rangements under the mediation of Russia. The finances of the young and spirited Swedish monarch, are represented as in an embarrassed state, and that an emission of *iron money* and *paper money* is talked of in his dominions. Several French generals, who were lately at Berlin, were entertained at dinner by the Prussian monarch! In the Italian kingdom the Roman code of laws has been superceded by the Neapolean code. By the following paragraph it appears that the predicted change in the affairs of the little republic of Lucca was about to take place. Some of the stipulations of the authorities of Lucca, would deserve commendation, were there not reason to believe them mere baits, to induce the people to consent to the surrender of their independence.

GENOA, June 10.

The constituted authorities of Lucca, at the sitting of the 4th June, passed a decree, to be offered to the people for their acceptance; in which it is declared, 1st. That his majesty the emperor of France and king of Italy, be requested to give a new constitution to Lucca, and to establish the government in the family of a prince exclusively of a female succession. 2d. That the Apostolical Roman religion shall be maintained, the independence of the state and the national representation shall be preserved, and the equality of rights and of liberty civil and apostolical; that titles and privileges of birth shall be excluded, with exception only of the *reigning* family; that primogenitures and entails should be abolished; that public services and trusts should be conferred only upon citizens of Lucca, excepting in the judicatures, and finally that the payment of the public debt should be secured.

The following account of LUCCA is extracted from MORSE'S Gazetteer.

"Lucca, a republic of Italy, lying on the Tuscan sea. It is 20 miles in length, and 10 in breadth. The soil does not produce much corn, but there is plenty of wine, oil, silk, wool and chesnuts. Their oil, in particular, is in high esteem; and the common people usually eat chesnuts, instead of bread.

"The head of this republic has the name of Gonfalonier, who has the executive power, together with a council of 9 members, who are changed every 2 months; but the legislative authority is lodged in a senate of 200 of the principal persons, who ballot for the choice of all officers. The number of souls in the city and its 150 villages, is computed at upwards of 120,000, of whom between 20,000 and 30,000 are able to bear arms. The industry of the people in improving every spot of their ground, is equally surprising and commendable."

STOCKHOLM, May 28.

No surprise will be occasioned upon knowing that the king of Sweden has chosen the time of his presence in the camp of Scania, to publish his orders for the reform of many of his regiments. The great poverty of the public treasury obliges this measure, which excites great discontent among the officers. Mention is made of a new emission of iron money, and what is worse, of paper money. The English subsidies will be of great benefit to our finances; but the king of Prussia and the prince of Russia have unequivocally given their opinion on this subject, that for our young prince to accept the guineas of Mr. Pitt, is equal to a promise to pay by the blood of twenty thousand Swedes.

NEW-YORK, August 27.

We mentioned yesterday, that a British 50 gun-ship, and a frigate were cruising off Sandy-Hook. This is partly incorrect. One of the ships is the Cleopatra frigate from Halifax; and the other a sloop of war from Bermuda, on her first cruise, being just off the stocks. They yesterday boarded the brig Lydia, from St. Bartholomews; and detained the brig Ceres two hours.

Arrived, the brig Lydia, Sowle, (late of Charleston) in 21 days from St. Bartholomews. Left, the schr. ——, Weston, to sail in a few days for N. York. Spoke, August 19, in lat. 33, 30, long. 71, schr. Ann Pennock, 16 days from Martinique for Philadelphia. On Sunday, 10 miles from the Highlands, captain Sowle was boarded by a Bermudian-built sloop of war —the frigate Cleopatra, from Halifax, at a small distance. Captain Sowle, when boarded, was not more than ten miles from the Hook. The Lydia came into the Hook in company with the brig Ceres, from St. Croix, which had been detained 2 hours by the Cleopatra.

The brig Ceres, Zuill, in 18 days from St. Croix. Spoke, August 24, sloop James, 42 days from Madeira for Philadelphia. Was boarded off Sandy-Hook by the Cleopatra frigate, and detained 2 hours.

The sch'r Experiment, Phillips, in 4 days from Fredericksburg.

Cleared, ship Grace, Matthews, Belfast; sloop Amelia, Hollister, Charleston.

TRENTON, August 26.

A call of a meeting of the democratic associators of Gloucester appeared in our neighbor-in-law's paper of the 12th inst. signed by *Jacob Glover* as secretary. The meeting is to be held this day at Woodbury, when matters of great *pith* and *moment* will be decided. Mr. Glover observes in his advertisement.

"At this important period, when our brethren of Pennsylvania are so nobly exerting themselves to purge out the remaining dregs of Monarchy, Aristocracy and Tyranny, we earnestly solicit the assistance of our democratic *republican* brethren in the *several counties* in this state in supporting such candidates *only* at the ensuing election, as will at the next session abolish British statute and common law, pass a plain practice act, an arbitration law, raise the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, &c. &c. whereby justice may be rendered *cheap* and *speedy*, and the industrious part of the community be released from the rapacious fangs of lawyers and other idle drones, &c. &c."

To back this call and support the principles here avowed, James Sloan comes out last week with about two columns of his mad ravings; in which he denounces *old men* and *men of property*, as being unfit for legislators. He complains of the supineness of the two last democratic legislatures, and says that they have done nothing in reforming the public administration of government, but permittd things to remain in as bad a situation as they were under the federalists. A change of men, he complains, has produced no change of measures, and the labors of the *patriots*, he tells us, have resulted in nothing but putting the *outs in* and the *ins out*—Nay, "that banks and incorporated companies, the genuine progenitors of *monied aristocracies*, dangerous to the liberties of the people, have increased in a manner *before unparalleled* in the state." Another revolution is therefore necessary, and the people are called upon to turn out their present democratic rulers and elect *only* such as will consant to "abolish the common law and stop the lawyers from pleading in conrts of justice." Mr. Sloan speaks against electing *old men* as members of the legislature. This seems to be strange doctrine for an old man to preach who has lately eagerly sought and obtained a seat in congress—but the fact is, (though out of *delicacy* he probably declined mentioning it) his *son* is to be held up as a candidate for the legislature, in place of Mr. *Joseph Cooper*, the oldest and most experienced man in the present Gloucester representation! Mr. *Glover*, who is sheriff of the county, deserves also to be heard in his denunciations against the *lawyers*. He has lately been amerced in about *thirty actions*, through the instrumentality of lawyers, acting for their clients, who have unreasonably been kept out of their just dues by his neglect.

"We'll pull the learn'd & doctors down,
"And high then up go we,"

Seems to be the prevailing maxim of these men. We hope they will go on in their experiments; and since they confess that the men whom they elevated to office and power, prove to be only the "dregs of monarchy, aristocracy and tyranny," that they will look elsewhere in future for legislators and rulers than in their own party, where *such dregs* so much abound.

PHILADELPHIA, August 27.

We lately proposed some interesting queries to the friends of the correspondent of Mazzei and Paine; to which we solicited answers. As none have yet appeared, and as it may probably take some time to make the necessary enquiries, it may not be amiss, in order to render the solution of the question more satisfactory, that we should be somewhat more explicit. We therefore re-state the queries in the following manner:—

1. Did Thomas Jefferson, in the year 1781, write a letter to the *traitor* Arnold, at that time commanding the troops of his Britannic majesty in Virginia?—If so,

2. Did that letter express a wish to know on what terms he, T. J. might receive the pardon and protection of his majesty?

3. Did Edward Livingston, in the year 1801, go to Canada, for the express purpose of procuring the original, or a copy of that letter, then in the hands of an inhabitant of that country?

4. Had not Edward Livington, previous to his appointment as district attorney, the original, or a copy of the said letter? and does he not now possess one or the other?

5. Had the latter circumstance (if true) any influence in procuring for him the said appointment? and why are not the United States at this moment, in possession of the 100,000 dollars out of which they have been permitted to be swindled, to serve political purposes?

6. Is there not an authenticated copy of the letter now in the hands of a gentleman of this city? [*Phil. Gaz.*]

August 28.

HEALTH-OFFICE,
August 27.

The board of Health, in conformity to their promise, beg leave to inform their fellow citizens, that nothing materially different from their last report has occured in the district of Southwark. By a careful attention to the removal of the sick, under the direction of Providence, they hope to be able soon to announce the entire extinction of the disease. They feel happy to state that not a single instance of malignant fever has come to the knowledge of the Board within the limits of the city.

By order of the Board,
DAVID JACKSON,
President pro tem.
WILLIAM BINDER, *Sec'ry.*

Arrived at the lazaretto, ship Columbia, Isle of France; schr. Ceres, King, Martinico, 17 days: Wilmington, Thompson, St. Pierres, 18.

Cleared, brig Superior, Denabre, Martinique; schr. Rhoda, Green, St. Thomas.

At Havana, August 9.

[*By the Sea-Nymph, Light, at the lazaretto.*]

Eliza Vickery, Dickey, for Baltimore, in 3 or 4 days; Phenix, Maxwell of Boston, for Porland, 6 days; Alligator, Graham, Philadelphia, 8 days; Pallas, Lake, for Portsmouth, 5 days; Iris, Russel, for Salem, 18 days; *Greyhound, Gardner, of Baltimore, just arrived; Prudence, Finnegan, ditto, ditto; Fanny Hancock, ditto, ditto;* Eliza, Kitchel, for Charleston, 10 days; Ann, Rorey, for ditto, 1 day; Betsy and Sally, Fuller, ditto, 4 days; Anna, Fairchild, for N. York, 10 days; Alert, Herrick; Jane, Burroughs, Savannah, just arrived; Harriet & Ann, Deval, New-York, ditto; schr. Three Friends, Kendrick, of Boston, bound to an out-port; ship Sally, Endicott, of Salem, for N. York, in 7 days; brig Massafuero, Ariadne, Salem, 10 days; schr. Minerva, Silver, for Salem, just arrived; brig Ruth and Mary, Russel, for Philadelphia, to sail in 2 days; ship Good Friends, Earl, ditto, ditto; brig Greenwich, Remington, ditto, ditto.

YORK, (Pa.) August 22.

FIRE!

On the night of Saturday last, about one o'clock the inhabitants of this town were by the cry of fire called to a scene of devastation, which proved to be in the barn of John Hay, esq. This, together with several of the adjoining buildings, were so instantaneously enveloped in flames, that every exertion on the part of the inhabitants to preserve them, proved ineffectual. By this dreadful calamity, the barn of John Hay, esq. in which the fire originated, together with its valuable contents, consisting of between 6 and 800 bushels of grain, a house the property of Dr. John Rouse, occupied by John Glessner as a tavern, a brick building belonging to James Smyth, esq. and another dwelling-house the property of Mr. Shmuck, with several other buildings, fell a prey to the devouring element. The distresses of this night deprived two families of their residence, together with a considerable part of their property.

The spirited exertions of the citizens, and a calm atmosphere, prevented the conflagration from being much greater, as the buildings were very compactly situated.

This repeated instance in this borough of fire originating in a barn, has excited a suspicion that there are again evil-minded persons among us; and in consequence the burgesses have offered one hundred dollars reward for detecting the incendiary.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, *AUGUST* 29.

Nothing more strongly marks the progress of an active decomposition of putrefactive matter, than an unusual and instantaneous increase of flies. During the whole of the very dry weather which we have had, this operation of nature has in a great measure been suspended; and flies, whose period of existence is but short, have generally *died off*, without that reproduction of this insect which would have taken place in a more humid state of the atmosphere. The late sultry rain, however, has already brought into existence a new crop; and although the moisture we now experience has had a continuance of but a few hours, the increase of this insect is a tolerable barometer whereby to ascertain the putrefactive state of the air.

The foregoing remark may not have occurred to every one, and it is now made to shew the immense importance of an industrious application of those anti-putrescents, called *soap suds, lime, & pulverized charcoal*, to every thing and place around and about our houses, cellars, yards, privies, &c. nor should the broom or elbow-grease be spared in any alley or gutter where the water can stand for an hour, much less till it becomes green. As for those houses under which the water collects and leaves a green matter attached to the ground, they are no better than *yellow-fever* beds.

If the unparalleled health which we have enjoyed, be owing to our attention to cleanliness, let us not lose our labor now, by remissness, when another month will give us a relaxation without danger.

Extract of a letter to a merchant in Philadelphia, dated Cadiz, 3rd July, 1805.

"The last cargo of flour sold here at 9 dollars, but the purchasers have stored it in expectation of a rise.

"The blockade of Cadiz was rigorously resumed early in June. St. Lucar is also blockaded. There are not 20 American vessels here, and in two weeks scarcely any will remain. A considerable failure of a wheat speculator has lately taken place—and others are expected to follow.

"The inhabitants are perfectly healthy, and, if rigorous quarantines will keep them so, they have nothing to fear on that score.

"By the 12th article of the health regulations, issued by the marquis Salano, on the 28th of June, it is declared, that every vessel from the United States of America, at whatever season she may have sailed, shall perform a quarantine of observation of 20, 30 or 40 days, or the number which shall appear necessary, to be well assured that they are free from contagion.

"The old duty on flour imported here, was revived on the 1st of this month, and a new duty of 11-2 per cent. on importations in general was exacted for the first time, about 10 days ago without any previous notice."

FIRE-COMPANIES.

On the 22d February last, the committees from the several fire-companies met at James Bryden's, and unanimously agreed to and adopted the following, to wit:

"Whereas the operations of the several officers attached to the respective companies are much obstructed, in not recognising from the marks of distinction the officers of the same rank of other companies—And whereas a knowledge of each brother *laneman, property-man*, &c. immediately recognised by his mark of distinction, would produce an unison of operations—It is

"*Resolved*, That this joint committee do earnestly recommend to our several and respective companies, of which we are members, each to appoint a committee of *three*, to confer & establish an uniformity of badge or mark of distinction, for the several officers attached to their respective companies.

"And whereas there are various classes of officers in some companies distinct and different from the officers of other companies —And whereas the several companies which we now represent upon the general principles of regulations, are all aiming at the same object and end, an uniformity of principle or constitution to govern our actions would tend to an uniformity of operations—It is therefore

"*Resolved*, That this joint committee do further earnestly recommend to our several & respective companies, of which we are members, to take into their serious consideration, at their next meeting, the propriety of a joint committee of *three* from each company being appointed to form one concise and complete constitution, as a fundamental principle for the government of the several companies."

In conformity to the foregoing proceedings, several of the fire-companies have appointed committees——Those companies that have not yet made appointments are earnestly requested at their NEXT MEETING to appoint committees to be prepared to meet the several committees early in next month (September) when a meeting will be called to carry the foregoing resolves into effect, and to embrace the benefits of an act of the corporation, passed last session, which provides *for the more effectual organization of the several fire-companies, and to give energy to their exertions.*

The winter season is approaching, which requires immediate attention—and from the known zeal of the members of the several fire-companies, a full and complete representation is expected.

*** *The several printers are requested to give the above a place in their papers two or three times, or as often as convenient.*

August 29, 1805.

The passengers on board the ship Ritson, from Bordeaux, arrived yesterday at this port, take this method to give a public testimony of their sincere gratitude to capt. GEORGE WAKEFIELD for the manifold attentions he has shewn them, during the whole of the passage.

Mr. & Mrs. MORRITSON.
Mrs. SMITH,
Mrs. LATOUR,
MADAME FOURNIER,
Mr. BOUCHONNY,
Mr. CAZEAUX,
LEWIS DU BOURG.

Baltimore, August 29, 1805.

Thomas S. Sheppard
Has just Received,
A Few hogsheads of choice PICKLING VINEGAR, and a quantity of fresh HEMP SEED—for sale wholesale or retail.
August 29. eo3t

A Wet Nurse wanted.
A Healthy Woman, with a good breast of milk, will hear of a good situation by applying to the printers hereof. One from the country would be prefered.
August 29. d3t

Red Cedar and Locust Posts.
FOUR Hundred *capital* Red Cedar and a few Locust POSTS, for sale at the head of the basin, next to the tobacco inspecting house, by LEVINUS CLARKSON.
August 29. 2aw

Wants a place,
In a wholesale or retail store,
A YOUNG MAN from the country, who can be well recommended for his integrity and sobriety. Apply to the printers.
August 29. eo3t

For Sale,
(For want of employ)
A stout healthy Negro MAN, who has been employed in a garden for eight or nine years past—*Also*, an active Negro BOY, about twelve years of age. Enquire at this office.
August 29. d10t

A young Woman
FROM the country, who can come well recommended, *wants a place* in a genteel family: she can do plain sewing and other light house work, or would be willing to undertake the care of a child.
Apply at 15, Saratoga-street, nearly opposite the Dutch Roman chapel.
August 29. eo3t||

A Person
QUALIFIED to teach the Greek and Latin Languages, and first branches of the Mathematics, and would be willing to engage as a Tutor in a private family, may meet with an advantageous situation by calling on the printers. None need apply but such as can bring satisfactory certificates of his qualifications and character—and to such a very liberal salary will be given.
August 29. d

A Stray Cow.
STRAYED from the lower end of Hanover-street, on Friday, the 23d instant, a middle-sized COW, of the following description: her color light red, a bell suspended to a leather collar round her neck, white face, brown spots over each eye and under the throat, white belly, a white spot between the shoulders, right hind leg white. A suitable reward will be paid for her if brought to 105, Hanover-street.
August 29. d3t

Molasses.
40 hhds. just received per Gold's Norfolk Packet
Also on hand,
Muscovado Sugar and Holland Gin,
For sale by JOHN RANDALL,
95, Bowly's wharf.
August 27. d4t

Just Imported,
And FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
London particular Madeira Wine, in pipes and half pipes, fit for immediate use
20 cases of 1 dozen each White Creaming Champaigne
20 do. of 1 dozen each Pink Champaigne, partridge eye
A small cask Red Verzenai ditto
One do. Red Rilly Champaigne, and
200 casks Bordeaux Claret.
They have also for Sale,
Hollands Duck of the first quality, and
A few bales Ticklenburgs.
ROBERT GILMOR & SONS.
August 29. eo

Isaiah Mankin,
69, Smith's wharf,
Has just Received per schooner Dorothy, from New-York,
A further supply of New-York Prime PORK.
And in store,
Connecticut prime Beef
New-York do. do.
Claret Wine in hhds.
Brandy in pipes
Mould Candles, Codfish, smoked Salmon, &c.
Also,
Maryland and Virginia Tobacco, and
One case Cambrick Muslins, which will be sold low to close a consignment.
August 29. d3t

For Sale at Public Auction,
On TUESDAY,
The 10th of September next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. at the Merchants' Coffee-House,
The fine fast-sailing live oak and cedar Ship
DELAWARE.
Copper-bottomed and fastened, as she lately arrived from Antwerp, and now lying at Ross's wharf; burthen 339 tons; she is in excellent order, and may be sent to sea at a small expence. The terms of payment will be, approved endorsed notes at 4 and 6 months. An inventory may be seen at the auction room of the subscriber, or at 123, Walnut-street.
JOHN CONNELLY, Auc'r.
Philadelphia, Aug. 29. d9t||

For Freight or Charter
FOR THE WEST-INDIES,
The Ship
ELIZA,
If applied for in three or four days.
Apply to JOHN BOLTE,
Ship Broker.
August 29. d

For Sale or Charter,
The Ship
INDEPENDENCE,
James Barnes, master,
With all her materials; she may be sent to sea at a trifling expence, and will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days. For terms apply to
JOHN DIFFENDERFFER,
65, M'Elderry's wharf.

Notice.
The Consignees of Goods on board ship Independence are requested to get their permits as soon as possible. She will commence landing to-morrow at Tenant's wharf.
August 29. d3t-eo6t

For Boston,
The Schooner
AMAZON,
Edward Crowell, master,
Burthen about 900 barrels.
For freight of 500 barrels, or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the master on board, or to CHARLES COFFIN,
13, Bowly's wharf.
August 29. eo3t

To be Sold or Rented,
A Three-story brick HOUSE in Fayette-street, belonging to the estate of Wm. Spalding, deceased; it is conveniently calculated for the accommodation of a large family, and a flour or grocery store, and was formerly occupied as such by Mr. Spalding. Possession may be had immediately. For terms apply to
BASIL S. ELDER,
3, North Howard-street.
August 29. 2aw

COCOA.
80,000 lbs. first quality *Red Carracas Cocoa.*
For sale by J. F. KENNEDY.
August 27. d3t

Mrs. Decourt and Baconais
RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and well-wishers, that their Academy will be opened for the reception of Scholars on Monday next, the 2d of September.
August 27. d3t||

Duck and Wine.
100 pieces 1st quality Russia DUCK
60 casks Sherry WINE,
Just received and for sale at 3, Bowly's wharf, by
BEN. & GEO. WILLIAMS.
August 28. d3t||

One Thousand Dollars
REWARD.
ON Saturday evening, between dark and ten o'clock, the Office of Discount and Deposit, established in this city, was forcibly opened by thieves, and a Sum of Money in paper and specie, chiefly small change, contained in a small wrought-iron chest, was stolen therefrom. The villains who perpetrated this daring robbery, were not able to succeed, altho' they made the most violent attempts to penetrate the vaults: all they effected was to bear off the iron chest above mentioned, and its contents. Among other bank notes therein, was a parcel of old defaced notes, two of which were for 500 dollars each, of this office; the indorsements on them entirely filled their backs. The said notes are generally much defaced, ragged, and scarcely fit for circulation.—About the hour this act was committed, a person was seen with an iron chest in a wheel-barrow, passing over Griffith's bridge. There is no doubt but several villains were engaged in this atrocious robbery. The above reward will be given to any person or persons who will detect and bring them to conviction: and should one of the accomplices engaged therein make a discovery, so that the rest be convicted of the fact, he shall receive the above reward, and interest made with the governor of this state to obtain for him a full and free pardon.
DAVID HARRIS, Cashier.
July 29. d

M. HUNTER,
116, *Market-street,*
TAKES the liberty of informing the Ladies, that she has just received a few dozen of the finest and first quality Split Straw BONNETS.
August 22. d2eo2t.