Same day, the schr. Eagle, Barnard, in 19 days from Savannah. Spoke, April 9, in lat. 33, 27, long. 73, 30, the ship Enterprize, Moores, of New-York, 2 days from Wilmington, for Ireland. In lat. 32, 40, the schr. Union, 18 days from St. Martins for New-London. 14th, in lat. 40, the brig Ferdinand, 3 days from New-York for Jamaica.

Same day, the schr. Fair Trader, Waterbury, in 11 days from Murfreesborough, N. C.

Same day, schooner Juliana, Bennet, in 20 days from Savannah. Spoke, April 16, in lat. 39, 40, long. 74, schooner Susanna, 7 days from Charleston, for New-Bedford.

Arrived yesterday, the sloop James, Fanning, in 7 days from Digby, (N. S.) Spoke, on the 20th instant, the schooner Argo, Hicks, coming through the Sound for this port, from Annapolis. Captain F. informs, that a new ship will arrive here the first fair wind, launched at Warren.

Signal yesterday for a brig ! ! Wind N. W. last night.

Cleared, ship Frances Ann, Townsend, Sumatra; brigs Minerva, Flinn, Corunna; Hound, Fuller, West-Indies; schooner Commerce, Beman, Annapolis Royal; sloop Eliza, Slocum, Charleston.

Remarks on the Marquis of Casa Yrujo's communication to our executive, from the Post.

And what is there in the above to occasion such a tumult of joy in the democrats of this city? One would really suppose that the *Marquis of Casa Yrujo* had not only married into the family of governor M'Kean, but had some how or other became related to every good democrat in town. Before, however, we suffer ourselves to die with rapture in "aromatic pain," let us look calmly once more at this hand-kissing communication of the sweet-scented Marquis.

"His Catholic majesty, *as just in his resolutions* as desirous of living in the greatest harmony with the United States, has provided *that the deposit should continue* at New-Orleans until the two governments shall come to an agreement about another equivalent place." Before we advance a step further, we should be glad to know what *two governments* are here intended? If the reader will turn to the Evening Post of the 18th of March, he will find a letter from this same *Marquis of Casa Yrujo*, the Spanish minister, to the secretary of state; and in the Evening Post of the 21st of March, he will find another, from Monsieur Pichon, the French minister, from both which official papers it appears unequivocally, and in express words, that "FRANCE *is now notoriously the proprietor of Louisiana*," and that his CATHOLIC MAJESTY is nothing more than "the *guarantee* to FRANCE for Louisiana, till France shall have occupied it." We quote the verbatim from these official papers; and now we ask any man of the democratic party to explain to us if he can, with what show of propriety his Catholic majesty can promise us that *he* will hereafter come to an agreement, or make a treaty with us respecting a certain territory to which he acknowledges he has no claim, over which he can exercise no jurisdiction, and which he only keeps the possession of as the guarantee for France, the rightful owner? Tell us Mr. L*********, you, who now, forgetful of character, are so busily engaged in running about the city with these hand-bills, and congratulating your friends on their contents, shew us, if you can, that this is any thing more than a sheer, downright impudent attempt to impose upon, and to gull the people of the United States in the most gross and shameful manner?

But admitting it every word to be precisely true and correct, what is the amount of it? The place of deposit is to be restored for the present—and what then? Is any reparation for losses promised? Is the conduct of the Spanish intendant disavowed, or himself censured in even the slightest manner? Not a syllable of all this.

Let me put a familiar case—I have a way in common with my next door neighbor, which is essential to my convenience; he leaves the country and puts an agent in his house during his absence, who shuts up this way and obliges me to be at great expence in providing some other outlet. I commence a law suit for reparation; he hears of it, and writes to me that he has sold the premises, and has no controul over it, but that he has ordered the way to be opened, and will agree with me one of these days for its further continuance; but says not a word of damages, nor admits that his agent has been to blame. On this I call my neighbors in and hold a day of rejoicing. Now am I a man of sense and spirit, or am I a fool and driveller?

The truth is, this conduct of his Catholic majesty, backed with the same sort of language; this fineese in shifting all responsibility for his own acts from his own shoulders on to those of some of his officers has been the practice of the Spanish court for more than thirty years. In the great affair of the Falkland Islands, after having committed a violence against the rights of Great-Britain similar to what has been now committed against the rights of this country, his Catholic majesty then disowned the act, as he has now done, and charged it upon his intendant. He then, too, in the same manner as he has now done, promised restitution, but behold the great earl Chatham rising with dignity in the house of lords, and expressing himself in the following just, lofty, and forcible language:

"Certainly, my lords, there never was a more odious, a more infamous falsehood imposed on a great nation. It degrades the king's honor—It is an insult to parliament. I beg your lordship's attention, and I hope I shall be understood, when I repeat that the court of Spain, having disavowed the act of their governor, is an *absolute, a palpable falsehood.* Let me ask, my lords, when the first communication was made by the court of Madrid, of their being apprised of their taking Falkland's Islands, was it accompanied with an offer of instant *restitution*, of immediate *satisfaction*, and the *punishment* of the Spanish governor? If it was not, they have adopted the act as their own, and the very mention of a disavowal is an impudent insult offered to the king's dignity. The king of Spain disowns the thief, while he leaves him unpunished, and profits by the theft: In vulgar English, he is the receiver of stolen goods, and ought to be treated accordingly. My lords, the pretended disavowal by the court of Spain is as ridiculous as it is false."

A celebrated writer of that day, says, "An open hostility, authorized by the Catholic king, is called *an act of a governor.*" And afterwards, when speaking of the conduct of his majesty in offering *restitution*, he thus energetically expresses himself. "Restitution of a possession, and reparation of an injury, are as different in substance as they are in language. The very act of restitution may contain, as in *this* instance it palpably does, a shameful aggravation of the injury."

Such was the becoming language of the great men in the English nation; such is the language which it eminently becomes the real statesmen of this country to hold on this occasion. Such language is held by the federalists; and to our adversaries we leave it, with their pitiful systems of philosophy and economy, to adopt the reverse. We are not yet so lost to all honorable sentiment, as to

"Walk under their huge legs and peep about,
"To find ourselves dishonorable graves."

PHILADENPHIA, April 26.

Letters from Port-Republican, per the schooner Lion, represent the political condition of that place as considerably ameliorated. The arrival of 4000 troops, and the establishment of general Rochambeau's head quarters there, together with the receipt of a large sum of specie, had greatly relieved the depression, which before was daily increasing. It was, however, apprehended, that unless additional reinforcements speedily arrived, the whole of the present crop of coffee would be lost in the plantations, in consequence of the want of hands to take it in.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, *April 27.*

The following account has been handed for publication, by order of the *Charitable Thespian Corps.* Every ingenious and liberal mind must feel sensations of great pleasure when reflecting on the motives that induced the exhibition of the tragedy of "Barbarossa" on the 9th instant. To see a respectable corps of young gentlemen exercising their talents and directing their amusements, not for their own emolument but for the benevolent purpose of filling the plate and covering the shoulders of unfed and unclothed poverty; is a sight novel and interesting. Nor less will the gratitude of the poor be extended to the indulgent and enlightened citizens of Baltimore, who though amply repaid in the pleasure of the performance of the evening for the small sums advanced, had a more noble inducement—Charity. May the time never come, when even one of them shall with houseless head and unfed sides, exclcaim with Lear

Take Physic, Pomp;
Expose thyself to feel what wretches feel,
That thou may'st shake the superflux to them,
And show the Heavens more just.

[*Anti-Democrat.*]

BALTIMORE CHARITABLE THESPIAN CORPS.

FIRST REPRESENTATION.

Funds, and how appropriated.

		Dls.	*C.*
April 9.	To cash received for tickets	659	57
	Cr.		
	By cash paid door-keepers	9	
13.	Do. Warner and Hanna for printing tickets and checks	30	
	Do. Kennedy Long	20	40
	Do. Jos. Mitchel & Co.	2	
	Do. T. & G. Dobbin for printing bills	16	50
	Do. S. Emerson, posting do.	1	50
	Do. for one female dress	20	62
	Do. Mrs. Williams for turbans & one female dress	69	
	Do. Fuller and Brown for slippers	5	
16.	Do. Wignel and Reinagle for lights, scene shifters, &c.	36	42
	Do. Peter Frick	8	12
	Do. various articles for the use of the corps	38	20
18.	Do. James Carroll, treasurer of the Female Humane Affociation Carity School	100	
	Do. Mrs. Coulter, treasurer, impartial free male school	100	
	Do. John Hagerty, do. male free school	100	
	Do. John Merryman, do. benevolent society	100	
	Do. Yundt and Brown for publishing	3	
	Do. T. & G. Dobbin for do.	0	0
	Do. Pechin and Frailey do.	0	0
	Do. C. Prentiss do.	0	0
	Do. Joshua Hunt, attendance at the theatre on the night of performance and dressing 30 gentlemen	0	0
	Dolls.	659	76
		659	57
	Balance, cents		19

By order of the Managers,
JOHN PHELAN, Sec'y.

	Dols.	*Cts.*
Balance brought down		19
Mr. Huppfeld, leader of the orchestra	10	
Mr. Huppfeld, junior	5	
Mr. Shæneman	5	
Mr. Robbins	5	
Mr. Wissotskey for tuning the pia. for.	1	50
Balance due from the company *	26	60

* *This sum to be paid by subscription among the members of the corps.*

☞ All the bills are in the hands of the secretary for public inspection.

The corps feel suitably impressed with gratitude for the flattering encouragement received from a generous public, exceeding their most sanguine expectations. To themselves they assume no other merit than the goodness of their intentions; but attribute their success to the humanity and indulgence to the liberal citizens of Baltimore. They take this public method to present their thanks to the managers of the New Theatre for the use of the house, and to Mr. Reinagle in particular for his polite attention in affording every aid in his power to carry into effect the design of the institution. In this place they also beg leave to notice the politeness of our worthy mayor, who, when he was applied to for a license to exhibit, the customary charge for which is 8 dollars—very generously refused any remuneration.

Accounts from Jamaica mention a great number of failures in that island, and of the crowded state of the gaols, with debtors in consequence. The value of Jamaica property is said to have fallen nine-tenths since the peace.

AGRICULTURAL.

A Pittsburg paper gives the following directions for raising barley.

"To insure a plentiful crop of spring barley, the ground should be ploughed deep early in October, so as to expose the greatest possible surface to the meliorating influence of the winter frosts, snows, and rains; thus one ploughing at this time is worth two at any other season. The seed should be procured of the very best, and in any quantity from two to three bushels per acre, observing that the poorer the soil, the greater quantity of seed will be required. When you have prepared your land for sowing (which will rarely be well effected under two or three ploughings) and that you find it sufficiently fine, steep all your seed for twenty-four hours in pure clean water, at two runnings: the first water to remain on for twelve hours, then to be run off, and the second to be put on, to the depth of six inches over the surface of the grain; in both wettings, during the steeping, you must frequently stir it in the tub or vessel, so as to cause all the seed weeds, oats and small corn that are in it to arise to the surface, all which will float, and should be carefully skimmed off. After your seed has thus steeped twenty four hours, run off the steeping water, and so let it drain twenty four hours; against that period shift some dry wood ashes fine, and mix them with your seed in the proportion of one to four; by these means it will soon become dry and fit to sow, which should be at least by the middle of April, unless the severity of the season might at that time prevent it. Early sown barley is uniformly found to produce the best grain and largest crops. Your seed treated in this way, and sown, will appear on the fifth day above ground, and on the tenth should be rolled* with a wooden roller, drawn by one horse, which will cause the grain to plant and tiller; as your crop progresses, weed it two or three times by hand. If these directions are carefully followed, you may count on having one-third or one-half more produce than is generally obtained in the common way where they are wholly omitted. Joined to this, if a dry season ensues, your crop never fails, and your spring will be found better than your fall barley."

* "*The roller may be made of the round part of any tree sawed across, to the length of six feet. The diameter at each end of the piece so cut, may be from fourteen to eighteen inches, with iron gudgeons placed at the centre of each end, then an oblong wooden frame rested on them, sufficiently raised to take a pair of shafts for one horse, and to be placed on the centre of the frame.*"

Died this morning, at 4 o'clock, after a short illness, in the thirty-third year of his age, Mr. *Jacob Shrim.* His friends and acquaintances are invited to attend his funeral to-morrow morning, at ten o'clock, from his dwelling, north Frederick-street.

Married last evening, by the Rev. Mr. Rattoone, captain *Thomas Sprigg*, to Miss *Harriot Minsky.*

For the FEDERAL GAZETTE.

Messrs. Printers,

PERMIT me to acknowledge through your paper, that I am a well-wisher to the Impartial Humane Society—the cause is laudable, and I hope the motives are pure by which its members are actuated—therefore, presume, I shall not wound their nice feelings when I remark that I perused their advertisement of the 25th inst. expressive of their thanks (in the orphans' behalf) for one hundred dollars received from the Baltimore Charitable Thespian Corps with approbation, and I believe it might have been done more to the honor of both had they have closed without any allusions to the churches, who have a right to control their funds as shall from time to time appear most elligible—However, I am willing to hope the glance was more inadvertent than designed.

A CITIZEN.

Port of Baltimore.

CLEARED,

Brig Betsy, Spafford, Kingston, Jam.
Schr. Nymph, Davis, Point-Petre, Guad.

Post-Office,

Baltimore, April 27, 1803.

Letters for the British packet Lord Auckland, for Falmouth, via Halifax, N. S. will be received at this office until 12 *o'clock, noon, on Monday, the* 2*d of May next.*

CHARLES BURRALL,
Post-master.

P. S. *The inland postage to New-York must be paid on all letters for the Packet.*

Sale by Auction.

To-Morrow Morning,

The 28*th instant, at* 10 *o'clock, at the vendue warehouse at the corner of Frederick and Second-streets, will begin the sale of*

A variety of DRY GOODS, among which are,

A few packages of German goods, white rolls, osnaburgs, checks, &c.

And at 12 *o'clock,*

22 hhds. of the first quality sugar
20 barrels do.
18 hhds. second quality do.
13 pipes, 8 half pipes } Madeira wine
8 pipes Corsica do.
10 do. brandy
20 quarter casks Malaga do.
40 casks excellent rice
42 bags pimento
10 hhds. Jamaica rum
50 boxes muscatel raisins
30 do. prunes
10 chests bohea tea
34 casks yellow ochre, and
6 hhds whiting.

THOMAS YATES, Auc't'r.

April 27.

20 puncheons

High proof (north side) Jamaica RUM, for sale by THOMAS TENANT,

At the warehouse of Messrs. Skirven & Wallace, No. 99, Bowly's wharf.

April 27. eo?t

Genteel Boarding and Lodging

Can be had at the corner of Pratt-street and St. Patrick's row.

JOSEPH PURDEN.

April 27. eo6t

65 *hhds. prime Trinidad Sugars*

Will be landed on Bowly's wharf, to-morrow morning, from the schooner Commerce, and offered for sale by

WALES & CLOPPER.

April 27. d7t‖

To be Rented,

And immediate possession given,

The Dwelling Part of a House in Market-street, No. 95. For terms apply to

H. PEIRCE.

April 27. d12t

Anthony Kimmel & Son,

No. 21, NORTH HOWARD-STREET,

Have received per the ship Harriot, capt Holbrook, from Liverpool, a considerable part of their

Hardware and Cutlery;

And expect the remainder of their assortment by the first arrival. They have on hand, straw knives, scythes, Mayland whet stones, &c. which they are offering for sale on the most reasonable terms.

April 27 d

William Slater

Has received by the Harriot, from Liverpool, a part of his spring assortment of

Ironmongery and Cutlery,

amongst which are,

Sickles and Scythes from the manufactories of Goddard and Waldron—and by the next arrivals from London and Liverpool, his assortment will be extensive and complete.

April 27. d10t

Manchester Warehouse,

No. 216, *Market-street.*

JOHN ROBINSON

Has received per the ship Harriot, from Liverpool, a part of his supply of

SPRING GOODS.

He also offers for sale,

An extensive assortment of men's and women's coarse and fine Hats, and children's fancy Hats—which will be sold at a very low advance.

April 27. tu-th&s6w

To be Rented,

And immediate possession given,

A three-story Dwelling House and Store, in Baltimore-street, nearly opposite to Congress-Hall, where the late Mr. Joseph Swan resided. Apply to WILLIAM JESSOP,

Liberty-street.

April 27. eo3t

To Let,

The HOUSE and STORE, No 146, Market-street, now occupied by Messrs. A. Kennedy and Colhoun, as a wholesale store, for which it is well calculated. Possession may be had on the first of July. For terms apply to Branson and Smith, or to the subscriber.

PETER SMITH.

April 27. eo3t‖

Sixty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, about four miles from Bedford, Pennsylvania, on his way from Baltimore to Pittsburg, two Negroes. BEN, about twenty-two years old, very tall; wore when he ran away, gold ear rings, a white short jacket, blue linsey pantaloons, a black hat and old shoes. This fellow was purchased from Mr Sedric Bond, of Baltimore county.

JOHN, about twenty years old, of a middling size; wore when he ran away, a drab colored jacket, coarse linen pantaloons, a cloth hat painted black, and new shoes. This fellow was purchased from Mr. John Edwards, of Baltimore They took with them a bag containing cloathes, three blankets, and a hat, with the name of the subscriber in it. The bove reward with reasonable expences, will be paid on delivering them to the subscriber or to Mr. Berthoud, at Pittsburg, or Mr. William Cole, in Baltimore.

AREND RUTGERS.

Bedford, April 27. eo6t

For Freight or Charter,

To any port in the West-Indies,



The Schooner
MARY ANN,
William Edwards, master,
Now lying at Smith's dock, burthen about 750 barrels; in compl'ete order, and ready to receive a cargo. For further particulars apply to the master on board, or

GUILDENER & SPOTT.

April 27. d

Partnership Dissolved.

THE partnership of Stouffer and Fahnestock is this day dissolved by mutual consent: all those that have any claims will please bring in their accounts for settlement, and all those indebted to said concern will please make speedy payment to either of the subscribers.

HENRY STOUFFER,
DERICK FAHNESTOCK.

April 25. eo6t‖

THE business will in future be conducted by the subscribers, under the firm of *B. Fahnestock and Son*, at the old stand heretofore occupied by Stouffer and Fahnestock, No. 15, north Howard-street; where they intend keeping a general assortment of GROCERIES, &c. which they will sell on reasonable terms, for cash or country produce.

BORIUS FAHNESTOCK,
DERICK FAHNESTOCK.

April 27. eo6t

Sugar Manufactory for Sale.

Will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, on SATURDAY, *the* 7*th day of May next, at* 12 *o'clock, at noon,*

ALL that large BRICK HOUSE fronting on Britain-street, used for some time past as a sugar manufactory, by John Eaton, with the lot whereon it stands, binding on Britain-street 100 feet, and running back 200 feet, for the residue of a term of ten years, of which about one has elapsed, subject to a ground rent of 75 dollars—together with all the boilers, drainers, baking-pans, and other implements used in the said manufactory.

The terms will be made known at the time of sale, and any circumstances relative to the title explained to persons inclined to purchase, by

ANDREW BUCHANAN.

April 27 2aw3t‖

Whip Manufactory.

M'Allister and Matthews,

MANUFACTURERS, PHILADELPHIA,

HAVING withdrawn the business in the above line from Messrs. Golthwaite and Son, beg leave to inform their old friends and the public in general that they have appointed

WILLIAM BALL, No. 60, Market-street, their sole agent in this city, who has and will constantly be supplied with a complete assortment of *WHIPS*, which will be sold wholesale and retail (without variation) at the same prices that they are at the manufactory.

Baltimore, April 27. w&s6w

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between John Cray and James Pickop, late of Dorchester county, on the Eastern shore of Maryland, was dissolved on the 21st day of November last: all those who are indebted to said firm, are requested to pay their respective debts to James Pickop, now living in Baltimore, who is authorised to receive the same, and no other, as he has the books in his possession.

JAMES PICKOP.

N. B. *Pickop and Hope* are now carrying on the Grocery and Commission business, at No. 77, M'Elderry's wharf, near the lower end of market space. April 27. w3t‖

Patent Horizontal Wind-Mill.

THE subscriber offers to the gentlemen farmers and others of Maryland, and the other states, an invention, which for utility has not been exceeded by any piece of mechanism which this or perhaps the last century can boast of. It is a peculiarly, though simply, constructed *horizontal* Wind-Mill, adapted to the grinding of all sorts of grain, and at the same time threshing out wheat and rice, fanning them and pounding the latter, powdering plaster of Paris, cutting tobacco, &c. &c. Its aptitude to all those various and useful purposes, will be more easily and justly estimated by a view of the machine itself, than from any description that can be given here. —A model of this wind-mill can be viewed on Federal Hill, where it is kept for the convenience of shewing it in operation, by applying to Mr. Marsh, No. 4, South Gay-street, by whom also the terms will be made known for the model only to erect a mill by, or for the patent right for a whole state; or by

JOHN BAPTISTE AVEILHE,
The Inventor, Havre-de-Grace.

April 27. eo

To be Let,

THAT large and convenient WAREHOUSE in Charles-street, near Market-street, opposite Mr. C. Ghequiere's, lately occupied by Messrs. M'Donald and Ridgely as a wine store, very well situated for a wholesale dry goods or hardware store. Possession may be had immediately. For terms, which will be moderate, apply to

HENRY SCHRŒDER.

April 9. d

Alley and Fimister,

At their WHOLESALE and RETAIL

SHOE STORE,

No. 35, Baltimore-street,

HAVE just received from their manufactory, an extensive supply of SHOES, of every description, and in daily expectation of an assortment of ladies' English kid.

Country merchants supplied on the most reasonable terms.

April 11. eo2lt

Sixty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living about two miles from Frederick-town, on Monday the 4th instant, a negro man named BILL, who was raised in Montgomery county by Mr. Gaterel. Having some acquaintance at Herring Bay, it is probable he may have gone there. Is 25 or 30 years old, of a yellow complexion, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, stout made, both ears bored, a large scar on the back of his head, which he keeps covered with his wool, which is long. Had on when he went away, a brown doublet, an old brown jacket, a pair of negro cotton overalls, new shirt, woollen stockings, and a pair of good shoes. Whoever takes up and secures said negro, so that I get him again, shall receive, if taken within ten miles of home, twenty dollars; if twenty miles thirty dollars, and if out of the state the above reward, with reasonable charges if brought home.

WILLIAM CRUM.

N. B Masters of vessels and others are forbid harboring or carrying off said negro at their peril. W. C.

April 11. eo7t‖

Lots on Lease or Rent.

THE subscriber will lease or rent, for a term of years, several LOTS on Baltimore-street extended west, some distance this side of the turnpike gate. For particulars apply to

GEORGE HOFFMAN.

April 1. eo1m