BY THIS DAY's MAILS.

NEW-YORK, July 23.

The following interesting article has been obligingly furnished to us, at our request, by a gentleman lately from Havana, whose sources and accuracy of information are unquestionable.

"Since the transactions respecting Mr. Gray, the late acting consul at Havana, (the accounts of which appear to have been already before the public) nothing definitive as to the delivery of his public papers has been done; the matter being ostensibly, reserved for the judgment and decision of the court of Spain. As to Mr. G's personal liberty, and eventual clearance, to his honor, not the smallest fears or doubts were entertained:—that gentleman was pursuing his private business as usual, unmolested, and doubtless will continue so.

In the whole prosecution of the late disgraceful measures against him, it would be difficult to give a clear and rational pretext either for its origin, or for the subsequent operations; the contrary and distracting councils and measures of the different officers of the government, defeating every attempt towards such an investigation.

At one time, the views of the subordinate officers would appear to have been confined chiefly to implicate the governor in the charge of having acknowledged and protected foreign agents, contrary to the laws of Spain, and thereby to injure him with his government, and to effect his removal.

It is a fact, however, pretty generally known, and which will no doubt be hereafter fully established, that the correspondence on this point, between the governor and the intendant-general, has been exculpatory of and honorable to Mr. Gray; the governor (whilst he denied having ever formally acknowledged either Mr. G. or his predecessor, Mr. Morton) having also declared that both those gentlemen, so far from opposing the laws of the country themselves, or encouraging such conduct in others, had comported themselves, during the whole of their residence, with much discretion; and had done every thing in their power to preserve the rights, peace and harmony of the two countries.

At other times, and on more recent occasions, it would appear as if the whole measures had been *concerted* to give a colorable pretext for the entire prevention of the residence of any public agent whomsoever; for the proclamations and messages of the governor on that subject, have been repeated ofteners, and in a more peremptory manner, than the mere support of his first assertions rendered absolutely necessary.

The gentleman lately appointed by Mr. Jefferson to that Island, has already been the object of this jealous spirit of the government; and to such a degree that, if persisted in (of which there was every appearance) it must not only frustrate the execution of a great part of his official duties, and subject our commerce to still greater injuries and interruptions, but lead eventually to an entire abandonment of his office.

The numerous and atrocious depredations committed upon our vessels in those seas, by the French and Spanish renegadoes, who find a shelter in all the ports of Cuba, furnish too frequent occasions for the interference and remonstrances of a public agent, to render him acceptable to a government, which, by taking no effectual means to prevent, in a manner countenances the outrages of which such a resident would complain. He has already been interdicted from appearing before the governor on cases of such emergency; his excellency restricting the unfortunate applicants to the medium of his interpreters and notaries who, even if disposed, dare not to record or interpret facts in the garb of truth, and with that elucidation in which they should appear.

The future prospects for redress in that quarter, may then be easily estimated. Those whose claims remain unsettled will probable abandon them in despair; and the new cases, still likely to arise will not be considered hereafter as worth being presented for a hearing at all!

It is from these circumstances, the belief strongly arises that the measures against Mr. Gray had a further view than was declared; and it will also, in consequence, be more readily inferred that his inflexible firmness, and strict integrity, had alone made him an unsuitable character for the present times, in that hemisphere."

A Novelty.—Yesterday a man by the name of Durant, for a wager of fifty dollars, sailed from the Fly-market wharf, to and from Brooklyn, in a small *ship* of only 7 feet in length, of his own construction, and completely rigged by himself. Besides the man, this little vessel had upwards of fifty pounds of ballast. The man was placed midship, and had tiller ropes round his arms to steer by. The wind being fresh from the southward, the sails of the little ship were all filled; and, with her streamers flying made a handsome appearance. The novelty of the circumstance drew crouds of people to the wharves.

Arrived yesterday, the brig Peggy, Hughes, in 45 days from the Isle of May. Left ship Alexander, Roach, of Boston, to sail in 10 days; brig Rebecca, of Boston, to sail the next day; and an hermaphrodite brig just arrived from Dublin. Spoke July 20, off the E. end of Long-Island, the ship Fabius, of New-York, 24 hours from Newport, R. I. for the river of Plate. June 4, was boarded by the British armed ship Eugene, from Goree, with an intention of pressing men, which they did not effect, as they were repulsed by the captain and crew of the Peggy, notwithstanding the fire of their musketry, &c. July 8, in lat. 34, 47, long. 69, schooner Richmond, 11 days from New-Haven for Barbados.

Same day, brig Eliza, Hallowell, from Leghorn, via, Gibraltar, 50 days. Left ship Abeona, Clark, of Providence, to sail in 30 days; ship Friends, of Philadelphia, to sail for India in 6 days; *ship Nancy, Williams, of Baltimore for do. in 15 days*; brig Dispatch, of Boston; brig Telemachus, of Salem, in 13 days. At Gibraltar, the *ship Ann, of Baltimore, with public stores, bound up to Syracuse*; brig Drake, of Alexandria, to sail in 4 days. Spoke July 7, in lat. 25, 30, long. 61, brig Sally, Somes, 12 days from Portland for St. Lucea. On Saturday, Sandy Hook bearing N. W. and by W. 45 leagues, schooner Liberty 24 hours from New-York for Trinidad. On Saturday week, in lat. 31, was boarded by a French privateer, 10 days from Guadaloupe, and treated very roughly. She also boarded in sight, an outer bound schooner. Informed by the privateer, that the French fleet had stripped Guadaloupe & Martinique of white troops and gone to Ireland! Passengers, *Mr. A. Levering, of Baltimore*, Mr. L. U. Marks, of Savannah, Mr. Jacob Trummer.

Same day, the *schooner Mary-Ann, Allen, in 8 days from Baltimore.*

The ship Dart, captain Tinker, in 45 days from Cadiz, arrived in the Sound last Sunday, and in coming through Hellgate, on Monday morning, during a thick fog, she got ashore on the Mill-Rock, and has bilged. The cargo, consisting of wine and some staves that she carried out with her, will be saved. The vessel and cargo belonged to Mr. John G. Warren, of this city. Captain Tinker informs, that the ship Cotton-Planter, Scofield, for New-York, sailed 8 days before him—he left at Cadiz, ships Charles, Abeona, Adriana, and Hare, all of New-York; the latter arrived 9 days before the Dart sailed; Washington, Alexander Hamilton, and President, all of Newbedford; an eastern brig for Philadelphia, ready for sea, and several others. Spoke, June 25, in lat. 36, the brig Ann, Parker, 52 days from Marseilles, for New-York. July 6, ship Brilliant, 10 days from New-York; and a French privateer schooner, 8 days from do. on a cruize. When the Dart left Cadiz, the port was blockaded by 3 British frigates and 4 brigs. Markets dull—flour 10 dollars—tobacco on the decline. The Dart arrived at Cadiz from Gibraltar on the 21st May, and lay there till 8th June, and was not permitted to land her staves.

Cleared, ships Thursday, Cornell, Trinidad, Cuba: Lydia, Roorbach, Havana; Columbia, Lewis, Lisbon; brigs Cyprus, Smith, Havana; Sarah, Rice, Barbados; Eliza, Henry, Havana; Diana, Hitch, New-Bedford; schooners Columbia, West, Havana; Little Edward, Johnson, Guadaloupe; Only-Daughter, Amazon, Guadaloupe.

The city inspector reports the death of 61 persons (of whom 18 were men, 8 women, 21 boys and 14 girls) during the week ending on Saturday last, viz. Of flux 16, apoplexy 3, bursting of a blood-vessel 1, cholera morbus 1, consumption 6, convulsions 5, debility 1, decay 2, dropsy 4, dropsy in the head 1, dysentery 2, epilepsy 1, remittent fever 1, typhus fever 1, hives 1, inflammation 1, inflammation of the lungs 2, influenza 1, intemperance 1, old age 1, palsy 1, scurvy 1, and 6 of sudden death; one of them in consequence of a fall, four by drinking cold water, and a man found dead between Bloomingdale and Kingsbridge. Of the whole number, 18 were of or under the age of 1 year, 6 between 1 and 2, 8 between 2 and 5, 1 between 5 and 10, 2 between 10 and 20, 7 between 20 and 30, 5 between 30 and 40, 5 between 40 and 50, 5 between 50 and 60, 2 between 60 and 70, 1 between 70 and 80, and 1 between 90 and 100.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.

Extract of a letter from Malaga to a respectable house in this city, dated May 19th.

"Since my last, grain has experienced a considerable fall, and wheat has been sold from 50 to 74 reals per fanega in the interior—Italian corn at 40 reals *on board*—barley 70 reals—and flour was lately offered at 13 dollars per barrel; but at this moment from the want of fresh supplies, and the constant demand for the interior, we are begining to entertain serious doubts whether the approaching harvest will realise the favorable opinion formed of its early appearance. Wheat has risen 25 reals per fanega, and government has determined to prohibit its exportation. It is now generally believed, and confirmed by good information, that the present harvest will be but middling, and that wheat will shortly be at 6 hard dollars.

"It is certain that the weather we have experienced it so variable, wet, cold, and at intervals injuriously hot, that nothing favorable yet appears, and the crops on the contrary begin to assume a weak and sickly aspect, the probable effect of the unpropitious state of the earth. You may safely count on flour throughout the year being worth 12 to 15 dollars per barrel."

Arrived, schr. Minerva, Bird, N. York, 4 days; sloop Jane, York, Portland 16; Three-Sisters, Oliphant, Richmond, 8; Good-Intent, Gifford, do. 8; Mary-Ann, Anderson, New-York, 2; Venus, Yorke, Passamaquody, 15; Falmouth, Johnson, do. 15.

Came up, schr. Samuel, Cullen, Gonaives.

Cleared, ship Amelia, Mathews, London; brig Cyrus, Dagget, Boston; schr. Roebuck, Reynegan, Martinique; Adventure, Adlington, New-York; sloop Olive Branch, Sturdivan, Portland.

Ship Sally & Hetty, Evans, of this port, sailed from Leghorn the 3d of May for Madeira.

NORFOLK, July 20.

Arrived, ship Spy, Farwell, 14 days from Guadaloupe. Sailed in company with the schooner Jefferson, Baker, for Philadelphia.

British brig Betsy, Thomson, 70 days from Galway.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, July 25.

Captain Hallowell, of the brig Eliza, from Leghorn, via Gibraltar, bears dispatches from captain Decatur, of the Congress, then at Leghorn, for our government. It was expected that an immediate war would take place between the emperor of Morocco and the United States. There were already two Moorish frigates out cruizing for Americans. The United States brig Syren, captain Stewart, had taken his station off Gibraltar, and was ordered to cruise between Cape Spartel and Mogadore, to intercept any prizes that these frigates might make. On the 16th May captain Hallowell was chased and fired at by a Tripolitan Xebec of 17 guns, but escaped by superior sailing: at this time she was only 8 hours sail from the Congress. The Algerine fleet were out consisting of the Glory, of 44 guns; Hugium Mustapha, of 44; Hassan Bashaw brig of 18; and were cruizing for Neapolitans and Genoese. They treated captain H. with particular politeness. A Portuguese fleet of two 74's and a frigate were cruizing in the Gut of Gibraltar.

Eight days ago, off Bermuda, was boarded by a French privateer only 10 days from Bassaterre, G. who informed that the French fleet under admiral Villeneuve, had taken on board all the white troops both at Martinique and Guadaloupe, and that their destination was positively for Ireland.

Captain Hallowell further informs us, that it was hourly expected that the British ships at Gibraltar would be burnt by fire ships from Algeziras. Captain H. has letters from American prisoners at Tripoli.

[*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*]

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Norfolk, July 19.

By Captain Farwell, of the ship Spy, in 14 days from Guadaloupe, we learn, that the day before he sailed, the Governor informed him, that he was determined that all Americans which were in future taken trading to or from St. Domingo, should be put to death, and that official orders to take effect, would issue the next day.

In the Spy came passengers, captains Harding, of this port; Gillies, of N. York; and *Gilpin, of Baltimore*, with their crews; the vessels which they commanded had been some time since captured.

Captain F. says, that in Guadaloupe, it was generally imagined, that the fleet had sailed for France.

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A gentleman from Martinique mentions, that the combined fleets sailed from that island very abruptly, in consequence (as was supposed) of hearing that Nelson was to windward. Many articles which were prepared to go on board the fleet, were left on shore, particularly a quantity of provisions. [*Boston paper.*]

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William and Mary College Lottery.

Yesterday the drawing of this lottery terminated in a manner equally unexpected and unpleasant. As few tickets remained, it was certain that the drawing would finish in the early part of the day. The ten thousand dollar prize had not been drawn, and the last drawn ticket being a prize of ten thousand dollars, made this day's drawing extremely interesting. Accordingly a large concourse of persons were assembled, expectation was on tiptoe, and speculation great; tickets sold towards the latter part of the drawing at three hundred dollars each. About 12 o'clock the drawing finished, but behold there was no ten thousand dollar prize in the wheel. This circumstance occasioned no small degree of astonishment to all present, and to none more than the managers, who knew that it was put into the wheel. An examination immediately took place, when the mystery was cleared up; it appeared clearly, that there had been a mistake in calling the ten thousand dollar prize, a five hundred dollar prize, as there is one more five hundred dollar prize recorded than was put in the wheel. This mistake, for a mistake it can only be supposed, is attended with some uneasiness; in addition to which, it appears, there is one number short, not having been put into the wheel.

[*Ledger.*]

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A London paper, in noticing lord Melville's request to be heard in the house of commons on the charge brought against him, remarks—

We believe that peers have from the earliest times been admitted into the house of commons, either to defend themselves, or for other purposes. The mode of receiving a peer is stated in Mr. Hatsell's excellent book of precedents. He is attended from the door of the house by the sergeant at arms, with the mace, making three obeisances to the house; a chair is set for him within the bar, on the left hand as he enters, in which he sits down covered, the speaker informing him that there is a chair for his lordship to repose himself in. When he rises to speak in his own defence, he speaks uncovered. He may be admitted into the house as soon as the member who is to move the impeachment rises. When that member has finished his speech, the peer gets up, and after he has finished, he withdraws, making the same obeisances to the house; the sergeant with the mace accompanying him to the door. The last peer admitted into the house was lord Balcarras, on the 27th of May, 1779, who was examined relative to sir William Howe's conduct in America, and had a chair set for him within the bar.

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The following is an official account of the number of deaths at Gibraltar, during the prevalence of the epidemic fever there last fall:

Officers,	54
Soldiers,	864
Soldier's wives and children,	164
Inhabitants,	4864
Total,	5946

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Whitewash for houses; or Varnish for out walls.

A correspondent has communicated the following receipt for making whitewash, which he says, he has used for a long time, and recommended it to many, to whom it has always given satisfaction: Take, in the following proportion: 1 peck of lime, from the kiln, dissolve it in skimmed milk, add 1 lb. of common turpentine (not spirits of) and half peck of fine white sand, boil the whole for at least half an hour, & continue to keep it boiling hot until laid on with a brush. It need not be mentioned that it must be well stirred, in order to render the mixture complete. This varnish is permanent, and more impervious to the weather than any other in use. If there be any moss on the wall, it must be carefully taken off, otherwise the lime will destroy the moss, and become open. [*Wilmington Museum.*]

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SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH LOTTERY.

Eighteenth day's drawing.

150 tickets drawn this day, among which were the following prizes, viz.

Prize of 100 *dollars*:
No. 2939.
Prize of 50 *dollars*:
No. 2791.

One prize of 10 *dollars, and* 55 *of* 6 *dollars.*

Gain of the wheel this day, 89 *dollars and* 75 *cents.*

Adjourned till Saturday next, July 27th at 3 *o'clock P. M.*

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A schooner from Marblehead, commanded by captain Smithhorst, drifting out of the harbor of Passamaquody, whilst her papers as usual, were in the custom-house, was met by a British armed brig, which sent her barge on board and took possession of her. Some gentlemen from East-Port, and the custom-house officers, who had gone down for the purpose of taking the papers on board the schr. went along-side, were at first forbidden to come on board, whilst the British midshipman (pointing to a particular man) ordered him on board; he refusing, they lashed him and another man round the neck, and dragged them on board the brig; at length the custom-house officer was suffered to come on board; after relating the circumstances, demanded a reason for the schooner's detention, and informed them they were under the American flag; and had the vessel's register and people's protections; the lieutenant damned their flag, register and protections, and ordered all of them, except the two they had lashed, on board the boat. The captain of the schr. requesting to see the custom-house officer, received a violent blow from one of the British. Through the intercession of the gentlemen from Eastport and St. Andrews, the two men were released, after having been in prison three day; but the vessel is still retained at St. George. The conduct of the British officers towards our countrymen would disgrace an Algerine.

[*N. H. Gaz.*]

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Married, by the Rev. Dr. Rattoone, on the 20th inst. Mr. *John Williams*, to Mrs. *Sophia Drowan*, both of this city.

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From the Merchant's Coffee-House Books.

July 23.

Arrived, sloop Nancy, Hamilton, 16 days from Havana—sugar—the master. Left there the 7th inst. a brig just arrived from Baltimore, and a great number of American vessels, among which were two pilot-boat built schooners belonging to Baltimore, names not recollected. Off the Double Headed Shot, spoke ship Amphion, of N. York, bound to Havana, out 40 days.

There were no cruisers of any kind off Havana.

Port of Baltimore.

ENTERED,

Ship	Mary, Stafford,	Tonnigen
Brig	Orion, M'Ray,	Port-au-Prince
Schr.	John, Nelson,	Havana
	Eclipse, Davis,	Miraguane
	Adeline, Dameron,	Barracoa
	Five-Sisters, Bates,	Boston
	Harmony, Elwell,	Penobscot
	Betsy, Slye,	Washington, N. C.
	Chesapeake, Hurst,	Jacmel
Sloop	Elphida, Benson,	New-York
	Rising-Sun, Bertram,	New-York

CLEARED,

Brig	Active, Silvester,	Surinam
	South-West, Boyle,	Havana
	Potomac, Tupper,	Barbados
Schr.	Two-Brothers, Watts,	West-Indies
	Farmer's Fancy, Nicholson,	Currituck
	Hornet, Macy,	Jamaica

Sale by Auction.

On Saturday Evening, at 4 o'clock, will be sold,



The Ship
HANNAH,
Lying at Chase's wharf, burthen 163 49-85 tons, or about 1300 barrels, well calculated for the Mediterranean or West-India trade, being a remarkably fast sailer, and extremely well found, *as per inventory*, on board or at the auction room. Terms 4, 6 and 8 months, for approved endorsed negociable notes.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auc's.

July 25.

Sale by Auction.

On WEDNESDAY next,
The 31st inst. at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at No. 34, Market-street, will be sold,
A quantity of household furniture, consisting of beds, beadsteads, tables, chairs, looking glasses, bureaus, side board, &c. &c.
Also,
A negro boy about 9 years old.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auc's.

July 26.

A young healthy Woman

Having lost her infant, would go into any genteel family, as a Wet Nurse. Enquire of the printers.

July 25. eo3t||

For Sale,

A NEGRO WOMAN about 25 years old, accustomed to house work, and her male Child, about 8 months old. Enquire of the printers. July 25. d

For Sale, or to Let,

A handsome two-story BRICK HOUSE in Franklin-street, a few doors from Isaac Phillips & Co's, and adjoining Mr. John Lynche's. There is perhaps no part of the city where the air is so pure and salubrious, as on this high and pleasant situation. For terms apply to

JOHN LYNCH.

July 25. 1aw3t||

For Varel,



The Ship
MERCURY,
The greatest part of the cargo being engaged, the remainder will be taken on moderate freight. Apply to GEORGE REPOLD, & ALBERT SPEKAMP, or JOHN BOLTE,

Ship Broker.

July 25, eo8t

For Sale, Freight or Charter,



The Ship
GENERAL GREEN,
Burthen 239½ tons per register; a strong, northern-built vessel; carries from 400 to 450 hogsheads; well found in every respect, and all her materials of excellent quality; can be sent to sea in a few days, having had considerable repairs in Liverpool. For further particulars apply to GEORGE HILL, or JOHN MUNNIKHUYSEN.

July 25. d3teo4t

Carpenter's Tools for Sale.

Will be Sold by Auction, by order of the orphan's court,

A Large assortment of CARPENTER'S TOOLS, & HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, being part of the estate of Frederick Pomphrey, deceased. Sale to commence at four o'clock on *Saturday*, the 3d of August, at his late dwelling in Whiskey-alley, near the Dunkard meeting-house.

MARY POMPHREY,
Administratrix of F. P.

July 25. d8t

Valuable Property for Sale.

The Subscriber will sell at private sale,

That valuable Property where he resides, fronting on Paca-street twenty-six feet, and binding on Mulberry-street, on which are erected three handsome brick buildings.

Also,

Seven Lots of Ground, situate on Ross-street and Washington-street.

Also,

A Lot of Ground, fronting on South Howard-street twenty-three feet.

Also,

One other Lot, situate near the Reister's-town turnpike gate.

All this property will be sold low, as the Subscriber intends removing to the western country. JACOB MOORE.

July 25. eo3t||

Caroline Mills for Sale.

WILL be sold at public sale on the premises, on the 2d day of the 9th month, (September) next, a merchant and country mill, with 170 acres of land, on which are sufficient houses for the accommodation of millers and others; situate on the river Rappahannock, about two miles below the town of Port Royal, on a stream of water sufficient for three water wheels and four pair of stones, at almost all seasons of the year; is in the best wheat county perhaps in the state, where no competion can be dreaded and is on tide water.

The merchant mill has two overshot water wheels and three pair of five feet Burr stones, with every apparatus for manufacturing flour to the best advantage, is capable of making ten thousand barrels of flour annually.

The country mill is nearly adjoining the other, has one overshot water wheel, and one pair of five feet Burr stones, is surrounded by wealthy farmers, who have large families and it is known that the profits arising from this country mill alone will more than pay the interest of the money which the whole is supposed to be worth: in short this whole property is thought by judges to be the most valuable of the kind in the state of Virginia, and is sold in consequence of the death of Aquila Jenney, to enable the subscriber to close the concerns of the late partnership of Aquila and Elisha Janney.

Terms of sale will be one fourth in cash, or an approved negociable note at sixty days; the balance in three equal payments, at six, nine and twelve months, bearing interest from the day of sale, and to be secured in such manner as may be determined on and made known at the time and place of sale.

ELISHA JANNEY,
Surviving partner.

7th mo. 25th. 2aw

Notice.

THERE are now in the Baltimore Powder-Magazine sundry parcels of Powder; the owners of which are informed, that unless the storage on it is discharged on or before the 8th of August ensuing, it will be sold to defray the same.

By order,

CHARLES HERBERT,
Superintendant.

July 23. tu3t||