That on the night of the third instant he was one of a party of militia, commanded by captain Alston, which party was stationed for about two hours within a few paces of the line of demarkation on the Spanish side. That they heard a noise which was made at a short distance above the line, and soon after, saw a party cross the line, who delivered to captain Alston, three prisoners, whose names were, Reuben, Nathan and Samuel Kemper. Captain Alston ordered the prisoners to be immediately conducted to the Bayou Tunica, where they were put into a piroque to be conveyed to Baton Rouge; that deponent was commanded by capt. Alston to keep a strict watch on them, and to give them no opportunity of escaping, until he should deliver them at the fort of Baton Rouge; that as the deponent was passing opposite the garrison of Point Coupee, his piroque was taken by a superior force, commanded by lieutenant Wilson, commandant of the garrison of Pt. Coupee, who took into custody the prisoners, and the party by whom they were conducted.

(Signed) WILLIAM BARKER.

Sworn before this 5th day of September, 1805.

(Signed) EBENEZER COOLEY, Justice of the Peace.

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AFFIDAVIT, No. X.

Missisipi Territory, ss.

Be it remembered, that William Flannagan, jun. of Wilkinson county, in said territory, personally appeared before the undersigned one of the superior judges for said territory, and being of lawful age, upon his oath deposeth and saith, that lieutenant Glascock and a party of twelve light horse, being part of capt. Jones's company or squadron of Spanish light horse, on the afternoon of the 21st day of August last, came over the line of demarkation to this deponent's house, which is on the Tichlau creek, about two miles above the line; and took him & his wife and carried them about five miles below the line and kept them under guard all night, and next morning dismissed his wife who was taken home by her brother, who had been sent after them by her father. That after she was dismissed, they carried this deponent 15 miles further, and told him he must go to jail or deliver up his horse. He refused to deliver up his horse until they cocked their guns and pistols all around him, there being eight of them present, and said he must pay them their expences, give up his horse or go to jail. He replied he had rather lose his horse than go to jal; whereupon they took his horse, bridle and saddle ond dismissed him, and he returned home on foot. That the names of the men who composed said party of eight horse, were, John Glascock, lieutenant Benjamin Le Near, also an officer, Abraham Jones, son of the captain Kennada, William Lee, John Bates —— Hale, Obiel Brewer, —— Conner, and the names of the others, he does not recollect; and further says, that most of the party were formerly American refugees who fled to the Spanish country, and further saith not.

(Signed) his WILLIAM FLANAGAN. mark.

Taken this 7th day of September, 1805, at the town of Washington, in the territory aforesaid before

(Signed) THOMAS RODNEY.

NOTE. The within deponent, Thomas Holden, says, that it was reported that *William Flanagan*, sen. had killed a certain John Sharp, as within mentioned, and had fled from the Spanish part of the country, and that his wife, after he had fled, also left the country, and brought their stock and goods above the line, and left them in the care of William Flanagdn, jun. who is nephew to William Flanagan, sen. and son-in-law to said Thomas Holden, and that this was the only pretext the Spanish light-horse had for coming above the line and behaving as they did.

(Signed) THOMAS RODNEY.

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AFFIDAVIT, No. XI.

Missisippi Territory, ss.

Be it remembered, that Thomas Holden, sen. of the county of Wilkinson, in said territory, personally appeared before the undersigned, one of the superior judges of said territory, and being sworn, deposeth and saith, that he lives in said county, on the Tichlau, about half a mile above the line of demarkation, up a land which he claims by pre-emption and now cultivates —that on the afternoon of the twenty-first day of August last, lieutenant John Glascock, and twelve men of the Spanish light-horse, part of captain Jones' company or squadron of West-Florida, came over the line of demarkation to this deponent's house, and enquired for William Flanagan, sen. who had lived about seven miles below the line, in the Spanish territory, and, as they said, had killed a certain Joseph Sharp, also a Spanish subject, and said that they were in pursuit of said Flanagan, and enquired of this deponent if he had seen Flanagan, or knew where he was. This deponent replied that he had not seen him for six months, but heard that Flanagan and his family had gone up to the Bayou Pierre. When said company came up this deponent was sitting on his fence about fifty yards from his house, and after what had passed, as before related, an officer among them by the name of Le Near, ordered this deponent to go to his own house, saying that he should put him and his family under guard. To which this deponent replied, that he would not be put under guard by him, unless he had authority from the United States or the officers of this territory to do so. Whereupon the officer drew his sword or dirk, and threatened to run this deponent through in an instant if he did not submit. Then one of the company cocked his pistol, but said nothing. Then Glascock came up with a rifle in his hand, and ordered this deponent to go along instantly, or he would make him. This deponent replied, that he would not go; that they had no business above the line, and ordered them to go below, where they belonged. Le Near replied to this, that his authority was above the line, as well as below. Damn the line, he did not regard it, and other words to that purpose. After this the party went off, & left this deponent. But before they went off 2 of this deponent's sons came up, and he told them what had passed, and ordered them to go to the house and get the guns, and they would kill all the damned Spaniards, for they had no business above the line, and upon saying this the party left him. And he further saith not.

(Signed) THOMAS HOLDEN, Senior.

Taken this 7th day of Sept. 1805, at the town of Washington, in said territory, before

(Signed) THOMAS BROWN.

BY THIS DAY's MAILS.

PHILADELPHIA, December 31.

Arrived, ship Telemachus, Dominic, Oporto, 84 days.

Cleared, ship Volunteer, Connel, Martinique; brig Charlotte, Snell, Guadaloupe; schooner Jefferson, Goff, ditto.

Ship Little William, Cullen, hence to Tonningen, has received so much damage in the gale of Saturday night, that she must put back from Reedy Island to refit.

Ship Fair American, Fraley, for Amsterdam, is ashore just below Port-Penn piers. Two square-rigged vessels are ashore on the Jersey side, opposite Reedy-Island, and much damage done to the whole fleet. The gale was most violent from N. E.

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EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

We were yesterday favored with the use of a number of German papers, to the 8th Nov. from which we have abstracted the following prominent particulars;

On the 24th of October, the Prussian armies has not taken any steps which indicated offensive measures on either side.—The forces of Prussia had been formed into four different encampments, the positions of which were frequently changed; and detachments made from one to the other, apparently for the purpose of discipline. A force of 25,000 Prussians had entered the Duchy of Mecklenburg, but suddenly changed its route and halted; it was to be joined by a body of Saxons; but its destination was not declared.

The emperor of Russia arrived at Berlin on the 25th of October, in the afternoon by way of Frankfort on the Oder, at which place he was met by the Prussian count Dietrich; the emperor proceeded by Warsaw to Menelesburg, within 7 miles of Berlin, where he was met by the relays of horses from the royal Prussian stables, prepared for his escort; at Fredericks-camp he was met by the king's brothers, Frederick and William, who conducted him to the palace of the princess of Holstein Beek; whence they proceeded in the carriage of prince Henry to Berlin, where he was received with the usual firing of cannon, &c.

The emperor has received in the great saloon of the palace by the king in person, in company with the hereditary prince, and prince Frederick, by whom he was conducted to the apartments of the late *Frederick William* II. where the royal family and court were assembled to receive him—the queen met him at the door of the apartment, and after the principal personages were successively introduced, the emperor proceeded with marshal Molendorff to the parrade. In his suite were marshal count Tolstoi, prince Czartorinsky, gen. prince Dolgorouky, gen. count D'Lewens, the Imperial physician Villie and the councellor of state D'Oubreuil. After partaking of a collation, the emperor with the king and queen set out in a private carriage for Potsdam, where they remained two days.—When the emperor set out on his return for Petersburg, by the route of Weimar and Praag.

On the 26th of October, in the evening, the French minister extraordinasy, general *Duroc*, received a courier, from the Danube, who it is said brought the definitive resolutions of the French emperor, concerning certain declarations delivered by the Prussian court to the accredited agents of France, on the affairs of Europe. The arrival of this courier, has been followed by very lively sensations at court and in the well informed circles.

The campaign in Italy was to be opened by Massena, on the 11th and 12th of Oct. according to official notifications made and published at the head quarters of the army of the Danube.

A body of 25,000 troops detached by the archdnke Charles, from the Tyrolese to reinforce the army in Suabia, did not arrive until after the capitulation of Ulm; the advance of this division, consisting of 6000 men, was taken prisoners at Landsberg.

Ulm was stormed four successive times, on the days of the 14th and 15th, to siege by *sap* had been carried on with so much vigor and effect that, had not the capitulation taken place on the evening of the 16th, the whole of the curtain on the faces of the works, and the principal redoubts must have been blown up. (Here follow animadversions on the capitulation which have been anticipated by former accounts)—the force surrendered by the capitution is estimated in the German papers, at 34,000 men; besides 10,000 which fled & were taken near the abbey of Heyberlingen; 12,000 which had retreated at Nordlingen, which capitulated to general Murat: 6,000 were also pursued by the route of Wurtzburg, the cannon taken amounted to 756 pieces; the whole of the magazines, spare arms, ammunition for small arms and artillery, horses and forage. "Thus" says the German paper "was destroyed or taken prisoners, in less than 8 days, one of the best appointed armies that ever appeared in Germany, with 32 general officers, and all the stores and ammunition for a long campaign."

An account from Augsburg states, that general Mack, after having two private conferences with the French emperor, had set off for Vienna, on his parole: and it was believed that he carried with him propositions very advantageous to Austria.

After the capitulation of the Austrian general Werneck, near Neriskheim, the generals Hohenzollern, Rohan and Mizieri, broke their capitulation, fled by night, and were pursued, and the force they carried off retaken. Mizieri was killed in this latter conflict; the others are sent prisoners to France.

The Russian force combined with the Saxons, assembled in Lower Saxony, will consist of an army of 60,000 men.

The Bavarian auxiliaries form the advance of the French army on the Salza.

Bernadotte and Davoust have exchanged their command of wings of the French; the former now commands the right, and Davoust the left. It must be understood that the army consists of three grand divisions, exclusive of that which Murat now commands, which in fact acts as a flying army, or occasionally as an advance or rear guard. From Davoust being appointed to this wing, an excursion into Bohemia is not improbable.

The French general orders issued at Munich, Oct. 25th, declare, that the passage of the Inn was to be forced before the first of November.

The division of the reinforcement from the Tyrolese, under general Wolfskehl, was attacked and captured by the French corps under general Vandamme, near Leutkirchen.

The French have entered the principality of Salzburg. Two objects are contemplated—the first appears to be, to distress the house of Austria and force it to a peace; Salzburg being one of the new electorates, and the indemnity given to the former grand duke of Tuscany; the other is a masterly military movement, as it cuts off one of the principal roads of communication between lower Austria and the Tyrolese; and at the same time enables the French to keep open the communication by that route with Massena, and outflank the archduke. The occupation of this position also opens access to the fine foraging countries of Carinthia Styria, and Carniola. Salzburg is not more than 150 miles from Venice.

Advices of 27th October, state that the French had already attacked the principal positions in the defiles of the Tyrolese. In the *last* campaign of Suwarrow in the Tyrolese the French were seven times repulsed at Luciensteig, one of the Tyrolese defiles, but took it, and its commandant Jellachich, by a brilliant but bloody coup de main. Jellachich is now again a prisoner of the French.

The Russians who had advanced to the borders of Bavaria, have been compelled to retreat to Wels—to wait for reinforcements.

The elector of Bavaria has again entered into his own territory.

The Russians and Bavarians had a sharp rencontre near Oessing.

The Austrians are said to have re-entered Passau which is on the Danube.

Straclingen and Vilstrofen are occupied by the French.

Passau is on the right side of the Danube and the left side of the Inn, at their confluence, therefore in Bavaria. Wells to which the Russians have retreated, is about 60 miles east of Passau, on the Traun in Lower Austria; a very admirable military position for the distribution of forces in Germany or Italy. The counties of Salzburg and Corinthia, are celebrated for their fine breed of hardy horses. It was in that neighborhood that Bonaparte once before gave the law to the emperor, and the transfer of a diplomatic general to the right wing would seem to indicate negociations at Leoben once more.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, *JANUARY* 1.

Sanctioned by the customary civilities of the day, and impelled by the spontaneous effusions of gratitude, the editors cordially wish their readers individually, the enjoyment of all those good things which can be comprised in "the compliments of the season."

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Interesting Commercial Article.

The following form of proof of property, detained for adjudication, will serve as a guide to those interested; and being forwarded as soon as they hear of the capture of their vessels, will save time and *chicane*.

Antigua, Nov. 12, 1805.

VICE-ADMIRALTY PRIZE COURT.

Ordered, That in every affidavit to be offered by any neutral claimant, in further proof of his property, the claimants shall make oath that the several goods claimed did belong to the claimant at the time of lading, and at the time of the capture, and do belong at the present time, and would have so belonged in case the said goods had not been seized and taken, and will belong to the claimant, in case the same shall be restored and arrive and be unladed at the original and true port of destination, until the said goods shall be sold or disposed of for the sole account and benefit of said claimant; and that neither the king of Spain, nor his vassals and subjects, nor any person or persons being a citizen or citizens of the French, Batavian or Laguirian republics, nor any person or persons inhabiting within the territory or dominions of the king of Spain, or the territories of the French, Bavarian or Laguirian republic, nor their factors or agents, nor any person whatsoever, other than the said claimant, have, hath or had, any right, title or interest, in the said goods, at the said several periods of time, nor will have, until sold or disposed of in manner, and for the real account of the claimant as aforesaid.

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ALARMING!

It is reported (says the N. E. Palladium) that the British government contemplates attempting to put an entire stop to the exportation, by neutrals, of colonial productions; of course, to confine the importation to a supply for the consumption of the neutral country.

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Married, last evening, by the Rev. Mr. Richards, Mr. *Samuel Keyser*, merchant, to Mrs. *Hetty Polk*, both of this city.

Carpenters Society.

THE Members will please to take notice that a quarterly meeting of the society will be held on Friday, the 3d instant, at 6 o'clock, P. M. at Fulton's Globe Inn.

JOHN READY, Sec'y.

January 1. d3t§

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW,

Thursday, the 2d instant, at 10 o'clock, at the vendue warehouse, at the corner of Second and Frederick streets, will begin the sale of a variety of

DRY GOODS,

And at 12 o'clock,

64 hhds. of excellent Muscovado Sugar
40 bbls. and 3 tierces do.
42 boxes Havana White do.
20 pipes Catalonia Wine, entitled to debenture.
18 pipes Cape Madeira and Port Wine
10 puncheons 4th and 5th proof Rum, entitled to drawback
A few bags choice green Coffee
10 quarter chests Young Hyson Tea
Brandy, Rum, Gin and
100 boxes best Spanish Segars

And,

3000 lb. Brazilletto Wood

Also,

Some damaged Sheet Iron, for account of those concerned.

THOMAS CHASE, Auc'r.

January 1.

Sale by Auction.

On SATURDAY,

The 4th inst. at half past 11 o'clock, at Mr. Donald's wharf, on Fell's Point, will be sold without reserve, for approved indorsed paper, at 60 and 90 days,

The Brig DOVE,

As she arrived from sea, burthen about 150 tons; her inventory will be shewn on board.

LEMMON & CAMPBELL, Auc's.

January 1.

Wanted to Rent,

A good and convenient DWELLING HOUSE, as near as can be had to the intersection of Market & Charles-streets; rent to be from 400 to 450 dollars per annum.—Enquire of the printers hereof.

January 1. 2aw3t§

Lottery Intelligence.

The third drawing of the Precincts Market House lottery will take place on THURSDAY NEXT, the 2d inst. at the Golbe Inn, Market street, at three o'clock, P. M.

By the Managers,

SAML. VINCENT, } Clerks.
SAML. COLE, }

Who have for sale tickets and shars in said lottery.

January 1. d2t

Mayer and Brantz,

No. 28, WATER-STREET,

Have imported from Germany, and offer for sale,

Fine Hempen Osnaburgs
Burlaps
Dowlas
Home-made bleached Linen, assorted

They daily expect

Fine Hempen Sheeting, nearly *three yards wide.*

January 1. eo3t

SCHOOL.

P. L. DUPORT respectfully acquaints the Ladies and Gentlemen, that his SECOND QUARTER of Tuition, for day and evening scholars, will take place on THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at Mr. James Bryden's new assembly room, Light-street; where his JUVENILE assembly will be held.

N. B. Duport begs leave to inform the subscribers to the JUVENILE, that their first assembly is fixed on SATURDAY the 18th inst.

☞ SUBSCRIPTION TICKETS will be delivered by applying at 104, Market-street.

January 1. eo8t

A Gold Watch

FOUND last evening about dusk, near to St Peter's Church. The owner may have it again, on calling at store 1, Forest-street, on describing the same *with its appendages*; or should a verbal demand be inconvenient, a *note, sufficiently descriptive*, will answer the purpose—although an interview with the principal would be more satisfactory.

Should the store be shut, the enquiry will be equally effective at 99, Sharp-street, and three doors above the Dutch church.

January 1. d2t

Lemons and Segars.

Just received and for sale at 64, Market-street,

100 boxes fresh Lisbon LEMONS
200 half boxes first quality SEGARS, old and fit for immediate use
500 lbs. New-Orleans INDIGO of good quality.

JACOB & WM. NORRIS.

January 1. d3t-law6t

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership of the subscribers trading under the firm of *Jesse Hollingsworth* and *Son*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by *Francis Hollingsworth* and *Charles Worthington*, under the firm of *Hollingsworth & Worthington*, who will settle all accounts against the former concern, and are authorised to receive all balances due them.

JESSE HOLLINGSWORTH,
FRANCIS HOLLINGSWORTH.

January 1. eo6t

Notice to Creditors.

THE Creditors of the late John Townes are requested to attend at Rhodes's hotel, in the city of Washington, on the fourth Monday of January next, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 2 o'clock, P. M. when a dividend of the assets in hand will be made, under the direction of the orphans court, by

SARAH TOWNES, *Executrix.*

Washington City, Jan 1. 1aw3t||

Notice.

The Stockholders in the CHESAPEAKE INSURANCE COMPANY, will please to take notice, that by their charter of incorporation they are required to renew the notes for their respective shares in said company, in the month of January in every year, with the same, or two other such indorsers as the directors for the time being may require & approve.

And that on the first Monday of February next, an election will be held at their office for thirteen directors of the said company for the ensuing year, conformably to said charter.

JAS CALHOUN, *President.*

January 1. m&w1F.

Valuable Property.

FOR SALE,

A FARM of 197 3-4 acres of Land, about 5 miles from the city, between 60 and 70 acres of which are in excellent timber. Several fine springs of water are on the place. The improvements are, a neat new two-story frame house, completely finished; a good barn, corn-house and meat-house; a large garden, paled in, and a yard with a well of good water at the door; near 400 apple-trees of the best sort from Pennsylvania, just beginning to bear; an young peach-orchard. There is stone hauled to the spot sufficient to fence in two-thirds of the plantation, and to build six cross-fences, which can be put up at from 7s. 6d. to 9s. 4½d. per rod. An accommodating credit may be had on two-thirds of the purchase-money.

ALSO,

100 acres, about one mile and an half from the former plantation. This tract is mostly cleared, and is an elevated and pleasant situation, well watered. The improvements are, a log dwelling-house, a number of large cherry-trees, and a few peach and apple-trees.

ALSO,

One Lot on this side the turnpike gate, 20 feet front on the turnpike road, and running back about 127 feet from Newington road.

The titles to these lands are unquestionable; and possession may be had when desired.—For terms apply to

JAMES M'CANNON, Market street.

January 1. 2aw

Notice.

JOSHUA HUNT

MOST respectfully informs his customers, and the public generally, that he has declined doing any business in future on a Sunday—he trusts that a generous public will expect no apology for so doing, as the strong impressions of gratitude, which he feels for past favors, from the citizens of Baltimore and others, will not while life shall last, be erased from his memory. He begs to solicit their future favors; and those gentlemen who have been in the habit of coming to get their hair cut on Sunday, are informed that, for their convenience, he will give his attendance at a late hour in the evening on week-days, and on Saturday nights till 10 o'clock.

N. B. Water Stock shares wanted.

January 1 eo3t||

By order of the Orphan's Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscribers of the city of Baltimore, have obtained from the orphan's court of Baltimore county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of George Rosensteel, late of the city of Baltimore, *deceased*; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before the first day of July next, they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under our hands this 1st day of January, 1806.

BARBARA ROSENSTEEL, *Adm'x.*
PETER GOULD, } *Adm's.*
THOS. C. JENKINS, }

July 1. 2aw6t

By order of the Orphan's Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscribers of the city of Baltimore, have obtained from the orphan's court of Baltimore county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Joseph White, sen. of the city of Baltimore, *deceased*; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at or before the second day of July next; they may otherwise by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 1st day of January, 1806.

PETER GOULD, } *Adm's.*
THOS. C. JENKINS, }

January 1. 2aw6t

Postponement.

THE adjourned sale of BOOKS, &c. which was to have taken place this, and to-morrow evening, is unavoidably postponed until *Thursday* evening next, the 2d inst. when the sales will be resumed, and continue from night to night, until the whole is disposed of.

SOWER & S. COLE, Auc's.

December 31.

Notice.

THE Trustees of the Estate of SAMUEL WALKER have this day declared a Dividend of 37½ per cent. which is ready to be paid to the different claimants, or their legal representatives, by

SAMUEL WALKER, Agent for
Alexander Brown,
James Calhoun, Jun. } *Trustees.*
George Hoffman,

January 1. d6t§