But however unpleasant the task, the committee are compelled by the obligations of truth and duty, to state further, that Mr. Lear, to whom was entrusted the power of negociating the peace, appears to have gained a complete ascendancy over the commodore, thus debilitated by sickness; or rather, having assumed the command in the name of the commodore,* to have dictated every measure; to have paralized every military operation by sea and land; and finally, without displaying the fleet or squadron before Tripoli, without consulting even the safety of the ex-bashaw or his army, against the opinion of all the officers of the fleet, so far as the committee have been able to obtain the same, and of commodore Rogers (as appears from Mr Lear's letter† to the secretary of state, dated Syracuse harbor, July 5th, 1805) to have entered into a convention with the reigning bashaw, by which, contrary to his instructions, he stipulated to pay him sixty thousand dollars, to abandon the ex-bashaw, and to withdraw all aid & assistance from his army. And although a stipulation was made that the wife and children of the ex-bashaw should be delivered to him on his withdrawing from the territories of Tripoli, yet that stipulation has not been carried into execution, and it is highly probable was never intended to be. The committee forbear to make any comment on the impropriety of the orders issued to general Eaton to evacuate Derne, five days previous to Mr. Lear's sailing from Malta for Tripoli, to enter on his negociation; and the honor of the nation forbids any remarks on the unworthy attempt to compel the ex-bashaw and general Eaton, to give up and abandon their conquest, by withholding supplies from the army at Derne, eight days previous to the commencement of the negociation; nor will the committee condescend to enter into a consideration of pretended reasons assigned by Mr. Lear, to palliate his management of the affairs of the negociation; such as, *the danger of the American prisoners in Tripoli, the unfitness of the ships for service, and the want of means to prosecute the war*; they appear to the committee to have no foundation in fact, and are used rather as a veil to cover an inglorious deed, than solid reasons to justify the negociator's conduct. The committee are free to say, that, in their opinion, it was in the power of the United States, with the force then employed, and a small portion of the sixty thousand dollars, thus improperly expended, to have placed Hamet Caramalli, the right ful soverign of Tripoli, on his throne —to have obtained their prisoners in perfect safety,‡ without the payment of a cent, with assurance and probable certainty, of eventual remuneration for all expences; and to have established a peace with the Barbary powers, that would have been secure and permanent, and which would have dignified the name and character of the American people.

Whatever Hamet, the ex-bashaw, may have said, in his letter of June 29th, 1805, to palliate the conduct which first abandoned and then ruined him, the senate cannot fail to discern that he was then at Syracuse, in a country of strangers to his merits, and hostile to his nation and religion, and were every circumstance conspired to depress him, which, together with the fear of starving, left him scarcely a moral agent.

Upon these facts, and to carry into effect the principles of duty arising out of them, the only remuneration now left in the power of the U. States to make, the committee herewith present a bill for the consideration of the senate. The committee are confident that the legislature of a free and christian country, can never leave it in the power of a Mahometan to say, *that they violate their faith, or withhold the operations of justice from one who has fallen a victim to his unbounded confidence to their integrity and honor.*

* *Extract of a letter from captain Dent.*

"*It is generally believed by the officers of the Mediterranean, that Mr. Lear had a great ascendancy over the commodore in all his measures relative to the squadron; and from frequent observations of Mr. Lear's intimacy with the commodore during his debilitated state, I am of the same opinion.*"

† "*I must here pay a tribute of justice to commodore Rogers, whose conduct during the negociation on board, was mixed with that manly firmness and evident wish to continue the war, if it could be done with propriety, while he displayed the magnanimity of an American in declaring, that we fought not for conquest, but to maintain our just rights and national dignity, as fully convinced the negociators that we did not ask, but grant peace.*

"*You will pardon me if I here introduce a circumstance evincive of the spirit of our countrymen At breakfast this morning, commodore Rogers observed that if the Bashaw would consent to deliver up our countrymen without making peace, he would engage to give him two hundred thousand instead of sixty thousand dollars, and raise the difference between the two sums from the officers of the navy, who, he was perfectly assured, would contribute to it with the highest satisfaction.*

‡ *Extract from a letter of com. Rogers.*

"*I never thought the prisoners were in danger.*"

Extract from a letter of lieutenant Wormely, then a prisoner in Tripoli.

"*I do not believe that there was any danger to be apprehended for our lives, even if general Eaton and Hamet Bashaw had have marched under the walls of Tripoli.*"

Mr. Bradley from the committee to whom was referred on the 18th January, the papers relative to the claim of Hamet Bashaw, reported a bill for the relief of Hamet Caramalli, ex-bashaw of Tripoli, which was read and passed to the second reading.

A BILL

For the relief of Hamet Caramalli, ex-bashaw of Tripoli.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, That in consideration of the services and sufferings of Hamet Caramalli, the ex-bashaw of Tripoli, in cooperation with the United States in the war with the regency, the president of the U. States, be, and is hereby authorised and requested, to be caused to be paid out of any monies in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of thousand dollars, to the said Caramalli; which shall be considered as full satisfaction for all claims he may give against the U. States.

BOSTON, March 19.

Arrived, the regular trading ship John Adams, captain Wood, 29 days from Liverpool. In lat. 47, 30, long. 20, 17, saw a vessel bottom up, she was about 200 or 250 tons, painted green about the stern, with a figure head and white boot top, a single bottom, and very clean, apparently not long at sea. Spoke, lat. 45, 25, long. 31, 13, the ship Delaware, from Amsterdam, bound to New-York, 18 days out. On George's bank, the brig Venus, of Salem, bound to Leghorn, 2 days out.

NEW-YORK, March 25.

A letter received in this city from Paris, states, that in 24 hours after Bonaparte's return to Paris, 400 persons had been arrested, and it was not known what had become of them, nor why they had thus disappeared. It is also stated, that a private supper had been given on Napoleon's return at which 33 persons were present—and that only three of them could be found the next morning.

A postscript to the above letter says, kings and princes are appointed in our days, like serjeants and corporals of a regiment.

Arrived the ship Thomas, Turner, in 30 days from Bordeaux, via New-London. Passenger, captain Patterson late of the ship Rising States, the loss of which vessel we have mentioned. March 9, in lat. 42, 12. long. 36, spoke the ship Lewis William 15 days from Bordesux for Philadelphia.

The schooner Connecticut, Morehouse, in 24 days from Charleston, via. New-London. On Saturday 20 miles west of the Hamptons, Long-Island, saw a large American brig ashore.

The account of the loss of the ship Cotton Planter of New-York copied into this paper yesterday from Lloyd's List, is erroneous. She arrived at Liverpool from Rotterdam without experiencing any injury, and without any other in convenience than what arose from headwinds. A letter received from the captain, dated on the 13th ult. says he expected to sail for this port in about a fortnight.

BY THIS DAY's MAILS.

THIRTY SIXTH BULLETIN OF THE FRENCH ARMY.

"BRUNN, Dec. 14---The deeds of valor which have exalted the grand army, afford matter for a collection of great interest. A carabineer of the 10th light infantry lost his arm by a shot: 'Help me,' cried he to his comrade, 'to take off my cartridge box, & hasten forward to avenge my loss; I want no other assistance.' The wounded man then hanging his accoutrements upon his left arm, proceeded alone to the hospital. General Thibault was dangerously wounded; four Russians seized him, and were carrying him off; six wounded Frenchmen, having perceived them, drove the Russians off, and seized the wounded general, exclaiming, 'it is an honor belonging to us alone to carry a wounded French general.' A part of general Valhubert's leg was carried away by a ball. Four soldiers approached to take him up: 'Mind the order of the day,' said he to them with a voice like thunder, 'and join your ranks---return victoris, and carry me off after the battle is ended; if you are beaten, my life will be only a burthen,' The loss of this general is the only one we have to lament; all the other wounded generals are in a state of convalescence

"The lake upon which a numerous corps of Russians took refuge on the day the battle of Austerlitz was fought has been drained; forty pieces of cannon and a number of bodies, have been found. Yesterday the emperor received the deputation from the mayors of Paris presented by prince Murat The mayor of the 7th circle made a speech---the emperor answered, "That he saw the deputation with pleasure; and that, notwithstanding he received them in the palace of Maria Theresa, still the day when he should again find himself in the midst of his good citizens of Paris, would be to him a real festival. He said he had had an opportunity of a near view of the calamities of war, and that from the view which presented itself, he was persuaded that all the laws relative to the conscripts should be considered as the most wholesome and sacred, unless they wished to witness the devastation of their habitation" He added, "that he wished for peace, but such a peace as would secure the welfare of the French people" His majesty then informed the deputies of his intention to present the colors taken in the battle, on the anniversary of his coronation, to the Cathedral of Paris; and that he meant to intrust these trophies in their hands, in order that they might be delivered to the Cardinal archbishop"

THIRTY SEVENTH BULLETIN OF THE FRENCH ARMY.

SCHOENBRUNN, December 26, 1805

The following is the position of the army this day:---Marshall Bernadotte occupies Bohemia; marshal Mortier, Moravia; marshal Davoust occupies Presburg, the capital of Hungary; marshal Soult, Vienna; marshal Ney, Carinthia; general Marmont, Styria; marshal Massena, Carniola; marshal Augereau commands the reserve in Suabia.

Marshal Massena, with the army of Italy, is become the eighth division of the grand army Prince Eugene is commander in chief of all the troops in the Venetian territories and the kingdom of Italy.

General St. Cyr is advancing by forced marches towards Naples, to punish the treason of the queen, and to precipitate from the throne this culpable woman, who has violated in so shameless a manner all that is held sacred among men. It was endeavored to intercede for her with the emperor; he replied, were hostilites to recommence & the nation to support a thirty years war, so atrocious an act of perfidy cannot be pardoned. The qeeen of Naples has ceased to reign. This last crime has completed her destiny; let her go to London to increase the number of intriguers, and form a sympathetic-ink committee with Drake, Spencer Smith, Taylor and Wickham; she may also invite, if she pleases, baron D'Armfeldt, M. Fersen, D'Antraigues, and the monk Morus."

NEW-YORK, March 26.

Fulwar Skipwith, esq. arrived in town yesterday, and sails this day in the Hornet sloop of war for France, to resume his consular functions.

Arrived, the ship Delaware, Farrier, in 34 days from Amsterdam.

The ship Beaver, Whetten, in 109 days from Canton, took a pilot off the Hook yesterday.

Cleared, brig Betsy, Sprowl, Jamaica.

NORFOLK, March 22.

Arrived, ship Courtney, Bryant, 30 days from Jamaica.

Sch'r. Ploughboy, Langdon, 34 days from Martinique.

The brig Merchant, Pike, from this port, arrived at Jamaica, the 14th February. The *ship Hope, Smith, for Baltimore*; and brig Thetis, Gifford, for New-York, were to have sailed from Montego Bay, the 1st of March.

Cleared, sch's. Rising Sun, Jewell, Richmond; Enterprize, Fitzhugh, New-York; sloops Friendship, Androvat, do. Clinton, Marshal, do. Lark, Somers, Washington, (N. C.); Nancy, Finch, do.

Captain Bryant, of the ship Courtney, in 30 days from Lucea, (Jamaica) has favored us with papers of that island; their contents are not interesting. An account of the defeat of the French fleet had been just received. It differs but little from what has been already published, except the additon that the *two frigates and the corvette*, were also taken.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, *MARCH* 28.

The following, inclosing a dollar, was thrown into our office yesterday. It is proper to observe that we have no communication box, and that no such article as it alludes to was received by us....and further, that if it had come to hand it would have been published without expence:

Messrs. Yundt & Brown, this comes to pay you to insert the small piece which was put into your box this morning, respecting the new invented society, of which a negro fellow by the name of John Robinson, is president.

You will please, if it is convenient, to let it be in this evening, and if you deem it proper you may put it in to-morrow and Monday. R. RHETORIC.

Thursday, March 27.

N. B. My reason is, that I do not think it proper for negroes to be forming themselves into political societies.

His excellency John Langdon, is re-elected governor of the state of New-Hampshire, without opposition.

We understand that the latest dispatches received from Mr Monroe, bear date the 28th of January, and that they state, that in consequence of the indisposition of Mr. Pitt, no ultimate arrangements had been made for the adjustment of our relations with Great-Britain, but that hopes of such adjustment were entertained from the complexion of the new administration.

[*National Intelligencer.*]

CONGRESS. Monday the doors were closed till about 12—when they were opened, & the galleries and lobby of the house of representatives were filled with spectators, who were on tip-toe to hear Mr. Randolph produce his charges against the secretary of state, agreeably to promise made with closed doors on Friday last—After he came into the house, particular care was taken to call up other business, which prevented him.

Yesterday, Mr. Micholson's bill passed through two readings before Mr. Randolph entered. It is expected that he will speak this day (Wednesday) on the 3d reading of the bill.

Mr. Dawson's resolutions were called up yesterday—the two first passed, making appropriations for forts and gun-boats; that for building six line of battle ships, was rejected by a large majority. [*Wash. Fed.*]

From the Merchant's Coffee-House Books.

March 27.

The schooner Experiment, Merryhew, from Jeremie, for this port, after experiencing violent gales in the Gulph, losing her foremast, and being short of water, bore away and arrived off George-town, S. C. on the 14th instant.

Arrived, brig Hannah, Dayton, 32 days from Havana—Sugars, &c.—John S. Horne. Saw nothing in the bay.

FOR THE FEDERAL GAZETTE.

COMMUNICATION.

The circumstance which the unfortunate blind youth, lately accommodated in the alms-house, so modestly alludes to, as the cause of his quitting that house, is simply a new regulation adopted by the levy-court under a law for the regulation of the alms-house passed about *thirty* years ago, of wearing a badge of scarlet cloth on the arm, with the letters B. P. under the penalty of five pounds on the overseer for every neglect.

This wheelbarrow badge (as it is appropriately called) which, under the trustees, has never been enforced for twenty-five years or upwards, is now brought to light by the enlightened levy court, to whose sympathetic feelings that institution was placed by the late legislature, and we can, without the gift of prophecy, foretel, that the infirm and poor will not long burthen the county, however they may the city, for their pittance.

Even the lame ballad hawkers resist their opprobrious badge.

Present governors of the B. P.
ROBERT GORSUCH,
G. C. GOULDSMITH,
JAMES BIAYS,
Dr. LOVE,
—— SNOWDEN,
—— PROCTOR,
Dr. THOMAS JOHNSTON,
JOHN T. WORTHINGTON.

Sale by Auction.

On SATURDAY, Next,

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at No. 191, Market-street, two doors above the Indian Queen, will commence the sale of the entire STOCK IN TRADE, *of a person about to retire from the Book-selling business,*

CONSISTING OF

An extensive and valuable collection of BOOKS on

DIVINITY	LAW
HISTORY	SCIENCES
VOYAGES	ARTS
TRAVELS	ARCHITECTURE
PHILOSOPHY	MISCELLANIES, &c. &c.
GEOGRAPHY	

With a variety of the Classics, School and Blank Books, &c. &c. And a variety of Quills and other stationary.

The sale will be continued from day to day, until the whole is disposed of

SOWER & S. COLE, Auct's.

The articles are now arranged, and ready for immediate inspection.

March 27. d5t

Molasses.

30 hhds. molasses just received and for sale, by

JOHN RANDALL.
95, Bowly's wharf.

Also on hand

Lisbon and Teneriff Wine.

March 25 d3t||

Sale by Auction.

On SATURDAY,

The 29th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will commence the sale on O'Donnel's wharf, at the head of Frederick-street dock,

The entire CARGO of the ship Comet, captain Hart,

Consisting of

164 hhds. of the very first quality New-Orleans SUGAR.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

March 28.

Sale by Auction.

On WENESDAY,

The 3d of April, at 12 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, without reserve.

A large and spacious three-story BRICK HOUSE, elegantly finished, with good cellars under the whole; fronting on Granby-street, between King-George & Duke-streets. There are also a 20 feet lot adjoining, which will be sold with the lot on which the house stands; there is likewise a pump of excellent water near the house.

The terms are:

One-third in two months, and the residue in 12, 18 and 24 months, with interest on the three last payments Negotiable notes, with approved indorsers, will be required, and a bond of conveyance will be given to make a good and sufficient deed, when the notes are all paid.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

March 28.

Sale by Auction.

On TUESDAY next,

The 1st April at 12 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Frederick street dock, will commence the sale of

The cargo of the brig LOUISA WHEDEN, just arrived from Leghorn,

Consisting of

50 pipes, 50 half do. } Catalonia WINE,
30 casks Claret
10 chests Manna
10 do. Saffron
1 packe do.

And on Wednesday next, the 2d of April, at the Coffee-House, wharf, immediately after the sale of the ship Two-Friends will be sold,



The Brig
LOUISA WHEEDEN,
Burthen about 165 tons, with all her materials, as she arrived from sea.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct's.

March 28.

For Freight or Charter,



The Brig HANNAH,
Benedict Dayton, master,
A substantial good vessel, and in a few days will be ready to take in a cargo Apply to the captain on board, at O'Donnel's wharf, or to

JOHN S. HORNE,

Who has received by her, for sale, (before stored) on very accommodating terms,

138 hhds. and 7 tierces first quality Havana Molasses, and
22 boxes White Sugars.

And in store,

A quantity of 1st quality Green Coffee
Spermaceti Candles and James River Tobacco.

March 28. d3t-eo3t

Northumberland Court-House,

VIRGINIA.

THE STORE-HOUSES formerly occupied by Mr. James Smith, at this place, are to rent or lease---they are in good repair. Possession may be had the 22d of April. For terms, apply to THOS. W. HUGHTETT.

March 28. eo3t||

The Subscriber,

No. 14, M'ELDERRY'S WHARF,

Has just received per the schooner New-City, from Euenton, N. Carolina,

100 barrels Tar, in nice order.

On hand,

1000 bushels Turks-Island Salt, 500 do. Cadiz do., 1600 do. Ground Alum do. } suitable for curing fish.
1600 do Corn
25 hhds Sugar, suitable for retailers,
30 bbls New-York Pork,
26 do. Boston Beef,
16 kegs Butter, in good shipping order,
10 Tons hoop iron, with an assortment of cut and wrought nails, spikes, bar-iron & castings, which are offered for sale on reasonable terms, by

ROBERT CORNTHWAIT.

March 28. eo6t

S. P. Falguerolles,

Medical Doctor, Fellow of the Medical Society of Maryland.

Born of French parents in the city of Bremen. I was from my earliest childhood destined to the study of Physic. After having regularly graduated in the schools there, I visited several universities, to perfect myself in my intended profession, and was finally admitted as a physician by the medical faculty of Erlang; after which I practised for twenty years in Bremen, and was appointed director of the public dispensary.

Having resolved to visit America, I accompanied captain Vickers to this city, as a medical attendant, and purposed to proceed to Charleston; but the friendly reception I have met with here, and the flattering incouragement I have already experienced, induce me to fix my abode in Baltimore. I therefore take this method of making known my intention, and assuring my friends, that it shall be my incessant endeavors, by my application and punctuality, to merit the continuance of their esteem, and to obtain the confidence of the public, especially in chronick diseases, which I have most particularly made the object of my study.

☞ Persons desirous of advice, or medical aid, will find me at No. 16, Market-street, everyday, from 6 to 9, A. M. and from 1 to 2, P. M.

March 28. eo3t§

Caution.

WHEREAS the subscriber on the 4th inst delivered a letter to the post-rider, in this town, directed to Messrs. George and John Humphrey's, of Charles Town, inclosing a post note of the Alexandria Bank, No 8406, dated February 25th, 1806, for 204 dollars, 59 cents, drawn in favor of those gentlemen, and payable three days after date, which note did not get to hand, but was, it is supposed, lost or mislaid; this is to caution any person to whom said note may be offered, against receiving it, as the payment has been stopped at the bank, and it can be of no use to any, but those in whose favor it was drawn. The subscriber will be much obliged to any person, who will communicate to him here, or to the abovementioned gentlemen in Charles-Town, Jefferson county, any information respecting the said post note.

THOMAS FAIRFAX.

Alexandria, March 25. (28.) eo3t‡

Jesse Hollingsworth

HAS FOR SALE,

Rhode-Island POTATOES of the *early* kind, fit for shipping, and particularly so for seed or family use.

March 28. eo3t§

Chambray Muslins,

TWO trunks of the newest patrons and handsomest colors, just opened and for sale by

DUGAS & MITCHELL,
57, Baltimore-street.

March 28 d6t

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro-man Servant, as waiter in a small family; to one that can bring good recommendations for honesty, sobriety and attention, generous wages will be given. Apply at this office.

March 28. d6t

Wanted immediately,

FIFTEEN or twenty likely young *Negroes*, for which a liberal price will be given. Apply at Renshaw's tavern, Old-Town.

March 28. eo3t§

Wanted to Rent,

For one or two years,

A comfortable HOUSE, within a few miles of the city, with a Garden and a small quanty of Ground attached to it The house is wanted for a Family, who will be careful in preserving the House and Garden in good order. Apply to the printers.

March 28 d3t||

Notice,

THE Subscribers, Administrators, of the estate of Samuel Cleland, *deceased*, will proceed to the payment of a further Dividend on said estate, at the counting house of William Matthews, on Monday the 14th day of April next,

WM MATTHEWS,
HENRY PAYSON.

March 28. d14A

The Subscriber

INTENDING shortly to absent himself from this city for some time, requests those having demands against him, to present them for settlement; and those indebted, to make payment as speedily as possible

PHILIP B. SADTLER,
No. 156, Market-street,

Who has on hand and for sale,

A neat and fashionable assortment of *Watches* and *Jewelry.*

March 28. d3t--eo3t

German Goods.

We offer for sale an extensive assortment of the following LINENS, &c.

Platillas Royal and Bretagnes	
Creas	Dowlas
Estopillas	Cholets
Listados	Checks, No. 2
Ticklenburgs	Oznaburgs
White Rolls	Hessians
Burlaps Brown	Bleached

White Flaxen, in boxes
Handkerchiefs and Ticken
Bags, two and three bushels

ALSO,

Best Danish Lamb's Wool, for hatters use
Glass Beads and Garnets
Cutting Knives and Wooden Pencils
Cut Glass-ware and Chimney Pieces
Phials, for apothecaries
Snuff-boxes, elegant engraved and common
Two large sets of elegant China
Toys, &c.

All of which will be made very low, and on a liberal credit.

HACKEMAN & HOPPE,
three doors below the Custom-house.

March 28 d

City of Baltimore.

(BY AUTHORITY.)

[No. XVIII.]

AN ORDINANCE

For building a Public Wharf in Ann-street, in the eighth ward.

BE it enacted and ordained by the mayor and city council of Baltimore, That Thomas Tenant, John Lee and Baptist Mezick, be, and they are hereby appointed commissioners for the purpose of contracting for and superintending the building of a public wharf at the south end of Ann-street, in the eighth ward, to be extended of the width of said street southwardly to seven or eight feet depth of water at common tides: And that the said commissioners shall cause the same to be done with good and sound materials, and finished in a faithful and workman-like manner.

Sect. 2. *And be it enacted and ordained*, That the said commissioners may, and are hereby authorized to draw on the register of the city, from time to time, as the said work may progress, for such sum or sums of money as may be necessary to carry on the said work with economy and dispatch, provided the drafts of said commissioners shall not exceed eight hundred dollars.

Sect. 3. *And be it enacted and ordained*, That before the said commissioners shall enter upon their duty, they shall give bond, with satisfactory security, to the mayor and city council of Baltimore, for the faithful discharge of the same.

(L. S. C.) BALTZER SCHÆFFER,
President of the first branch of the city council.
JAMES CALHOUN,
President of the second branch of the city council.

APPROVED, March 15, 1806
THOROWGOOD SMITH,
Mayor of the city of Baltimore

---

150 qr. casks Gun-powder,

Manufactured at the Bellona-mill, for sale by KENT & BROWNE.

March 27. d

For Sale,

350,000 lb. first quality Green COFFEE
50,000 lb. Island COCOA.—Apply to

HENRY WILSON,
47, South Gay-street.

March 27. d1m

Commissioners' Office,

BALTIMORE, 27th March, 1806.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the city commissioner's will meet on Wednesday next, the 2d day of April, to establish the devision line between lots No. 52 and 53, situate on the north-east side of High street, and the second line of that part of lot No. 53, leased by Brian Philpot, to Henry Arendorf, on the 29th day of December, 1792.

Those who are interested, are requested to attend with the surveyor, land marks and papers, necessary for establishing the aforesaid lines.

By order of the board,

SAMUEL VINCENT, *Clk.*

March 27. d3t