Same day, the schr. Address, Church, in 12 days from Richmond.

Same day, the sloop Delight, Hancock, in 13 days from Richmond.

Cleared, ship New-York Packet, Webb, Bristol; brigs Pennsylvania, Shaw, Isle of France; Ranger, Bisset, Oporto; Happy Couple, Starks, Savannah; schr. Seaflower, Pierce, Port-Republican.

TRENTON, (N. J.) April 25.

The Weather.—On Saturday the 16th and Sunday the 17th inst. the weather in this climate was uncommonly severe for the season. Snow fell in great quantities, insomuch that had it lain it would have been deeper than it was any time during the past winter. We are happy to find that fruit has generally escaped any material injury; though in some places early peaches have been destroyed.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.

FROM THE AURORA.

Extract of a letter, dated Washington, April 22.

"You have no doubt received a copy of the letter from the Spanish minister to the secretary of the United States communicating the pleasing intelligence of the port of New-Orleans, having been ordered to be opened as heretofore, and to continue open until arrangements be made between the two governments to establish an equivalent place of deposit. In the hurry at the office of state, occasioned by the making up dispatches for the Natchez, &c. the communication of a very important fact was not then made in order to publication; therefore now relate it to you.

"The king of Spain in the true spirit of Castilian honor, issued his order to the intendant at New-Orleans, under his sign manuel, commanding that officer *immediately* and *directly* to reinstate the United States in all their rights by treaty, as held and exercised previous to the last *unauthorized* interruption; which mandate from the king himself, without the intervention of any of his ministers, his representative here was directed to, and did accordingly, communicate and shew to the president of the United States, and has since forwarded it by express to the intendant and governor at New-Orleans.

"This information is derived from a conversation with the president himself."

We will not say any thing of the above, but add the following article

From the Kentucky Gazette, of April 5.

We have seen a letter from New-Orleans, of the 10th March, which states that the port would be again closed on that or the succeeding day—that it had only been opened for the reception of provisions; and no other articles were entered without being smuggled—that a trader from Kentucky had been detected in smuggling his cargo, and was obliged to fly with precipitation to escape the mines or callabouse—that several Americans were confined in the prisons. The price of cordage is stated at five dollars per ewt.—No other prices mentioned.

Exported from the port of Philadelphia, between the 1st of January, and the 31st of March, 1803.

57,235 barrels of flour
6,639 half do. do.
1,235 barrels rye do.
425 do. middlings
1,181 hhds. Indian meal
6,854 barrels do. do.
193 half do. do.

Arrived, ship Charlotte, Vega, Havanna.

Cleared, brig Mentor, Ekman, St. Andero; Henry, Affleck, Jamaica; Sally Jenny, Wright, Hispaniola; schooner Hannah, Folger, Nantucket.

The schooner Fox, captain Shirtliff, from this port, for Cape-Francois, having lost an anchor on the Cross Ledge, has returned to New-Castle.

The brig Assistance, Swietzer, from Charleston; the schooner Messenger, Burrows, from Aux-Cayes; the schooner Jolly Bacchus, from Jamaica; the schooner Edmond and Edward, Veacok; the sloop Comet, from Virginia, and the sloop Amity, from Portsmouth, are below.

Married on Friday afternoon last, *James Shaw*, esq. to Miss *Betsy Duffie*, aged 72, both of the borough of Frankford.

CARLISLE, (P.) April 20.

The account of that miscreant, Benjamin Connett, having been apprehended at Shippensburg and confined in the gaol of Carlisle, as stated under the Williamsport head, we are sorry to say, is without foundation.

The Pittsburg Gazette, of the 15th instant, says, that a person answering the description of this villain, crossed the Allegany river at that place about ten days ago; he had two horses with him, one black the other grey; and as his parents live near Redstone, may perhaps have made for that place.

KINGSTON, March 19.

The Calypso sloop of war, captain Venour, arrived on Thursday from New-Providence. We learn that she was sent to that island, for the purpose of inquiring into the case of some Englishmen who had been detained at New-Orleans by the Spaniards, and that she was to have proceeded to that place, in the event of their having been so on any unjust grounds; but the information which was procured not being of such a nature as to warrant that purpose, she therefore returned.

Arrived, schooner Hannah, Brown, Newburyport; sloop Lark, Walker, Charleston; brig Fame, Graisbury, Philadelphia; Enterprize, Collins, George-Town; schooners Neptune, Miller, do.; Sparrow, Coleman, Alexandria; Sally, Criswell, Newbern; Antelope, Dean, N. York. Sailed, schooners Patience, Parkhill, Alexandria; Jefferson, Winslow, Philadelphia; Federalist, Ingraham, Boston. Cleared, sloop Kitty, Smith, Baltimore.

The sloop Sally, Dunn, of New-York, is wrecked on Orange Bay.

The schooner Lewis, Merchant, from Curracoa, bound to St. Domingo, with stock, put into Port-Royal yesterday, in distress.

WASHINGTON, April 27.

It is currently reported that the Spanish minister, the day after he had sent his letter and dispatches to the secretary of state to be forwarded to New-Orleans, delivered another set of dispatches to our government, in which were contained an official account of the transfer of Louisiana to France, and of the orders for delivering the same accordingly. From these dispatches it officially appears, that our conjecture concerning this business was correct, and that Spain had no right to issue the orders as published. It is said these dispatches were communicated for the purpose of having them published; but the president thinks it would be better to delay that a while. Not enjoying the privilege of Duane, in peeping into the cabinet and *searching* the records of state, we cannot vouch for its correctness; but it is generally believed to be true.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman on board the Canton, at Ensenada, a Spanish port in South-America, to a gentleman in this city, dated January 20, 1803.

"We have at length completed the business of this ship, and she is now preparing to get under way—she has been most shamefully delayed—between the government and the merchants there has always been some obstacle in the way, but they now, thank God, are all fortunately surmounted. I am every day more tired of this place—more disgusted with the government, and with the people who servilely submit to so infamous a despotism. I never knew how much I ought to pride myself on belonging to the United States, until I had an opportunity of contrasting the northern with the southern continent; and all that I want of my country now, is that it may convince the world of its importance, by resenting the immense injuries it has suffered from the insolence of the Spaniards; at present they know nothing of us here; they sneeringly tell us they have heard of our submission to British aggression; of our still more disgraceful tameness with the French; and think that we shall of course complete the climax by a dastardly endurance of Spanish insult.

"I am still altogether uncertain how much longer I may be detained here; this is most unpleasant to me, but I endeavor to bear it with patience."

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 28.

Extract of letters from a respectable house in London, to their correspondent in this city, dated February 1, 1803.

"Linens have been rising since the shipments of last year, and are now 10 per cent. and some articles 15 per cent. dearer."

"March 2.—Since our last, per the February packet, copy herewith an advance of full 10 per cent. have taken place on linens, and none going out, but at an immense advance."

A commercial friend favored us with the following extract of a letter from Cape-Francois, dated April 1.

"The seat of government has been removed to Port-au-Prince, about 20 days since, and the campaign will open immediately with 12 or 13000 men. We are in daily expectation to hear from that place, the result of the measures to be pursued.

"The sloop of war Diligent passed here three days ago, in 30 days passage from Brest, with 2,000,000 livres on board for the payment of the troops, and by her we learn, that a large reinforcement will be sent here. A number of frigates and transports have since passed the Cape, on their passage to Port-au-Prince; by the best information it is calculated that there are 10 or 12000 troops on board."

[*American.*]

There lived in New-Jersey, at the period of our revolutionary war, a remarkable dwarf, who, though from twenty to thirty years old, and possessing a common degree of understanding, was only three feet high, and proportionably small in other respects. This *manikin* was introduced to general Washington, who asked him whether he was a whig or a tory: to which the little gentleman (strutting himself up) replied, that he had not hitherto taken a very *active part* on either side. [*Balance.*]

On Thursday morning was brought to this town (Petersburg) from Person county, North-Carolina, one of the most extraordinary objects probably ever seen. A young man by the name of Howard, 23 years, 2 feet 8 inches high, from head to feet, and about 18 inches high when sitting. He appeared to be sensible, converse with ease, has the countenance of a man of his years, and says he enjoys a remarkable share of good health. All his limbs have undergone an astonishing change—his legs and thighs are bent and flat; the shin bone appears broken about the middle and forms an angle—his arms have but very little bone, notwithstanding which he has the use of them—In short, his whole frame, apparently, has experienced a gradual dissolution, and he appears to have very little bone left in his limbs. His arms, he says, have been broken upwards of thirty times, without having latterly experienced any great inconvenience from it. He has been unable to walk since he was three years old. He says the cause of his lamentable situation is attributed to a quantity of mercury given him for worms, when about a year old.

[*Petersburg Intelligencer.*]

It was long ago foreseen that the district of Columbia, would one day become the great depot for all the products of the fertile banks of the Potomak; the day has arrived which realises those expectations and the wishes of the most sanguine are gratified by the deposits in *George-town* and *Alexandria*. We cannot undertake to state the exact quantities of flour of late inspected in George-town, but there were in Alexandria on the 4th 5th, 6th and 7th instant, upwards of 5000 barrels of flour inspected, besides large quantities of Pork, Beef, Iron, Hemp, Whiskey, &c. much the greater part of which were brought down the Potomak. Let us earnestly hope, the great advantage derived even from rendering that river navigable, will induce our fellow citizens in the district, earnestly to consider of the benefits derivable from navigable waters and good roads, and that a sense of interest will simulate them into an honorable competition to improve their respective communications with the country and perfect their individual advantages; from such a competition Alexandria has nothing to dread, and it is therefore with pleasure that we hear that the canal which is to connect the Potomak with the eastern branch, will most probably be speedily undertaken, as it is said that Mr. Law, who is now in England has been very successful in the disposition among his friends there of shares in that undertaking.

[*Alex. paper.*]

An ingenious author, in a late publication, has made the following remarks on the national debt: Speaking of it in the year 1796, when it amounted to 360,000,000l. "It would require, said he, (to pay it off) "47,265 pounds weight in 10l. bank notes, having 512 notes to one pound. This sum in cash, if put into carts, each containing 1000lbs. and having two horses to draw, allowing forty feet to each cart, would load 5000 carts, cover 37 miles in length, with a remainder of 116 carts on the 38th mile. Were it to be laid down in guineas in a line, it would extend above 4,300 miles in length. In 1794, the national debt was 260,000,000l. sterling; and if a man were to count 100 shillings per minute, for twelve hours a day, it would take him 1797 years, 283 days, 9 hours and 2 minutes. The whole of this sum being 5,200,000,000 shillings, and the coinage standard being 62 shills. in the Troy pound, its whole weight would be 8,370,993lbs. which would require 41,936 carts, each to have a ton weight, to convey it to any place; or supposing a man could carry 100 pounds weight from London to York, it would require 833,670 men to perform it; and if all these men were to walk in a line at only one yard distance from each other, they would cover 456 miles and a half, and 70 yards. The breadth of a shilling being one inch, if all these shillings were laid in a straight line close to one another's edge, the line they would cover would be 83,070 miles, which is 2070 miles more than double the circumference of the globe.

[*London paper.*]

A murder committed twelve years ago.

The following singular circumstance has occurred at Deal in Kent, within these few days. A person, who has kept a public house in the neighborhood of Deal, with much respectability for some years, was disputing with another person in Deal, high words arose and a soldier belonging to the regiment in barracks there, came up and enquired what was the matter.—After the altercation had subsided, the soldier said to the publican, that he was sure that he was a Lincolnshire man, by his voice and dialect; the publican said he was, but that he had not been there for some years. The soldier soon after called on one of the magistrates of Deal, and informed him that a murder was committed about twelve years ago in Lincolnshire, by three men—that two were taken and executed, but that the third, though frequently advertised for, was never found, and that he strongly suspected the publican was the man. The magistrate sent a statement of the circumstance, and a description of the publican's person to the place where the murder was stated to have been committed, and received for answer that the statement made by the soldier was correct, and that the description of the publican answered in a great measure that of the murderer who had made his escape—but that if it was the same person, he had a gun-shot wound in one of his legs.—The publican was taken up, and on his legs being inspected by a surgeon, he pronounced that a wound appearing on one of his legs was a gun-shot wound; in consequence of which the publican has been committed to Deal gaol, in order to be sent to the county where the murder was committed, to take his trial. [*Lond. pap.*]

FROM THE BALANCE.

Closed Doors!

In the Aurora of December 24, 1800, we find the following passage, concerning the closing of the doors of the senate, while the French treaty was under discussion.

"Secrecy, at all times, is suspicious, in a free government; in Britain, or in the cabinets of despots the practice is consistent, but we have the *prospect before us* now that the plain system of honest measures will supercede state mystery and cunning."

The sage editor of the Aurora has lived to see his charming *prospect* vanish. He has lived to learn that no "plain system of honest measures" has superceded "state mystery and cunning." He has witnessed more "state mystery" and more "secrets" under the *republican* administration of Mr. Jefferson, than ever he did under that of Mr. Adams. And does the Aurora mean to say, that the present serene president is a "despot" because he allows of "secrets" in his "cabinet?" Does he intend to insinuate that democratic "secrecy is suspicious?" or does he think that the present is not a "free government?"——Oh, no! not *at all at all*—he means to applaud the present administration at any rate; remembering, at the same time, to forget all that he formerly wrote against the federal administration.

Post-Office,

Baltimore, April 27, 1803.

Letters for the British packet Lord Auckland, for Falmouth, via Halifax, N. S. will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, on Monday, the 2d of May next.

CHARLES BURRALL,
Post-master.

P. S. *The inland postage to New-York must be paid on all letters for the Packet.*

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW,

The 29th instant, at the subscriber's new auction room in Water-street, near Peter's bridge, at 10 o'clock, will be offered for sale,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

And immediately after, at half past 11 o'clock,

30 hhds. Muscovado and clayed sugar
10 barrels do.
5 pipes brandy
6 do. gin
20 bales cotton
20 boxes Malaga wine
30 do. Port do.
10 hhds. Virginia tobacco
20 boxes mould candles
10 do. dipt do.
20 do. brown soap
20 jars raisins, &c.

EDWARD WOODYEAR, Auct'r.

April 28

RICE

Of a superior quality. for sale by

FALLS & BROWN.

April 28. d3t

For Sale.

A Negro Woman and Male Child, will be sold immediately. The woman is used to all kinds of house work. The terms will be made known on application to the printers.

April 28. eo3t‖

To Let or Lease,

A neat two-story brick House, with a Kitchen, entirely new; the situation is as healthy as any in the city. Enquire of

JOHN ILGENFRITZ,

At the corner of Eutaw and Mulberry-streets.

April 28. 2aw3t‖

Genuine Port Wine,

For sale by ROBERT BARRY.

A few hhds. of very choice *old* Port, calculated for particular use

Irish grey Linen
Ipecacuanha in root, and
A quantity of Portugal Mats.

April 28. eo

Harden and Wilson

Have received per the Harriot, from Liverpool,

A few boxes yard-wide and 7-8 Irish Linens, 5-4 Sheetings, Long Lawns, 3-4 Diapers, Towelling, &c. which with a general assortment of SPRING GOODS, they offer for sale on reasonable terms, at their wholesale and retail store No. 76, Market-street.

April 28. d6t-eo

For Dunkirk,



The French Brig
THREE BROTHERS,
Charles Butel, commander;

About 70 hhds. of tobacco is wanting to complete her cargo, which will be taken on moderate freight, by applying to

DELINOTTE,
No. 59, north Howard-street.

April 28. eo3t‖

THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public in general, for their many past favors, and informs them that he has removed from his former house to the adjoining one. No. 13, where he intends to carry on the Flour and Grocery Business as usual, under the firm of *Henry Stouffer and Son*, and solicits a continuance of their favors.

HENRY STOUFFER.

April 28. eo3t

For Sale,

40 acres of LAND, part of Mount Royal, lying about two miles from the city of Baltimore. The soil is good, and the land covered with the best of timber, with a small stream of water running through it. The whole commands an elegant view of the river and bay, and would make two or three beautiful country seats.

Also,

8 acres, part of the same tract, one and an half miles from the city of Baltimore, one half of which is in wood, the other cleared, with a view also of the river and bay, and the advantage of a stream of water running through part of it.

The above lands will be sold together or divided into small lots, as may suit purchasers. For terms apply to Thomas Rutter, jun. or the subscriber, living on the premises.

JOHN RUTTER.

April 28. 2aw

New Theatre.

TO-MORROW EVENING, April 29,

Will be presented, (second time here) a celebrated Tragedyy, in five acts, called

ABAELLINO,

THE GREAT BANDIT.

Translated from the German by William Dunlap, esq. and performed at the New-York and Boston theatres with the greatest applause.

(With new Scenery, Dresses and Decorations)

To which will be added, a Farce in two acts, called

The Deaf Lover.

Box one dollar, Pit three-quarters of a dollar.

☞ The public are respectfully informed that a new Play, interspersed with songs, written by the author of the Way to get Married, Columbus, Speed the Plough, &c. is in rehearsal, and will be speedily produced.

On Saturday (second time) the favorite Comedy of *Notoriety*—after which *Il Bondocani*, or the Caliph Robber.

April 28.

L. Tiernan and Co.

HAVE received a part of their SPRING GOODS by the Harriot, from Liverpool, and expect the residue by the first arrivals; among which will be, London Pewter, best Crowly Steel, and a general assortment of Summer Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, &c. &c.

Them have on hand.

A large and general assortment of point, duffel and rose blankets, flannels, half-thicks, planes, coatings, cloths and cassimeres, which are now offered on much lower terms than they can be imported for next fall.

Also,

20 cases hats assorted
20 casks London brown stout
Handsome and complete table sets of Liverpool ware
Hollow glass in casks
16 casks whiting
5 cases fine chip and Leghorn hats
8 trunks tapes and bobbins
1 case horse nets
4 trunks cotton hosiery
Saddlery in casks and cases
13 boxes Irish linen

Bandanna handkerchiefs, India muslins, Turkey yarn, with a variety of other goods—the whole of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

April 28. eo24t

Richard Ratien,

No. 150, Market-street, one door below the Baltimore bank,

Has imported by the Unternehmung, captain Joh. H. Wendt, from Bremen,

Looking glasses, from a large to the smallest size
Oval and square toilet glasses
Snuff boxes of various kinds
Chrystal wax and glass beads
Neck laces
Bugles
Gold and silver spangles and hat bands
Curtailles
Artificial flowers
Hand organs, playing from 6 to 12 tunes
Violin and violin strings
Violin bows, screws and bridges
Slate and slate pencils
Lead pencils
Wafers in boxes
Stained paper for book binding
Paint boxes and brushes
Ivory and crooked combs
Billiard balls
Gun and pistol flints
Marbles
Turkish red cotton and shoe yarn
Boxes in nests of different sizes
Mocking, red and Canary bird cages
Canary and hemp seed
TOYS of all kinds

Hollow glass in boxes, containing decanters, tumblers and wine glasses, both cut and plain; which he offers for sale on reasonable terms, on the usual credit, or for cash, with a generous discount.

As also, imported by the Union,

English jointed Dolls, from 4 to 15 dollars per dozen.

And via Philadelphia,

French Fans, manufactured in Paris from 50 cents to 1¼ dollar per dozen.

April 28. eot31My

The aged and infirm,

WHO at this season are suffering the excruciating pains of rheumatism and rheumatic gout, may find immediate relief, and expect a speedy cure, by the use of

HAMILTON'S

ESSENCE and EXTRACT of MUSTARD.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state as well as in pills, and thus excellently adapted both for external as well as internal use.

The pills operate mildly by urine and by insensible perspiration, expelling the superfluous and morbid humors; they are highly cordial to the stomach, create appetite, aid digestion, remove flying pains, and cold or windy complaints in the stomach and bowels.

The essence is a wonderful assistant to the pills in rheumatism, gout, lumbago, and palsy; and by its peculiar penetrating and dispersing quality, removes the most violent sprains, bruises, numbness, stiffness of the neck, joints, &c. swelled faces, head-ache, indurated breasts, white swellings, frozen limbs, &c. and will infallibly prevent the ill effects of wet or damp in the feet.

Some may be surprised that this medicine should be prescribed with equal success in such a variety of cases; but this surprise will cease when it is recollected that all these complaints result from the same cause—a slowness in the circulation of the lymph, or obstructions in the lymphatic vessels.

From Dr Weatherburn.

Wythe County, (Virginia).

GENTLEMEN,

I purchased at your shop the preparation you call *Hamilton's Essence or Extract of Mustard*, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism, (of that kind named Sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had labored for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c. WEATHERBURN.

JOHN HOOVER, rope-maker, south Second-street, between Mary and Christian-streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows: namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with violent rheumatism, verdangerously situated, the consequence of a severy cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probabel remedy attempted; when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No 17, south Second-street The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before Ebenezer Ferguson, esquire, one of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia county.

NOTE, particularly, that the great and extensive celebrity acquired by this medicine has induced some to prepare counterfeits, which are imposed on enquirers by the meanest arts possible. Therefore, apply ONLY at the book and stationary store of WARNER and HANNA, corner of Baltimore and south Gay-streets.

February 9. 5—1aw3m

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber of the city of Baltimore hath obtained from the orphans' court of Baltimore county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Alexander Lawder, late of the city of Baltimore, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the 22d day of October next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 22d day of April, 1803.

2awów PETER LITTLE, Adm.