BOSTON, January 4.

On Sunday night a ſevere ſnow-ſtorm commenced. The wind was north-eaſterly. We underſtand that the ſhip Polly from Martinique; brig Diſpatch from Savannah; and four or five other veſſels are aſhore at Squantum and Quincy. The Polly has not received any damage. We hope the other veſſels have been as fortunate in that reſpect.

NEW-YORK, January 10.

Captain Thompſon, of the brig William, arrived on Saturday, in 15 days from the Havanna. informs that at that place, nothing is permitted to be landed from American veſſels except horſes and ſlaves.

We learn by the Salem (New-York) paper, that the Waſhington academy, in that town, together with its library, has lately been deſtroyed by fire.

Captain Rogers, of the brig Georgia, has obligingly favored the editor of the Mercantile Advertiſer with Savannah papers to the 28th ult. One of that date mentions the arrival there of the barque Nixon, in 56 days from Liverpool, with information that previous to her departure an Engliſh fleet had ſailed for the Mediterranean in three hours warning; that another was ready at Spithead, waiting for orders; and that rendezvous houſes were opened for ſailors, and large bounties offered to thoſe who would wiſh to enter voluntarily into the navy.

Entered, brigs William, Thompſon, Havanna, 14 days; Lithbee, Noſten, Dunkirk, 57; Sophia, Suter, Jamaica, 21; Georgia, Rogers, Savannah, 4; ſch'rs Hope, Geer, Frederickſburg, 11; Polly, ——, Waſhington, N. C. 13; Sincerity, Rogers, Baltimore, 3; Virginia, Huggins, Frederickſburg, 9; ſloop Herald, Comſtock, Norfolk, 2.

Cleared, ſhips John Morgan, Howard, London; Holland, Richards, Liverpool; brigs Eliza, Pendleton, Jamaica; Mary, Hall, ditto; Barbara, Hitchcock, Trinidad; Favorite, Slocum, Port-Republican; ſchooners Charlotte, Little, St. Croix.

Ship Aſpaſia has arrived at Havanna from Cadiz.

Arrived, the Spaniſh brig Minerva, Bain, from Trinidad, in Cuba. Flour at Trinidad was 18 dollars a barrel.

Arrived laſt night, the brig Sophia, Suter, of Philadelphia, in 25 days from Kingſton; attempted to get up the Delaware. American produce dull at Kingſton; flour was only 7 dollars.

The ſhip Hare, Worth, in 35 days from Liſbon, having been diſcharged from quarantine, we are able to give the following additional marine information. She left at Liſbon, the ſhip New-York, of Peterſburg, having put in there on her paſſage from London for Peterſburg, Virginia, with the loſs of the head of her fore-maſt; and another American ſhip from Hamburg, alſo put in there at the ſame time, with ſome domage. The brig Dolphin, from London, via Ireland, put into Liſbon in diſtreſs, and was condemned as unſeaworthy. The ſhip Maria, Jackſon, very deeply laden, ſailed from Liſbon on the 8th of November for Providence. The ſchooner Diſpatch, Wilbur, from New-York, ſailed from Liſbon November 1, for Cadiz, put back after being out 2 days, and ſailed again about the 8th. The ſchooner Ann Pennock, Coffin, from Philadelphia, ſailed from Liſbon for Gibraltar, November 1. The hermaphrodite brig Betſy, of Nantucket, from Newfoundland, ſailed from Liſbon for Cadiz and a market, about the 8th November.

The pilot who came up laſt night in the Waſhington, informs of the arrival, within the Hook, of the ſhip Citizen, captain Blakeman, from Calcutta, with a valuable cargo. There were alſo in the Offing, nine ſail of ſquare-rigged veſſels, bound in.

PHIDADELPHIA, January 11.

Extract of a letter from the Natchez, dated 25th November.

"We have of late been ſeriouſly alarmed at the proceedings of the Spaniſh reſident at New-Orleans; who in direct violation of treaty, has done away the beneſit of a depoſit there, and thus occaſioned a very conſiderable interruption to our commerce. We are now compelled to pay ſix per cent. on goods ſent there, which are immediately conſidered as Spaniſh property, and can only be ſhipped in Spaniſh bottoms, and cleared out for Spaniſh ports; how this will be reliſhed by our executive and legiſlature, I cannot take upon me to ſay; but the people of the weſtern country will not long ſubmit to it, but at all hazards take poſſeſſion of New-Orleans, and all the country eaſt of the Miſſiſippi; and this they can eaſily accompliſh if the French troops do not come to prevent it. I truſt, however, firmly in the energies of the general government for redreſs, though many aſſert that a difference of intereſt exiſts between the eaſtern and weſtern ſtates, and therefore propheſy that that the day is not diſtant, when the country watered by the Miſſiſippi will ſeparare from the union, and form itſelf into one great and independant empire.

More than one million of people daily drink of the waters of the Miſſiſippi; they inhabit a country, rich in reſources, beyond the ideas of the citizens of the older ſtates, who have a very faint conception of its commerce, or the enterprize of its well informed inhabitants, no where in the world do the people live with leſs labor than they do here, and the hoſpitality and liberality of the inhabitants, are very great indeed.

"The inhabitants of Louiſiana are very friendly diſpoſed to the United States, indeed there intereſts are the ſame with our, and having experienced the benefits of having the river free, they are much diſpleaſed at the exiſting impediments; they therefore cannot long exiſt, and even if the French come, ſurely they will not be ſo blind to their own intereſts as to have a rupture with the United States."

Cleared, brig Tryphenia, Porter, St. Andrews; ſch'r Sally, Dickey, Norfolk; Liberty, Bennet, Savannah; ſloop Rhode, Green, Natchez.

WASHINGTON, January 9.

The following *Arrete*, which has been officially communicated by the French government, deſerves the particular attention of owners and maſters of veſſels bound to France, as it appears thereby that no veſſel from the United States will be admitted to entry in the French ports, without a bill of health properly atteſted.

TRANSLATION.

PARIS, 30th Fructidor, (16th September 1802,) 10th year of the Republic, one and indiviſible.

The conſuls of the republic on the report of the miniſter of the marine and of the colonies, decree:

Art. I. Any veſſel, coming from the ports of the United States of America, cannot be admitted in thoſe of France to free pratic, if ſhe do not carry a bill of health in due form, and if ſhe ſhall not firſt have undergone a viſit reſpecting the ſtate of the crew on board of her.

Art. II. This viſit ſhall be made by the council of health formed in each port: and in order that the reſult thereof may be more certainly aſcertained, the captain of the veſſel ſhall be bound to produce the bill of health of which he may be the bearer to declare whether any ſick are on board his veſſel, what has been the ſtate of health therein during his voyage, whether he had any communications at ſea; of what nature they were, and laſtly to ſatisfy every queſtion which may be put to him upon this ſubject.

Art. III. The council of health ſhall decide, according to the reſult of its viſit, whether or not it be proper to admit the veſſel viſited to free pratic: in this laſt caſe, it is authoriſed to ſubject her to a quarantine of obſervation, the duration of which it ſhall determine.

Art. IV. The proviſions contained in the three preceding articles ſhall be rigorouſly executed from the 15th Thermidor, 2d Auguſt, to the 15th Nivoſe, 5th January, following. Although during the reſt of the year their obſervance may as yet appear leſs neceſſary, it is nevertheleſs provided, that during the latter ſpace of time, the veſſels which ſhall not carry a bill of health in form, and thoſe which proceed from any ports, where it ſhall be generally known that contagion exiſts, ſhall be ſubjected to the viſit preſcribed by the preſent arrete, and conſequently to the quarantine of obſervation as occaſion may require.

Art. V. The miniſter of marine is charged with the execution of the preſent arrete.

The Firſt Conſul,
(Signed) BONAPARTE.
By the Firſt Conſul,
The Secretary of State,
(Signed) HUGUES B. MARET.
A true copy.
The miniſter of the marine and the colonies.
(Signed) DECRES.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 13.

The ſloop Akerley is adverti ſed in the Savannah paper of the 28th ultimo, for freight to Norfolk and Baltimore.

The brig Lucy arrived at Newburyport, the 4th inſtant, from Guadaloupe. On the 9th of December, ſhe left at that port, the brigs ——, Martin, and Fair American, both of this port. December 22, lat. 30, 24, ſpoke ſchooner ——, Soames, of Cape Ann, 45 days from the Iſle of May, for Baltimore; ſhort of proviſions and water; captain C. ſupplied him. Guadaloupe was tranquil—markets on the fall.

By the General Aſſembly of Maryland, November ſeſſion, 1802.

RESOLVED, That the governor, by and with the adviſe and conſent of the council, be, and he is hereby authoriſed and requeſted to appoint three commiſſioners on the part of the ſtate of Maryland, to meet ſuch commiſſioners, as may be appointed on the part of the ſtate of Pennſylvania, and alſo on the part of the Suſquehannah Canal Company, at ſuch time and place as may mutually be agreed upon to digeſt and prepare ſuch plan or compact, for the further and effectual improvement of the navigation of the river Suſquehannah, as may appear moſt conducive to their joint intereſts, which plan or compact, when reported to and ratified by the ſucceeding legiſlatures of the two ſtates, ſhall be mutually binding and obligatory.

RESOLVED, That the govevnor be, and he is hereby requeſted to forward the aforegoing reſolution to the governor of the ſtate of Pennſylvania.

RESOLVED, That the governor, by and with the advice and conſent of the council, be, and he is hereby authoriſed and required to make ſuch compenſation to the commiſſioners to be appointed by the aforegoing reſolution, when they ſhall have executed the duties therein preſcribed, as he ſhall deem juſt and reaſonable, by order, drawn on the treaſurer of the Weſtern Shore, who is hereby directed to pay the ſame out of any unappropriated monies in the treaſury.

Commiſſioners appointed on the above, for the ſtate of Maryland.

A. C. HANSON, chancellor.
JAMES HOUSTON, of the ſenate.
JOHN MONGOMERY, houſe of delegates.

Council Chamber, Jan. 10, 1803.

GENTLEMEN,

IT will appear by the papers incloſed that on Saturday evening the council tho't proper to meet, and during my abſence to act upon your reſolution of the 5th January, 1803, to appointt hree gentlemen as commiſſioners on the part of this ſtate to meet commiſſioners on the part of Pennſylvania, and on the part of the Suſquehannah canal company, and to notify to them their appointments, to which notifications anſwers have been received. As this is wholly repugnant to what I conſider as the letter and ſpirit of the reſolution, I have deemed it my duty to ſubmit this morning a nomination of Alexander C. Hanſon, Gabriel Duvall, and John T. Maſon, eſquires, as commiſſioners on the part of this ſtate, under your reſolution. On this ſubmiſſion the council have refuſed to act, and as their whole conduct appears to me ſo flagrant a violation of your reſolution, and ſo perſonally diſreſpectful to myſelf, I conſider it as my duty to ſubmit the whole to the legiſlature.

With moſt entire and perfect eſteem,
I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient ſervant,
JOHN F. MERCER.

The honorable the preſident of the ſenate, and ſpeaker of the houſe of delegates.

Council Chamber, Jan. 10, 1803.

GENTLEMEN,

HIS excellency the governor having communicated to the council a letter addreſſed by him to the general aſſembly, on the ſubject of appointment made by the council on Saturday evening, in his abſence; the underſigned deem it a duty they owe to themſelves to ſtate the circumſtances of that tranſaction.

It was diſcovered on Saturday morning in the courſe of converſation, that a difference of opinion exiſted between his excellency and the council, with reſpect to the perſons to be appointed on the part of this ſtate, to meet commiſſioners to be appointed on the part of the ſtate of Pennſylvania and the Suſquehanna Canal company. With a view of obtaining a coincidence of ſentiment on this ſubject, and in order to have a full council (one of the members intending to leave the city the next day) an adjournment till 5 o'clock, P. M. of the ſame day, was in the preſence of, and with the approbation of the governor agreed to. At that hour the council met, and after having waited until all expectation of his excellency's attendance was exhauſted, proceeded to make the appointments.

The underſigned ſolemnly aver, that in this procedure, they neither intended, nor do they feel themſelves juſtly chargeable with the ſlighteſt degree of perſonal diſreſpect towards the governor.

The general aſſembly cannot fail to perceive that the real difference between the governor and the council, is with regard to the *right of nomination.*

The underſigned believe, that ever ſince the adoption of the conſtitution of this ſtate, this right has been exerciſed *concurrently*, by the governor and the council, and the underſigned will be permitted to add, that in their opinion, the conſtruction of the conſtitution, thus evidenced by the practice of every former executive, is a correct one. Were the right of nomination *excluſively veſted* in the governor the underſigned cannot ſuppoſe, that the governor, whoever he may be, will nominate any other than ſuch perſons as he himſelf wiſhes to be appointed. A conſtruction, that "the advice and conſent" of the council is thus limited to the *governor's nomination*, would in effect be conferring upon the governor a negative upon all appointments; and would reduce the conſtitutional powers of the council to a ſimple aſſent to the governor's propoſition.

The underſigned ſubmit this diverſity of opinion between his excellency and the council, as to their reſpective powers, to the wiſdom of the general aſſembly, and are with the higheſt reſpect,

Your obedient ſervants,
FRANCIS DIGGES,
ALLEN B. DUCKETT,
EDWARD HALL,
REVARDY GHISELIN,
D. DAVID.

The honorable the general aſſembly.

We underſtand that the legiſlature reſolved, that as the executive, judicial and legiſlative powers were, by the conſtitution, ſeparate and independent of each other, therefore that any interference on the part of the legiſlature would be improper.

From BRYDEN'S MARINE LIST.
January 12.

The ſhip Baltimore, Hurſt, from this port, arrived at Cork, on the 19th November, all well, after a paſſage of 39 days, and was immediately put under quarantine.

Port of Baltimore.

CLEARED,

Schr, Old Colony, Finney,	Liſbon
Harriot, Naſh,	Boſton
Almira, Cudworth,	do.

☞ *A Lad of decent connections would be taken as an apprentice at this office.*

Poſt-Office,

Baltimore, January 12, 1803.

The inhabitants of the Eaſtern diſtrict of Baltimore, whoſe letters have heretofore been delivered by *Charles Shrater*, are hereby informed that he is prevented by ſudden indiſpoſition from performing his duty, and that it will be neceſſary for them to apply at this office for their letters until his health ſhall enable him to deliver them.

CHARLES BURRALL,
d3t Poſt-maſter.

FOR THE FEDERAL GAZETTE.

To the CONTRIBUTORS of the BALTIMORE GENERAL DISPENSARY.

AS you will be called together on Friday next, 14th inſtant, by the conſtitution inſtituting a diſpenſary in this city for the medical relief of the poor, to chooſe managers, and for other purpoſes, it will not be deemed inexpedient to enquire, whether the preſent plan might not be ſo amended as to ſubſerve more completely the purpoſes of your benevolence and humanity. This is an important enquiry, inaſmuch as a belief in the inefficacy of the ſubſiſting regulations for the promotion of the benefits to be derived from ſuch an eſtahliſhment, is connected with the proſperity of the inſtitution.

I ſhall ſay nothing at preſent againſt the exiſting plan—I ſhall only refer you on this head to an addreſs publiſhed twelve months ago in this paper, in which there are many judicious remarks in proof of its total inefficacy. The experience of the laſt year has convinced me of the ſolidity of the objections which were then urged. I wiſh not to attach blame to any of the officers—The defect lies much deeper—The fountain muſt be purified, if we expect the ſtream to flow with purity and vigor.

Several of the attending phyſicians have ſignified their determination to reſign, not becauſe the attentions due from their ſtations were incompatible with thoſe attentions which are required by private profeſſional engagements, but becauſe there were but ſmall hopes of doing much good under ſubſiſting regulations, for that claſs of citizens which comes within the object of the inſtitution. This is a powerful appeal, and coming from thoſe officers by whom defects muſt be diſcovered, if there be any, and on whoſe ſhoulders the burden of the inſtitution reſts, you ought to give it due and immediate conſideration.

Being a well-wiſher to all humane inſtitutions, and a contributor to the preſent, I ſhall take the liberty of propoſing the outlines of a plan for your conſideration at the annual meeting on Friday, which, in my opinion, promiſes much more uſefulneſs.

Inſtead of having one general diſpenſary, I would divide the city into two, three, four, or more diſtricts, as may ſeem beſt; in each of which I would appoint an attending phyſician, who ſhould keep a diſpenſary in the diſtrict to which he belongs; which ſhould, like his own ſhop, be open at all hours, ſubjecting him to all the duties to which he is ſubjected by the preſent rules; and in addition he ſhould perform all the duties which are now required of the apothecary. As a compenſation for this additional trouble and expence, I would divide the ſums which are now paid for houſe rent, apothecary's ſalary, &c. which expences would not be incurred by the propoſed alteration, equally between the attending phyſicians, obliging them to furniſh, at their own expence, all requiſite medicines, &c. except inſtruments which may be wanted to perform operations in ſurgery. The conſtitution, in other reſpects, to ſtand as it is.

I hope the above propoſals will meet with the ſame ingenuouſneſs and diſpaſſion of peruſal with which they have been written, and be received as the offering of one who has watched the operations of the inſtitution, from its eſtabliſhment to the preſent period, with parental ſolicitude.

A CONTRIBUTOR.

January 13, 1803.

HAVING this day taken into partnerſhip my two ſons WILLIAM and ROBERT, our commercial buſineſs will be conducted under the firm of *William Patterſon and Sons.*

WM. PATTERSON.
January 1. (J3) eo6t

Joſeph Swan,

By the General Greene, from Liverpool, and Canada, from Briſtol,

Has completed his FALL IMPORTATION: by the latter he has received, Tin in boxes, Nails, Grates, and a general aſſortment of Hardware.
November 6. d6t-eo

Boulting Cloths.

WARRANTED GOOD.

Hoffman and Baltzell

No. 201, Market-ſtreet,

HAVE a new and general aſſortment of Boulting Cloths, conſiſting of the following numbers and breadth: No. 1 to 7, 34 inches
and 1 to 6, 40¼ inches wide.

Having been imported by Mr. Hoffman, will be ſold low by the piece or retail. Likewiſe on hand, a full aſſortment of DRY GOODS, which they are ſelling cheap.
October 16. 1aw

30 Dollars Reward.

RAN away on Thurſday the 21ſt of October, 1802, from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Ellicott's mills, a dark mulatto negro woman named PRISS; about 26 years of age, 5 feet four or five inches high; ſhe is a handſome well looking negro woman, has long wool which ſhe keeps platted or combed, and profeſſes to be a methodiſt; there is a ſcar acroſs her left arm about three or four inches below the elbow; ſhe is a good ſeamſtreſs and cook, and poſſeſſes much art and cunning—ſhe took with her when ſhe went away, one black ſtriped linſey jacket and peticoat, one white muſlin and one black ſtriped India calico jacket, one red cloth coating and one tow linen peticoat, one tow linen and one Iriſh linen ſhift, one pair fine blue yarn ſtockings, and one country ſtraw hat.

Whoever apprehends ſaid negro woman, and brings her home to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures her in any jail, ſo that the owner gets her again, if taken ten miles from home ſhall receive ſix dollars; if twenty miles, ten dollars; if fifty miles, twenty dollars, and if out of the ſtate, the above reward.

JOHN W. DORSEY.

N. B. All perſons are warned againſt harboring ſaid negro at their peril.
January 4. 1aw3t‖

A child took a pair of gold

SLEEVE BUTTONS, marked I. S. to Mr. Prieſtley's ſchool. Any perſon returning them to the printers, will be thankfully rewarded.
January 12. eo3t

Juſt arrived

In the brig Delaware, and will be landed this day,

A cargo of St. Croix SUGAR, which is offered for ſale by

ROBERT OLIVER & BROTHERS.
January 13. d12t

To Merchants.

A ſteady young MAN, of unqueſtionable character, regularly bred to the mercantile buſineſs, and who has travelled through a conſiderable part of this and the weſtern country, tranſacting buſineſs, would wiſh to be employed in the wholeſale or retail line. Apply at this office.

N. B. Any ſecurity required can be given.
January 13. d

For Charleſton, S. C.



The ſubſtantial and well-found Schooner MARS,
Capt. Hammond.

Freight or paſſengers will be taken on moderate terms. Apply to the maſter on board, Bowly's wharf, or to

PROUD & THURSTON.
January 13. d3t

Real Eſtate for Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the court of chancery of Maryland, the ſubſcribers will expoſe to Public Sale, on FRIDAY, the fourth day of February next, on the premiſes,

ALL that tract or parcel of land called Harriſon's Security, lying in Anne-Arundel country, containing 419¾ acres, whereon Mr. William Davidſon lately reſided. This land lies on Weſt river, and has thereon an excellent dwelling houſe and all neceſſary out houſes, and three ſmall dwelling houſes now occupied by tenants. The farm is very highly improved, and the ſoil well adapted for the growth of Indian corn and wheat. The ſituation is remarkable for its convenience to fiſh, oyſters, and wild fowl of every kind.

The terms of ſale of the above tract of land are, that the purchaſer ſhall pay one fourth part of the purchaſe money on the ratification of the ſale by the chancellor, giving bond with approved ſecurity to pay one-third of the balance in three months, one other third in ſix months, and the reſidue in nine months from the day of ſale, with intereſt from the ſaid day of ſale.

The ſubſcribers will alſo expoſe to public ſale, on WEDNESDAY, the ninth day of February next, at Mr. Rnodes's tavern, in the City of Waſhington, ſundry parcels of ground in the ſaid city, in the following ſquares, to wit: parts of ſquares No. 212, 213, 214, 215, 220, 222, 248, 251, 252, 281, 282, 283, 285, 287, 316, 340, 341, 342, 367, 368, 372, 373, being in the whole 113 lots. The lots or parcels of ground offered for ſale in the above ſquares have been ſubdivided into convenient building lots, and the whole of them lie to the north-eaſt of the preſident's ſquare, and ſome of them bind on the ſaid ſquare.

The terms of ſale of the above lots or parcels of ground are, good negociable notes, with approved endorſers, one-third of the purchaſe money payable in ſixty days, one other third in ninety days, and the reſidue in one hundred and twenty days from the day of ſale, with legal intereſt from the ſaid day of ſale.

The whole of the aforegoing property having been mortgaged by William Davidſon to William Campbell, (which has ſince been aſſigned to Thomas Snowden,) is offered for ſale for the purpoſe of raiſing the ſum for which it was mortgaged, with intereſt.

Upon payment of the whole purchaſe money, the ſubſcribers are authoriſed to execute deeds for the property ſold.

HENRY H. CHAPMAN, } Truſtees.
TH. HARRIS, Jun. }
Annapolis, January 23. 2awt4F

Duport's Dancing School.

Mr. D. feels grateful for the encouragement already extended to him. His ſchool both for the day and evening has commenced, and as the books for receiving ſubſcriptions will not remain open longer perhaps than two weeks more, his intended patrons, who contemplate favoring him with pupils for his day ſchool, are requeſted to be early in ſignifying their wiſhes. A few more young gentlemen will ſtill be admitted to the evening ſchool. Subſcriptions taken at Mr. Bryden's, where Mr. D reſides

N. B. He will commence with his private leſſons on Monday next the 17th inſtant.
January 13. eo3t

Six Cents Reward.

RAN away on the 10th inſtant, an apprentice boy, blackſmith by trade, named GEORGE WILLES—about five feet ſix inches high, curly black hair; proud and impudent. Whoever brings home ſaid apprentice, ſhall have the above reward.

THOMAS CRONMILLER.
January 13. d3t‖

Loſt yeſterday evening,

BETWEEN Mr. Evans's tavern, Market-ſtreet, and Cumberland Row, a ſmall red *Pocket-Book*, containing one twenty and one ten dollar note; one quarter dollar and one eighteen penny-piece, ſilver; and one tobacco note of the Point inſpection, of one hogſhead tobacco, marked R. H. No. 278—groſs, 758; tare, 99; neat, 659 wt. and ſundry other papers of no uſe to any one but the owner. A reward of ten dollars will be given on delivering the ſaid pocket book with its contents at the office of the Federal Gazette.
January 6 eo8t

Now Landing,

Out of the ſchooner Virginia, from New-York,

A freſh ſupply of ground ginger, pimento, 100lbs nutmegs, mace, Albany ſpirit peas in ſmall kegs for family uſe, barley in do. beſt fig blue, prunes in boxes, ſoft ſhelled almonds, for ſale by

JOHN R. CALDWELL,
No. 5, Calvert-ſtreet.
December 6. 80

Removal.

Peter Stewart, Tailor,

HAS removed from No. 35, ſouth Gay-ſtreet, to the corner of Frederick and Market-ſtreets, where he purpoſes continuing his buſineſs in its various branches. He flatters himſelf that from his unwearied attention to pleaſe thoſe who have hitherto favored him with their patronage, he will merit and receive a continuance.

All orders in his line will be executed with neatneſs and punctuality.
January 7. eo

Doctor Smyth,

LATE OF KENT COUNTY,

Offers his ſervices to the inhabitants of Baltimore—Has taken a ſhop in South-ſtreet, No. 24, adjoining Mr. William Hollins's office.
January 11. eo3t‖

To be Let or Sold,

A convenient and well-finiſhed three-ſtory brick dwelling HOUSE, in South Gay-ſtreet, adjoining Meſſrs. Lemmon and Campbell's vendue ſtore. Poſſeſſion may be had immediately.

The above property, in fee-ſimple, would be ſold low for caſh, or on ſhort credit; or bartered on reaſonable terms for German Linens. For terms apply to

WM. COCHRAN & BROTHERS.
October 21. 80