Sailed from Greenock,

Dec. 15, ſhip Montego Bay, Allen, for Charleſton; Fame, Killock, for Savannah.

Sailed from the Clyde,

Dec. 23, Columbia, Watts, Charleſton; Norval, M'Kechnie, Virginia.

The following veſſels were at Greenock, taking in cargoes, when the Delaware ſailed:

Ship Fanny, Braine, for New-York.
Patty, Hall, New-Orleans.
Alexander, M'Katty, do.
Jeſſe, Boag, Virginia.

Left at Glaſgow, the Britannia, Miller, Maryland.

Arrived at Greenock,

Dec. 14, ſhip Recovery, Campbell, N. York.
Dec. 21, ſhip Margaret, Miller, do.
26, Favorite, Boag, do.
21, Louiſa, M'Fie, Charleſton, 37 days; Clyde, M'Call, do. 27.

THE LATEST.

Yeſterday arrived here, the faſt-ſailing new ſhip Delaware, after a paſſage of only thirty ſix days from Greenock. To captain Beebe and a reſpectable mercantile houſe of this city, we are indebted for London papers to the 2d, and Glaſgow papers to the 5th of January. Theſe papers mention, That

Accounts from Alexandria, of the date of September 20, ſtates that war ſtill continued to be carried on between the Turks and Mamelukes in Egypt. Both parties having had ſeveral ſevere ſkirmiſhes. During the ceſſation of arms for ſome days, the Turks formed the deſign of ſurpriſing the camp of the Mamelukes by night, and putting every man of them to the ſword. The Mamelukes being apprized of the plan; and on the night of treachery arriving, ſilently retired from the camp and formed an ambuſcade. When the Turks arrived, and found the camp deſerted, they proceeded to plunder. During this ſcene of diſorder and confuſion, they were attacked by the Mamelukes, and not a ſoul of them eſcaped. There was not twenty of the aſſailants killed. The Turks acknowledged the loſs of 2000, but it appears to have fallen ſhort of the real number. The Britiſh ſtill kept poſſeſſion of Alexandria, and it was uncertain whether it would be evacuated very ſoon.

The late earthquake appears to have extended over the greateſt part of the Turkiſh empire.

At Algiers, on the 7th November, the ſhock of an earthquake was ſo violent at that place, that the people for more than 40 ſeconds, expected every moment to be buried under the ruins of their houſes. Several houſes have been damaged, and moſt of the houſes rent. A village, ſix leagues from Algiers, containing 200 houſes, was deſtroyed, and all the inhabitants periſhed. Two Engliſh ſhips of the line felt the ſhock in a violent degree, at the diſtance of thirty miles from land.

At Conſtantinople, only a few houſes in the ſuburbs of Para have been injured.

Malta, it appears, is ſtill to be retained by the Engliſh. It is ſaid that 6000 troops will be ſtationed at that place.

It had been a cuſtom for all ſhips paſſing up the Elbe, to ſalute the Daniſh battery of Gluckſtadt: Bonaparte had ſuddenly iſſued his mandate to his French miniſter, to ſignify to his Daniſh majeſty, "That upon conſulting all ſubſiſting treaties and precedents of every deſcription, it appeared that the Elbe is a free river, and that the Daniſh flag could not, in conſequence, exact from any nation, thoſe marks of homage or ſalute, to which it ſuppoſed itſelf to be entitled; that the French would, in conſequence of thoſe conſiderations, paſs up and down the Elbe as before, without ſaluting, and that Denmark would of courſe not demand ſalutation even from the ſmalleſt ſtates of Europe in amity with the French people." The expence of enlarging and fortifying the fortreſs of Gluckſtadt, has coſt the Danes two millions of crowns.

An article from Bern, of the 23d Dec. mentions, that the ſenate had received important intelligence from Paris, relative to the audience which the Helvetic deputies had with the firſt conſul. At that audience Bonaparte explained to them the ſyſtem which ſhould ſerve as the baſis of the future organization of Switzerland. Among other things he mentioned the following: "If Switzerland ſhould enjoy perfect independence, as to her domeſtic affairs, it is not exactly the ſame as to her relations with the French people. *England has not, and ought not, to have any relation with Switzerland; her dangerous emiſſaries cannot be tolerated in that country.* Again—"Switzerland has one mode of aſpiring at certain greatneſs: this would be by her incorporation with France, of which ſhe would form but two departments: but ſhe has been ſeparated from that country by nature, who has herſelf fixed its limits. She may enjoy perfect ſecurity if ſhe remains tranquil, if ſhe preſerves her manners, her uſages, her laws, in ſhort, her neutrality. She would have, beſides, nobody capable, by his authority and by his conſideration, or by his great ſervices to his country, of being placed at the head of affairs. Nothing but a federal government, adapted to the ancient conſtitution, but without inequality, without ſubjects, without privileges or patricians, can ſuit Switzerland."

General Brether is ſtated to have paſſed through Bruſſels on his way to the Hague. It would ſeem that ſome object of conſiderable importance was in diſcuſſion between the firſt conſul and the Batavian republic.

The ſovereignty of Saltzburg is to be ceded to the grand duke of Tuſcany. A convention to that effect having been ſigned at Vienna.

The equipment of veſſels in the French ports is carried on with the greateſt activity.

A private letter from Paris mentions, that a new expedition of not leſs than 20,000 men is about to be ſent from France to St. Domingo. Another letter mentions, that 4000 ſoldiers, of the moſt abandoned deſcription, are ordered to embark at Havre for St. Domingo. Which implies that the regular troops are not willing to go on the ſervice, or the government is unwilling to throw them away.

Another expedition has ſailed from Breſt for St. Domingo; it conſiſts of four ſail of the line and two frigates, under the command of general Boudet. The number of land forces is not mentioned.

Under the head of Paris, Dec. 11, we find the following: "We are aſſured that the duchies of Parma and Placentia will be united to the kingdom of Etruria, if Spain will conſent to cede Florida to France. Should this not take place, they will be given to the Italian republic."

Paſwan Oglou was conducting himſelf with the greateſt fidelity to the Turkiſh government; but a new adventurer has ſtarted up, who has aſſumed the title of *Sultan;* he is the ſon of a Pacha, but his forces are not very numerous.

LONDON, December 13.

From Liſbon, under date of the 2d inſt. we learn that a convention has been ſigned at Madrid, between the agents of America and Spain, for the appointment of commiſſioners, to ſit at Madrid, for the indemnification of thoſe who have ſuffered loſſes or injuries in conſequence of exceſſes of individuals of either nation, during the late war, contrary to the exiſting treaty, or the law of nations. It is added, that five Tripoline veſſels were at ſea, cruizing againſt the American trade.

Hague, December 11.

The French government has paid the bills drawn on it laſt ſpring, by its agents in America; and to obviate the inconvenience which its commanders in the Weſt-Indies have experienced from the want of credit to obtain proviſions, &c. the chief conſul has eſtabliſhed a fund in the United States, adequate to any immediate occaſion.

NEW-YORK, February 15.

New-Orleans.

The following extract of a letter from a correſpondent in New Orleans, on whoſe intelligence we can rely, ſhows that the requeſt of the Spaniſh miniſter to the intendant to open the depoſit at that place, is treated with contempt. Don Morales has not acted in this affair without ſtrict orders from his court; and without contradictory orders from the ſame ſource, he knows that it is as much as his head is worth to follow any advice from inferior authority. The advertiſement of the governor of Baton Rouge, breathes the ſame ſpirit with the intendant's proclamation, for the *occluſion* of the port of New-Orleans.

Extract of a letter from New-Orleans, dated the 22d ult.

"This port ſtill continues ſhut. Diſpatches have arrived from the Spaniſh miniſter in the United States, adviſing our obſtinate intendant to open the port, but he in poſitive terms refuſes to do it until he receives orders from the king of Spain."

PHILADELPHIA, February 14.

Ship Mars, Crane, ſailed from New-Orleans the 18th January. A diſpatch boat from the goverment of the United States has arrived there. The port of N. Orleans continued cloſed.

Captain Geddes of the Roſetta informs that he left at Barbados, January 9.—Ship Java, Conyngham, of Baltimore; brig Waſhington, Mather, brig Harriot, Waſhburn, Charleſton, brig Orange, ——, (in diſtreſs) Boſton; ſchooner Lydia, —, New-York, and ſchooner Iris, ——, to ſail in two days for Baltimore.

Sailed from Barbados.

Brig Hope, Weſt, of Baltimore, firſt January for Antigua.

Schooner Jane and Maria, Hunt, 7th January.

Brig Lincock, 8th January, of Bath.

Schooner Lark, Ward, do. do. of New-Haven.

At St. Thomas, 17th.

Ship Sally, Hunt, Philadelphia.
Brig Sarah, Thackara, do.
Little Sarah, Jones, New-York.
Eliza, Clark, Newbern.

Schooner Jolly Bacchus, Thompſon, Philadelphia.
Harriet, ——, Providence.
Triton, ——, Boſton.
Happy Return, Tatem, Philadelphia.
Sloop Gull, Shepherd, Hulford.

At Turks Iſland 27th January.

Brig Betſy, ——, Baltimore.
Schooner Aeriel, ——, Norwich.
Delight, ——, Hartford.
Sally Waſhington, Wilmington, N. C.

February 15.

On Saturday arrived in this city in the brig Syren, captain John Patterſon from Leghorn, Robert Morris and Shandy Yard, late mate and Steward of the brig Franklin, captain Andrew, Morris, which was captured on the 17th of June laſt, and carried into Tripoli. They inform that they were liberated on the 21ſt September laſt by the interference of the dey of Algiers; that they were five in number, 4 were left at Algiers the 21ſt October, and captain Morris remained at the houſe of Mr. O'Brien, American conſul.

Arrived, (after being detained at Marcus Hook by the ice) ſhip Delaware, Smith, Peterſburg; brigs Two Siſters, Watſon, Aux-Cayes, Ruth & Mary, Ruſſell, Jamaica; Germania, Wunenburg, Bremen; Favorite, Drewis, Curracoa; ſchrs. Eliza, Devereaux, Malaga; Experiment, Dunn, New-York, 4 days; Sally, Hughes, Newburyport, 14.

Cleared, ſhips Miſſouri, Reed, Falmouth; Amiable, ——, Leghorn; Flora, Dehart, New-Orleans; brig Betſy, White, Antwerp.

Schr. Nancy, Morris, from hence has arrived at New-Orleans.

Capt. Drewis ſpoke in the Caycos paſſage, brig Hope, from Philadelphia bound to Jamaica, 19 days out, all well.

The brig Tartar, Story, from hence has arrived at New-Orleans.

February 16.

Cleared, ſhip Matilda, Talbut, Weſt-Indies; ſloop Rainbow, Enneſtroom, N. Carolina.

Schr. Milford, Woodmanſee, from Cape-Francois, is below.

February 17.

Extract of a letter from Havanna, dated January 15.

"We have had a ſevere gale of wind in which three veſſels were loſt in this harbor, ſeveral veſſels were caſt away on the coaſt of Florida, and reports ſay ſeven Guineamen were loſt on the ſouth ſide of this iſland and all the Negroes periſhed."

KINGSTON, Dec. 18—Jan. 4.

Sailed, brig Lion, Moore, Norfolk; Sophia, Suter, Philadelphia; Betſy, Chatfield, Baltimore; ſchooner Beaver, Brown, Savannah; William, Thompſon, do. brig Pacific, Haſtings, Boſton; Ruth and Mary, Ruſſell, Baltimore; Two Brothers, Griffin, Savannah; George, Matthew, Wilmington; Venus, Biſſett, North-Carolina; Neptune, Miller, Charleſton.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, *February* 19.

Baltimore veſſels adverti ſed in a Liverpool paper of December 30. Ship Almy, Snow, no time mentioned; Harriot, Holbrook; Fame, Winſlow; Independence, Wickham.

London, December 31. Paſſed by Graves End, Birmingham, Lewen, Baltimore.

The Gazette of the 25th (ſays a London paper of December 31) contains his majeſty's order in council, for authoriſing the importation of bread, flour, Indian corn and live ſtock, into the iſland of Newfoundland, in Britiſh ſhips, from any of the territories of the United States of America, for the ſupply of the inhabitants and fiſhermen of the ſaid iſland, for the enſuing ſeaſon, in conformity with the cuſtomary regulations.

From the Greenock Advertiſer, of Jan. 4.

CAUTION TO MARINERS.

The new light-houſe at Cranfield Point, the entrance of Carlingford harbor, will be lighted on the firſt day of March next, and continue thereafter lighted from the expiration of day-light in the evenings until day-light in the mornings. This light-houſe is erected near high-water, about a quarter of a mile eaſt of the extreme point of Carlingford, and nearly in a N. W. direction by the compaſs, from the centre of the extenſive rock, called Healy-hunter, from which it is one mile diſtant, according to M'Kenzie's ſurvey. The light will be from oil-lamps, reflectors, and leuſes, and elevated above the level of the ſea about 110 feet. At half-flood, there will be a large ball elevated on a ſtaff that will riſe to the height of the lanthorn on the weſt ſide of it: and at night, to ſignify half-flood, a ſmall light will be exhibited from the houſe a few feet under the great lanthorn: one or other of theſe will continue until half-ebb, when it will diſappear.—Three bells, fixed on the light-houſe, will continue to ring during thick foggy weather, to point out the direction of the light-houſe.

Married on Thurſday evening, by the Rev. Mr. Bend, Mr. *James Dall*, to Mrs. *Eleanor Laming*, both of this city.

Port of Baltimore.

CLEARED,

Brig Munroe, Pitt, Bordeaux
Schr. Coquette, Long, Cape-Francois

☞ *Letters for the brig Munroe, for Bordeaux, will be received at Bryden's coffee-houſe, until* 10 *o'clock to-morrow morning.*

Union Mills for Sale.

UNION Mill is ſituated on the banks of Jones's falls, about two miles from this city; the mill houſe is ſtone, upwards of 40 feet ſquare, two and an half ſtories high, neatly plaiſtered inſide, one water wheel 29 feet high, which turns 2 pair of burs, one pair 6 feet the other 4, with all the neceſſary machinery, nearly new and in good repair. The mill is now able to manufacture upwards of 30,000 buſhels of wheat per annum, and the great fall in the ſtream will admit of being occupied again with another wheel of nearly equal force. There are belonging to ſaid mill from 50 to 60 acres of land, part of which is exceedingly rich, neatly incloſed, and under good cultivation, the reſidue in wood. The improvements are a tolerable log dwelling houſe and a kitchen, good ſtables, and ſome other out houſes; a good bearing orchard, with a large quantity of young trees. The terms of payment will be made eaſy, and a good title given. For further information apply to Joſeph Scott, at E. Tyſon's mill, who will ſhew the property; to Samuel Byrnes or Eliſha Tyſon, at their reſpective dwellings in this city; or the ſubſcriber on Cheapſide.

BERNARD GILPIN.

1ſt mo. 28. eo9t

Sale by Auction.

On the firſt day of March next, at 11 *o'clock in the forenoon, will be ſold at the auction room of Mr. Thomas Yates, in Baltimore,*

101½ acres of LAND, being a part of the land heretofore purchaſed by Joſhua Stevenſon, for himſelf and the other heirs of Edward Stevenſon, deceaſed, from Charles Carroll, of Carrollton; and now offered for ſale on their account, by virtue of a ſpecial agreement betwixt the ſaid Joſhua Stevenſon and the ſubſcriber.

The terms are, one-third the purchaſe money to be paid on the day of ſale; one-third in one year, with intereſt; and the remaining third, with intereſt, in two years.

CHRISTOPHER JOHNSTON.

January 17. m6t

Sale by Auction.

On MONDAY,

The 21ſt inſtant, at 10 *o'clock, at our auction room, at the head of Gay-ſtreet dock, will commence the ſale of*

A variety of DRY GOODS,
And at half paſt 11 *o'clock,*
17 hhds. muſcovado ſugar
15 do. Guadaloupe do.
10 barrels of coffee
7 pipes of brandy
3 do. gin
4 do. and 3 quarter caſks Madeira wine
3 bales of corks
30 boxes oil, in flaſks and bottles
20 do. Caſtile ſoap
12 do. capers and anchovies
4 caſks of roll brimſtone
32 kegs raiſins
15 cheſts hyſon ſkin tea.

LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auct's.

February 10.

Sale by Auction.

Will be added to our ſales on Monday, in purſuance of an order of the orphans' court,

A variety of DRY GOODS, belonging to the eſtate of John Achincloſs, deceaſed, conſiſting of calicoes, ſprig muſlins, white and brown platillas, Ruſſia ſheetings, Iriſh linens, cloths, coatings, &c. &c.

LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auct's.

February 19

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcribers have obtained from the orphans' court of Baltimore county, letters of adminiſtration on the eſtate of Jacob Wolſlager, deceaſed. All perſons having demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to exhibit the ſame, duly authenticated to John Kipp; and all thoſe indebted, to make immediate payment to him, who is authoriſed to ſettle the eſtate.

CATHARINE WOLSLAGER, Adminiſtratrix.
JOHN KIPP, Adminiſtrator.

February 19. 2aw12t

The United States of America,

DISTRICT OF MARYLAND, TO WIT:

BE it remembered, that on the nineteenth day of February, in the twenty-ſeventh year of the independence of the United States of America, Samuel Cole and John Cole, of the ſaid diſtrict, have depoſited in this office, the title of a book, the right whereof they claim as proprietors, in the words following, to wit:

Sacred Muſic;

Publiſhed for the uſe of the Cecilian Society, eſtabliſhed under the patronage of the clergy and veſtry of St. Paul's pariſh, Baltimore—

In conformity to the act of the congreſs of the United States, intituled "An act for the encouragement of learning, by ſecuring the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of ſuch copies, during the times therein mentioned.

PHILIP MOORE, Clerk of the diſtrict of Maryland.

The above work is this day publiſhed, and for ſale at J. CARR's muſic ſtore, corner of Gay and Market-ſtreets; and at the different book-ſtores in the city. Price, on fine paper, 62½ cents; on inferior paper, 50 cents.

February 19. eo3t

Notice.

THE copartnerſhip of Charles Davidſon and John Goddard, trading under the firm of *Davidſon and Goddard*, is this day diſſolved by mutual conſent and arrangement.

John Goddard is charged with the liquidation and ſettlement of all their concerns in this country, of which all perſons indebted to them are requeſted to take notice, and to make payment as ſpeedily as poſſible—particularly thoſe whoſe accounts are of long ſtanding, & to whom further indulgence cannot be granted.

Thoſe who have demands on them will pleaſe to call for payment.

JOHN GODDARD,
For himſelf, and as attorney in fact for Charles Davidſon.

Baltimore, Feb. 19.

The Dry Goods Buſineſs

As it has heretofore been carried on by Davidſon and Goddard, will be proſecuted by JOHN GODDARD, who has on hand and offers for ſale, a general aſſortment, on the uſual terms.

February 19 d12t-2aw2m

FANCY FURNITURE *Manufactory.*

THE Subſcribers reſpectfully inform the public, that they manufacture all kinds of Fancy Furniture, at their ſhop No. 3, ſouth Frederick-ſtreet, where furniture of the following kind may be ſeen, viz.

TABLES,
Card, pier, tea, dreſſing, writing and ſhaving, of various colors and neatly gilt.
CANE SEAT CHAIRS,
Of various colors and of every deſcription, painted and gilt in the moſt fanciful manner, with and without views adjacent to this city.
RUSH BOTTOM
And Windſor chairs, window and receſs ſeats, waſh and candle ſtands, fire and candle ſcreens.
Window cornices, bedſteads with cornices, &c.

They embrace this opportunity to expreſs their ſincere thanks for the encouragement which has been ſo liberally accorded, and ſhall uſe their exertions to merit a continuance.

JOHN & HUGH FINLAY.

N. B. Coach and ſign painting, japanning, gilding and ornamenting executed in the neateſt manner. Written orders duly attended to as above.

February 19. eo

Polemic Society.

February 12, 1803.

The Society met agreeably to notice, when the following queſtion was under diſcuſſion, viz:

Are the principles of deiſm, as taught by Hume, Bolingbroke, Paine and Palmer, calculated to reform the wicked? After three hours animated debate, the ſubject, ſtill not exhauſted, was poſtponed to Saturday evening next. One of the above authors being now in the city, may have an opportunity of coming forward in ſupport of his tenets, was an additional motive for putting off the queſtion.

Queſtion for Saturday evening next.

Are the principles of deiſm, as taught by Hume, Bolinbroke, Paine, and Palmer, calculated to reform the wicked?

February 17.

For Sale or Hire,

A NEGRO FELLOW, valuable for all kind of work on a farm. He is to be parted with for the want of employment only, and it would be deſirable to diſpoſe of him to a perſon living in this ſtate. Apply to the printers hereof.

February 18. d

For Sale,

A ſtrong, healthy young Negro MAN, about twenty-five years of age. Enquire of the printers. February 18. eo

THE PUBLIC

ARE reſpectfully informed that WARNER and HANNA, bookſellers, corner of Baltimore and South Gay-ſtreets, have juſt received a freſh ſupply of the following

Valuable Medicines,

From Richard Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New-York:

HAMILTON'S GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the ſpeedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which reſult from diſſipated pleaſures—juvenile indiſcretions—reſidence in climates unfavorable to the conſtitution—the immoderate uſe of tea—frequent intoxication, or any other deſtructive intemperance—the unſkilful or exceſſive uſe of mercury—the diſeaſes peculiar to females at a certain period of life—bad lyings in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extenſive experience, to be abſolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous diſorders	Violent cramps in the ſtomach and back
Conſumptions	Indigeſtion
Lowneſs of ſpirits	Melancholy
Loſs of appetite	Gout in the ſtomach
Impurity of blood	Pains in the limbs
Hyſterical affections	Relaxations
Inward weakneſſes	Involuntary emiſſions
Seminal weakneſſes	Obſtinate gleets
Fluor albus (or whites)	Impotency, &c. &c
Barrenneſs	

The principal operation of this remedy is in the ſtomach, reſtoring the digeſtive powers, and ſending forth from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the ſyſtem; it enriches and purifies the blood without inflaming; it braces, without ſtimulating too violently the nervous ſyſtem; ſtrengthens the ſecretory veſſels and the general habit; brings back the muſcular fibres to their natural and healthy tone, and reſtores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have deſtroyed, and whoſe loſs had thrown the whole frame into languor and debility.

The Reſtorative is abſolutely above all recommendation in removing thoſe weakneſſes and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the conſequences of difficult and painful labors, or of injudicious treatment therein.

The moſt obſtinate ſeminal gleets, and the moſt diſtreſſing caſes of fluor albus in females fall particularly under the province of this Reſtorative—ſpeedily yield to its benign operation, and are radically cured, by correcting and purifying the acrimonious humors, reſtoring the proper degree of tenſion to the relaxed fibres, and ſtrengthening the weakened organs.

In caſes of extremity, where the long prevalence and obſtinacy of diſeaſe has brought on a general impoveriſhment of the ſyſtem, exceſſive debility of the whole frame, and a waſting of the fleſh which no nouriſhment or cordial could repair, a perſeverance in the uſe of this medicine has performed the moſt aſtoniſhing cures.

For the cure of a certain dreadful malady,
THE PATENT
INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,
Prepared by Doctor Leroux.

The experience of ſeveral thouſands who have been cured by this medicine (a great portion of them, after the ſkill of eminent phyſicians had proved ineffectual) demonſtrates its efficacy in expelling the virus, however deep rooted in the conſtitution, and in counteracting thoſe dreadful effects which often reſult from the improper uſe of mercury.

The mildneſs of the Vegetable Specific is equal to its ſurpriſing efficacy, its operation is ſo gentle that it is given to patients in a ſtate of pregnancy, with the utmoſt ſafety, and performs a cure without diſturbing the ſyſtem or producing any of thoſe diſagreeable effects inſeparable from the common remedies.

With the medicine is given a deſcription of the ſymptoms which obtain in every ſtage of the diſeaſe, with copious directions for their treatment, ſo as to accompliſh a perfect cure in the ſhorteſt time, and with the leaſt inconvenience poſſible.

Dr. HAHN's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Which have been attended with a degree of ſucceſs highly grateful to the inventor's feelings, in ſeveral parts of the Weſt-Indies, and in the ſouthern parts of the United States, particularly in Baltimore, Peterſburg, Richmond, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleſton, and Savannah. The teſtimony of a number of perſons in each of the above places, can be adduced, who have reaſon to believe that a timely uſe of this ſalutary remedy, has under Providence, preſerved their lives when in the moſt alarming circumſtances.

NOTE PARTICULARLY, that to prevent the impoſition of counterfeits, WARNER and HANNA are appointed the *only* venders in Baltimore, therefore apply only as above.

February 5. 2—taw3m

For Sale,

A Lot of Ground on Lee-ſtreet, 33 feet front, running back 156 feet to Briory alley. On Lee-ſtreet is a neat two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, with good back building, &c. on the alley are two ſmall dwelling-houſes.

Alſo,

A Lot adjoining, fronting on ſtreet and alley, the ſame as the former, on which is a two-ſtory brick dwelling, 31 feet front, with a good kitchen, &c.

This property is in fee ſimple, and clear of all incumbrances—the buildings nearly new and well-finiſhed; in a healthy and pleaſant ſituation, convenient to the hill market, and near the baſon.

Alſo,

A good two-ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, and a ſtrong framed warehouſe, both fronting 48½ feet on Public-alley, and running back to Ellicott's dock, near the county wharf, on which is a ſmall ground rent.

Much need not be ſaid of the above property, as it may be ſeen at any time, and terms, which will be made to accommodate the purchaſer, made known, by applying to

MATTHEW PAWSON,

Who propoſes next ſummer, moving to the country.

Lee-ſtreet, February 10. 1aw

Edward N. Clopper,

No. 87, Bowly's wharf,
Has for Sale,
50 hhds. Virginia tobacco
20 bales New-England hops
London refined ſaltpetre
A few thouſand buſhels coarſe and fine ſalt
Men's and women's coarſe and fine ſhoes, in packages
Hollow glaſs, in boxes
Bar iron and caſtings
Gunpowder and ſhot
And as uſual a general aſſortment of Groceries.

January 19. eo1m

One Dollar Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber living in the city of Baltimore, about two months ſince, an apprentice to the baking buſineſs, named WILLIAM READ—He is 17 years of age, about 4 feet 6 inches high; had on when he went away, a pair of country-cloth trouſers, a red waiſtcoat, and an old fur hat, his other clothes are not recollected. The above reward, with reaſonable charges, will be paid to any perſon who will bring home ſaid apprentice.

PHILIP MYER, Baker,
Fleet-ſtreet, Old-Town.

February 12. 1aw3t