Sale by Auction.

On SATURDAY Next,

The 30th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the new brick ware-house, on O'Donnell's wharf, opposite Van Wyck & Dorsey's, will be sold on credit, the entire cargo of the sloop Martha, consisting of
68 hhds. of the very first quality Martinique MOLASSES

THOMAS CHASE, Auc'r.

November 28.

Sale by Auction.

On FRIDAY MORNING,

The 29th instant, at 10 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Gay-street dock, will be sold, on account of the underwriters, for cash,
7 bales of damaged OSNABURGS.

LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auc's.

Nov. 27.

Public Sale.

On Tuesday, the 5th December next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold at the late dwelling of John Day, opposite Joppa,

Several very valuable young Horses; besides a variety of useful Household Furniture, belonging to the deceased, on a credit that will be then made known, by

AGNES DAY, executrix.

November 25. d4D

RICE.

153 tierces } PRIME RICE,
21 half do. }
just received per the schooner Sally, captain Coffin, from Charleston, for sale by

BIGELOW & PROUD.

November 27. d4t

Liverpool Coal,

A Few thousand bushels of the very first quality, just received and for sale on reasonable terms, by

THOMAS BARKLIE,
Lovely-lane.

November 23. d6t

John Walraven,

No. 137, MARKET-STREET,

Has imported per the late arrivals from England, an extensive and general assortment of coarse and fine

Hardware.

September 23. d

To be Leased,

For 99 years, renewable forever,

A few LOTS, on the York Turnpike Road, within less than a quarter of a mile of Baltimore. The situation is high and remarkably healthy, with most excellent water. Enquire of

Dr. HENRY STEVENSON.

September 9. d

To Let,

And possession given immediately.

THE two-story Brick HOUSE at the corner of north Howard and Fayette-streets, well calculated for the dry good business. For terms apply to

ANTHONY KIMMEL & SON.

August 14. d

Nathaniel F. Williams,

15, Bowly's wharf,

Has received per brig Harriot, from Boston,
3 boxes Flotant Indigo
1 bale Beerboom Gurrahs
130 boxes Mould Candles, 4, 5 & 6 to the pound.

In store,
100 barrels Herrings, in shipping order.

Nov. 26. d3t||

Joseph Marzoratti and Co.

26, *South-street,*

INFORM their friends and public, that they are selling off the Remains of their Elegant Stock of PICTURES and LOOKING GLASSES, at prime cost. The sale will positively close on the 28th of this month; those who wish to avail themselves of this opportunity will send in their orders, which will be thankfully received.

Profile Likenesses taken as usual.

Nov. 22. dt28N

Just Landing

From on board the brig Sylvan, from New-Castle-upon-Tyne, & for sale by the subscribers,
20 sheets Milled Lead
20 casks Ingot Lead
32 casks Red Lead
20 casks Patent Shot, B. and BB.

HAZLEHURST, BROTHERS & CO

Nov. 15. d12t

Cope and Brothers

Have just Received

An additional Supply of the following Articles:

Cassarillos	Bretagnes
Listados	Creas a la Morlaix, &
Checks No. 2	Flemish Sheetings.

Also,

15 bales assorted India Goods, well calculated for the West-India market, and entitled to drawback; 2 cases fine Cambrick Shirting; India Satins, &c.

They will purchase BEES-WAX.

Nov. 22. d7t

John and James Thompson

HAVE FOR SALE,

The Cargo of the ship Hannah, just arrived from St. Jago de Cuba, consisting of
300 boxes white and brown Sugar
38 barrels do. do.
87 seroons } 10,000 wt. of fine Red and
7 cases } Yellow Peruvian Bark
A quantity of Hides, Logwood and Fustic
And 25,500 Segars in barrels.

Also,

The Cargo of the schooner Martha and Mary, from St. Jago,
339 boxes of Segars
36 boxes of Sugar
300 Hides
6 1-2 tons of Fustic.

Nov. 18. d15t

By Virtue of a Decree

OF the honorable the Chancellor of Maryland, will be sold at public sale, to the highest bidder, at 11 o'clock, on Saturday the 14th of December next, at the burnt house Tavern, on the Reister's Town Turnpike, That TRACT OF LAND directed to be sold by the will of William Wright, deceased, lying in Baltimore county, containing 114 acres, being 11 miles from the city of Baltimore, and two miles from said Turnpike, and adjoining the farms of Messrs. Cornelius Howard, Robert Lyon, and Thomas Worthington. It has a small dwelling House, and a good Orchard of Apple trees, with 30 or 40 acres of wood, 8 acres in meadow, and 15 or 20 acres more, suitable for that purpose. The terms of sale are, pursuant to said decree; bond bearing interest, with approved security, payable within twelve months.

W. J. GOVANE, Trustee.

Nov. 21. dtds

To be Rented,

And possession given immediately,

A four-story HOUSE on New-Jersey avenue, City of Washington, contiguous to the Capitol. It is in complete repair, and will be let on moderote terms to a good tenant. Apply to Mr. HENRY INGLE, opposite the premises, or to MATTHEW BROWN, in Baltimore. Nov. 16 d

For Sale,

TWO two-story brick HOUSES & LOTS, in fee simple, situated North of Wilks-street, fronting on the East side of Bond-street 30 feet, and running back easterly, parallel with Wilks-street 90 feet. The aforesaid houses are new, and in good repair, and occupied by good tenants. Any person or persons wishing to purchase will have an opportunity of viewing the premises and being informed of the terms by application to the subscriber, who requests all persons to whom he is indebted to render their accounts for payment; and those indebted to him to make immediate payment, as he expects in the ensuing spring to remove to the Western Country.

EZEKIEL HALL.

November 27. d3t||

George Hoffman

Has received by the Newton, & via Philadelphia,

Blankets, rose and duffel; Flannels and Baizes, stout Blue Plains, Coatings & Frises
Worsted and Cotton Hosiery
A handsome assortment of figured and plain Sarsenet Ribbons, &c.

Also, by the General Mercer,

100 pieces prime Creas Dowlas, subject to drawback.

Also on hand,

A few bales fine Cloths on consignment, which will be sold at a low advance and long time. Nov. 26. d3t-eo3t

A Mill

READY FOR GRINDING WHEAT.

UNION MILL,

Situated within two miles of the city of Baltimore,

THE Owner of which wishes to engage with some person to grind by the hundred, at the customary price. She is capable of manufacturing from twenty-five to thirty barrels per day. A good Miller is ready to attend her. If she is not occupied in this way in a few days, she will be rented for one year. Apply to Jas. Byrnes, at the Mill; to

THOMAS S. SHEPPARD, or
S. SPALDING, Baltimore.

N. B. The above mill is for sale at a very low price—property either in town or country, will be taken for pay.

November 23. d6t

Five Dollars Reward.

RAN away on the morning of the 25th inst. a Negro Man named PETER JOHNSTON, an apprentice to the ship carpenter's business; speaks French and English; about 19 years of age, and about 5 feet high; very black. Has lost all his toes off his right foot, and the first joints off the left. Had on a short round new blue jacket and trousers, blue check handkerchief round his neck, and new shoes and stockings. Whoever takes up said Runaway and delivers him to Mr. JOSEPH DESPAUX, 56, Queen-street, Fell's-Foint, shall receive the above reward.

Nov. 26. d3t||

Castile Soap.

AN excellent parcel of CASTILE MARBLED SOAP, just received from Treiste, which will be sold low.

On hand,

London particular Madeira Wine in pipes hhds. and qr. casks
Do. do. Teneriffe do. do.
Lisbon Wine in do. do.
Richmond manufactured Tobacco in kegs, & Patent Sheaves and Pins.

WILLIAM COLE,
4, South-street.

October 12. d

Strayed or Stolen,

FROM the pasture of Mr. Crown, seven miles from the city of Baltimore, on the Frederick-town road, on Sunday night, the 3d instant, a Bay HORSE, with black mane and tail; a scar or roughness on his cheek, on the off side, which appears to have been a brand; his back hurt by the saddle, and is about 11 years old. A reward of Fifteen Dollars will be paid for bringing him to the stables of Mr. Hussey. Nov. 19. d10t

To Let,

THAT extensive ROPE-WALK at Cedar Point, some time since occupied by captain Dillon, and lately carried on under the direction of captain Mitchell, with such quantity of Land adjoining as may be agreed upon.

On the premises intended to be leased, are a comfortable Dwelling, Houses for workmen or quarters, and a large Warehouse on the river shore. Apply to

JOHN CALDWELL, Esquire,
Agent for the guardians of the children of John O'Donnell, deceased.

November 15. d

Manufactured Tobacco.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just received from Virginia, a consignment of sixty kegs manufactured TOBACCO, in small twists, of a very superior quality, suitable for retailers—it runs about five or six twists to the pound. They will be constantly supplied with a considerable quantity, and flatter themselves it will be found superior to any exposed for sale in this market. Price and credit will be liberal. Apply to JACOB & WM. NORRIS.

WHO HAVE ON HAND,

20 boxes fresh London Mustard, 6 dozen each; 25 puncheons good flavor Antigua Rum; 200 boxes Sampson's family Candles, superior quality; 50 chests young hyson Tea, first quality, of the Woodrup Simms and Birmingham's cargoes; 200 wt. fresh Nutmegs; 100 wt. Mace; 40 bales thin bark Cassia; 200 wt. fresh Cloves; 15 chests souchong Tea; 50 dozen bottles genuine old case Port Wine; old Carbiness Tobacco, in kegs & half kegs; Poland Starch; Spermaceti Oil; a supply of Columbian playing Cards, highly glossed; 200 boxes Goshen Cheese, for family use; 12 dozen pots essence Spruce; 2 tons patent Shot, assorted; cannister and battle Powder, by retail; 10 bbls. fresh Cramberries; 30 cases salad oil, 30 flasks each; 20 bbls. Accomac Peach Brandy; 40 chests hyson skin Tea, and 300 bushels fine table Salt.

November 11. 2aw4w

Jonathan Fell, jun.

HAVING purchased the establishment late the property of John Dixon, deceased, proposes to continue the Manufactory of MUSTARD. He respectfully solicits the favor of the public, and especially the customers of the late proprietor. Orders addressed to him at 74, south Front-street, Philadelphia, will be duly attended to.

Philadelphia, Nov. 15. 2aw1m||*

FROM THE BALANCE.

AMERICAN CAPTIVES IN TRIPOLI.

Extracts from the Journal of Dr. Cowdery, kept during his captivity in Tripoli.

[CONTINUED.]

November 17.—Visited our sick,* who were quartered in a small house without a floor, near the palace, and about half a mile from our lodgings. The Danish consul supplied the sick with fresh provisions, by the request of captain Bainbridge.

November 20.—The minister permitted us to purchase our clothes. We got but a few, and at a high rate. One of our men, by the name of Thomas Prince, turned Turk, and was admitted into the palace.

November 21.—After visiting our sick, I was permitted to go with our droger-man about the town to purchase medicine, but found but a few articles. A man 116 years of age came to have me cure him of deafness.

November 24.—The bashaw refused to furnish necessary cloathing for the sick, or any thing for them to eat but sour filthy bread. Captain Bainbridge contracted with the Danish consul to supply the sick with beef and vegetables for soup every day.

November 27.—Our men complained of their hard usage, in being compelled to lie on the cold damp ground—to eat bad bread—to work hard, and to be bastinadoed by their drivers.

November 30.—One of our men in a fit of despair attempted to kill himself; but was prevented by the Turks, when in the act of cutting his throat. The wound did not prove mortal. I was permitted by the minister to call on the Spanish physician for medicine for Dr. Ridgley, who was then sick.

December 5.—The bashaw sent for me to prescribe for himself and two officers of his body-guard, and ordered me to get such medicine as was necessary of the minister, who had a medicine chest.

December 6.—Visited the sick at the palace, and found them all better. I was received and treated very politely. The minister sent for me to cure him of a blindness of his left eye. I prescribed for him with very little prospect of success.

December 7.—Visited the ambassador from Constantinople, who was affected with the intermitting fever. Found my patients at the palace almost well.

December 8.—Received several natural curiosities of Tripoli from Mr. Nissen.

December 9.—Visited the Turkish ambassador and found him better. He asked many questions about America, and treated me with coffee.

December 10.—Visited the Turkish officer, where I found a captain of one of the Grand Seignior's ships of war, who came to Tripoli to carry presents to the Grand Seignior. The Tripolitan captain who took the brig from Philadelphia, captain Morris, was also there. He was very inquisitive about our country and our navy.

December 12.—Was called on by the general of marine to visit his principal secretary. Before I was permitted to give any medicine, the Turks, six in number, with *Hamet*, our droger-man, surrounded the sick man, and offered a prayer to Mahomet. The sick man then told me that if I would cure him, he would be very thankful, and would speak to the bashaw in our favor.

December 15.—The bashaw had a schooner launched, which was built by the Spanish carpenters. She was tolerably handsome, and was calculated to carry six guns. When she was launched, three guns were fired from the batteries, and the consuls all hoisted their colors. At sunset, a firing from the batteries announced the commencement of the Mahometan *Ramadam*, continuing a lunar month, in which they neither eat, drink nor smoke, while the sun is above the horizon, but feast at night. In walking through the town to visit my patients, I found the mosque and principal houses illuminated, and the people rejoicing. Passing the coffee-house with our droger-man, *Lysle*, a renegado Scotchman, who was now the Tripolitan admiral, called me in to drink coffee with him, and was very polite.

December 16.—Visited the marine secretary, and found him in a state of great debility. Could not prevail on him to take any medicine or the least kind of nourishment. He said he had rather die than offend Mahomet by breaking the *Ramadam*; but would take whatever I should advise at night.

December 20.—The market was so poor that we could get nothing for dinner but the shoulder of a poor dromedary.

January 1.—Was called to visit the bashaw's child, about 11 months old. The bashaw seemed much affected on my pronouncing the child dangerous; and wished me to pay every attention to it, saying, that any thing he could afford should be at my service.

January 2.—Found the bashaw's child better, at which he expressed great satisfaction, and offered me a horse and servant to go to his gardens, about two miles from town. I preferred walking, and took our droger-man with me. As I passed out at the gate of the city, I saw a man's head sticking on a pole. On enquiry, I found that it was the head of one of the *Bedouins*, who, about a year before, killed the son-in-law of the bashaw, who commanded the army in collecting the taxes in the back part of his dominions. About a quarter of a mile from the gate, the road passed thro' a burying-ground full of graves. After this, I came into a well-cultivated country, which was laid out in squares of from one to six or eight acres, each surrounded with date-trees, interspersed with orange, fig, olive, lemon and other trees. On coming to admiral Lysle's garden, we found him there, and he invited me in. It was very beautiful. He loaded us with its fruits, and offered me access to it whenever I chose, and said I was welcome to any thing growing in it. I concluded to postpone going to the bashaw's garden until another day.

January 3.—Went to the bashaw's garden, where I met the minister and the prince, the Bashaw's eldest son. They politely conducted me through the garden, which was ornamented with a great variety of fruit trees, loaded with fruit, particularly with oranges, lemons and limes. John Hilliard died in the evening.

January 4.—William Anderson died.

January 12.—The bashaw's eldest daughter was married to Selim, the Bashaw's chief *castleda* or treasurer. Wilson, who was one of our quarter-masters, and lately turned traitor and Turk, received 500 bastinadoes for quarrelling with the noted Lysle.

January 14.—The minister of foreign affairs, Sidi Mahomet Dacize, visited our prison. The month's fasting *(Ramadam)* ended this day at the change of the moon. The Tripolitans fired a salute from our ship, which lay moored in the harbor within sight our window.

January 15.—The feast called *Byram* commenced. Every gun in Tripoli was fired in honor of the day. Every Turk put on his best suit, and there was a general rejoicing.

January 16.—Captain Bainbridge and lieutenant Porter were invited and accordingly visited the bashaw, with all the consuls.

January 17.—The *Byram* ended this evening. The consuls, the ships in the harbor, and the castle displayed their colors during the three days. The rejoicings were great, but neither elegance nor taste was discoverable.

January 18.—By permission visited the triumphal arch, which was built at the time the Romans conquered this country. It is dedicated to Augustus Cæsar—is very large—built of fine marble, and is full of engravings and inscriptions in tolerable perfection. It stands near the marinery.

January 19.—The bashaw's agent sent us a present of tea, coffee and sugar, and a lamb, probably to induce us to buy a quantity of old cloaths taken from us, for which they asked 600 dollars.

Diet at this time, two eggs and a piece of bread, with rain water for breakfast and supper—poor beef or camel's flesh, bread, and sometimes boiled cabbage, with rain water for dinner.

February 3.—Was conducted to the castle to visit the bashaw, whom I found after passing several sentinels, about fifty fierce yelping dogs, and three heavy doors loaded with irons and bolts, which were opened for us by armed Mamulukes. Prescribed for the bashaw's disorder.

February 6.—The bashaw sent for me to come to his room in the castle. He shook hands with me, and received me with much politeness, and requested me to pay every attention to his family as a physician.

February 10.—The bashaw gave the officers permission to walk out into the town and country, but not to visit the consuls nor the batteries. Our droger-man, Hamet was ordered to walk with us, and direct us where to go. We went out six at a time.

February 16.—Prescribed for the bashaw's eldest daughter. Her husband offered me many civilities. At 5 o'clock, P. M. were informed that two English merchantmen were standing in for the harbor. They proved, however, to be the two vessels under the command of capt. Decatur.—About 11 at night, we were alarmed by a most hideous yelling and screaming, from one end of the town to the other, and a firing of cannon from the castle. On getting up and opening the window which faced the harbor, we saw the frigate Philadelphia in flames.

February 17.—The Turks appeared much disheartened at the loss of their frigate. A strong guard was put at our door, and we were forbid going out. I was forbid visiting our sick. It was reported that an American schooner and three boats set fire to the ship. Two Turks escaped, who told the news. They said that eight Turks had charge of the ship, and they supposed the other six were carried off by the Americans. Our droger-man informed us that we were to be removed from our present habitation into the castle.

February 18.—A guard of about twenty Turks was at our door. I asked permission to visit our sick, and was refused. A gloomy aspect continued on the faces of the inhabitants, for the loss of the frigate.

February 19.—Again asked permission to visit our sick, and was refused.

February 20.—Permitted to visit our sick. Found the town full of country militia and our guard doubled.

February 21.—Our prison was kept full of Turks to guard us. The bashaw, having got a little over his fright, consented to let us remain where we were.

February 24.—We were forbid sending letters to our friends, without first shewing them to the bashaw or his ministers. The last letters we received, were broken open by the latter, before they were dilivered to us.

[*To be continued.*]

[* *As this was Dr. Cowdery's daily practice, we shall omit the repetition of it.*
Edit. Balance.]

100,000 BRICK for Sale,

Deliverable immediately—on an accommodating credit, with good security. Apply to

YUNDT & BROWN.

July 12. d

BY THIS DAY'S MAILS.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 26.

ARRIVED,

The handsome new ship Robert Boulton, Paddock, in 20 hours from Hudson.

The British schooner Union, Hinkle, in 16 days from Halifax. Passengers, captain Patterson, late of the ship John, T. Campbell, mate of the Hamilton, P. Haste, mate of the Enterprize, and others.

Below, ship Magnet, from Liverpool; and brig Olympus.

The George Barclay sailed in company with the ship Bath, and 7 or 8 others.

The anniversary of the evacuation of the city of New-York by the British troops, was celebrated yesterday with more than the accustomed demonstrations of joy.—General Morton's brigade of artillery, consisting of the first and second regiments, commanded by lieut. colonels Curtenieus and Swartwout; col. Van Zandt's legion of infantry, and the several troops of horse, the whole under the command of brigadier-general Morton, assembled on the battery, where they went through the usual military evolutions with much precision, and made a most brilliant appearance. They were reviewed by major general Stevens, and by the French general Moreau, whose reception was such as must be grateful to the feelings of the illustrious exile, and was highly honorable to the humanity and public spirit of our citizens. A grand dinner was given in the afternoon at Lovett's Hotel by the officers of the several regiments, and the hero of Hohenlinden, was amongst the guests.

A stage had been erected on the battery for the accommodation of the officers of the corporation, &c. which broke down with the great pressure; and we are sorry to state that a son of Mr. James Walker, in Maiden-lane, had the back part of his scull broken by a beam falling on him, and we understand is since dead; a journeyman of Mr. Ruckle, baker, had his leg broken in two places, his ribs broken, and was sent to the hospital with little hopes of his recovery; Mr. Bingham was badly hurt in the breast and several others much injured. These were all under the platform when it fell. Alderman Montagnie, who stood on that part of the stage which fell, received considerable injury.

Captain Salter has arrived at Portland, in 46 days from Liverpool. The editor of the Boston Centinel, received a London paper by her of the 29th Sept. which, from the editor's summary, contains nothing more than what we have given in this Gazette, in detail, by the ship Swift, from Bordeaux.

Captain Cornwall, of the brig Georgia Packet, who was on board the Bath, off the Hook, from Liverpool, procured a London paper of the 28th of September, from which we copy the following articles:

LONDON, September 28.

Letters from our fleet off Cadiz, state, that a serious affray has taken place between the French and Spaniards, at Cadiz, in which a number of lives were lost on both sides. The Spaniards are represented nearly in a starving state.

The first fruits of the declaration made by Austria, is, that the elector of Bavaria has joined the confederacy. He had either been cajoled by promises, or constrained by fear, to enter into a treaty with Bonaparte, whose great object it was to possess himself of the Venatian territory, and of every thing that Austria had acquired in the Adriatic. The scheme was most extensive, and, if it had succeeded would have added most important strength to the maritime power of France; but it would have laid Austria forever at its mercy. To accomplish his object, however, it was necessary for Bonaparte to tempt the elector of Bavaria to an exchange of territory, that he might, thereby, have a compensation to the emperor, and we are assured that up to the very moment of the explosion, he conceived that he was making progress in his plan. He was caught, therefore, in his plot; and the whole is now unravelled. The elector of Bavaria has ordered his army, amounting, perhaps, to between 20 and 30,000 men, to join the Austrians; and he has received a complete guarantee for the safety of his dominions.

The general preparation for war, and the certainty that the funds for its maintenance must come from England, have more and more tended to lower the exchange; but it is certain, that tho' great subsidies are agreed upon, we are better prepared, than at the commencement of the last war, to sustain the shock. The whole of the dollars seized from the Spaniards were purchased by government, and are now packed up, ready to be transmitted to Hamburg, for the purpose of keeping up the exchange; and, while the money lasts, it will certainly have the effect.

It is, however, by no means unlikely that the king of Prussia may yet offer his mediation; which, after the official papers of the two imperial courts of Russia and Austria, cannot be refused. If Bonaparte feel himself weak, he will no doubt try this stratagem; for, with all his ambition, he would willingly give up the iron crown of Lombardy to retain the golden diadem of France. It must be to him a perilous contest. It deprives him in the outset of all his external sources of revenue. He can no longer spread over and quarter his armies upon the countries he has overrun; and he has for many months past been exhausting his own treasury in naval preparations, which are now useless to him. The enthusiasm of liberty he has himself annihilated in France, and he cannot, therefore, expect to raise the people in his cause. All fear of disturb-