Came up from quarantine,

Ship Washington, Noyes, from Greenock.

One ship and two brigs went into quarantine ground last evening.

Signals up for a brig and schooner.

Cleared, ship Commerce, Ogilvie, Amsterdam; schooner Paragon, Dodge, Barbados; Betsy, Reed, Digby.

Captain Olcott, of the ship Sampson, from Havanna, informs, that the English brig ———, Cunningham, from the Bay of Honduras bound to this port, is cast away on Martier reef—vessel and cargo lost. Captain Cunningham had arrived at Havanna, and was to have taken passage in the Simpson, but was prevented by not having his business settled. We understand the brig was insured in this city, and capt. [illegible] may be expected in the first vessel from Havanna.

The ship ——, Paulding, belonging to Messrs. Van Horne and Clarkson of this city, from hence, bound to Amsterdam, is taken by an English cruiser and sent into Portsmouth.

PHILADELPAIA, August 30.

There is but very little reason for our being Englishmen or Frenchmen; but there is a great deal of reason for our being *Americans*; for our being faithful to ourselves; for our being free, united and happy.

Late from Lisbon.

The brig James, Folger, arrived at Boston, last Wednesday, in 35 days from Lisbon, and brings advices, that the strictest neutrality was observed by the Portuguese government; and that no French or English vessel of war was suffered to come above Ballam castle, or either power permitted to make any armaments in its ports. Capt. Folger also advises, that the king of Spain had informed Bonaparte, she should not permit the invasion of Portugal through his dominions; and that in defence of this position, if compelled to action, he would spill the last drop of the blood of his subjects.

Arrived, sloop Sarah, Moodie, St. Andrews, 12 days.

At the Lazaretto,

Ship Charlotte, Horton, Hamburg via Halifax—left the latter place August 14; schooner Success, Kitts, Goree, 50; Little John, Tallman, Anguilla, 18.

Cleared, ship Commerce, Dyer, Liverpool; brig Oporto Packet, Maltas, Oporto; sloop Susanna, Morgan, St. Bartholomews.

List of American vessels left at Havre, 29th June, by the ship Charleston Packet, capt. Silliman, arrived at this port on Friday last.

Ship Liberty, Wilks, of Philadelphia, for do; ship George, Greenough, of Portsmouth, N. H. arrived on the 24th instant, from Savannah; ship Hope, Bray, of New-York bound to Gottenburg; brig Sally, Brooks, of New-York, for do. to sail in five or six days; brig Peggy, Petrie, of Norfolk, arrived on the 24th inst. from do; was boarded by thirty-five ships of war and cruisers in the channel, carried into England and detained ten days, after which was liberated with all her cargo; schooner Swan, Prior, of Dunburg, from Boston, bound to Rotterdam, to sail in three days; schooner Washington, Martin, of Philadelphia, bound to Rotterdam.

Sailed on the 17th instant, ship Ocean, Drinkwater, of Portland, for Petersburg; also, on the 12th instant, ship Columbus, King, of Boston, for Boston.

On the 10th July, captain S. was boarded by an English letter of mark, who forcibly put six French prisoners on board refusing to give any provisions for them, although informed by the captain, that he had scarcely enough for his own people; the whole crew and passengers were in consequence necessarily kept on short allowance the remainder of the passage.

On the 25th July, in lat. 22, 55, long. 28, 30, spoke, ship Myan, capt. Edes, of and from Boston, bound on a sealing voyge, out 25 days, all well—capt. Edes furnished capt. S. with a small supply of provisions.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, *August* 31.

The French frigate now off Charleston bar, is the Pursuivant, rates as a 44, and has 330 men on board—she is said to be a warm vessel, having twenty-six 24 pounders on her gun-deck, and sixteen on her main and quarter. The Pursuivant is last from Cape Nichola Mole, and is the frigate, we some time since mentioned as having had a brush with a British 74, off that place—but having the good luck to shoot away the rudder of the English ship, made her escape, with the loss of 25 men.

A white woman in Chatham county, (says the North-Carolina Minerva) was delivered of a female child on the 27th July last, which proves to be part black and part white—and what is still more curious, the spots that are black are covered with long black hair; the body is chiefly black and hairy; round the middle of the body is a white streak; the legs and arms quite spotted; one half the face black and the other white; and a part of the forehead spotted with hair 1 1-4 inch long growing out of the spots.

"The above was communicated to the editor by a citizen of Chatham county."

We understand that there is a Rattle Snake (six years old) in possession of Dr. Scott, of this place, which he has had confined for ten weeks in a box; and what is something extraordinary, has never eat any thing, although many different substances have been placed in his way—We likewise understand, that the doctor has tried several experiments with it, more particularly the use of the *Volatile Alkali* so much recommended of late as an antidote against the bite of that poisonous reptile—every thing it has bit having died in a few minutes. [*Virg. Exp.*]

The following is the OFFICIAL declaration of neutrality made by the court of Lisbon.

TRANSLATION.

Lisbon, June 14, 1803.

It having been the constant object of my paternal wishes and royal dispositions to invariably maintain the pacific relation, subsisting between me and those powers to which I am allied and in amity; and resolving in the present circumstances of Europe to establish those princles which ought to regulate the inviolable system of neutrality which I propose to observe, in case (which God avert) a war should be commenced between powers who are my friends and allies, and having in view how much it is for the benefit of humanity and tranquility of my dominions and subjects, to remove all and every dispute which might result from a want of knowledge of the regulations tending to obtain the ends which I propose. I am pleased to declare that the cruisers of the Belligerent Powers shall not be admitted into ports of my estates and dominions nor the prizes made by them or by men of war, frigates or any other ships of war whatsoever, without any other exception but that by which the laws of nations render hospitality indispensible: with this condition, notwithstanding, that in the same ports, the sale or unloading of said prizes will not be permitted should they be brought in under the above mentioned clause, nor shall they be permitted to delay longer than is necessary to avoid the danger or to receive those innocent helps which may be necessary—thus re-establishing and putting in full force the observance of the decree of the thirtieth of August of one thousand seven hundred and eighty, by which this subject was determined. Let the council of war thus understand and have it executed, expediting immediately the necessary orders to the governors and commanders of provinces, fortifications and maritime ports, in conformity to this decree.

Palace of Queluz the 3d June, 1803, with the signature of the Prince Regent our Lord.

On Saturday, the 30th of April, a fire was kindled in a field at Hinnesburg, Vermont, for the purpose of destroying some brush, &c. but the weather being dry and windy, it was driven without its intended limits, and proceeded with such rapidity as to baffle every effort of the inhabitants to arrest its progress. In its career, it destroyed a new barn belonging to Mr. Stephen Hollister, together with a quantity of wheat, a new sleigh and harness, some valuable farming utensils, and about three hundred rods of fence. On the Wednesday following, a number of Mr. Hollister's neighbors provided themselves with food and drink for the day, and with proper implements, repaired to the adjoining wood-lands, when they felled, hewed, and framed, timber for a barn 30 by 40 feet; the timber was drawn to the spot as fast as prepared, and toward evening the hands collected, and raised the barn. The timber having to a stick been taken from the stump that day, and all under the direction of Mr. Abel Leavenworth, the carpenter. What adds to the merit of such conduct is, the consideration of Mr. Hollister's necessity, and that the whole business was contrived without his knowledge, and executed without any expence to him.

Had it been some great man's great barn, and the work undertaken for a great supper, and much rum, the whole would have worn quite a different appearance. I have been the more particular, as I have always regarded such instances of charity as being highly commendable; and the obligation is surely no less, for its being at all times a duty. [*Balance.*]

From BRYDEN'S *MARINE LIST.*

August 31.

Arrived, ship Pamela, captain Driscoll, 69 days from Amsterdam—Gin and glass ware—Von Kapff and Anspach, & George Repold.

The Pamela sailed from Amsterdam on the 16th June, at 11 A. M. passed the ship Cora, of Baltimore, bound up. Left at Amsterdam, ship Flora, Lee, of New-York, to sail in 10 days; brig Mary, Noble, New-York, 5 days; brig Ida, of Newport, R. I 20 days; a Charleston ship and Newburyport barque, names unknown.

June 21st, sailed from the Texel, in company with the ship Shepherdess, of New-York. Left at the Texel, ship Commerce, captain Ray, for Philadelphia, in two days, with servants.

June 29th, Land's-End, bearing E. N. E. about 20 leagues, at 5 P. M. were fired at by a French privateer, who with much abusive language, made us hoist out our boat, threatening to fire on board of us if we were not expeditious; at half past 5 P. M. captain Driscoll and four hands went on board—they detained captain Driscoll, and sent three armed Frenchmen on board to plunder: they seized on a keg of gin, a great part of our poultry, some cheese, capt. Driscoll's quadrant and spy-glass, who was still on board the privateer, and was very much surprised to see his quadrant and spy-glass in the boat—after some remonstrances, he got his quadrant and an old spy-glass, worth about 30 cents, for one that was worth 30 dollars, telling him, that were the ship loaded, or what she then had more valuable, they would send her to France. She was a small schooner, mounted two carriage guns, a few swivels, and about 30 men. At 6, A. M. saw an English cutter, hoisted our colors, but did not speak her.

June 30, lat. 46, 35, long. 13, W. at 7 A. M. was fired at and brought to by an English cutter, who, after hearing from whence we came and where bound, politely told us to proceed and wished us a good passage.

July 15, lat. 44, 18. N. long. 33, W. spoke the ship Eleanor, of Glasgow, from St. Vincents bound to London.

July 16, lat. 43, 23, long 37, W. spoke the ship Java, J. Cunningham, master, of and from Baltimore bound to Amsterdam, out 15 days.

August 15, lat. 38, 11, long. 61, spoke a brig 5 days from Philadelphia bound to Bordeaux, could not learn her name.

The ship Hamilton, Vickers, from St. Petersburg, is below.

Arrived, ship Susanna, Forrester, 9 days from Charleston—Salt—Andrew Dewees & Co.

Arrived, brig Alexander, capt. White, 41 days from Madeira—Wine—D. C. Stewart & Co.

Vessels left there July 20,

Brig Luna, Allen, of and for New-York, to sail first week in August.

Ontario, Robinson, of do. to sail in 4 days for Cape de Verd.

Betsy & Sophia, Burton, of Portsmouth, Virg.

Schr. Prince, Lance, Falmouth

Theoda, Stimpson, do.

——, Barnes, of Salem, for the W. Indies, in 4 days.

In lat. 35, 30, long. 69, spoke the schr. Sally, captain Chapman, from New-London bound to Dominico.

The ship London Packet, M'Carthy, from Bordeaux, is in the bay, bound up.

FOR THE FEDERAL GAZETTE.

To the Voters of Baltimore county.

GENTLEMEN,

THE American has lately announced the meeting of a number of the *free* and *independent* voters of Baltimore county, at Mr Gorsuch's tavern, wherein it was resolved by committees from the different districts to support Nicholas R. Moore, for congress; Tobias E. Stansbury, Alexis Lemmon, Thomas Love and Moses Brown, for the state legislature. That the voters are and ought to be *free* and *independent* I readily admit; but how they are to be and remain so, and at the same time to obey the dictates of such committees, is a question the solution of which would baffle even the powers of philosophy itself; and in my opinion tends directly to sap the foundation, to subvert and stifle that very republican principle which it was *vainly* intended to establish—for how could men be *free* and *independent* who would sacrifice their own opinions to become the *dupes* and *tools* of party? It is moreover keeping alive and fanning that flame which has burnt already too long in the American breast, and rendered us the laughing stock of foreign nations. I have but little acquaintance with any of the gentlemen who compose the above ticket, except captain Stansbury, whom I believe to be a worthy man, and meriting our confidence; but several gentlemen, beside those in the above ticket, have been mentioned, are equally worthy of our attention, and would serve if elected. Would it not, therefore, be much more like a republican representation to let them all come forward fairly, upon equal grounds and stand or fall by their own merit, than for a handful of men to assemble and call themselves a committee, to undertake to yoke any *particular* four of them together, and bid the whole county to support them? The idea in itself is preposterous, and I think ought to be rejected with disdain by every man who calls himself an *independent voter*, and indeed I am happy to see a number of true republicans condemn the principle. It has been asserted that Charles Ridgely, esq. would serve if elected—I know not the truth of this report, but if it be correct how many on the above ticket are as capable of serving us with equal justice and credit, in point of legislation? Give conscience fair play, & I ask no reply. I only hope that the voters of Baltimore county while *free* and *independent* will not suffer themselves to be made slaves to any party, whether federal or republican, but vote their own sentiments freely, without regard to the dictates of such committees. I am no party zealot—I ever have, and I trust ever will, (while *free* and *independent*) vote for such men as I think the most capable of representing us with respect and advantage, without regard to their political creed: hence I have by some been called a republican, and by others a federalist, and as I am not disposed to quarrel with my friendly neighbors about political titles, shall subscribe myself what I really am,

A REPUBLICAN FEDERALIST.

FOR THE FEDERAL GAZETTE.

No. VII.

THE CANCER.

Ignorance sometimes discloses what the spirit of covetousness conceals, and in some manner lessens the injury which, for want of reflection, is done to society in general, by the narrow views of personal interest.

An attempt will be made to communicate, by a few observations, a remedy secretly used by some people, against the Cancer.

They employ certain simples which they say possess great virtues; they gather them secretly, and burn them to ashes and calcination. These ashes is the remedy with which they treat the Cancer.

Others, after having burnt these plants of great virtue, make a ley of their ashes; drain it and let it boil and evaporate to a powder; and this is the remedy which they employ against the Cancer.

They might be told, that all the virtues of these plants consist in the nature of their ashes, which contain much more vegetable alkali than the common ashes do; that the burning and the calcination, on the one side, and the ley-washing and evaporation on the other, reduce them to a state of pot ash; that they contain in a great quantity, the vegetable alkali, very impure in a state of concretion and causticity; that this causticity eats, consumes and destroys the Cancer, and finally, that the virtue of the plants before they are burnt to ashes, is absolutely inadequate to this effect. Thus the pot-ash, the pearl-ash, the salt of tartar are the remedies to be employed against the Cancer.

Their method of employing this remedy is as follows: they make a roll of lint just as large as the tumor, or mother root of the Cancer; they make incisions in the tumor, and with the roll of lint, which ought to be slightly wetted in order to make the caustic powder stick, they place it upon the Cancer; the lint is then covered with a plaster of a strong consistence which adheres to the skin.

Next day the plaster is taken off, which draws away with it an eschar, which is a great part of the consumed Cancer. They cover lightly what remains, with the remedy, putting over it another plaster; and if any roots remain which have not been taken away with the tumor, they dress them in the same manner with a roll of lint of a size always equal to the diameter of the roots. The ulceration is generally cured in a very short time. As there is, during the dressing, an inflammation, they wash it with a mixture of water and vinegar.

In applying this remedy, it is advisable to weaken it, by mixing with it an equal part of common ashes, and to put the patient to the use of the mineral gas, from the supposition of the existence of a vicious humor in the blood, the principal cause sometimes of Cancers, especially of open Cancers. It would perhaps be proper to wash the tumors with alkaline water, which has been spoken of, mixing for that purpose a tea-spoonful or two of that water, with a table-spoonful of pure water.

If a female is afflicted with the Cancer, and there be a suppression of the sexual evacuation, it would be proper to put her to the use of the alkaline water—two or three table spoonfuls night and morning, sweetened, or mixed with a little spirit.

See No. II. *August* 18.

Port of Baltimore.

ENTERED,

Ship Susanna, Forrester, Charleston

Schr. Dolphin, Hawes, Barnstable

CLEARED,

Brig Hunter, Smith, Barbados

Post-Office,

Baltimore, August 29.

☞ *Letters for the British packet Townsend, for Falmouth, England, via Halifax, N. S. will be received at this office till* Monday, *the 5th September next, at* 12 *o'clock, noon.*

CHARLES BURRALL.

P. S. The inland postage to New York must be paid on all letters for the packet.

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW,

The 1st September, at 10 *o'clock, at our auction room, at the head of Gay-street dock, will commence the sale of*

A variety of DRY GOODS,

And at half past 11 *o'clock,*

21 hhds. sugar
15 punch'eons Jamaica rum
13 boxes white Havanna sugar
3 hhds. do. clayed do.
6 pipes gin
4 hhds. triage coffee
7 chests hyson tea
37 boxes claret
8 half pipes Madeira wine
8 quarter casks Malaga do.
4 pipes } Sicily Wine
4 hhds. }
4 quarter casks }
4 half quarter casks }
29 boxes prunes
2 pipes Spanish brandy
2 hhds. cordial
35 boxes segars
2 hhds. lampblack
1 tierce damaged rice.

LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auct's.

August 31.

Sale by Auction.

Will be added to our sale to-morrow,

80 puncheons of RUM
45 hhds. } Prime SUGARS
8 tierces }
40 barrels }

LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auct's.

N. B. The Sugars will be offered at the lower end of Smith's wharf, at 12 o'clock.

August 31.

Sale by Auction.

ON FRIDAY,

The 2d September, at 10 *o'clock, at the new auction room of the subscriber, Water-street, near Peters's bridge, will be offered for sale,*

Sundry articles of DRY GOODS, one box of TOYS, &c.

Immediately after will be offered,

20 hhds. claret
40 boxes do.
40 hhds. molasses
10 boxes port wine
10 do. candles
10 do. soap
5 do. prunes
2 crates and 1 box glass and queens ware, in lots
40 kegs Dutch herrings
20 boxes Spanish segars
20 do. American do.
Sundry pieces furniture, &c.

EDWARD WOODYEAR, Auct'r.

August 31.

Wants a place

IN a wholesale or retail dry good store, a young man, about 18 years of age, of reputable connections, who writes a tolerable hand, and is acquainted with book-keeping. Enquire of the printers.

August 31. d5t

Public Sale.

Will be sold on Saturday evening next, at 4 *o'clock, for a term, ending next April,*

A COUNTRY SEAT, formerly the residence of Benjamin Rogers, deceased, one mile from Baltimore, on the Harford road, opposite colonel Hindman's, containing 4 acres; on which is a comfortable dwelling house, with stables, &c.; two acres in corn and potatoes, and a garden of about one acre, well filled with every necessary vegetable; the remainder in grass.

Terms made known at the time and place of sale by

DEWITT & COCHRAN, Auct's.

August 31.

Received this day,

By the brigantine Alexander, captain Joseph White, jun. from Madeira,

23 pipes } Lynch & Co's choice old particular WINE
20 hhds. }
20 qr casks }
10 pipes } Do. London market do.
6 hhds }
8 qr. casks }
6 pipes } Do. New-York market do.
4 hhds. }
8 qr. casks }

Which will be landed to-morrow at Bowly's wharf, for sale on the usual credit by

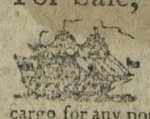
D. C. STEWART & CO.

Who have on hand,

13 hhds. Jamaica sugars
9 pipes 4th proof genuine Cogniac brandy
20 pipes Bordeaux do.
70 tierces fresh rice
6 barrels annifeed
2 boxes window glass, 16 by 12
5 puncheons 4th proof Jamaica rum
400 bushels Cadiz salt, and
1500 do. Virginia wheat.

August 31. d6t-co12t

For Sale, Freight or Charter,



The Brig SPARTAN,

Burthen about 1300 barrels, coppered, and ready to receive a cargo for any port of the West-Indies. For terms apply to H. MESSONNIER.

August 31. d1m

For Freight or Charter,

The Schooner HENRIETTA,

A good strong vessel, will carry 400 barrels, lying at the head of the basin. For terms apply on board, or to the subscriber, at the corner of Howard and Camden-streets.

WILLIAM BIRCKHEAD.

August 31. co3t

United States } *Circuit Court,*
DISTRICT of GEORGIA } *May term*, 1803.

To the heirs, executors, or administrators, of John Hall, late of Philadelphia, deceased, and of Gideon Dennison, late of Havre-de-Grace, in the state of Maryland, deceased.

WHEREAS it appeared to the said circuit court in and for the said district, on the equity side of the said court that John Hall and Gideon Dennison, deceased, were interested in a certain proportion of pine barren land, sold to John W Godfrey some time in the year of our Lord one thousand, seven hundred and ninety-five; from which sale, he seeks relief in the said court, against certain defendants as concerned in the said sale, all which appear by the proceedings had on two certain bills of the complainants of record in the said court: AND WHEREAS the said court did, by their order passed in the above term, direct that three months notice be publish in one of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Gazettes, notifying the above parties to appear and plead in the said causes, otherwise the court will pass such further order as should be deemed necessary to the progress of the said causes

YOU ARE, therefore, jointly and severally notified, and notice is hereby given unto you and each of you, pursuant to the said order, to be and appear before the honorable the judges of the said circuit court, at Louisville, being the seat of government of the said district, on or before the fifteenth day of December, and then and there make yourselves defendants in the said causes, otherwise the said court will pass such order or decree on your default, as will suit the merits of the case.

Dated at Savannah, and given under the seal of the circuit court of the United States, in and for the district of Georgia, this eighteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and three.

G WOODRUFF, Sol'r for compl't.

Certified by

RICHARD M. STILES,
Clk. Geo. Dist.

August 31. 1aw3m

Sale by Auction.

By virtue of a deed of trust from William Russell, esquire, to the subscriber, will be sold on Thursday, *the 22d day of September next, at the auction room of Lemmon and Campbell, at* 12 *o'clock in the forenoon,*

THE Valuable PLANTATION where Mr. Russell formerly resided, one mile and an half from Beams's tavern, and not more than seven miles from the city of Baltimore, containing about 140 acres, more or less On the premises are a good two-story frame dwelling house, and an adjoining building, containing a room and two bed chambers; also a stone kitchen, a milk house, smoke house, and other out houses. In the yard is a well of excellent water, and a fine spring about one hundred yards from the door. There are on the plantation a garden, and two orchards of choice fruit.

The property may be viewed any time previous to the day of sale, on application to Mr. Charles Wooden on the premises. The purchaser may have the privilege of putting in a crop immediately, and get possession the 1st of December next.

The terms of sale and title papers, will be made known at the time and place of sale above mentioned.

MARK PRINGLE.

August 4 co12S-d21S

Just Received,

And now landing at Bowly's wharf, from on board the brig Alert, John Wright, master, from Trinidad,

37 hhds. and } best SUGARS,
4 barrels }

Which are offered for sale on reasonable terms.

ALSO,

About 2,500l. sterling of British government bills. Apply to LEWIS FOULK.

August 17. d6t—2awtm

To the Voters of the City and County of Baltimore.

THOMAS BAILEY

TAKES the liberty to inform his former supporters, *as also the voters of Baltimore county generally*, that he intends again offering as a candidate for the OFFICE OF SHERIFF, at the next election, and respectfully solicits their friendship and support.

Baltimore county, July 26. 2aw