

Stonington, for New-York, in 10 days. January 3, lat. 24, 25, off Matanzas, spoke the sloop Two-Sisters, 9 days from New Orleans, for Savannah. Colonel Burr's army was daily expected. The brig —, Dacey, from St. Jago, for Philadelphia, was towed into Kingston, dismantled in December.

The brig Hope, Fash, 8 days from Savannah. Off Cape-Hatteras, spoke the schr. Cornelia, from Norfolk, for Savannah. The schooner Orion, Cobb, from Washington, North-Carolina.

The schooner Elizabeth, Pendleton, 7 days from Baltimore. The schooner Fair American, Berry, 10 days from Alexandria.

The schooner Virginia-Ann, Hodson, 8 days from Fredericksburg, and 2 from the Roads.

Cleared, ship Aurora, Fairchild, Bordeaux; Walker, Clark, Falmouth and a market; Harward, Law, Amsterdam; Governor Gilman, Cady, Liverpool; Calliope, McDonald, Havana; Ocean, Pinder, Trinidad; brig Den Good Sally, Glandon, St. Thomas; sch's Forsaken, Rymers, St. Bartholomews; Experiment, Kirkpatrick, Jamaica; Sea-Flower, Morris, St. Thomas; Maria Theresa, Smith, St. Bartholomews; sloop Cornelia, King, St. Thomas; Paragon, Dunscomb, St. Thomas, R. I.

Below, brig Commerce, Little, from St. Croix, and brig Haron, Ingersol, from Martinique.

The ship Venus, Dony, of New-York, was driven ashore on the 5th ult. at Rio-Bueno, Jamaica, and bilged—her cargo, with the exception of some lumber, was lost.

The ship Walter, capt. Homer, from Amsterdam via the Isle of May, on Friday morning last about one o'clock went ashore 40 miles to the eastward of Sandy-Hook, and has bilged—crew saved. In standing in a light was observed on shore which was taken for the light-house—but discovering their mistake, the ship struck before they could get her about. The Walter is owned by Mr. Joseph Otis of this city, and was in ballast. She had a passage of between 70 and 80 days from Amsterdam, and touched at the Isle of May, where she could obtain no salt, owing to its scarcity.

ALEXANDRIA, January 20.

At an election held yesterday, for directors of the Bank of Alexandria, the following gentlemen were chosen:

John Janney,
Richard M. Scott,
W. Herbert,
Charles Simms,
John Dundas,
Thomas Irwin,
J. Thompson,
H. Smith,
John Hopkins.

And at a meeting of the directors this day, Wm. Herbert was re-elected president, and Samuel Craig a director in his place.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21.

The Washington mail of this day has furnished us with the first number of the "Atlantic World," published by John Wood. Mr. Wood is determined, in whatever "World" he may write, to hunt down conspiracy, and denounce all who he may, unfortunately, perhaps, suspect as conspirators. He comes out with this daring declaration: "From the information of which I am possessed, and from the documents I have seen, I believe that Burr is innocent, and of the two, Wilkinson is the traitor."

Mr. Wood may repent of this hasty denunciation. We pretend to no uncommon knowledge of the character of gen. Wilkinson; but we have no hesitation in entering our protest against such a charge, preferred at a moment when it appears, from every information within our reach, that this gentleman is exerting his best ability to suppress an enterprise, equally disgraceful to our country and perilous to the Hotspurs embarked in it.

Captain Teubner, of the brig Olivia, arrived at New-York, informs, that on his passage from Guadalupe he was captured and sent into St. Johns, Antigua, by the Alexander Billington, belonging to a black man, commanded by John Alshorn, a blue man, and consigned in Antigua to a red man, a tailor by trade. The captain of the schooner was also a gaol-keeper in Antigua, when at home.

A Newburyport correspondent informs, that the European (he calls himself a Prussian) advertised in a late Centinel as passing United States Bank bills, at a discount, sailed from that port on Thursday last, in the schooner Regulus, Daniel Stone, master, for Wilmington, (N. C.); and has exchange for considerable amount.

Extract of a letter from New-Orleans, dated December 17, 1806.

The following address was made in open court by gen. Wilkinson, at New-Orleans, this day, on the occasion of appearing to answer to a writ of habeas corpus, issued to take from his arrest Dr. Bollman, Burr's chief agent in this city. Near one thousand persons were present. He had sent off Bollman to Charleston.

"Called to account for an act in which I glory, and for which I trust my country will thank me, I shall meet the consequences with the applause of my own breast, which I prize more than the hosannas of thousands or the popularity of the world. But when I cast my eyes on the movers of this prosecution, my bosom is rent by a conflict of emotions. Sorrow for their depravity; charity for their sympathies; surprise at their indiscretion; and astonishment at their audacity. I would to God that I could here close the proceedings of this day; but my honor, my duty, and the safety of the state forbid me. It is time an

universal alarm should go forth to rouse the good citizen to a sense of his danger. The deceitful calm must no longer be suffered to impose on us a treacherous security—nor shall the artifices of the confederates be longer employed to cheat the public judgment. Treachery is in the midst of us. Treason stalks abroad, and the friends of Burr and rebellion, whilst they ridicule our apprehensions, and scoff at our preparations, with trembling solicitude implore his speedy arrival to reward them for their apostasy, and to rescue them from the goadings of guilt and the terror of impending punishment." Finally, he charged James Alexander with being a party to the conspiracy.

The harangue had an excellent effect—the people's eyes were opened, and they would rally round the general. He would soon clear the city of the traitors, if governor Claiborne could think himself authorized to suspend the habeas corpus act.—He still doubts whether he possesses that power.

Mr. Edward Pierce (says the Charleston Courier) has communicated to us, other plans, by which his three telegraphs, A, B, and C, may be worked—his first plan was a spelling plan—his second, a number plan, making 9,999 different signals—and his plans No. 3 to 99, were nine plans, by each of which, 81 different signals can be made. He now acquaints us, that the plans No. 2 to 99 inclusive, may be converted into 98 different plans, which he calls 99 plans, by each of which he can make 99,999 different signals. Each ninety-nine plan consists of 99 different volumes, each volume containing 99 chapters, and each chapter 99 different signals. Telegraph A is first to show the number of 99 plans. After this the same telegraph is to show in which volume of that plan the signal is. Telegraph B then shews in which chapter of that volume it is. Telegraph C tells the number of the signal in that chapter; opposite which number will be found the meaning of the signal in words.

By the whole of the 98 ninety-nine plans, 95,089,302 different signals may be conveyed exclusive of the signals which can be made by the spelling plan, and by the 18 new number plans mentioned in the Courier of the 9th ult.

By the 18 new number plans (of 999,999 different signals in each) may be made, 17,999,983 different signals. One (or more if necessary) of these number plans, he proposes should be used for a word plan, to convey the knowledge of any word in the English language, by shewing the number of that word in a dictionary, to be composed for that purpose, in an alphabetical manner, in which each succeeding word should be marked with a number one higher in number than the preceding word.

Each new number plan requires a different signal to be previously hoisted, before any signal can be made by said number plans, which previous signals are pointed out in a manuscript which is left at the Library Society room.

Egyptian Barley.—Mr. Snowler, of Reevesby, in Lincolnshire, in England, three years ago planted 25 grains of Egyptian barley; the second year produced was 10 bushels, from which, last year he reaped 40 quarters, a part of which he lately sold at Spillby for five guineas per quarter.

A machine has been constructed by an ingenious farmer at Newtown Cunningham (Ireland) which with the assistance of a horse and two men, will in seven hours thrash upwards of 150 stooks of Barley or leath; 50 stooks of flax in a day. The expense of the apparatus does not amount to more than six guineas.

A jury of inquest was held yesterday morning on the body of a new African man slave, belonging to Mr. Fordham, blacksmith, who had hanged himself in the course of the preceding night, from the shop window fronting Blake's wharf, with a piece of small cord. The jury brought in a verdict, that he came to his death by wilfully hanging himself in a fit of despair. [Charleston paper.]

A Frenchman having undertaken to translate an English book into his own language, on coming to the words *Chessin Horse*, literally translated it, "a horse made of chessin."

A Jewish newspaper, in the Hebrew tongue, is about to make its appearance at Basle, principally, on the subject of the deliberations which now occupy the assembly at Paris. [London paper.]

MAXIMS AND RULES

For the conduct of Women.

By the late countess of Boufflers.

1. In the exterior—decency and cleanliness.
2. In demeanor—reason and simplicity.
3. In actions—justice and generosity.
4. In language—truth and perspicuity.
5. In adversity—fortitude and pride.
6. In prosperity—moderation and modesty.
7. In company—affability and ease.
8. In domestic life—rectitude and kindness without familiarity.
9. Fulfill duties according to their order and importance.
10. Never allow yourself any thing but what a third enlightened and impartial person would allow you.
11. Avoid giving advice.
12. When you have a duty to fulfil, consider dangers only as inconveniences, and not as obstacles.
13. Sacrifice every thing to peace of mind.
14. Combat adversity, as disease, with temperance.
15. Be anxious only to do what is right,

paying as much respect as possible to the world, and to the laws of decorum; but having observed this rule, be indifferent to public opinion.

16. Deserve respect.

ANECDOTE.

An American captain was once challenged by a French officer at St. Domingo to fight him at single combat. The Yankee skipper had been a South-Sea whaler, and, curious to relate, he took the field with his harpoon in his hand, accompanied with his mate, as a second: to the harpoon was fastened several fathoms of line. The Frenchman was punctual to his appointment, but was soon calmed by the words and jestures of enemy: for, said the American skipper to his mate, brandishing his flag, "Jack," said he, "when I strike the Frenchman, you stand by to play him."

"When the whale is struck, the whaler wears out an immense coil of rope, which is called 'playing him.'"

Married last evening, by the Rev. Mr. —, Mr. Peter Steiger, to Miss Sally Duplessis, all of this city.

Married last evening, by the Rev. Mr. Dashiell, Mr. Robert Benson, to Miss Harriet Bevan.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Tuesday, January 20.

[TAKEN FOR THE FEDERAL GAZETTE.]

Mr. Quincy submitted the following resolution, which was agreed to: Resolved, That the committee of commerce and manufactures be directed to enquire into the expediency of providing by law how far owners of ships shall be answerable for the acts of masters and mariners; and that they leave leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Bedinger, from the committee to whom had been recommended the "Bill to prohibit the importation or bringing of slaves into the United States after the 31st December, 1807," reported the bill, with sundry amendments.

After the bill was read,

Mr. Early asked, whether, when a bill, whose prominent feature had been settled by the house, was recommended to a special committee, that committee was competent to destroy that feature of the bill alluded to [the forfeiture of the persons imported] and introduce another directly opposite?

Mr. Alton thought that the best way would be to order this bill, as well as the former one, to lie on the table, so that the house might make choice of either of them.

The bill was referred to a committee of the whole on Friday; and, with the former one, ordered to be printed.

The "Bill to continue in force for a further time the act, entitled, an act to suspend the commercial intercourse between the United States and certain parts of the island of St. Domingo," was read a third time, and passed. This bill continues in force the aforesaid act until the end of the next session of congress, and no longer.

The "Bill to provide for surveying the coasts of the United States," was read a third time, and passed. This bill authorises the president to cause all islands, shoals, &c. within twenty leagues of the coasts of the United States to be surveyed, and appropriate 25,000 dollars for that purpose.

Several orders of the day were called for, when,

The house went into committee of the whole on the "Bill authorising the erection of certain light-houses, & for fixing stakes, buoys and beacons at places therein mentioned." The blanks were filled, when the committee of the whole rose, reported the bill, with amendments, in which the house concurred, and the bill was ordered to have a third reading to-morrow.

The house went into committee of the whole on the "Bill authorizing a grant of land for the use of a hospital at Natheez, granting additional compensation to the judges of the Mississippi Territory, and extending the right of elective franchise therein." On motion of Mr. Early, the first section (appropriating a portion of land for the use of a hospital) was stricken out. The blank in the second section (fixing the annual compensation to the judges) was filled up with "1200 dollars." The committee rose, reported the bill with amendments, in which the house concurred, and the bill was ordered to have a third reading to-morrow.

The house went into committee of the whole on the "Bill to annex certain shores and waters to the district of Mississippi." The committee rose, reported the bill, with an amendment, in which the house concurred, and the bill was ordered to be recommended to a committee of the whole to-morrow.

The house went into committee of the whole on the report of the committee on public lands, respecting the propriety of extending the time in which location of Virginia military land warrants shall be made. The report concludes with a resolution to allow a further time for that purpose, which was agreed to. The committee then rose, reported their agreement to the resolution, in which the house concurred, and the reso-

lution was referred to the committee on public lands, for the purpose of bringing in a bill.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

As a suitable acknowledgment for the liberal patronage afforded to the Gazette, the present Editor will hereafter give four insertions for a DOLLAR, to the Advertisements (each square) of all persons who subscribe to his paper.

DISTANT SUBSCRIBERS

Are earnestly requested to transmit their Arrears to the late proprietors of this Gazette, on or before the last day of this month, and save both parties the expense and trouble of a circular letter, containing a more urgent appeal to their feelings, as good men and worthy patrons.

January 19.

THE EDITOR OF THE OBSERVER

Regrets that the Carrier employed for delivering it, is not yet sufficiently accustomed to the business, to be perfectly relied on, and therefore solicits those subscribers who may be neglected, to send to the Office, North Charles-street, for the third number.

January 17.

Forensic Society.

The above Society met at the PANTHEON, according to appointment, and after an able & learned discussion of the question, they adjourned to meet at the same place, on Saturday Evening next, at half past six o'clock.

The question, *Onglet Bachelors to be taxed?* Tickets of admission, 12 1-2 cents—to be had at the door.

January 19.

By Cole & I. Bonsal, Auct'rs.

THIS EVENING, The 21st instant, will be offered for sale, at our Auction rooms, No. 174 1-2, Market-street, A large collection of

NEW BOOKS,

In various departments of literature. Those who wish to procure Libraries at reduced prices, will do well to attend. Sale to commence at 6 o'clock.

January 21.

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING.

The 22d instant, at 10 o'clock, at the vendue warehouse, at the corner of Second and Frederick streets, will commence the sale of

A Variety of Dry Goods;

And at 12 o'clock,

THE GROCERIES, &c.

Consisting of 54 hogheads of Guadalupe and Martini SUGAR, of good quality and entitled to debenture, on exportation, 44 boxes Havana brown do. 11 pipes 4th proof Brandy, 117 bags good Coffee, 80 kegs Raisins, 14 casks London Bottled Porter, A choice parcel of Teas,

25 packages of sewing & whipping Twine THOMAS CHASE, Auct'.

January 21.

Sale by Auction.

On FRIDAY,

The 23d instant, at 11 o'clock, at our auction-rooms, head of Frederick street dock, will be sold,

A quantity of HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'.

January 21.

Sale by Auction.

The real estate of Dr. Robert Pottenger, deceased, lying in Prince George's county, and state of Maryland, about five miles from Queen Anne, and twenty from George-Town; containing between eight hundred and a thousand acres of Land.

THIS valuable Property is situated in the heart of that rich and well known tract of country, called the Forest of Prince George's, and is indisputably among the most fertile and best improved places in the state.

The sale will be made on the premises, on Wednesday, the 18th of February next, if fair, if not, on the first fair day thereafter, at 11 o'clock, in conformity to a decree of the high court of Chancery (the estate not admitting of a division among the representatives of the deceased); and the certainty which the subscriber feels, that those who are inclined to become purchasers, will view the premises before the day of sale, renders any further description of them unnecessary.

The purchase money must be paid, in four equal annual instalments, the purchaser giving bond with approved security for the payment of each instalment, with interest thereon, annually, from the day of sale. On the payment of the purchase money, with the interest thereon, a conveyance will be made to the purchaser, by the subscriber, in virtue of, and pursuant to, the said decree.

THOMAS BUCHANAN, Trustee.

January 21.

Patton & Jones,

CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKERS, No. 93 Market-street, Baltimore, and No. 44 Market-street, Philadelphia.

Have received, by late arrivals from London and Liverpool, via Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of CLOCKS and WATCHES; amongst which are Chronometers and Patent-Lever Gold and Silver, and a variety of common Silver Watches; Clock-movements, Dials, Watch-glasses of every size, and Clock & Watch-makers' TOOLS and MATERIALS; which they will sell very low, for Cash.

First Mo. 21.

For Sale,

200 cases, one dozen each, Claret, for exportation, A few ditto Chateau Mergaux, Lafitte, & Latour, of the first growth Claret, imported last spring, &c. the vintage 1801, calculated for private families.

Cognac Brandy, 4th proof and fine Brandy, Muscovado Sugars, in blads, tierces, & bbls. Raisins, in kegs, Thread Cotton, and about 50 bbls. yellow kiln-dried Indian Meal.

HUGH THOMPSON.

January 21.

Soup House.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he continues to give Breakfasts and Dinners as usual, on moderate terms, at the corner of County wharf and George's-street. PETER PAUL.

January 21.

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM the subscribers, a Bay HORSE, eight years old, about 15 hands high, a small speck in his left eye, with short bob tail. Whoever will bring him back to the subscribers, will be reasonably rewarded for their trouble.

KELLER & ALBRIGHT,

Cumberland Row.

January 21.

To the Public.

IT would be painful to me at any time to become a party in a newspaper controversy; but in my present capacity as broker, an intermediate agent in various dealings between one fellow-citizen and another, it is peculiarly so. It is nevertheless necessary to the vindication of my character from the aspersions cast thereon by Mr. Nimrod Owings, in his advertisement of the 20th instant, and I venture to hope the public will require no other apology. I shall, however, confine myself to a brief and accurate statement of facts, in my late negotiation with Mr. Owings; and without pretending to insinuate what that gentleman's conduct would have been had the stock purchased of me on the morning of the 15th instant have risen in value, I submit to the public judgment.

He purchased from me on the morning mentioned, 20 shares of Water Stock, on six months credit, for which I at the same time rendered him a bill, and took his note for \$5000 which he men—, and which for certain reasons, he declares he will not pay. The stock stood in the name of two gentlemen, 10 shares each—I had 10 shares of the stock transferred almost immediately after the sale, and then went to the gentleman who held the other ten, for the purpose of getting them transferred also, and he was not at home. I left a verbal request with a gentleman at his house, that he would go as soon as he came in and make the transfer of the said 10 shares to Nimrod Owings; and then went in pursuit of my ordinary business, in hopes, at the same time, to meet the gentleman in question. The citizens may well reflect what a day it was of tumult and hurry; I did not get home to my dinner until it was past three o'clock. While I was sitting at it, the gentleman who was to transfer the last mentioned ten shares, entered my house, and told me he was come to attend me to transfer the shares. We went immediately together to the company's office, to make the transfer. On application, however, to the secretary, he replied that no more transfers could be made during the day; and on my urging him to take the transfer in question, he said that his orders from the President and Managers were peremptory, and that he could not disobey them. I therefore took a power of attorney, enabling me to make the transfer; and on shewing it to the secretary and learning that it was correct in point of form, I was thereby enabled to make the transfer to Mr. O. at the earliest possible time—being thus precluded, not by any personal default on the part of the gentleman who had sold the stock, or myself, but by a regulation of the Water Company itself, from making the transfer on that day, (which, by the bye, there was no agreement between Mr. Owings and myself, to have it done on that particular day) I called the following morning with the same view, and was then informed by the secretary, a further postponement of the transfer business had taken place, and that the books were ordered to be closed till the Monday following.

On Monday morning, the 19th instant, I again went to the office to make the transfer, and then met Mr. Owings, who, on my application to receive the transfer of the said ten shares, directed the secretary to whom I addressed myself, not to receive it. Finding him determined, I requested the secretary to recollect the various applications I had made to have the transfer perfected; all which were, indeed, too recent to have escaped his memory, and all of which he corroborated before Mr. Owings, as I have above detailed them.

With this plain statement of facts, I leave Mr. Owings to his own reflections, and remain the public's obedient servant.

ROBERT MICKLE.

Baltimore, 21st January, 1807.

N. B. The printers who published Mr. Owings' notice to the public, will please insert this once, and send me in their bills.

Anne-Arundel County Court.

September term, 1806.

RULED by the court, that all suits transmitted from the general court to this court, under the act of assembly, entitled, an act to provide for the organization and regulation of the court of common law in this state, and for the administration of justice, and continued last court, under the rule to employ new counsel, shall not continue longer than to the end of the next court, under the said rule, and the suitors interested therein, are hereby required to appear to the same in person or by counsel, on or before the second day of next term, or the same will be tried or discontinued, as the case may be, during the said term.

Ordered by the court, that the said rule be published in the Maryland Gazette, of Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette of the city of Baltimore, once, a fortnight for six months.

By order,

NICHOLAS HARWOOD, Clerk.

October 14. 63W13

The Partnership of Tyson

and NORRIS was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 1st instant. All persons having claims against them, are desired to bring in their accounts for settlement; and all those who may be indebted to them are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, at their late Counting House.

ISAAC TYSON.
JOHN NORRIS.

The business in future will be carried on at the old stand, on Ellicott's wharf, by

ISAAC TYSON.

January 19.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to apply by petition to Baltimore county court, or to some one of the judges thereof, to release me from debts which I am unable to pay, agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1805, entitled "An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors," and a supplement thereto, passed at November session, 1806.

THOMAS MEETER.

January 20.

60 pipes of the best Cogniac

Fourth proof BRANDY, for sale by

JOHN CARRERE.

January 20.