For Sale,

A choice parcel of Missouri BEAVER.—Apply to KELLER & FORMAN, Head of Market-street.

Dec. 20. d

An Apprentice wanted,

FOR THE HARDWARE BUSINESS.

Enquire of the printers.

April 7. d

Logwood.

SIXTY tons of LOGWOOD, part of which is Campeachy wood, for sale by

FRANCIS JOHONNOT.

April 22. d6t

For Sale,

A remarkably fine gig HORSE, that will be waranted---Enquire at No. 200, Market-street.

April 23. d

For Sale.

THE Subscribers offer for sale, on a liberal credit, their former DWELLING HOUSE and STORES, in Second-street.

ROBERT & JOHN OLIVER.

April 25. d10t

To Let,

A STORE in Market-street, one of the best stands in this city for the dry-goods business. Enquire of the printers.

April 25. d

For Sale,

350,000 lb. first quality Green COFFEE

50,000 lb. Island COCOA.—Apply to

HENRY WILSON,
47, South Gay-street.

March 27. d1m

To Let,

THE STORE at present occupied by the subscribers, 197, Market-street, a few doors above Evans's tavern. Possession may be had, on or before the first of April.

KENT & BROWNE.

February 24. d

Galt and Thomas

Have imported in the William Murdock, from London,

A quantity of

Seine and Sewing Twine.

April 28. d1t

P. Hoffman & Son

HAVE RECEIVED PER THE WILLIAM MURDOCH, FROM LONDON,

A part of their

SPRING GOODS.

April 28. d

Wanted immediately,

A YOUNG MAN, who is well acquainted with the retail dry goods business, and can bring unexceptionable recommendations. Enquire of the printers.

April 28. d3t

Found,

ON Friday last, a small Sum of Money. The loser may have it again by giving the necessary description of it, by calling on me in Fayette-street, no. 21.

WM. BOUSMAN.

April 28. 3t‡

To be Leased,

For 99 years, renewable forever,

A few LOTS, on the York Turnpike Road, within less than a quarter of a mile of Baltimore. The situation is high and remarkably healthy, with most excellent water. Enquire of

Dr. HENRY STEVENSON.

September 9 d

For Sale,

16 hhds. and 250 boxes prime Newfoundland COD-FISH, just imported in fine shipping order MARK PRINGLE.

April 19. d8t‡

Wanted to Purchase,

A Negro GIRL, from 14 to 16 years of age. One from the country would be preferred. Apply at this office.

April 12. d

For Sale,

By the Printers hereof,

2 Founts of BREVIER
1 do. LONG PRIMER
1 do. ENGLISH,

Being the type on which this Gazette was lately printed. Terms will be accommodating.

July 26 d

O. & J. Fuller,

80, *Market-street,*

HAVE received from their manufactory, in addition to their stock on hand, a fresh and extensive assortment of SHOES, adapted to the season, which they offer for sale at the most reduced prices for cash or approved paper

April 21. d1ct-eo1t

Now Landing

At Bowly's wharf, from on board the schooner Brutus, from Guadaloupe, and for sale,

299 bags of fine Green COFFEE
52 hhds. Clayed SUGAR—Apply to

SAMUEL CAMPBELL,
97, Bowly's wharf.

February 22. d

LOST,

ON Thursday the 17th inst. supposed between Bowly's wharf and Frederick-street, a small Oval gold BREAST PIN, set with Pearl, with the initials A. C. T. The finder will confer a favor on the owner, by leaving it at this office, where will be made a reasonable compensation.

April 25. d3t

Nicholas S. & D. Jones,

79, Smith wharf,

Have received per the William Murdock, captain Geraud, from London,

AND OFFER FOR SALE,

195 doz. old Brown Stout, (of a superior quality, in cases of 6 1-2 doz. each,)
White Lead in Oil,
Verdigrease,
Yellow, Red, Black and Blue Paints.

ALSO,

A small invoice of Charts.

April 28. d

For Sale.

I will sell at private sale, that valuable HOUSE and LOT, on Market-street, at present occupied by Mr. David Fulton, the sign of the Globe Inn, containing 30 odd rooms, with stabling for upwards of 50 horses, and now under rent for nineteen hundred dollars, payable quarterly. An indisputable title will be made, upon the payment of the whole purchase money. A *considerable* credit may be had for a large part of the purchase. For terms, apply to

PETER WYANT,

Hanover-street, opposite Mr. Emanul Kent's.

April 17. d1tf

Building Lots in Fee-Simple

WITHOUT RESERVE.

Will positively be sold on SATURDAY, the 3d day of May next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises,

NINE valuable vacant LOTS of GROUND, 40 feet front, by 120 deep, lying on Fell's-Point, between Wilkes and Fleet-streets, and Washington-street and Castle alley. To describe the advantageous situation of those lots, situate within 200 yards of the most valuable wharves for shipping on the Point, is only to view and be convinced, and as they must positively be sold on that day, great bargains may be expected. Terms of sale will be one-third cash, one-third in four, and the remainder in eight months from the day of sale.

JOSEPH CLARK, Auct'r.

April 17.

Sale by Auction.

ON WEDNESDAY,

The 30th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will positively be sold by public auction, on the premises, upon terms that will then be made known,

ALL THOSE THREE NEW TWO-STORY

BRICK HOUSES

And Lots of Ground,

ADJOINING the estate and residence of Mr. John S. Horne, situate on Paca and Mulberry streets, one of which houses (that Mr. Jacob Moore, painter, lived in) has a garden-lot attached to it, that would admit the building of a good corner house upon. There is a pump of the best water on the premises, and the houses have good dry cellars. The New-market, through the centre of which Paca-street runs, makes this property of increasing vulue: greater improvements are now making in the neighborhood than in any part of Baltimore at this time.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auc'ts.

April 25.

Sale by Auction.

ON THURSDAY,

1st of May, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold,

A LOT OF GROUND, on Cowper-alley, between Howard and Eutaw-streets, 33 feet front on the alley and running back 74 feet, on which is erected a one-story Brick Warehouse, 66 by 18 feet. Terms will be made known at time of sale

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct's.

April 25.

Sale by Auction.

ON FRIDAY,

The 9th May, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by order of the orphans court,

A two-story Brick House and Lot, fronting on Queen-street, Fell's-Point, 30 feet, and running back to the water. The house is completely finished, and a neat garden on the lot. The whole subject to a ground rent of 3l. 6s. 8d. currency. Terms will be made known at the time of sale.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auc'ts.

April 26

Sale by Auction.

ON FRIDAY,

The 2d of May, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold at the premises, on a credit which will then be made known,

THE highly-improved place belonging to the estate of Peter Mitchel, deceased, situated and bounding on the west of the York turnpike road, lying between the seats of Robert Oliver, esq. and Mr. Eichelberger, containing eleven acres and twenty-seven perches of rich LAND; on which is a handsome and convenient brick Dwelling House, with out-houses suitable thereto. The Land is divided into small fields, now in grass, oats, potatoes, &c. There are also, a handsome and productive Garden; an Orchard, planted with choice fruit trees; a good spring on the premises, and a well of excellent water near the dwelling house. The healthy situation and agreeable neighborhood is equal to any about the city.—A plot is lodged at the vendue-office for the inspection of those who wish to purchase.

THOMAS CHASE, Auc'r.

April 23.

Sale by Auction.

ON WEDNESDAY,

The 30th instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold at the premises,

A LOT OF GROUND on German Lane, between Hanover and Sharp streets, fronting 24 feet, and extending back 110 feet, on which are erected a two story brick Dwelling House, a Stable & Blacksmith's Shop, the lot is subject to an annual rent. The particulars of which will be made known at the time of sale.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct's,

April 28.

Sale by Auction.

ON FRIDAY,

The 2d May, at 12 o'clock, will be sold at the premises,

TWO large and valuable three-story BRICK WAREHOUSES on the East side of South-streets No. 67 & 69, now occupied by Messrs. Rogers & Owings & Mr Walton. The lots front 30 1-2 feet on the street, and extend East 54 feet to a dock, are subject to an annual rent, the particulars of which, and the time of payment for the purchase money, will be made known at the time of sale.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

April 28

Sale by Auction

OF FRENCH GOODS.

On WEDNESDAY,

The 7th of May, at 10 o'clock precisely, at the vendue warehouse, at the corner of Second and Frederick-streets, will commence the sale, on a credit, of 34 packages of Merchandiz, amounting to nineteen thousand six hundred dollars, being property conveyed to trustees, for the purpose therein mentioned,

CONSISTING PRINCIPALLY OF

French Goods,

Among which are,

Men and Ladies' Silk Gloves,
Silk and Satin Ribbons,
Men and Ladies' Silk Hose,
Satin Pelongs, Crapes and Gauzes,
Elegant Lace and Edgings,
Gold and Silver Spangles, Cords & Tassels,
Velvet Bindings, Ladies' Elastic Garters,
Galloon Bindings, Artificial Flowers,
Elegant Fans, Needles, Pins and Pin Cases,
Hanging and Ornamental Paper,
Buttons, Beads, Ivory Combs,
Pocket-Books, Snuff and Segar Boxes,
Walking Canes and double-barrel Guns.

ALSO,

A few sets of elegant China, white and gold, &c.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.

April 28.

150 Dollars Reward!!

A ROBBERY!

THE Cabin of the Easton Packet, the Anna-Maria, lying at the lower end of Cheapside wharf, was entered some time last night by some villain or villains, and the clothes of the Subscriber stolen therefrom, consisting of a greatcoat of drab cloth, lined with green baize; a close-bodied superfine blue cloth coat, with lappels, which, on inspection, will be found to be pieced at the bottom on both sides, buttons white, plated and conical; a new vest, of Bennett's cord, with black, green & yellow stripes running up and down, with covered buttons; pantaloons of very fine blue cassimer, with feet. In the pocket of the latter was a small red Morocco Pocket-Book, containing a letter addressed to "Robert H. Goldsborough, Esq. Myrtle Grove, Talbot county," covering 689 dollars. There were likewise in said pocket-book about 200 dollars in bank-notes, and a note of hand from Bennet Bracker to the Subscriber, for 130 dollars; and other papers, not at present recollected, but consisting principally of proved accounts and small promissory notes. Whoever will restore to the Subscriber the said pocket-book, with its contents, and the clothes, shall have One Hundred Dollars reward, or in proportion for the amount procured; and Fifty more for bringing the culprit to justice.

SAMUEL THOMAS.

April 28. d3t

Hazlehurst, Brothers & Co.

Have just received by the ship Der Friede, Kendrick Dehaan, master, from New-Castle, Eng. the following merchandize, which they offer for sale,

Patent Shot assorted
Milled Sheet Lead
Bar Lead
Pig Lead
White Lead (dry)
Crowley Steel
Alum
Copperas
Flint Glass
Crown do.
Crates of Earthenware
Tierces of Mustard in Bottles
Porter Bottles
Grind Stones
Coals.

April 21. d12t

Teas & Nankeens.

We have just received per schooner Fortitude, capt. Holmes, from New-York,

150 chests Hyson Skin
110 do. Young Hyson
40 do. Hyson
50 half do. Souchong
} TEAS,

Of the ship Beaver's cargo, lately arrived at New-York, and of a superior quality.

ALSO,

8000 pieces Yellow Nankeens, short pieces
200 do. do. long do.
3400 do. Blue do.

The whole entitled to drawback—For sale by C. GHEQUIERE & H. KUNCKEL.

April 26. d1t

Irish Linens.

JOHN ROBINSON,
216, Market-street,

Has just received by the ship Olive, capt. Richards,

A few boxes real COLERAINES, of superior quality, which he offers for sale by the package, at a very low advance for cash or approved acceptances.

He expects a more extensive supply by the first arrivals from Liverpool.

April 28. d3t

NOTICE.

A certain *Jaques Emanuel Roques*, of Zell, in Hanover, sailed for the United States, in the year 1781 or 82, and is believed to have arrived in Philadelphia, but has not been heard of by his friends for many years; his parents being dead, he or his heirs are entitled to a proportion of their property, for which it is necessary that application should be made; if living, he is therefore desired to apply to the subscriber for further information, if dead, his representative or friends are requested to make it known to his relations, or to

CHARLES W. HARE,
Fourth-street, Philadelphia.

☞ *The printers of the Charleston Courier, of the New-York Evening Post, and of the Boston Repertory, are requested to insert the above advertisement in their papers, each for the space of one week, and to transmit their accounts together with the papers in which the advertisement is, to*

CHARLES W. HARE.

April 28 d6t‖

To the Public.

L'industrie est mon but, apres tant derevers!

THE subscriber very respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Baltimore and its vicinity, that Mr. *J. Brown*, a great linguist, a gentleman of learning, a former teacher of languages, particularly the melodious, polite and fashionable French language, in this place, (being ready to sail for the West-Indies on account of family affairs) has very kindly resigned his *Evening School* to me, at No 6, Water-street, and his scholars at Mr. S. Brown's academy, where he lately was a French professor. I shall try my best with them, so that they may be pleased with me, as I hope to be with them.

I solicit your patronage. My grateful thanks to God! and to the person I have succeeded; may he be forever in prosperity!

LAWRENCE.

April 16. d4t‡

City Commissioners' Office.

Baltimore, 28th April, 1806.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the City Commissioners will meet on Friday next, the 2d day of May, at 9 o'clock, A. M. to establish the division line between lots No. 83 and 84, situate on Gay and Frederick-streets, between Baltimore & Harrison-streets. Also, the division line between that part of said lot No. 83, owned and possessed by Standish Barry, and that part owned and possessed by James Glasgow.

From thence, they will proceed to establish the beginning of that part of lot No. 168, situate on the east side of Sharp-srreet, between Lombard-street and German-lane, which was conveyed by Joshua Hall to Rachel Merryman, on the 28th day of June, 1776—As also the first line of said part of said lot.

By Order,

SAMUEL VINCENT, Clerk.

April 28. d3t

Notice.

THE Creditors of Joseph B. Leibert and Co. of Baltimore, who are entitled to claim under their general assignment, dated the 25th August, 1801, to Thomas Astley and Richard Milne, are requested to furnish their accounts to the subscribers on or before the 15th day of April next, when a dividend will be made. Those who do not present their accounts within that time, will be excluded from the benefit of said dividend.

THOMAS ASTLEY,
RICHARD MILNE.

Philadelphia March 7. (13) 2aw8t‖

From the Philadelphia Gazette.

EXTRACTS

From the documents respecting the application of Hamet Caramalli, ex-bashaw of Tripoli.

From William Eaton, to Samuel Barron, esq. commander in chief of the U. S. forces in the Mediterranean.

[*Continued.*]

June 3d.

The enemy feined another attack to-day, by sending a detachment on the back of the town, which was repelled with loss. Their object seemed to aim at ascertaining the disposition of the inhabitants of the place. These turned out to a man in view of them. Their main body halted at a safe distance; and, after some manœuvering retired to their camp. During the alarm, a detachment from the garrison, under the command of lieutenant O'Bannon, passed thro' town; every body, age and childhood, even women from their recluses, shouted, 'Live the Americans! Long live our friends and protectors!" Hapless beings! If they could descry the reverse that probably awaits them how justly would their acclamations of confidence be turned to execrations.

June 4th.

This morning a spy, a religious chief, whom I had employed to watch the enemy's motions, and who last night slept in their camp, reports that a courier arrived yesterday, eleven days from Tripoli, with dispatches from the reigning bashaw to his commander in chief in this vicinity, stating his intention of concluding a peace with the United States, which he was resolved to carry into effect even *if he sold his wardrobe*, after which he should know how to dispose of his internal enemies. He enjoined it on his commander to hold his position before this town if possible, till the issue of this project of peace should be known. The Marabout chief added, that the beys had it in contemplation to propose an armistice to me; I shall meet such an overture if it should be offered, until I receive further advice from head-quarters.

Eleven o'clock, A. M. this morning came in two deserters from the enemy's camp, both Levant Turks, Ismien and Mahomet, a chouix and a cheriff, corresponding with the rank of aid-de-camp and ensign, who confirm the information before stated, and add that the beys cannot prevail on their troops to attack this place, under our batteries and guns of the shipping; but that they calculate on sacking the city the moment we evacuate our posts. These officers put themselves under the protection of the American flag, giving this reason for their preference, that 'they wished to get out of the kingdom of Tripoli, and thought this a favorable occasion." They say Joseph Bashaw has about two hundred soldiers in Tripoli in whom he can place confidence, and three or four hundred others who are undisciplined and suspected. They declare that the people, in general, of the kingdom, expect with solicitude and impatience, the approach of Hamet Bashaw, as they think him a good man, and are weary of the madness and violence of his brother.

Five o'clock P. M. this afternoon an Arabic chief, Ab'd'el Selim, with a party of warriors came over to us. He brings a message from the principal Arab chief at camp, that he will come over to the bashaw with his cavalry, amounting to about 150, if he can have assurances that the Americans will not abandon him, in which case Joseph Bashaw would devour his family and lands. This chief asserts that the bey of Bengazi, who is with the camp is well disposed towards us; and only waits the arrival of our supplies to declare himself. Be assured, sir, we only want cash and a few marines to proceed to Tripoli, and to meet you in the citadel of that piratical kennel for the liberation of our captives. It would only occasion a delay of their release a few months. Their triumph will amply compensate this delay.

It is thought proper to dispatch the Hornet with these communications, and hold ground here until your answer can be received.

June 9th.

Day before yesterday, Hadge Ismein Bey, the second in command of the enemy's army here, deserted with a few attendants and camels, took off the military chest, and entered the desert for Upper Egypt. This defection is said to have been caused by his having been charged with bad generalship in the affair of the 13th ult. He commanded the cavalry.

June 11.

Yesterday morning the enemy having received fresh reinforcements of Arabs, appeared in great numbers on the heights which overlook the town, and moved along the side of the mountain for the space of two or three miles, apparently in search of some avenue to descend without being exposed to our cannon; but seemed irresolute. An accident brought on an engagement. The declivity of the mountain is a steep and uneven ledge of rocks, with only one pass where cavalry can move down, and this about two miles and a half from the town. The plain below, bordering on the sea about one mile in depth, is calcarious rock and red earth very much broken; in many places of which the brig's brass twelves could take effect, in others impeded by ridges near the shore; about half-way between the town and the pass of the mountain, the bashaw had posted a few cavalry, to serve as videts. A detachment of the enemy, of superior numbers, descended the pass, with a view of cutting off this post; but they were manfully resisted and repelled. Reinforcements of small parties joined and continued to join on one side and the other until about 2 o'clock, when the action became general. We were little more than spectators of the scene. The Argus, as often as the enemy were uncovered from the ridges, galled them with her shot from her long twelves (the twenty-four pound carronades could not reach) and we occasionally brought one of our field-pieces to bear on them from our advanced battery. But the fire of the Hornet was lost, by reason of her being too near the shore, the high bluff of which covered the enemy. Captain Hull, who had the fairest opportunity of ascertaining it, judges there were five thousand men on the field. The engagement lasted four hours. Though frequently charged, the bashaw lost not an inch of ground. At length the enemy gave way, and were pursued quite to the pass of the mountain, where a regard to safety compelled many of them to quit their horses, which fell into the hands of our friends. This action, though fought in the Barbary manner, was conducted judiciously on the part of the bashaw, and the victory was decidedly his. The number of his men killed and wounded is between fifty and sixty; among the latter four of his principal officers. Some Arab women who came in from the enemy's camp this morning, say the beys lost between forty and fifty killed, and upwards of seventy wounded. If we could have furnished but two hundred bayonets to assist a charge and cut the pass of the mountain, not a horse should have escaped. Mr. O'Bannon was impatient to lead his marines and Greeks (about thirty in number) to the scene of action. This could not be done without leaving our post too defenceless in case of a reverse; besides, I confess, I had doubts whether the measures lately adopted by our commissioner of peace, would justify me in acting offensively any longer in this quarter. Had the aids come forward seasonably which we hoped to receive here, we might now have been at Cape Mensurat, and in fifteen days more at Tripoli.

[*To be continued.*]

FROM THE REPERTORY.

Bonaparte's Success.

The rapid and decisive success of Bonaparte has inflated the ignorant rabble of our democrats with admiration, and filled every reflecting mind with astonishment and terror. The means that most men deemed adequate to the reduction of his power have failed of their effect, and have gone to swell the colossal mass that oppresses Europe. His foes are becomes his satellites. Austria, the German states, Prussia, Naples, and perhaps Sweden, seem to have been fated like comets to a shock with the sun, not to thrust him from his orb, but to supply his waste of elemental fire. Bonaparte not only sees the prowess of Europe at his feet, but all its force and treasure in his hands. We except Russia and England. But Russia is one of those comets on its excursion into the void regions of space, and is already dim in the political sky, England passes like Mercury, a dark spot over the sun's disk. And to Bonaparte himself, she seems like the moon to intercept his rays. He cannot endure to see her so near his splendor, without being dazzled or consumed by it.

He wants nothing but the British navy to realize the most extravagant schemes of his ambition. A war that should give him possession of it, or a peace like the last that should humble England, and withdraw her navy from any further opposition to his arms, would give the civilized world a master. All the French, and of course all our loyal democrats, have affected to treat that apprehension as chimerical. Yet who even among those whom faction has made blind could refuse to see, that the transfer of the British navy to France would irreversibly fix the long depending destiny of mankind to bear the weight and ignominy of a new Roman domination.

We may say the *aggravated* weight, for Rome preserved her morals, till she had atchieved her conquests. France begins her career as deeply corrupt as Rome ended it. The Roman republic after having grown to a gigantic state, from its soundness, rotted when it died. But that of France, surviving the principles and at length the name of republic, has drawn aliment from disease, and we of this generation have seen it crawl, like some portentous serpent from a tomb, glistening and bloated with venom from its loathsome banquet. France has owed the progress of her arms to the prevalence of her vices. These were the causes of the revolution, & the revolution has in turn made these the instruments of French aggrandisement. By the persecution of all that was virtue, the leaders gave encouragement to all that was vice, and thus they not only acquired the power to spend the nation's last shilling, but imparted to the rabble all the ardor of enthusiasm and all the energies that the love of novelry, of plunder, and of vengeance could inspire. The means they commanded were not such as arise from the just and orderly government of a state, but from its dissolution. The priests, the rich and the nobles, were offered as human sacrifices on the altar of the revolution, and still more emphatically of French ambition.

Thus France, like Polyphene in his cave, grew fat with carnage. Other states could not, without submitting to a like revolution, oppose her with equal arms. So far from it, they found that all those whom vice and want had made the enemies of the laws of their country, were banded together as the friends of France.

Thus it was that the French armies no sooner entered Italy, than they arrayed in arms an Italian rabble, to hold all those who had any thing to lose, in fear and inactivity,