REPORT

Of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund
TO CONGRESS.

Read in the house of representatives of the United States, 7th February, 1803, and ordered to lie on the table.

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund respectfully report to congress, as follows:

The measures which have been authorised by the board subsequent to their report of the nineteenth of December, 1801, as far as the same have been completed, are fully detailed in the report of the secretary of the treasury, to this board, dated the third day of the present month, and in the proceedings of the officers of the treasury therein referred to, which are herewith transmitted and prayed to be received as part of this report.

All which is respectfully submitted by

A. BURR,
Vice-president of the United States, and president of the senate.
JAMES MADISON,
Secretary of state.
ALBERT GALLATIN,
Secretary of the treasury.
LEVI LINCOLN,
Attorney-general of the United States.

Washington, February 5, 1803.

REPORT

Of the Secretary of the Treasury to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, for 1801 and 1802.

The secretary of the treasury respectfully reports to the commissioners of the sinking fund,

That since the date of the last report to congress, of the 16th December, 1801, and to the 1st January, 1802, the following parts of the principal of the public debt have been discharged.

1. In payment of instalments of six per cent. stock, viz.

	Dolls.	
Seventh instalment of the 6 per cent. stock, which pursuant to the "Act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt," passed the 3d March, 1795, and the act in addition thereto, passed the 28th April, 1796, became payable for the year 1801,	805,846 30	
First instalment of the deferred six per cent. stock, which, pursuant to the acts above recited, also became payable in the year 1801,	272,416 24	
		1,078,262 54
2. In payment of the 10th and last instalment of the subscription loan for bank stock due on the last day of December, 1801,		200,000
Amounting to dollars		1,278,262 54

Which payments were made out of the following funds:

1. The interest fund on sums which accrued on the stock purchased, and transferred to the commissioners of the sinking fund, in trust for the United States, as particularly stated in the document hereunto annexed, marked B, 1801, 312,282 68

2. The fund arising from the payment of debts which originated prior to the present constitution, as particularly stated in the document marked C. 1801, 420

3. The fund arising from dividends on the capital stock, which belonged to the United States in the bank of said states, from 1st January, 1800, to 30th June, 1801, after deducting the interest on the subscription loan, for the same period, as stated in the document D. 1801, 94,320

4. The fund arising from the sale of public lands, being the amount drawn by the agent to the commissioners, pursuant to the act of the 3d March, 1795, as stated in the document marked E. 1801, 162,021 29

5. The proceeds of the duties on goods, wares and merchandize imported; on the tonnage of ships or vessels, and on stills and spirits distilled in the United States, appropriated by the 8th section of the act of 3d March, 1795, entitled "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt, 709,218 57

Making in the whole the amount of the reimbursements of six per cent. stock, and the 10th and last instalment of the subscription loan for bank stock as above stated, dols. 1,278,262 54

That besides the above mentioned reimbursements, there remained at the close of the year 1801, an unapplied balance of guilders 2,313,846 9st. applicable to the payment of the principal and interest of the Dutch debt for the year 1802, and consisting of remittances purchased and paid for before the 1st day of January, 1802, beyond the sums wanted to meet the demands in Holland during the year 1801.

That during the year 1802 the following disbursements were made out of the treasury, on account of the principal and interest of the public debt.

1. There was paid on account of the reimbursement and interest of the domestic debt, the sum of dolls	4,654,699 61	
2. On account of principal of monies borrowed of the bank of the United States,	1,290,000	
3. On account of interest on domestic loans,	162,205	
4. On account of reimbursement of capital and interest of Dutch debt, exclusive of repayments into the treasury,	3,243,065 91	
5. On account of debts due to foreign officers,	7,994 92	
6 On account of certain parts of the domestic debt,	14,966 84	
Dollars	9,372,752 28	

Which disbursements were made out of the following funds:

1. From the funds appropriated by the 1st section of the "Act for the redemption of the whole of the public debt," viz.

From the fund arising from the interest on the domestic debt, transferred to the commissioners of the sinking fund, as per statement herewith for 1802, marked B. 326,449 92

From the fund arising from payments into the treasury, of debts which originated under the late government, as per statement herewith for 1802, marked C, 888 79

From the fund arising from dividends on the capital stock, which belonged to the United States, in the bank of said states, from 1st July, 1801, to 31st December following, as per statement herewith marked D, 33,960

From the fund arising from the sales of public lands, being the amount of monies paid into the treasury, in the year 1802, as per statement marked E, 179,575 52

From the proceeds of duties on goods, wares and merchandize, imported, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels, 6,759,125 77

Making in the whole the annual appropriation by law for the year 1802, under the act aforementioned, 7,300,000

2. From the proceeds of goods, wares and merchandize imported, and on tonnage, advanced by the treasury, in order to enable the commissioners in Holland to make the payments in time, conformably to the 5th section of the "act making provision for the whole of the public debt," and being in part and on account of the annual appropriation of 7,300,000 dollars for the year 1803, 785,152 28

3. From the proceeds of 2220 shares of the capital stock of the bank of the United States, which have been sold in pursuance of the "Act making provision for the payment of certain debts of the United States," the proceeds of which have been placed in the treasury, as appears from the proceedings of the accounting officers, herewith transmitted, marked F, 1,287,600

Dollars 9,372,752 28

That the abovementioned disbursements made during the year 1802, and amounting to dollars 9,371,752 23, together with the abovementioned balance of, guilders 2,313,846 9st. which remained unexpended on the 1st January, 1802, have been applied as follows, that is to say,

1. To the payment of the interest which, during the year 1802, accrued on the whole of the public debt, including domestic loans, Dolls. 4,065,738 47

2. To the reimbursement of the following parts of the debt of the United States which have been discharged during the year 1802, viz.

Temporary loans obtained of the bank of the United States:

From the proceeds of 2220 shares of bank stock,		1,287,600
From the proceeds of duties on merchandize and tonnage,		2,400
Instalments of the Dutch debt, which became due by contract in 1802, viz.		
Second instalment of 2,000,000, loan of 4th March, 1784,	Guilders 250,000	
5th & last do. of 100,000 —of 1st of June, 1787,	200,000	
4th do. of 100,000—of 13th March, 1788,	200,000	
3d do. of 3,000,000—of 1st February, 1790,	600,000	
1st do. of 2,500,000—of 2d March, 1791,	500,000	
1st do. of 2,050,000—of 30th Nov. 1791,	410,000	
1st do. of 6,000,000—of 14th Dec. 1791,	1,200,000	
	3,360,000	
at 40 cents—		1,344,000
Making together the sum of dolls.		2,634,000

3. To the provision necessary for the reimbursement of the 8th instalment of the 6 per cent. stock, and the 2d instalment of the deferred 6 per cent. stock becoming payable the 1st January, 1803, estimated at the sum of dolls. 1,117,869 37

And that besides the abovementioned reimbursements and payments, there remained at the close of the year 1802, exclusively of the amount of sundry protested bills still outstanding and of unexpended balances in the hands of agents, an unapplied balance, estimated at guilders 5,914,606 10st. applicable to the payment of the principal and interest of the Dutch debt for the year 1803, and consisting of remittances purchased and paid for before the 1st day of January, 1803, beyond the sums wanted to meet the demands in Holland during the year 1802. No purchases of the debt of the United States have been made since the date of the last report to congress, and the accompanying statements marked A, exhibit for the years 1801 and 1802 respectively, the operations at the treasury in the transfer of stock to the commissioners of the sinking fund in trust for the United States upon the reimbursement of the foreign debt in the years 1800 and 1801, and include also the sums in the several species of stock transferred in each of those years in payment for lands sold belonging to the United States, that is to say,

In 1801, dollars 23,116 58
1802, 15,518 49

All which is respectfully submitted.

ALBERT GALLATIN, Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, February 3, 1803.

[A]

A general statement of the several stocks transferred to the United States, to the 31st December, 1801, the interests upon which by the acts of the 8th May, 1792, and 3d March, 1795, is appropriated for the redemption of the public debt.

Purchased with monies received on account of the surplus of duties to the end of the year 1790—Old six per cent. stock, 439 016 12. Three per cent. stock, 401 072 90. Deferred, 6 per cent stock, 631,786 86.—Total, dolls. 1,471 875 88.

Ditto, on account of the loan of 2,000,000 dolls.—Old 6 per cent. 353,604 95. Three per cent. 31,731 94. Deferred, 6 per cent. 137,588 66.—Total, dolls. 522,925 55.

Ditto out of the interest fund.—Old 6 per cent. 115,195 57. Three per cent. 79 055 79. Deferred 6 per cent. 118,608 92—Total, 312,860 28

Amount transferred to the United States, as particularised below—Old 6 per cent. 977,826, 3 per cent. 108 504 98. Deferred 6 per cent. 85 291 72. Four per cent. 100,000. Five per cent. 1,280 000. 5½ per cent. 1400. Eight per cent. 1500.—Total, dolls. 2 454 522 70.

Old 6 per cent. stock total, dolls. 1 892 518 35. Three per cent. total, 622,493 71. Deferred 6 per cent. total, 975,390 84. 4 per cent. total, 100,000. 5 per cent. total, 2,240,000 5 1-2 per cent. total, 1400. 8 per cent. total, 5,000.

Amount of the several species of stock—Dollars, 5 837,702 90.

In payment of land on Lake Erie, sold to the state of Pennsylvania.—Old 6 per cent. 60,440 44. Three per cent. 60,718 25. Deferred 6 per cent. 30,224 72.—Total, dolls. 151,392 41.

In discharge of the debts due to foreign officers.—Old 6 per cent. dolls. 136,988 23. Three per cent. 22,438 58.—Total, dolls. 209,426 81.

In payment of certain balances which originated prior to the present constitution.—Old 6 per cent. 7,220 63. 3 per cent. 7,187 64. Deferred 6 per cent. 16,936 17.—Total, dolls. 31,344 44.

In repayment of commutation by sundry military officers.—Old 6 per cent. 14,934 22. Three per cent. 10,472 40. Deferred 6 per cent. 7,467 9.—Total, dolls. 32,873 71.

In payment of lands sold under certain acts of congress, and received in pursuance of the acts of 3d March, 1797, and 2d March, 1790.—Old 6 per cent. 37,766 78. Three per cent. 9,816 21. Deferred 6 per cent. 5,196 58. 5 1-2 per cent. 1400. Eight per cent. 5 900.—Total, dolls. 60,079 57.

In discharge of the registered debt per act of 12th June, 1798.—Old 6 per cent. 86,566 54.—Total, dolls. 86,566 54.

In discharge of loan office and final settlement certificates, per act of 12th June, 1798.—Old 6 per cent. 55,314 93. Deferred 6 per cent. 27,581 84 Total, dolls. 82,896 77.

Stock arising from specie paid for services and supplies furnished prior to 4th March, 1798.—Old 6 per cent. dolls. 515 460 94.

From the instalment of foreign debt reimbursed to the 31st December, 1801.—Four per cent. 10,000. 5 per cent. 2,240,000. Total, dollars 2,340,000.

For this amount transferred to the trustees for the redemption of the public debt, being the residuary sum unapplied of 660,000 dollars six per cent. stock remitted to the commissioners of the Dutch loans, the purchase of which stock appears in the printed public accounts for the year 1795, page 72.—Old 6 per cent. dolls. 20,000

Old 6 per cent. stock, total, dolls. 984,701 71.—3 per cent. total, dolls. 110,633 8. Deferred 6 per cent. total, dolls. 87,406 40. Four per cent. total, dolls. 100.000 5 per cent. total, dolls 2,240 000. 5 1 2 per cent. total, dolls. 1400. Eight per cent. total, dolls. 5,900.

Amount of the several species of stock—Dollars 3 530,041 19.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Register's Office, January 28 1803.
JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

[A]

A general statement of the several stocks transferred to the United States, to the 31st December, 1801, the interests upon which by the acts of the 8th May, 1792, and 3d March, 1795, is appropriated for the redemption of the public debt.

Purchased with monies received on account of duties to the end of the year 1798. Old 6 per. stock, 439 016 12. Three per cent. stock. 401,072 90. Deferred 6 per cent, 631,786 86. Total 1,471,875 88.

Do on account of the loan of 2,000,000 dollars—Old 6 per cent. 353,604 95. Three per cent. 31,731 94. Deferred 6 per cent. 137,588 66. Total 522,925 55.

Do. out of the interest fund—Old 6 per cent. 115,195 57. Three per cent. 79,055 79. Deferred 6 per cent. 118,608 92. Total 312,860 28.

Amount transferred to the United States as particularized below—Old 6 per cent. 977,826. Three per cent. 108,504 98. Deferred 6 per cent. 85,291 72. Five per cent. 1,280,000. 5½ per cent. 1,400 8 per cent. 1,500. Total 2 454 522 70.

Total amount of old 6 per cent. 1,885,642 64. 3 per cent. 620,365 61. Deferred 6 per cent. 973,276 16. 5 per cent. 1,280,000. 5½ per cent. 1,400 8 per cent. 1,500.

Amount of the several species of stock—dollars 4,762,184 41.

In payment for land on Lake Erie sold to the state of Pennsylvania—Old 6 per cent. 60,449 44. 3 per cent. 60,718 25. Deferred 6 per cent. stock, 10,224 72. Total 151,392 41.

In discharge of the debts due to foreign officers—Old 6 per cent. 186,988 23. 3 per cent. 22 438 58. Total 209 426 81.

In payment for certain balances which originated prior to the present constitution—Old 6 per cent. 7,220 63. 3 per cent. 7,187 64. Deferred 6 per cent. 16,936 17. Total 31,344 44.

In repayment of commutation by sundry military officers—Old 6 per cent. 14,934 22. 3 per cent. 10,472 40. Deferred 6 per sent. 7,467 90. Total 32 873 71.

In payment for lands sold under certain acts of congress, and received in pursuance of the acts of the 3d March, 1797, and 2d March, 1799—Old 6 per cent. 51 042 40. 3 per cent. stock, 7,688 11. Deferred 6 per cent. 3,081 90. 5½ per cent. 1,400. 8 per cent. 1,500 Total 44,712 41.

In discharge of the registered debt per act of the 12th of June, 1789—Old 6 per cent. 86,566 54 Total 86,566 54.

In discharge of loan office and final settlement certificates, per act of 12th of June, 1798—Old 6 per cent. 55,163 60. Deferred 6 per cent. 27,581 84. Total 82,745 44.

Stock arising from specie paid for services and supplies furnished prior to the 4th March, 1789—Old 6 per cent. 515,460 94.

From the instalments of foreign debt reimbursed to the 31st December, 1798—5 per cent. 1,280,000. For this amount transferred to the trustees for the redemption of the public debt, being the residuary sum unapplied of 660 000 dollars, six per cent. stock, remitted to the commissioners of the Dutch loans, the purchase of which stock appears in the printed public accounts for the year 1795, page 72—Old 6 per cent. 20,000.

Total amount—Old 6 per cent. 677,826. Three per cent. 108,504 98. Deferred 6 per cent. 85,291 72 5 per cent. 1,280,000. 5½ per cent. 1,400. 8 per cent. 1,500.

Amount of the several species of stock—dollars 2,454,522 70.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Register's Office, December 21, 1802.
JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Auditor's Office, Jan. 14, 1803.

No. 14,065.

I have examined and adjusted an account between the United States and Alex. Baring, and find that he is chargeable on said account—

To amount of 2220 shares owned by the United States in the stock of the bank of the United States, sold and transferred to him in the month of June, 1802, in pursuance of an agreement made with the secretary of the treasury on behalf of the commissioners of the sinking fund, at 510 dollars per share, Dollars, 1,287,600

I also find, that he is entitled to credit on said account

By treasury warrants for amount of warrant No. 582, dated 30th June, 1802, drawn on him in favor of the treasurer, Dollars, 1,287,600

The statement, document and cancelled warrants, on which this warrant is founded, are herewith transmitted for the decision of the comptroller of the treasury thereon.

R. HARRISON, Auditor.

To Gabriel Duvall, esquire,
comp. of the treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Comptroller's office, Jan. 21, 1803.

Admitted and certified.

G. DUVALL.

To the register.

Alex. Baring in account with the United States.

DR.	CR.
To amount of 2220 shares owned by the United States in the stock of the bank of the U. States, sold & transferred to him in the month of June, 1802, in pursuance of an agreement made with the secretary of the treasury on behalf of the commissioners of the sinking fund, at 580 dollars per share, Dollars, 1,287,600	By treasury warrants for amount of warrant No. 582, dated 30th of June, 1802, drawn on him in favor of the treasurer, Dollars, 1,287,600
Auditor's office, Jan. 15, 1803. P. FERRAL.	Comptroller's office, Jan. 18, 1803. AND'W ROSS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Register's office, Jan. 25, 1803.

I certify that the foregoing report and statement are true copies of the originals on file in this office.

JOSEPH NOURSE, Register.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, February 25.

Robert Williams called for the printing of certain documents which were laid on the table at the beginning of the session, in conformity to a resolution brought forward by Mr. Williams and adopted at the last session.

Gen. Smith wished to know what was the object of printing them. They were principally details of accounts which had been long since settled, and he could not see the use of putting the government to the expence of printing them. He stated that it had already cost the government upwards of five hundred dollars to prepare and transcribe those documents, a considerable number of extra clerks having been employed upon it during the whole summer. To print them would cost more than five thousand dollars more. One printer, he said, had offered to do it for 5,500; another who had a number of journeymen who would be out of employ at the close of the session, offered to do it for 5,200.

Mr. Williams stated that his object was to hold up to public detestation the officers of the former administration.

Mr. Griswold then hoped the documents would be printed.

After spending nearly the whole day in the discussion, the house ordered the documents to be printed. A more detailed account of the proceeding shall be given hereafter.

Saturday, February 26.

This morning, as soon as the journals were read one of the democratic members of the house of representatives rose and said he had a communication to make to the house, which, in his opinion, required *secrecy*. The galleries were cleared, and the doors remained closed until near 1 o'clock.

As soon as the doors were opened,

Mr. Randolph rose and said, that by the ordinary rules of the house, the adjournment would be till Monday morning. As the business of the house had become very pressing, he moved that when the house adjourn, they adjourn to meet *to-morrow* morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. Southard said he presumed the gentleman did not *mean* to-morrow—to-morrow would be Sunday.

Mr. Randolph said he *knew* it would be Sunday. But it had heretofore been usual, towards the close of the session to meet at an earlier hour, and also to meet on Sunday. He was fully persuaded, that unless both houses should meet to-morrow they would not be able to get through the important business before them.

Mr. Southard thought there was no business of such importance as to justify a violation of the Sabbath.

Mr. Griswold said it was not correct, as had been stated by the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. Randolph) that it had been *usual* to meet on Sunday. He had the honor of a seat in the house for nine sessions, and had known of but one instance of the house meeting on Sunday, and that was when the 3d of March fell upon Sunday. He hoped the motion would not be agreed to.

Mr. Randolph withdrew his motion.

It was then moved that when the house adjourn, they adjourn to meet at ten o'clock on Monday.

Mr. Griswold hoped the motion would be made general, and that ten o'clock be the hour for meeting during the remainder of the session.

Mr. Nicholson said that he merely wished to *get rid* of the other motion, by trying the sense of the house whether they would adjourn until Monday or not.

The question was taken and carried.

Mr. Nicholson moved for a call of the house at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

The question was taken and lost.

It was then moved that there be a call at 4 o'clock. This was carried.

Mr. Bayard called for the order of the day upon the resolution which he some time since laid upon the table for indemnifying by law those sufferers by French spoliations whose claims upon the French government have been cut off by the ratification of a convention between that government and the United States. The motion was, that the house resolve itself into a committee of the whole upon the resolution. Mr. Bayard called for the yeas and nays upon the question.

Mr. Varnum moved to postpone the further consideration of the subject until the fourth Monday in November next.

Mr. Bayard hoped the motion would not obtain. He considered the government as under a moral obligation to indemnify those sufferers described in the resolution. He remarked that it did not embrace cases where there was any doubt of the legality of the trade; where contraband goods were found on board the vessels captured; where there was a failure of compliance with the custom-house regulations of foreign countries; where the vessels were destitute of a *role d'equipage*, &c. In such cases, he did not consider the owners as entitled to any relief. But in cases where the owners had a legal and equitable claim upon the French government, and our government had bargained away those claims---

Mr. Jackson interrupted him for the purpose of enquiring whether it was in order to discuss the question. He believed it to be contrary to a rule of the house lately adopted.

Mr. Speaker said the rule referred to was that any question of priority of business to be acted upon by the house should be decided without debate. This was a question of postponement, not of taking up business.

Mr. Varnum said, as he found that the question was likely to be debated upon he would withdraw it.

The question then recurred upon the motion to go into a committee of the whole. Upon this motion no debate could be had.

Mr. Griswold called for the yeas and nays.

The question being taken, it was resolved in the *negative*, yeas 21, nays 48.

Monday, February 28.

SECRET SERVICE MONEY.

On Friday last, with closed doors, the house of representatives took off the injunction of secrecy, as to all future proceedings upon two bills, which had passed both houses in secret. One is an appropriation of two millions of dollars, said to be for defraying the expences of foreign intercourse: The other an appropriation of two thousand five hundred dollars, said to be for extending our external commerce. A message was this day received from the president notifying that he had approved and signed both these acts. The public shall be speedily informed of some interesting circumstances supposed to be connected with the page of these acts. In the mean time, let two millions, two thousand five hundred dollars for secret services, be the text of every patriotic democrat.

This morning the bill for the reduction of the marine corps was read a third time and passed. It is now before the senate.

Tuesday, March 1.

This morning a number of engrossed bills were read a third time in the house of representatives, and passed. A message was received from the senate informing that a bill had passed that house directing a detachment from the militia of the United States, and for erecting certain arsenals.

The house went into a committee of the whole on a bill to prolong the continuance of the mint at Philadelphia. The bill provides for continuing the mint at Philadelphia for 5 years from the 4th March inst. The committee reported their agreement to the bill.

Mr. Alston moved to strike out 5 years and insert one year. He said if the session had not been so near a close he should have moved to strike out the first section and to insert such a provision as would annihilate the institution. But as it was now too late to make an attempt of that kind, he should be content with limiting the continuance to one year.

The question on striking out was taken and lost—ayes 25, noes 34. The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time to-day.

Mr. S. Smith called for the order of the day, to go into a committee of the whole on a bill to allow a drawback of duty on sugar refined within the United States.

Mr. Griswold hoped the house would not then go into a committee of the whole. He had been endeavoring for a week past to introduce a resolution instructing a committee of ways and means to investigate the report of the commissioners of the sinking fund, [this report relates to the sale of bank stock] and to report their opinion thereon. He stated that the report of the commissioners was not satisfactory to him, and he hoped he should have an opportunity to submit the resolution.

Mr. S. Smith refused to withdraw his motion, and the house voted to go into a committee of the whole on the bill.

At three o'clock the house adjourned to meet again at five. The house met accordingly and remained in session when the mail was closed.

A bill from the senate directing that the next meeting of congress be on the first Monday in November next, was taken into consideration.

Mr. Dana and Mr. Elmer opposed the passage.

Mr. Claiborne was speaking in favor of it when the mail closed. [*Gaz. U. S.*]

Wanted,

A MILLER, COOPER & STONE-MASON,
To go to the back country.

THE Miller should understand the conducting of a saw-mill, as well as the manufacturing of flour. Unexceptionable characters will be expected. Apply to the printers.

March 2. d3t-eo3t

Martinique Cordial.

LEDUC & BONNEFIN
Have just received and offer for sale,

A small invoice of real Martinique CORDIAL, in boxes of twelve bottles each; which they will sell either by the bottle or box.

March 4. d3t—eo9t

James West

HAS removed his store to No. 219, Market-street, corner of Liberty-street, where he has for sale a handsome assortment of French CAMBRICKS and Cambrick HANDKERCHIEFS; also, a general assortment of other DRY GOODS.

March 1. d6t-eo6t

Just Received,

And for sale by the Subscribers,

12 hhds. choice flavored West-India rum
6 pipes 4th proof American gin.
On hand,
20 chests fresh hyson tea
French brandy
Holland gin
Madeira wine
Mould and dipt candles
Wax do.
Castile soap, entitled to drawback on exportation. SOLOMON COTTON & Co.
No 77, Bowly's wharf.

March 4. d3t-eo3t

To be Rented,

A LARGE STORE in Market-street, No. 215, very suitable for the wholesale dry good business, at present occupied by Messrs. Bickham, Gettig & Co. Possession may be had on the 1st March. Apply to GEORGE REINICKER.

February 10. eo