The Cambridge Chronicle.

Clement Sullivane, Editor.

CAMBBIDGE, MD.

WEDNESDAY,::::::::May 10, 1871.

☞**Job Printing**.---We are prepared to print all kinds of Handbills, Circulars, at the shortest notice, and at cheap rates--cheaper than ever.

Our Advertising Agents.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 40 Park Row, AND S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 37 Park Row, New York, are SOLE Agents for this Paper in that City.

The Eastern Shore.—We call the particular attention of our people to an extract from the N. York Tribune, giving the substance of a communication to the N. Y. Agricultural society by a traveller familiar with many sections of America.

The Editor of this paper had during the late "unpleasantness" occasion to visit many parts of the fertile country lying between the Potomac River and the Indian Nation, and he avers that never yet has he seen any part of the U. S. that enjoyed as many natural advantages, either for making money or pleasant living, as the Peninsula washed on the one side by the Chesapeake Bay and on the other by the Delaware Bay and the waves of the Atlantic.

In the first place, it has been demonstrated over and over again, that our lands are susceptible of the very highest state of improvement, and all that is necessary is industrious effort and sound judgement in effecting this result--of course a little capital is amazing help, but it is not *absolutely necessary* to the improvement of the soil, for the most successful farmers in this county, for instance, have improved their farms *out of the land*.

In the next place, thanks to nature that has directed arms of the Chesapeake in every direction through our midst, and thanks to the enterprise, liberality and untiring energy of W. Wilson Byrn, in particular, and other citizens, who have opened the interior of the county by means of the Dorchester and Delaware Rail Road, we are within a few hours run of 300,000 consumers in Baltimore, 800,000 in Philadelphia, and 1500,000 in New York and environs--this not to mention the immense back country supplied by those great cities with early fruits and vegetable productions

In the third place, while we have the advantage of great markets over any country to the West of us and the enjoyment of those endless treasures of salt water, luxuries to others but cheap and every day food for us, we occupy *the best position on the Atlantic sea board* in respect to these fine markets. Every man is sensible of the immense advantages of an early market, an advantage, by way of illustration, that is at this moment selling the indifferent and half ripened Strawberries of our Carolina farmers at $3, per quart, and their half developed tomatoes at 35 cents per quart in New York. But all may not have reflected that while we are about two weeks behind the Carolinians and Georgians we are two weeks in advance of the great market gardens that supply those cities, and that all through the season we can put our produce in market in one half the time, at one half the expense and in twice as good order as our more Southern neighbors. They have to pull half ripe or their shipments will spoil on the road--we can pull three fourths or four-fifths ripe and get to market in the same time and in a condition that makes them twice as saleable. Our insular position between Bay and Ocean gives us a more temperate climate and developes our cereals, &c., at an earlier day than those occupying the same belt of latitude from the Chesapeake to the far West. There are various advantages of this sort, but we have not space at this time to point them out. All that we want is industry, economy and an intelligent appreciaton of the situation, to render our peninsula in *ten* or *twenty* years a vast vegetable and fruit garden, competing on most favorable terms in the inexhaustable markets of the Atlantic Sea-board cities. We have no right to complain of nature, for she has been prodigal of her bounties. The writer once listened with shame as he heard a Vermonter boast that the rock bound soil of New England furnished us on this shore with *hay* for our stock. Yes, is it not a *shame*, citizens of Dorset, that this should be so?

Lastly, but not leastly, we have in the main an honest, peaceable, law abiding and intelligent population.—Remote from the great highways of malaria, vice and crime, our sensibilities are not shocked & the rising generation imbruted by the weekly recurrence of parricides, homicides, burglary and arson. No epidemics rage in our midst to strike down in a day hundreds and thousands of the best of our citizens. But in this "calm and sequestered vale of Life," we can each engage undisturbed in the enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, and in the repose of family ties, the hearthstone and the altar, accomplish unmolested the destiny of our lives, and fit ourselves for the skies.—Base slanders to the contrary, for all persons from any section of the world who come to our midst with similar views, we have a ready welcome. It has never been the fault of *Marylanders* to be inhospitable to the stranger.

Stephen A. Douglass, once revisited Vermont, the place of his birth, and declared "it was a good spot to be *born* in." We can say of Maryland with justice and truth that it is not only a good place to be born in, but also to live in and die in. Go where they will the very name of *Maryland* is dear to her children. Well does the writer remember how, on one occasion as he buckled his sword more tightly and galloped down in the midst of what he believed the last of his battles, the thought occurred to him that at that moment, on that bright Sabbath morning, more than a thousand miles away, his family, friends and acquaintances were wending their way to Church, and he heard the tones of the bells and saw the loved faces and the shaded streets and the grass lawns dear to his childhood.

But let us conclude and say with "Little Tim," "God bless us all."

Proceedings of the Circuit Court.

The April Term of the Circuit Court for Dorchester county, commenced on Monday 24th ult. Judges Stewart and Franklin presiding. Judge Franklin with his usual clearness and ability, delivered the charge to the Grand Jury. (We are indebted to our talented young friend D. M. Henry, Jr., one of the most promising members of the Dorchester Bar, for the subjoined report.) When the calling over the Docket was gone through with, by the Clerk.

The first case taken up was from the appeal Docket.

No. 19 appeals. William Dayton and Luther M. Waller vs Elias Elliott. Appeal from Justice Langrell. C. F. Goldsborough and P. D. Laird, for appellant, Henry & Sulivane, for appellee. Judgment affirmed by the Court, as to Waller, with costs.

Tuesday, April 25.—Judges Franklin and Irving presiding.

No. 5 appeals, John Robinson vs Joseph W. Langrell. Appeal from Justice Cannon. C. F. Goldsborough and P. D. Laird for appellants, Henry & Sulivane for appellee. Judgment affirmed with costs.

No 12 appeals, Robert P. Cannon, owner of Schooner "Cora Florence" vs State of Maryland. Appeal from Justice Pritchett. Wallace & Milbourne for appellants. C. E. Hayward for appellee. This was an appeal from the judgment of a Justice of the Peace, inflicting a fine for a breach of the Oyster Law. The case was submitted without any testimony upon the papers filed; the only question being upon the regularity of the proceedings. There being no evidence that the party was arrested on warrant or by any of the persons authorized by the law to make arrests without warrant, and nothing appearing to give jurisdiction to the justice who tried the case, the judgment was reversed and the party and his vessel discharged.

No. 21 appeals, Robert Hurley vs Elias Elliott. Appeal from Justice Langrell. C. F. Goldsborough and P. D. Laird, for appellant. Henry & Sulivane for appellee. Judgment reversed with costs to appellant in this court; and judgment de novo for appellee for $10 84.

Wednesday, April 26th—No 29, Trials. William Storr and John H. Storr vs Arthur Crisfield, Henry Page and others, heirs of Henry Page, dec'd. Action of Covenant. Henry & Sulivane for Plaintiff, J. W. Crisfield, C. F. Goldsborough, and Wallace & Milbourne for Defendants, Demurrer filed by the Plaintiff, to Defendants 3, 5, 6, 7 and 8th pleas, and sustained as to the 7 and 8, and overuled as to the 3, 5 and 6 pleas.

Thursday, April 27th.—The Jury returned a verdict to-day in the case of Storr vs Page and others. Verdict for Plaintiff for $2390.39.

Friday, April, 28th—No 37 Trials, Jacob Knowles vs Daniel Felter, action of account, Henry & Sulivane for Plaintiff, C. F. Goldsborough and P. D. Laird for Defendant. Judgment for Plaintiff for $389,48.

No. 6 Presents, State vs Joseph Wheatley, negro, Indictment for larceny. C. E. Hayward for State, Daniel M. Henry, Jr, for defence, traverse before the court. Party guilty, and sentenced to the Penitentiary till the 1st, May, 1874.

No. 41, Trials, State at the instance of Hayward vs William J. Layton and William Layton, action for false return, Wallace & Milbourne for Plaintiff, C. F. Goldsborough and P. D. Laird for Defendants. Demurrer filed by the Defendant, argued and held by the Court *sub curia*.

No. 72, Trials, Stephen B. Lecompte vs DeWitt C. Handley, case, Henry & Sulivane for Plaintiff, C. F. Goldsborough, Wallace & Milbourne and J. W. Crisfield for defendant.—Judgment for Plaintiff for the whole amount claimed $113.46.

This case was a very important one, as although only a small sum was nominally involved, the title to one of the finest farms in the county was really at issue.

Saturday, April 29th, No. 7, Present, State vs Henry Woolford, negro, Indictment for larceny, C. E. Hayward for State, Geo. W. Jefferson, for Defence, Traverse before the Court, party not guilty.

No. 1, Present, State vs John Jenkins, negro, Indictment for larceny, C. E. Hayward, for State, Chas. F. Goldsborough, for defence. Trial by Jury, verdict guilty, and sentenced to the Penitentiary till the 1st. May 1873.

No. 11, Present, State vs George Jenkins, negro, Indictment for larceny, C. E. Hayward for State, C. F. Goldsborough and Gen. W. Jefferson, for defence, Traverse before the Court, Party guilty.

No. 13, Trials, Dor, & Del. Railroad Co. vs Thomas E. Williams, Daniel M. Henry & C. F. Goldsborough for Plaintiff, no counsel appeared for Defendant, Verdict for Plaintiff for $441.79.

The Grand and Petit Jury were both discharged, on Saturday 29th ult. and the April Term adjourned.

As "Good a Place as there is on the American Continent."—We clip the following from the proceedings of the New York Farmers' Club, and publish the item just as we find it in the New York *Tribune*. It is the experience of one who has tried both sections:

J. C. McMurphy, of Marion, Iowa.—He found by sad experience that poor Richard was right in considering three removes as bad as a fire. Born and raised in Delaware, he went to Ohio when 19 years old, got tired of that and wanted to go futher West. Later, got up to Minnesota, then into Wisconsin for a dozen years. About that time, he says, he began to consider what he had made by frequent changes. To be sure he had large crops in Wisconsin, but he learned that man cannot live by bread alone, and he sighed for the flesh pots of Egypt. He began to reflect how near he had once lived to Philadelphia and Baltimore and New York, and to consider that what grain he had to sell then could go to market from 5 to 7 cents a bushel, while in Wisconsin he must pay 28 cents to get it to Milwaukee, and then about 40 to New York. But this was not all. He had also left the peaches, pears, apples, cherries, &., with the finny tribes—the much loved and longed for oysters, yea, and all the privileges of the Atlantic coast. Thus, he was not satisfied in Wisconsin, so he pulled up in 1868, and came to Middle Iowa. This is a good country I think—much better than Northern Wisconsin. I think Iowa as good as any other of the Western States I have no fault to find with the State or climate, but I do not like to have to work so hard as I do to build up this railroad and ware-house monopoly. If I was where I once was I should be clear of them, and I do believe that that neck of land lying between the Delaware and Chesapeake bays is just as good a country as there is on this American continent. I should recommend every industrious young man who has the privilege of staying on the homestead to stay there, or, if he can get hold of one of those old, worn-out Maryland or Virginia farms, to take it in preference to any of those prairie farms. I would rather build up one of those old Atlantic farms than make a new one 2,000 miles from the coast. Don't be afraid of poor land, lime and clover will make it produce just as much corn and wheat as any of the land in the Mississippi Valley. I say so from experience.

The Chairman thought this correspondent's views very sensible

☞ Extract from a Correspondent of the Cincinnatti Commercial.

"A gentleman from South Carolina, an old free-soil abolitionist, Republican and a soldier, born in Connecticut, described to me last night, at a dinner party, a reception that he witnessed at the Executive mansion given by Governor Scott. Two-thirds of those present in the brilliantly lighted and decorated rooms, were negroes, male and female, and mixing in with these was about the lowest white element possible to be collected together. Negro men were gallanting white women to and fro, and the white men returned the compliment by gallantly escorting the daughters of Africa. Tables were set for the choicest wines and the best Havana cigars, and these the colored men partook of, generally, sticking one in their mouths and smoking in the face of the company while putting handsfull in their pockets. All this is paid for out of the State Treasury, and thieving is as open and unscrupulous (though not quite so extensive or on so large a scale) as in Washington City itself. But our colored friends are apt scholars in that direction, as I the man who was sent to the Legislature from the fields of the plantation, and could be bought for three dollars and thirty-seven and one-half cents, now demands as many thousands; and the only limit there is to the theft may be found in the fact that nothing more has been left to steal. The State is bankrupt. The condition of Mexico and the greater part of South America, upon which we have looked with so much commiseration and, generally, contempt, has been realized in these Southern States There is no political morality, no stability, no constitutional rights, and no social decency left, and yet Congress sits here day after day legislating for a process by which the President can march an army down and enforce and perpetrate this sort of thing upon these wretched people. An appeal made to the sense of fair play, as I have said before, at the North, with all the facts fairly stated, would have its results, and not only the Democratic party, but what is left of the decency of the republican organization, would rise up in wrath and put down this sort of despotism."

Wanted.

Two thousand active, unprincipled Northern scoundrels (State prison convicts preferred), are wanted to travel through the South, scaring, robbing and murdering people here and there, burning houses and other property.—Pay prompt, and no particular danger. These crimes to be charged to the Ku-Klux, and paid for by the Republicans, who will then have something to talk about while they are passing bills to rob the people of millions of dollars and millions of acres of land belonging to the public. For situations and information, address U. S. Grant, President and breeder of dogs, or B. F. Butler, thief and coward, Washington, D. C.—*Pomeroy's Dem.*

Rochefort Declares War on Church Property.

M. Henri de Rochefort has a manifesto in his journal, the *Mot d' Ordre*, on "The Church and Its Treasures," in reference to the recent requisitions at Notre Dame. He says that he not only does not disavow the support he has given to this spoliation, but if he knew of any other treasure belonging to the clergy he would indicate it to the Commune. "Our eternal belief," he says, "is that Jesus Christ having been born in a stable, the only treasure that Notre Dame ought to possess is a bundle of straw." As for the goods of the Church: "We do not hesitate to declare them national property, for the single reason that they proceed from the generosity of those to whom the Church has promised Paradise, and the promise of imaginary returns, made to obtain any property is qualified as swindling by every code. * * *—'Your purse *or* hell'—such is in the present day the only programme of the Catholic clergy, and, as the French nation no longer believes in hell, it is natural that in case of need it should take back the purse.

What secured the unbroken series of Democratic triumphs in the long years when the country was great and prosperous—revered at home and respected abroad; when our sails whitened every sea and our flag fluttered in every breeze; when labor was abundant and living cheap, and comfort and prosperity were within the reach of all?

"When none were for a party:
When all were for the State;
When the great man helped the poor,
And the poor man loved the great."

Are the great, fundamental principles of Democracy less true, less essential to our national welfare to-day than in that halcyon period of our country's grandeur? No! a thousand times no! But Democratic defeat was unknown then, because the Democrats of that day were unfaltering, unwavering in their strict adherence to the principles upon which the goverment was founded.

Land Sales.—H. P. Chambers Real Estate Agent at Federalsburg, reports the following recent sales:

Tilghman Andrews' farm, of 350 acres, in Dorchester county, to Nathan Anthony, of Lazerne county, Pa., for $40,000.

The farm of the Collins' heirs, in Caroline county, of 288 acres to Abram Waters, of Michigan, for $3,500 cash.

Thos. J. Bradley's farm in Dorchester county, of 162½ acres, to Daniel Louis, of Niagara county, N. Y., for $1000.

S. P. Charles' farm, in Dorchester county, of 31 acres, to Robt. M. Carter, of Bergen county, N. J., for $700.

—These parties have all, with a single exception, moved in upon their purchases.—*Denton Journal.*

The murder of two men in a house of ill-fame at Washington by a female clerk in the Treasury Department, assisted by another prostitute and two roughs associating with them, is not worthy the notice of the Republican papers; while the tarring and feathering of a thieving carpet-bagger in Florida, caught with over three hundred dollars' worth of stolen goods on his person, makes text for a two or three-column Ku-Klux article.

No More United States License Tax.—The amended Tax law goes into effect on the 1st of May, at which time the Special or License Tax required of all kinds of dealers, expires, except that of tobacco and liquor dealers, which continues in force. The Internal Revenue collected hereafter will be on incomes, stamps, spirits and tobacco.

"Box 32" sends us from Dover, Ark., a picture of one of the "forty acre and a mule" chaps waiting by troubled waters—a thing of beauty and a joy forever!

Was it for such we bled and fought,
And stole and robbed and lied?
Was it for such our sons were taught,
To call as patriots those who died?

The picture is preserved in our cabinet of curiosities, national and otherwise.—*Pom. Dem.*

A university senior has asserted that in 1861, the tail of a comet actually passed through the earth and didn't produce much of a sensation either, while another sagely declared that "meteors are visible when they come in sight,"

It has been observed that, for some reason or other, when lady friends speak of each others charms they seldom hit upon the most attractive, and that whenever they touch upon one another defects they are sure to select the most prominent.

A Female lecturer says the only decent thing about Adam was a rib, and that went to make something better.

Death of Hon. Anthony Kimmell.—Hon. Anthony Kimmell, of Linganore, Frederick county, Md., died at his residence on the 25th inst., after an attack of paralysis. Mr. Kimmell was extensively known throughout Maryland and the country. He several times represented Frederick county in the Legislature, and filled other positions of trust. He was one of the prominent Masons in Maryland, and had filled the position of Grand Master.—His body was brought from his late residence in Frederick county and placed in the Masonic Temple, where appropriate services were held, after which it was interred in Greenmount Cemetery, attended by a large number of his Masonic brethren, including the Sir Knights of Baltimore Commandery, of which he was a member. Gen. Kimmell left a large and valuable estate to a son, his only heir.

Another Improvement.—The Masonic Order of Easton, have in contemplation the erection of a new Hall. They have entered into it with great earnestness and zeal, and we have no doubt it will be accomplished. They desire to erect an edifice that will be both creditable to the order and the town. As yet, we believe, no plan has been matured or site located, but arrangements are being vigorously pushed forward whereby funds may be secured to put the enterprise on a permanent basis. We hope success may attend them in their efforts.—*Easton Gazette.*

BOOK NOTICES.

Godey's Lady's Book for May, 1871.—*Handsome Spring Dresses in this Number.* The embellishments for this month commence with a handsome steel plate, entitled "Rustic Gallantry."

A seven-figure Colored Fashion-Plate comes next, with the latest designs of dresses pictured upon it.

A picture of the interior of a primitive church, entitled "Devotion."

Crochet Square. This design is printed in blue.

The large Extension Sheet contains thirty-one engravings of dresses for ladies, bonnets, children's dresses, and many articles for the toilet.

There is also a page of designs for dressing children's hair.

In the Work Department the article on making children's clothing is continued. Many other instructions are given for useful work.

A handsome design for a suburban residence is also given.

Marion Harland's story, that has run through four numbers of the Book, is completed in this number.

On time, as usual, is The Aldine for May, and it is in every way equal if not superior to the former issues of this publication. Among the numerous illustrations with which this number is embellished, we find three full page ones—"Evening, (a group on the staircase of the Bruhl'sche Terrasse in Dresden), by Schilling, being a remarkably fine one; 'Dante at the Studio of Giotto," by Keyser, and "The Old House," illustrating the beautiful old poem, by Samuel Rogers, of the of the same name. Of the smaller ones, "Coming Through The Rye," "The Wood Nymph," by Birch, and Mary and John Returning from the Tomb, by Plockhurst, are particularly noticeable for their fine engraving and the admirable style in which they are printed; as are, also, the portrait of Miss Maria Krebs, and Frank Beard's clever sketch, entitled "The Quarrelsome Neighbors." The matter in this number is varied and interesting, while the typography and general get up still excels anything of the kind published in the United States. The second edition of the beautiful Chromo "Ducks" is now ready for delivery, and will be furnished to all subscribers, for the current year, either through local agencies or direct from the Publishers, James Sutton & Co., 23 Liberty Street, New York, on receipt of the subscription price, $2 50.

Wood's Household Magazine.—Most heartily do we welcome the May number of *Wood's Household Magazine*. We hardly recognized it as it entered our office in its new spring clothes; but while admiring the color and quality of its dress, we were delighted to discover that it adorned our old friend. The improvements which have followed thick and fast in this Magazine, show the enterprize and success of its publishers. The heavy paper is a great addition as well as the cover, and its typographical appearance is unsurpassed.

Its contents are unexceptionable, and among its list of contributors are some of the most noted writers of the day. We do not understand how Mr. Wood is able to do so much for so little money—nevertheless we are very glad to acknowledge his achievements. The Magazine is furnished for small sum of one dollar. Specimen copy free. Address S. S. Wood & Co., Newburg, N. Y.

The American Stock Journal for May contains the following interesting articles: Colors in Horses, Breeding, &c., Training the Shepherd Dog, Shearing Sheep, Advantages of the Factory system in Cheese Making Improved Berkshire Hogs, The Care of Harness, Raising Sheep on the Prairies, The Diseases of Young Lambs, Dark Brahma Fowls, Poultry Houses, Black Cayuga Ducks, Diseases of Cattle, The Hoove, Hoven, or Blown in Cattle, Description of Henry Ressegue's Minkery at Verona, N. Y., Short-Horn Cattle, Medicines Useful in Diseases of Horses, Breeding Game Fowls. Also, five handsome Engravings. N. P. Boyer & Co., Publishers, Parkesburg, Pa.

What is a Carpet- Bagger?

When the civil war closed, and its dangers had passed away, a swarm of "loyal" adventurers, whose occupation was to shout loudly for the suppression of the rebellion, but to incur no personal risk in defence of the Union, rushed down to the South, with their carpet-bags in hand, following the track of the victorious army like so many hungry vultures. They had neither character nor credit, nor money. Their worldly goods were in the bags which they carried. They went in search of plunder, intending, when gorged, to return to their native North. They had no sympathy or tie with the people whose homes they invaded to despoil. They sought Federal and State Offices, and by shameful practices obtained both, only to rob and rule with the vilest tyranny and the most shocking venality. The whole government of South Carolina is is their hands to-day, with a few mixed exceptions, and almost every Southern State groans under a similar affliction.

Such is a carpet-bagger. A canting, thieving knave, who drawls through his nose a lecture on "moral ideas" and "human rights," and picks your pocket at the same time; or, like the pious Whittemore sells a cadetship, while waiting demand for his vote. There are numbers of them who have infested this city for years; who own no property; who have no visible means; who pay no taxes; who vote elswhere, and yet who have the audacity to intrude in the local affairs of the people of this District.—*Patriot.*

Maryland and Delaware Railroad.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Maryland and Delaware Railroad, held at the office of the Company in Easton on Tuesday, the Messrs. Caldwell, contractors, delivered up the road, stock, &c., from Easton to Clayton, to the Company, by whom the road will hereafter be run, instead of by the contractors, as heretofore.—Mr. J. L. Caldwell, the efficient Superintendent, will still continue in charge. Mr. John W. Scott, Auditor, was also elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Company, vice Dr. G. W. Goldsborough, resigned.

An old bachelor says that giving the ballot to women would not amount to anything practicable, because they would insist that they were too young to vote until they got too old to take any interest in politics.

The great cause of so many young people being gray headed is on account of their having used the vile compounds which have flooded the market so long. Nature's Hair Restorative is a sure remedy for this. *Clear as crystal; no poison; perfectly sweet, clean and reliable.* All druggists sell it. See advertisement.

Baltimore Market.

[Corrected every Week.]

Baltimore May 9, 1871.

Monetary and Commercial.

U. S. 5. 20s	113¼
American Gold	111¼
Wheat,	$1.55 to $1.62
Corn.	75 to 76
Oats.	65
Rice.	9¼
Sugar (Grocery Grades)	per lb 9¼
Sugar (Refined)	" 13

JOHN C. HENRY,
WITH
J. M. MELBOURNE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff,
Nos 62 S. Calvert st., & 38 Cheapside,
(One Door North of Pratt.)
May. 10, 1871—6m BALTIMORE

Office of the County Commisioners for Dorchester County.—The County Commissioners will meet at their office in Cambridge on TUESDAY, May 16th, 1871, to make transfers from the lists of Judgments, &c. At which time all persons desiring a change made in property on the Tax Books should be present. All Constables in the county are requested to pay over all the dog tax collected by them before that time, or report then and there the reason they have not completed their collections.

All persons having claims against Dorchester county can leave them (any time this month) at the Commissioners, office with the clerk who keeps the office open daily (Sunday excepted) from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M.

By order of the board,
my10-2t J. M. BECKWITH, Clerk.

Dorchester and Delaware
RAIL-ROAD!

CHANGE OF HOURS!

On and after Monday, May 8th, 1871, Passengers and Freight Trains will, until further notice, run as follows: (Sundays Excepted.)

Leave Cambridge,	8 45	A. M
" Thompson,	9 00	"
" Aireys,	9 10	"
" Linkwood,	9 22	"
" East New Market,	9 45	"
" Hurlock's,	10 00	"
" Williamsburg,	10 10	"
" Federalsburg,	10 25	"
" Oak Grove,	10 40	"
" Flowerton,	10 53	"
Arrive at SEAFORD,	11 00	"
Leave Seaford,	2 15	P. M
" Flowerton,	2 21	"
" Oak Grove,	2 35	"
" Federalsburg,	2 50	"
" Williamsburg,	3 05	"
" Hurlock's,	3 12	"
" East New Market,	3 34	"
" Linkwood,	3 49	"
" Aireys,	4 01	"
" Thompson,	4 07	"
Arrive at CAMBRIDGE,	4 20	"

This Train makes close connection with Trains on DELAWARE RAILROAD for all points North and South of Seaford, and at Cambridge with Steamers to and from Baltimore.

Passengers for Dorchester and Delaware Railroad will leave Philadelphia at 8 30, Wilmington 10 06, Baltimore 7 25 A. M. by Rail, and 10 00 P. M. by Steamer.

☞ All Freights must be Delivered at the various Stations properly Marked, ready to be Manifested and Loaded at least half an hour before the time Scheduled for the Train to Leave.

D. STEWART HESSEY,
May 6, 1871. Superintendent.

Receiver's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Circuit Court for Dorchester County, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause, wherein Virginia A. Staplefort, by her next friend William T. Staplefort, is complainant and Henry Burns, is defendant, the undersigned, as Receiver, will offer, at public sale, for cash, to the highest bidder, at Staplefords Store, at Lakeville, in said County, on

SATURDAY the 27th day MAY, A. D. 1871, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M., all the following personal property:

ONE HORSE, TWO YOKE of OXEN, ONE MILCH COW and ONE YEARLING.

WM. T. STAPLEFORT,
May 3, 1871—tds Receiver.

Trustee's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Dorchester County, sitting as a court of Equity, passed in a cause wherein Thomas E. Wright & wife, Samuel L. Byrn & wife & Charles R. Wright are complainants and Martin L. Wright & wife and Harry B. Wright are defendants, the undersigned, as Trustee, will offer, at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in Cambridge, in Dorchester county aforesaid, on

MONDAY the 29th day of MAY, A. D. 1871, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M., all the following FARMS, HOUSES and LOTS, of which Jeremiah C. Wright, late of said county deceased died seized and possessed—to wit:—

All the "HOME FARM" of the said Jeremiah C. Wright, called "HAYLAND."

All that Farm, called "OAK GROVE," whereon Martin L. Wright, now resides.

All that Farm called "WILTON." The HOUSE and LOT, lying on High St., in Cambridge, now occupied by Thomas M. Flint—the HOUSE and LOT, on said street, occupied in 1870, by Jno. T. Jackson. A LOT on the corner of Washington and Pine streets, in said town, with the tenements thereon—and a WOOD LOT, in Black Water.

Terms of Sale—$500 in cash on the day of Sale, to be divided between the several purchasers and the balance of the purchase money, in three equal annual instalments, to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser or purchasers, with sureties to be approved by the Trustee.

The parcels, in which the aforesaid lands are to be sold, will be made known on the day of sale.

WM. REA,
May 3, 1871—tds Trustee.

FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

I. N. ELSTON, CAMBRIDGE, MARYLAND.

Has received the very latest

FASHIONS,

from New York, and is prepared to do all work in his line with promptness, and upon the most reasonable terms. His Fit Guaranteed. April 26, 1871—1y

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of

JAMES S. ELLIOTT,

late of Dorchester county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the

10th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1871,

otherwise, they may by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

WILLIAM D. NOBLE,
Admin. of James S. Elliott, dec'd.
May 3, 1871—4t

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of

HESTER A. TALL,

late of Dorchester county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the

5th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1871,

otherwise, they may by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN W. WOOLFORD,
Ex'r. of Hester A. Tall, dec'd.
May 3, 1871—4t

W. PENROSE. W. PORTER. W. HEMSLEY.

PENROSE, PORTER & HEMSLEY,

Importers and Dealers in
Brandies, Whiskies, Wines, Gins &c.,
No. 240 Arch Street, below Third
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ All Goods delivered to Baltimore steamers free of charge—after said delivery at the risk of the purchaser.

May. 26, 1871. 1y

WILLIAM HEMSLEY,
AGENT FOR
GODFREY KEEBLER,
Steam Biscuit. Cracker and Cake Bakery,
258, 260 and 262 North Twenty-Second St.,
PHILADELPHIA.

☞ All orders addressed to Agent will be gratefully received and promptly filled.—All Goods delivered to Baltimore Steamers free of charge—after said delivery, at the risk of the purchaser.

May. 26, 1871. 1y

Attractive Building Lot for Sale.

The Lot on the corner of Academy and Muir Streets in the town of Cambridge, containing about two acres and a half of ground.

This particular Lot is one of the most desirable locations in Cambridge. It is situated in the heart of the town and while from the excellence of its soil it grows fine crops of vegetables, &c., it offers a handsome site for a residence, and on account of the now constant advance of Cambridge, in material prosperity, must necessarily enhance in value. For terms apply at this office. [april 26, 1871.

Valuable Business Stand for Sale.

THE valuable Dwelling, Store-House, &c., at Bucktown, Dorchester County, of which David M. Corsran, died seized.

This is one of the most excellent places of business in our county. Situated in the very heart of the fair trade, remote from competition, and surrounded by a lively, social and generous population, its advantages for business are unsurpassed in this section.

The Dwelling is roomy and comfortable, has attached to it a Stable, Corn-House, Carriage-House, &c., and about, two acres of land. All the buildings are in fine order and need no repairs. For terms apply at this office, or to GEO. W. CORKRAN,
ap. 26, 1871 Bucktown, Md.

To Farmers of Dorchester.

BOWEN & MERCERS,

Super Phosphate of Lime.

PRICE 52 per Ton. A reduction for quantities over a ton. Containing over four per cent. of Ammonia and over eighteen per cent. of SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE.—A liberal credit given for approved paper.

GROUND BONE

Warranted pure, $40, $42.50 and $45 per ton.

SOUTH CAROLINA PHOSPHATE,

Ground as fine as flour containing sixty two per cent of Phosphate. $25 per ton in Bags.

South Carolina Phosphate same as above treated with Sulphuric Acid, $30 per ton. Shell Lime, Plaster and Peruvian Guano.

J. S. SIMMONS, Agent,
Ap. 26, 1871.—1y Cambridge, Md.

NATURE'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE

TRADE MARK.

PATENTED.

Contains no LAC SULPHUR—No SUGAR OF LEAD—No LITHARAGE—No NITRATE OF SILVER, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desiderafums LONG SOUGHT FOR AND FOUND AT LAST!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Gray, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. As a dressing for the Hair it is the best article in the Market.

DR. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass.—Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to Procter Bros. for a Treatise on the Human Hair. The information it contains is worth $5 to any person. For sale in Cambridge, by CHAS. P. CRAIG, and THOS. M. FLINT,
ap. 26, 1871. Druggists.

There's Nothing Like It.—THE REVIEW, *York, Pa.* Send two cent stamp for specimen, or 75 cents for a year, and see. 16 large pages of Literature, Music, and useful Information. dec. 8.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc3661_scm12289-0029