aryland Stock.
for a few Shares.—
d6t

r Sale,
Missouri BEAVER —
Apply t. LLER & FORMAN,
Head of Market-street.
Dec. 20. d

An Apprentice wanted,
FOR THE HARDWARE BUSINESS.
Enquire of the printers.
April 7. d

John and James Thompson
HAVE FOR SALE,
385,000 lbs. first quality Green COFFEE, &
A few bales COTTON.
April 5. d12t

For Sale,
A stout healthy negro MAN, who understands farming, and has been accustomed to a garden. March 25. eo10t

Spanish Dollars.
A premium will be given for Spanish dollars at No. 7, Bowly's wharf.
April 15. d

Campbell & Ritchie
Have received by the United States, from London,
A PART OF THEIR
SPRING GOODS,
And expect the remainder by the next arrivals from London and Liverpool.
April 10. d12t-eo12t

For sale by the Subscriber
On a liberal credit,
102000 lbs. of GREEN COFFEE, fit for retailers. WM. ANDERSON,
No. 10, Hanover-stree
February 11 d

For Sale,
350,000 lb. first quality Green COFFEE
50,000 lb. Island COCOA.—Apply to
HENRY WILSON,
47, South Gay-street.
March 27. d1m

To Hire.
TWO active young Negro MEN, slaves from the country, will be hired to a good employer, by the week, month or year. For information, apply to the printers.
April 17. d5t

To Let,
THE STORE at present occupied by the subscribers, 197, Market-street, a few doors above Evans's tavern. Possession may be had, on or before the first of April.
KENT & BROWNE.
February 24. d

Now Landing
At Bowly's wharf, from on board the schooner Brutus, from Guadaloupe, and for sale,
299 bags of fine Green COFFEE
52 hhds. Clayed SUGAR—Apply to
SAMUEL CAMPBELL,
97, Bowly's wharf.
February 22. d

To be Leased,
For 99 years, renewable forever,
A few LOTS, on the York Turnpike Road, within less than a quarter of a mile of Baltimore. The situation is high and remarkably healthy, with most excellent water. Enquire of
Dr. HENRY STEVENSON.
September 9. d

Thomas Marean
Has for sale at No. 15, Bowly's wharf,
30 hhds. Surrinam Molasses
100 qr. casks Malaga Wine, entitled to drawback
300 kegs 1st quality Lard
50 do. Philadelphia Butter
75 bbls. Prime Pork
60 do. Boston No. 1 and 2 Beef
50 boxes Cod-Fish
75 do. Mould Candles
90 do. Brown Soap.
April 17. d3t§

James Blair,
25½, MARKET-STREET,
Has just received and offers for sale, a large and handsome assortment of
SPRING GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
200 pieces Cotton Cassimeres
250 do. 4-4 & 6-4 Cambrick Muslins
50 do Colonade do.
50 do. figured India Mull do.
20 do. Leno and Lace do.
60 do Silk and Cotton Chambray Muslins
50 doz Sewed and Lace Shawls
1 trunk Silk, Cotton and Thread Hose
2 cases Dimities
1 do Nun's Thread
2 do London Chintzes and Calicoes
2 do. 4-4 and 7-8 Irish Linen
2 bales German do.
Also,
Elegant 6-4 and 8-4 Damask Silk Shawls; white and black Thread Lace; black Lace Shades, some ready made; Lace and Leno Veils; Silk and Cotton Trimming; Silk and Cotton Cords and Tassels; Silk and Cotton Fringe; Furniture Fringe and Tassels; Silk and Cotton Gimp; plain and spangled Ostrich Feathers; French Ornaments; Spangled Fans, some very rich; with a variety of of other articles, all of which he will sell at the most reduced prices.
Just received,
70 barrels LIMES, in good order, and will be sold cheap.
April 11. d

E. & W. Penniman
RESPECTFULLY inform the public, that having disposed of their *Stock in Trade*, to Messrs. Amos Brown & Co. they have declined business, and request those who have demands against said firm, to present them for payment. Those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Amos Brown,
Late of the firm of *Fuller & Brown*, respectfully informs the public, that he has resumed his former business, in Copartnership with T. & R. Rich, under the firm of *Amos Brown and Co.* at 109, Market-street, in the house recently occupied by E. and W. Penniman, where they have on hand, a general assortment of SHOES; in addition to which they have this day received by the Federal George, from Boston, 55 *packages*, which render their assortment extensive and complete, which they offer for sale on reasonable terms for cash, or approved paper.
Also on consignment,
A few trunks of elegant spangled Slippers, suitable for the West-India market.
April 16. d10-co10

Sale by Auction.
On TUESDAY,
The 28th instant, at 12 o'clock, at our auction room, will be sold by order of the orphan's court, on account of the estate of George Rosenstee., jun. deceased,
2 shares Union Bank Stock
1 do. Water Stock,
And at four o'clock the same day,
On the premises, on 6 months credit, a Lot of GROUND on Market street extended, near Dr. M'Henry's seat, fronting on the street 29 feet, and 178 feet deep, with a frame dwelling house thereon, now in the tenure of Mrs. Shroat. The lot is subject to a ground rent of 58 dollars per annum.
And immediately after the sale of the lot,
A likely NEGRO WOMAN, about 20 years old.
VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct's.
April 19

For Sale,
16 hhds. and 250 boxes prime Newfoundland COD-FISH, just imported in fine shipping order. MARK PRINGLE.
April 19 d8‡

LOST, yesterday evening,
In this city,
A large oval mourning BREAST PIN, with the name of the deceased, &c. enamelled in letters of gold, around the rim. Any person who will deliver the same at this office, shall receive *more than the real* value of it.
April 19. d3t‖

Balderston & Cornthwait
HAVE FOR SALE,
Campeachy Logwood
Louisiana Cotton
Lard, Superfine Flour, which will be sold low to close sales.
April 19. d4teo4t

Bacon Hams,
3,000 lbs prime Smithfield *BACON HAMS,*
For sale at
64, Smith's wharf.
April 19. d3t

A Consignment
OF black, white and drab HATS, handsomely assorted in cases, and well calculated for the West-India market—For sale by
A. M'CULLOH,
81, Market-street.
April 16. d4t-eo4t

Wanted to Purchase,
A Negro GIRL, from 14 to 16 years of age. One from the country would be preferred. Apply at this office.
April 12. d

For Sale,
By the Printers hereof,
2 Founts of BREVIER
1 do. LONG PRIMER
1 do. ENGLISH,
Being the type on which this Gazette was lately printed. Terms will be accommodation. July 26. d

Patton & Jones,
No. 93, Market-street, Baltimore, and No. 44, Market-street, Philadelphia,
HAVE received by the late arrivals from London and Liverpool, an extensive assortment of CLOCKS, WATCHES, CLOCK DIALS, Movements and all kinds of Clock & Watchmakers tools and materials.
4th mo. 16th. d12t

Leghorn Bonnets.
WILLIAM BOYER very respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Baltimore and its vicinity, that he has a large assortment of Leghorn Bonnets, together with their Trimmings, for sale.
ALSO,
Other Bonnets, suitable for the Summer season—The whole at a low rate. Apply at No. 4, South Gay-street.
April 18. d3t‖

For Sale.
I will sell at private sale, that valuable HOUSE and LOT, on Market-street, at present occupied, by Mr. David Fulton, the sign of the Globe Inn, containing 30 odd rooms, with stabling for upwards of 50 horses, and now under rent for nineteen hundred dollars, payable quarterly. An indisputable title will be made, upon the payment of the whole purchase money. A *considerable* credit may be had for a large part of the purchase. For terms, apply to
PETER WYANT,
Hanover-street, opposite Mr. Emanul Kent's.
April 17. d11t‖

For Sale.
CASTOR OIL & SEGARS.
270 bottles cold pressed Castor Oil, of a superior quality, manufactured in the neighborhood of this city, under the direction of doctor William Stabler, and is well worth the attention of Physicians and private families, who wish to be supplied with this valuable medicine in a *pure state.*
Also,
A few boxes Havana Segars. Apply to
JOHN BAXLEY,
At the counting house of Wm. Patterson and Sons, No. 20, South-street.
April 19. m-th-&-s, 12t

Pimento.
Just received per schooner Dorothy, capt. Rowlee, from New-York,
30 bags PIMENTO, of superior quality.
In store,
150 boxes and 1 hhd. Codfish
30 boxes fresh Raisins
80 hhds Maryland Tobacco
15 kegs manufactured ditto
18 chests Young Hyson Tea
3 ditto Imperial ditto
2 boxes ditto ditto
3000 lbs. Glauber Salts
Tongues and Sounds, and pickled Salmon, in small kegs
Seed Potatoes, Cyder Vinegar, Indian Corn, Pork, Salmon, &c. &c.
Also,
One case cotton Cambricks, which will be sold very low, to close a consignment. Apply to ISAIAH MANKIN.
April 19. d3t

ONE HUNDRED
PAIR of BOOTS,
Of the different fashionable kinds of Backstrap and Cossacs, materials and workmanship superior to those generally made for exportation, but will be sold at the usual prices of exportation work, for cash, or on a liberal credit for good paper, by the subscriber; who still continues to pay particular attention to customers' work—of which he will keep on hand a good assortment of fashionable Boot, together with light-dress Shoes and Pumps.
REZIN POOL,
No. 6, South-street.
April 12 d6t

NINTH CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Wednesday, April 16.

A bill for fortifying the ports and harbors of the United States, and for building gunboats, was read a third time and passed.

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Gregg in the chair, on the bill supplementary to the act, entitled, "An act making provision for the redemption of the whole of the public debt of the United States."

The chairman proceeded to read the bill until he came to the 4th and 5th sections, which authorise the commissioners of the sinking fund to appoint one agent in London and another in Amsterdam, to receive subscriptions and transfers, and to issue new certificates; and to enable the holders of old six per cents deferred, or three per cent. stocks, who may become subscribers to the new stock, either in the United States or in Europe, and who on the first day of April next, and on the day of the subscription, shall be resident in Europe, to receive the interest on their stock, their in the United States, or at London, or in Amsterdam.

Mr. Varnum moved to strike out the fifth section.

This motion was supported by Mr. Davenport, and opposed by Mr. J. Randolph, and disagreed to---ayes 34---noes 42.

On motion of Mr. J. Randolph, the compensation allowed to each of the above agents was fixed at 3000 dollars---ayes 48.

The 8th section was read as follows:

Sect. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the 1st day of April next, whenever it shall be necessary to issue new certificates, either in lieu of such certificates of old six per cent. or deferred stock, as may be lost or destroyed, or by reason of a transfer of such stock from a stockholder to another, or from the books of an office to those of another office; the new certificates, instead of stating the nominal amount of stock which originally was, but is no longer the sum actually due by the United States, shall express the true amount of the annuity due, at the rate of eight per cent. on the original amount of principal, at the time when it shall cease. But all the other provisions heretofore made by law, and now in force, relative to the said stocks shall remain in full force, as if no alteration had been made in the form of the certificates: and such new certificates may be subscribed, in conformity with the provisions of this act, according to the then unredeemed amount of the principal stock originally due.

Mr. Quincy moved to strike this section out, under the impression that it impaired the original contract between the U. S. and the public creditors.

Mr. J. Randolph vindicated the section against this charge.

Mr. Dana did not think it impaired the original contract, but considered it superfluous, as in his opinion the power given by it was already vested by law in the officers of the treasury department; when the question was taken and the motion lost without a division.

Mr. J. Randolph moved to fill the blank in that part of the bill which provides for the conversion of three per cent. stock, into six per cent. with "sixty-two and a half;" by which the holder of every hundred dollars in the 3 per cent stock is entitled to receive sixty-two and an half dollars of six per cent.

Mr. Crowninshield opposed this motion, as well as the provision for converting the 3 per cent. into 6 per cent. stock; under the idea that it would be injurious to the United States.

Mr. J. Clay defended the provision and made a detailed argument to shew that it would be beneficial to the U. States.

Mr. Dana declared himself in favor of the proposed modification of the public debt.

Mr. Jackson spoke against it.

Mr. J. Randolph advocated this part of the bill, and

Mr. Crowninshield replied.

When the question was taken on the motion of Mr. J. Randolph and agreed to—Ayes 51—Noes 34.

A motion, made by Mr. Mumford requiring the agents, before they enter on the execution of their offices to take an oath or affirmation for the diligent execution of their trusts, and requiring them to give bonds in one or more sureties, in the penal sum of 20,000 dolls.—was agreed to.

Mr. Dana moved to strike out the words marked in Italics in the following sec. with a view of restraining the provisions of the bill to the present 3 per cents, & under the impression that in the new stock proposed to be created, the government liberated itself from the obligation to pay a certain part of the principal and interest heretofore stipulated.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That a subscription to the full amount of the *old six per cent. deferred and* three per cent. stocks be, and the same is hereby proposed; for which purpose books shall be opened at the treasury of the United States, and by the several commissioners of loans, on the first day of April next, to continue open, until the seventeenth day of December next following, inclusively, the 14 last days of each quarter excepted, for such parts of the above mentioned descriptions of stock as shall, on the day of subscription, stand on the books of the treasury, and of the several commissioners of loans, respectively; which subscription, shall be effected by a transfer to the United States, in the manner provided by law for such transfers, of the credit or credits, standing on the said books, and by a surrender of the certificates of the stock subscribed.

Mr. J. Randolph and Mr. J. Clay opposed this motion, and denied the justice of the observation made by Mr. Dana.

When the motion to strike out the section was lost without a division.

The committee rose and reported the bill with several amendments, which were agreed to by the house, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow—Ayes 56.

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole—Mr. Tenney in the chair—on the bill repealing the acts laying duties on salt, and continuing in force for a certain time the 1st section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers"—as follows:

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled*, That from and after the day of next, so much of any act or acts, as lays a duty on imported salt, be and the same hereby is repealed; and from and after the day aforesaid, salt shall be imported into the United States free of duty.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the first day of January next, so much of any act or acts as allows a bounty on exported salt provisions and pickled fish, in lieu of drawback of the duties on the salt employed in curing the same, and so much of any act or acts as makes an allowance to the owners and crews of fishing vessels, in lieu of drawback of the duties paid on the salt used by the same, shall be and the same hereby is repealed.

Sect. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the act passed on the 25th day of March, 1804, entitled An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the U. States against the Barbary powers, as is contained in the first section of the said act, be and the same hereby is continued in force, until the end of the next session of congress, and no longer.

Mr. Quincy moved so to alter the first section, as only to take off the duty of 8 cents per bushel on salt, imposed by an act of congress passed subsequently to the act previously imposing a duty of 12 cents.

This motion was advocated by Mr. Quincy, and opposed by Messrs. J. Randolph and J. Clay.

Mr. Lyon spoke generally against the bill, and concluded by moving to strike out the first section.

Mr. Bidwell advocated the principle of the bill.

Mr. Dana intimated his disposition to vote for it, under the idea that those who had the responsibility of government attached to them, thought they could dispense with it.

Mr. Elmer supported the bill, and opposed the motions made by Mr. Quincy and Mr. Lyon.

Mr. Lyon's motion to strike out the first section was disagreed to—Aye 1.

When Mr. Quincy's motion was likewise disagreed to without a division.

On motion of Mr. J. Randolph the blank in the first section was filled with the first day of October.

Mr. Alston moved to amend the 3d section by striking out the words at the end thereof "in force until the end of the next session of congress," and insert "made perpetual."

This motion was disagreed to—Ayes 36—Noes 60.

The committee then rose and reported the bill, and the house took the report into immediate consideration.

Mr. Mumford moved to fill the blank in the section with the 1st day of January.

This motion was opposed by Messrs. J. Randolph, T. Moore, Crowninshield and Sloan, when the house concurred in the report of the committee of the whole to fill it with the first of October.

Mr. Crowninshield moved to amend the last section, so as to continue the two and a half per cent. duty on all goods paying an ad valorem duty for 3 years.

This motion was disagreed to—ayes 28.

Mr. Lyon again spoke against the bill so far as relates to the taking off the duty on salt.

When it was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow—ayes 83.

NEW-YORK, April 18.

From a Dublin paper of the 22d February, received at this office by the ship Susan.

DUBLIN, February 22.

In consequence of a dispute between the Prince of Peace and the Spanish nobility, the former has invited the interference of the French government, and a body of French troops are actually marching towards Spain.

The affairs of the continent are now only interrupted by the expeditions against Spain and Naples, and the quarrels between the new-made kings about their newly-acquired possessions. The fate of Naples may be considered positively fixed.

It is reported in London, that the French general St. Cyr has defeated the Neapolitan army. This is highly probable.

It is reported at Vienna, that gen. Mack has been condemned to imprisonment for 12 years.

The French troops are marching to Boulogne, and are to assume the name of the grand invading army of England.

Next week, a plan for the general defence of the united kingdom will be laid before the house of commons. This plan is the joint production of Mr. Windham and gen. Fitzpatrick.

The duke of Portland and lord Melville are both dangerously ill.

Two Scots noblemen, the marquis of Douglas and lord Lauderdale, go to the continent on diplomatic missions.

The hon. Thomas Grenville and lord Holland are to have high diplomatic situations at foreign courts.

Mr. Cole, of Norfolk, declined the honor of the peerage.

It is said that the office of first lord of the treasury for this country will be held by lord Grenville.

Sir George Shee is appointed under-secretary of state in Mr. Windham's office.

The earl of Buchan (the head of the Erskine family) will be appointed one of the Scotch representative peers.

The hon. Henry Erskine is to be lord advocate of Scotland.

Lord Erskine is the second Scotchman who has filled the office of lord high chancellor of England, and Mr. Ponsonby, to whom the great seal of Ireland will doubtless be given, will be the second Irishman ever appointed chancellor of that part of the united kingdom.

How pleasing it must be to the people of Ireland to see a man appointed to an high official situation, whose love and confidence he has for the last 25 years possessed, who, to use his own expression, "never betrayed man or measure;" we need scarcely mention that we mean John Philpot Curran.

Lord Redesdale yesterday intimated, in the court of chancery, that he would henceforth only hear such causes as have been in part discussed before him, and such motions as were of a peremptory nature, as his continuance in office could not be of long duration.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, February 17.

Mr. Alexander expressed a wish that the right honorable gentleman (Mr. Fox) would have the goodness again to state the tenor of his opinion with regard to the union with Ireland---as, in consequence of the rumors which had gone abroad, respecting his observations upon this subject on a former evening [upon the discussion relative to a monument to the memory of lord Cornwallis] great agitation and uneasiness had been excited. The right hon. gentleman's farther explanation of his object was therefore necessary to afford satisfaction in many quarters.

The speaker observed, that any reference to words uttered in a former debate, was irregular. Upon this point, however, any member might exercise his own discretion, but he felt it his duty to state that the reference he alluded to would be wholly irregular.

Mr. Alexander was aware of the irregularity, but the object in view was of much consequence, and he should take it as a favor to have the explanation required.

Mr. Fox spoke to the following effect. I feel an apology to the house necessary, for saying any thing further upon this subject. I thought that the words I before used, connected with it, were perfectly clear and explicit. When the motion was before the house for rendering honors to the memory of Marquis Cornwallis, an honorable member (Mr. O'Hara) stated, that he could not reconcile it to his mind to support the motion, because he disapproved of the union which was carried while that noble marquis was lord lieutenant of Ireland, and because he was apprehensive that from such support, he might be supposed to approve of that measure. I was, however, disposed to vote for the motion, because I felt the proposed honors to be highly deserved; but yet I was extremely unwilling to do any thing which might be conceived to imply an approbation of the union. I did, therefore, distinctly express my disapprobation of that measure, and particularly of the manner in which it was carried; and further, that my respect for the character and merit of lord Cornwallis did not at all proceed from his concern in the transaction. This I stated to the house on the occasion alluded to---but I did not say one word prospectively. At the time indeed, that the union was under discussion I objected to it, and I still retain that objection, for I have never heard any thing to convince me that the grounds of my opinion were erroneous. I have always thought it a bad measure; but there are bad measures which cannot well be repealed; and if ever there was a measure the enactment of which is not connected with its repeal, it is precisely this incorporate union, for however objectionable the manner, under all the circumstances in which it was carried, it is impossible to remedy these objections by a repeal.

Arrived, the ship Uncle Toby, Swaine, from the South seas.

The brig Integrity, Funk, in 20 days from Green-Island, Jamaica.

The brig Hetty, Bunker, in 78 days from Amsterdam. Spoke, March 19, in lat. 23, long. 44, ship Lively, Franklin, 24 days from Newburyport for Gaudaloupe. 31st in lat. 27, long. 64 20, was boarded by a British 74, and politely treated—same day, spoke the Eliza, Rogers, 10 days from Wilmington, for Barbados—also a brig 71 days from the Isle of France for Boston.

The schooner Emeline, Stowell, in 54 days from Bordeaux. March 18, in lat. 36, 51, long. 46, spoke the ship Glory, Moore, 7 days from Philadelphia for Gibraltar.

The brig Washington, Watges, in 36, days from Montego-Bay, Jamaica.

The schooner Hope, Taylor, in 24 days from Trinity, Martinique. Left, sch's Olive-Branch, Holmes, for Plymouth, in 20 days; Nancy, Knowlton, in 10 for Beverly; Union, Lombert, in 15 for Salem; Nancy, Watts, for Boston, in 2; ship Minerva, Dovell, in 2 for N. York; sch'r Liberty, Mayhew, of Plymouth, N. C. in 30 days for Charleston; Agnes, Smith, just arrived from Cape-Ann; sch'r ——, Sears, from North-Carolina. Sailed in co. sch'r Betsy, Desbrow, for Boston; and schooner Delight, Warren, for New-York. The sch'r Fanny Sewell, Newell, had just arrived from New-York. Spoke, in lat. 22, long. 65, 30, sch'r George, Hewett, of Duxbury, 4 days from Martinique, for Boston; and sch'r Tryall, 4 days from St. Eustatia for Boston.

Arrived last night at quarantine, the brig Ann-Maria, Speck, from Guadaloupe, and 31 days from Antigua, where she was carried in, detained 6 weeks, and had her freight taken out. The brig Hope of Providence, was ashore, but expected to be got off, March 19, was boarded by a French privateer, and treated politely, off Cape Hatteras, spoke the ship John of Providence, 38 days from Surrinam for New-York. Antigua papers to the 6th ult. mention the following arrivals—brig Leopard, Fowler; and ship Admiral Cochrane, Hooper, both for New-York—schr. Azuba, Green, from New-Haven; Wilmot, Rice; and Mount Vernon, Fisher, both from N. Carolina.

Cleared, ship Four Sisters, Latham, Dublin; brigs Achilles, Williams, Matanzas; Eagle, Stanford, St. Andero and Porto-Bello; sch'r Sally, Brumley, Jamaica.