADDIE M., daughter of Mr. Lewis N. Baile, of Carroll county.

On the 10th inst., at Baltimore, by the Rev. J. J. Murray, CHARLES A. POULTON, to Miss MARY F. RUNKLES, all of Baltimore.

At the residence of the bride's parents, on the 30th ult., by Rev. Albert Jump, CHAS. T. GEIGAS to Miss AMANDA V. LICKLIDER, all of Berkeley county, W. Va.

On the 6th ulto., at the residence of Mr. Singleton King, in Urbana District, by the Rev. John P. Ball, E. L. WINDSOR to Miss ANGELINE WARFIELD, all of this county.

On the 15th inst., at the Reformed Parsonage, in this city, by Rev. Dr. Zacharias, ROBERT E. COX to Miss ANNA MARSHALL, both of Frederick county, Va.

On the 10th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage, in Littlestown, Pa., by Rev. M. J. Alleman, Mr. WM. H. TRAYER, of Frederick county, Md., to Miss MARIETTA CLAY, of Uniontown, Carroll county, Md.

On the 10th inst., at Halltown, W. Va., by the Rev. Joseph Trapnell, BARTON V. B. GARROTT, of Frederick county, Md., to Miss LYDIA M. ATKINSON, of Jefferson county, W. V.

Deaths.

On the 4th inst., after a few days suffering, AUGUSTUS H. B. CRAMER, aged 31 years, 9 months and 10 days. May he rest in peace.

In this city, on the 4th inst., Mrs. ELIZABETH MARGARET SCOTT, aged about 67 years.

Near Unionville, on the 4th inst., ADA MCDONALD, youngest child of W. H. and Ruth Pearre, aged 14 months and 19 days.

Suddenly, on the evening of the 10th inst., at the residence of his father, Daniel Getzendanner, Sr., CALVIN GETZENDANNER, in the 28th year of his age.

At Lancaster, Pa., on the 1st inst., in the 76th year of his age, Rev. BERNARD C. WOLFF, a distinguished Divine of the Reformed Church.

On the 18th ult., Mrs. MARIA LATE, relict of the late Michael Late, in the 78th year of her age.

Thus has passed from earth, one who has long been esteemed by the community, for her correct walk and rare mental abilities. A young and youthful widow with the care of four daughters, she discharged her duty as a mother, in the most exemplary manner, giving her whole attention, not only to the temporal welfare of her children, but endeavoring to impart every virtue, that would fit them for usefulness here and happiness hereafter.

The poor and oppressed, she was ever ready to relieve, not waiting to be called upon, but dispensing her kindnesses far and near to the sick and afflicted.

The last years of her life were spent in quiet contentment, peacefully, awaiting her summons, trusting simply (as she said) for her salvation to that elder Brother, who had proved her friend, throughout all the trials and changes of her long pilgrimage. She has gone home.

"Where there is blessedness that changeth not;
A rest with God, a life that cannot die;
A better portion and a brighter lot,
A home with Christ a heritage on high.

At Lancaster Pa., on the 1st inst., in the 76th year of his age, Rev. BERNARD C. WOLF, a distinguished Divine of the Reformed Church.

Baltimore Markets.

Howard Street Flour	$5 00a5 25
City Mills.....do	5 00a5 25
Greenfield Family Flour	10 00a0 00
Rye Flour	5 00a5 50
Corn Meal	4 00a4 25
White Wheat per bushel	1 25a1 35
Red.....do.....do	1 29a1 31
White Corn.....do	0 75a0 81
Yellow..do.....do	0 78a0 85
Oats.....do	45a47
Rye.....do	0 92a0 80
Whiskey per gallon in barrels	0 90a0 91

Frederick Markets.

Kemps Family Flour	$8 50a0 00
Extra....do.....do	7 50a0 00
Super....do.....do	6 00a0 00
Rye.....do.....do	6 00a0 00
White Wheat per bushel	1 30a0 00
Red.....do.....do	1 35a0 00
Rye.....do	0 90a0 00
Yellow Corn	0 00a0 65
White Corn	00a0 65
Oats per bushel	0 00a0 40
Clover Seed.....do	11 00a0 00
Plaster per ton	10 50a00 00
Whisky per gallon	1 95a3 00

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Largest and best selected stock of

Foreign and American Music,

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