

Sale by Auction.

On THURSDAY NEXT, The 2d proximo, at the dwelling of Mr. William Sollars, No. 51, Allison-street, near Williams Point, will be sold at auction, the following...

Also, A stout, healthy Negro Woman, about 19 years of age, well accustomed to all kinds of house work.

And immediately after, A handsome assortment of Household Furniture, Consisting of Feather Beds, Bedsteads, and Bedding, Mahogany Bureaus, &c.

JOSEPH CLARK, Auct'r. March 30.

Sale by Auction.

On FRIDAY, The 3d inst., at 12 o'clock, at our auction room, head of Frederick-street dock, will be sold the sale of 123 hhds Sugar, 70 of which are first quality New-Orleans...

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs. April 1.

Sale by Auction.

On FRIDAY, The 3d inst., at half past 12 o'clock, at the head of Frederick-street dock, will be sold on credit of 6 and 9 months, for approved indorsed negotiable notes...

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs. April 1.

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW, (FRIDAY) At 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 209, Market-street, ALL the remaining Stock in Trade, consisting of QUEEN'S-WARE, GLASS, and CHINA...

JOHN PAWLEY, d54.

Sale by Auction Postponed.

THE Cargo of Port Wine, Cotton &c. as advertised for to-morrow afternoon, Wednesday, the 1st April, is postponed until Thursday afternoon, at half past three o'clock, on O'Donnell's wharf.

THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r. March 31.

Wants a Situation.

A Young MAN, who can come well recommended and writes a good hand, wishes to engage either to a wholesale or retail Store. A line addressed to J. S. and left at this office will be punctually attended to.

April 1. d44j

Notice.

THE subscribers will apply to the judges of Baltimore county court, or to one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent law.

JAMES L. HAWKINS, LEVI CLAGGETT. March 25, 1807. d2m

PANTHEON.

ON Saturday evening last, was discussed at the Polemic Hall, the question "Whether the volume of gen. Wilkinson can be justified?"

THE following questions will be discussed on SATURDAY Next:— Are Theatrical Exhibitions promotive of virtue and useful knowledge?

Is Popularity a proof of merit? Whether Parliament is more dangerous under the hands of a Drummer or a Lawyer?

The chair will be taken precisely at half past 7 o'clock, and unless the debate commences before 8, the Society will be adjourned.

Admittance, 12 1-2 cents. April 1. d4t

TUITION.

We whose names are hereunto subscribed, having attended an examination of the Scholars of Mr. PATRICK EDWARDS, at his school Room, in McCall's alley, yesterday, deem it a necessary tribute to merit to express our high satisfaction at the proficiency they have made; and to say that his plan, as novel to us as successful in its operation, appears well calculated to ground the young beginner in a thorough knowledge of Orthography, to strengthen the memory, to excite emulation, and to quicken and mature the judgment of the Pupil.

J. CARROLL, ASHTON ALEXANDER, GEORGE PRICE, THOMAS CALDWELL, LUKE TYERNAN, GEORGE F. WARFIELD, JOHN TAGGART, D. FULTON, JOHN M'KEAN, ARNOLD LYONS, MATTHEW BROWN. Baltimore, March 23, 1807.

Baltimore Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Table with columns: Articles, Per. cwt., Prices. Includes items like Bread, ship, pilot, Beef, Bacon, Butter, Coffee, Cotton, Flour, Grain, Hemp, Hops, Iron, Leather, Lumber, Meat, Naval Stores, Pork, Peas, Rice, Soap, Salt, Sugar, Spirits, Tobacco, Wax, Wire.

AVERAGE PRICE OF STOCKS—this week.

Table with columns: Stock Name, Price. Includes items like 8 per cent, 6 do, 3 do, Louisiana do, U. S. Bank Stock, Maryland Bank Stock, Baltimore do, Union Bank of Maryland do, Mechanics' Bank, Alexandria Bank do, Farmers Bank do, Columbia do, Potomac do, Baltimore Insurance Shares, Maryland do, Machine do, Chesapeake do, Union do, Water Stock.

BOSTON, March 25.

Arrived, schr. Venus, captain Allen, from Rochelle, 70 days. Left captain Thomas Webb, of Philadelphia, and brig Gnoiner, of Marblehead. Spoke, February 28, lat. 28, long. 67, 40, schr. Traveller, Atwood, of Chatham, from Wilmington, (N. C.) bound to St. Thomas, 7 days out. Schr. Eliza, Bliss, Berberic, 46 days. Brig Caroline, Hayden, Berberic, 28 days. Schr. Hero, Taylor, St. Thomas, 22 days. Brig Neutrality, Covell, Port-Spain, (Trinidad) 22 days. Left there, February 19, brig White-Oak, Young, for Portsmouth, in 10 days; Two Betsies, White, do, in 10; New-Haven, Harrison, for New-Haven, in 12; Antelope, for New-London, 30; Julius Caesar, for New-Haven, in 36; Minerva, for Wilmington, in 20; Hector, Bickford, for Salem, in 20; Citizen, Lawson, for George Town, in 20; Eliza-Ann, of Bath, for Norfolk. Ship Juno, Bates, Canton, 132 days. Ship Baltic, Aborn, of Providence, from Canton, 132 days. Schr. Caroline, from Charleston, 23 days; schr. Federal Republican, from New-Orleans, 39; brig Harmony, Cheney, Savannah. Ship Jean, Dorr, from Isle of France and Woodford, for Boston, in 4 weeks, repairing; Eliza, Cook, for Sumatra, put in for repairs. Same day, schr. Gorham Lovell, captain Lovell, from St. Croix, 28 days. Adamant, Cable, New-York; Sally, Marblehead; Pocahontas, Plymouth; Hope, Saco; Poca, Portsmouth; Phenix, Portland; Industry, Salem; Primus, do; Regulator, Crowl, New-York; Belise, Red-Bird, Baltimore; Harmony, Cheney, Savannah; Rising Star, Atwood, Baltimore; Morning Star, Shearman, Norfolk; Hornet, Burges, Philad.; Warner, Mitchel, Providence; Atigen, Hawes, Philad.; Industry, Bradford, do; Federal Republican, Gorham, New-Orleans; Dolphin, Plymouth; Happy Couple, Folger, Charleston; Providence and New-York; Caroline, Partridge, Charleston; Science, Sudmore, New-York, via Salem. The Perseverance, captain Delano, of Boston, arrived at Canton, from N. W. Coast, brought with him from the Sandwich islands, nine men, natives of Japan, whom he found there in the greatest distress. From Canton they could probably get a passage by the way of Batavia, to their country. These men had been left at the Sandwich islands, some time previous, by captain Sole, of the American ship Taber of Providence, who took them from a large wreck at sea, where all their crew had perished but themselves. His liberality and generosity in relieving their distresses, and furnishing them with a liberal supply of necessaries, when they were put on shore, on the Sandwich islands, was highly praise-worthy and bespeaks him a benevolent man. Captain Lancaster, arrived at Portland, from Guadaloupe informs that he spoke in lat. 25, long. 66, the American ship Brutus, of 30 guns, and 140 men, 15 days from New-York, in a very leaky condition, making 18 inches water in 15 minutes; her stem very much shattered, having had two days before an engagement with an English frigate near Bermuda: had a brig in company to assist them, should occasion require; lat. 43, long. 68, a barge 65 days from the Cape of Good Hope, for Salem. A barge from Manila, for Salem, has arrived at the Vineyard.—The Igeria, of Providence from Batavia, at do. NEW-YORK, March 30. ARRIVED. The ship Liverpool Packet, Parsons, 40 days from Liverpool. The ships Rhoda and Betsy, Nanking, and others reported by the ship Packet, arrived at Boston, sailed in 99. The ship Fair American had just arrived from New-York. March 5, lat. 44. 54 long. 46, spoke ship India Point, 12 days from New-York for Limerick. The next day capt. Parsons took some fresh cod on the Banks. The ship George Washington, Hidelius, 16 days from Philadelphia, for Bordeaux—put in here in consequence of being leaky. The brig Black Walnut, Cornell, of E. Haddam, 18 days from Havana. March 14, lat. 26, long. 79, spoke schooner Concord, 9 days from Jamaica, for Baltimore. The brig Lovely Lass, Wheeler, 9 days from Savannah. The brigs Sea-Island and Cleopatra, were to sail in 10 days for New-York. The schr. Wessaweskeeg was loading for New-York. The pilot-boat schr. Felicity, Fowles, of Rappahannock, 27 days from Bermuda. This boat was blown off the coast in Nov. last. March 11, in lat. 36, 46, long. 70, spoke the brig Titus, 3 days from N. York, for St. Domingo. Off the Delaware, a ship from Matanzas, for New-York. A schooner from Baltimore, for Loguira, was lost on the Baltimore rocks the 3d day after she sailed. Left ship Titus, Cushing, of Philadelphia, waiting trial; Cicero, Smith, of do. from Vera Cruz, ditto; Baltic, Donaldson, of do. from the Isle of France, ditto; Apollo,

Latin, of Baltimore, from Batavia, ditto; brig Virginia, Hill, from Morlay, for Norfolk; Ann & Frances, for New-York, from Cadiz, ditto; schr. Cyrus, Smith, from Havana, for Philadelphia, ditto; Intrepid, Suter, from Bordeaux, for ditto, uncertain; ship Eliza, Norton, from the Isle of France, for Newburyport, trial commenced. The English schooner Nancy, Power, 21 days from Halifax. Left, schr. Sally, Loveland, to sail in 2 weeks for New-York. The schr. Mary Mason, Griffin, from Fredericksburg, and 44 hours from the Capes. The ship Magnet, Bowles, 8 days from Boston. The sloop Union, Waterbury, 10 days from Edenton. The sloop Ontario, Wilson, 10 days from Murphresborough, N. C. Left, schooner Hubbard, of New-York. The sloop Mars, Dunnet, in 10 days from do. The sloop Sally-Ann, Hicks, 7 days from Richmond. The Feronia, Block, had arrived within 10 miles of Richmond. The schr. Hunter, and sloop Astrea, had arrived from New-York. The schooner Venus, Oliver, 8 days from Wilmington, N. C. The schr. Aurora, and a brig were to sail next day for New-York. Passengers, Mr. Swirt and family, and Mrs. Walker. The sloop Friendship, Barnard, 11 days from Charleston, stoop to land passengers. The sloop Rolla was to sail in 3 days for New-York and Providence; and brigs Venus and Calliope in a few days for New-York. The sloop George, Collins, 4 days from Norfolk; brought out several deserters, in irons, and landed them at fort Jay. Mr. Hill informs, that the schr. Neptune, Barrey, from Richmond for New-York, and a sloop were ashore about 100 miles to the southward of the Hook. The sloop Two Brothers, Weeks, 3 days from Philadelphia. Cleared, ships Huntress, Peck, East-Indies; Charleston Packet, Wood, Charleston; brigs Mars, Franklin, Amsterdam; Sarah, McLean, St. Vincents; Adeline, Wickham, Havana; Maria, Randlet, Trinidad; Rising States, Jenks, Newport; Dean, Edgar, Charleston; schr's John, Cottrell, St. Croix; Sperry Baker, Leech, Antigua; Sally, Tatem, Cunituck; Betsy, Terry, do.; Mary & Eliza, Brown, do.; Jefferson, Carlton, Norfolk; Eliza, Benjamin, Philadelphia; Mary-Ann, White, Fredericksburg; Ann & Elizabeth, James, do.; Fair Play, Grennell, Alexandria; Betsy, Cozens, Newport; sloops Faming, Waldon, do.; Sally, Thorp, Washington.

SELECK OSBORN.—This persecuted patriot it seems, is still immured within the walls of a gloomy prison; and there he is determined to remain until his friends "think the object for which he suffered himself to be imprisoned is attained." To enable the public to judge of the despicable state of democracy in Connecticut, and see the little but unavailing arts the party practice to obtain a preponderance, it is only necessary to place on record the following article. It is not noted merely as the base trick of the faction in Connecticut; but as a principal artifice on which the great body of the party rely to secure their power. The article is from the Litchfield Monitor, and is addressed to the editor, prefaced with the following note: [N. Y. Com. Advr.]

SIR, Having observed much whining in the Witness, a paper published in Litchfield, by Selleck Osborn, about his persecution, &c. and the cruel, unjustifiable and unwarrantable treatment of sheriff Landon, towards him, at the time he was imprisoned by order of your court: I am induced to communicate, for you to make such use of it as you may think fit, the following account of the oppressive treatment he has received, as related by himself to a gentleman residing in Saratoga county, in the state of New-York; whose name you are at liberty to use in case the truth of the relation should be questioned. Yours, &c. W.

Some time in the month of August last the gentleman alluded to above, being on a visit to his friends in Litchfield, was invited by them, they being all democrats, to call at the jail to see the "persecuted" Osborn. He yielded to their importunities, and was introduced into Osborn's "dark and gloomy cell almost shut out from the report of your visiting committee) filled with dark vapours, and the seeds of dire diseases."—After being seated, and the usual compliments had passed, he was not a little astonished on looking around and observing not only the light of the sun, shining through the panes of the window, but a comfortable white washed room, tolerably furnished.—He observed to Osborn, that he and his friends must have been at considerable expence to give the room so different an appearance from what it had at the time he was so rudely thrust into it by Mr. Landon. Osborn said he had not been at any expence; for he did not like to expend money on it, not knowing how long he should be a tenant. Mr. S. observed that he had drawn his inference from the "Witness," and supposed it correct. Osborn said, that the gentleman could readily see the necessity of holding out such an idea to the people in the paper. Some other conversation passed, when Mr. S. took occasion to observe, that Mr. Landon's conduct towards him, (O) must have been highly oppressive, and totally unprecedented. Osborn said no; that Mr. Landon had treated him in every respect like a gentleman and that he had nothing in this treatment to complain of; that Mr. Landon showed him every room in the prison, and gave him his choice which he made: That the statements made in the Witness about Mr. Landon's

appalling to official documents we find— That in a period of 20 years the population of this country has increased from 2,650,000 to 5,166,000. That the dwelling houses had in the same period increased from 650,000 to 1,225,000. That the improved lands had risen from 21,500 to 39,400 acres. That the average price per acre had risen from 2 to 6 dollars. That the number of horses had increased from 600,000 to 1,200,000; and the horned cattle from 1,200,000 to 2,520,000. That the merchant vessels had increased from 250,000 to 1,207,000.

The name of the gentleman referred to is left with the printer.

oppressive conduct, &c. were such as his friends thought it best to make, and such as they all thought most likely to make an impression on the people. Osborn said further, that he had had encouraging offers to edit a newspaper elsewhere; which he probably should accept, so soon as his friends thought the object for which he suffered himself to be imprisoned was attained. That gentleman stood ready to give bail for him, as soon as his friends should think it would no longer answer a good purpose to stay in jail, but that he should cheerfully continue there as long as his friends thought it for the good of the republic cause that he should stay. Mr. S. soon left the room, and the state but stands ready to establish the correctness of the above statement.

LAW REPORT.

Robertson vs. Cooper. On Saturday last came on for trial before Mr. Justice Herring, the case of James Robertson, merchant, against Thomas A. Cooper, manager of the New-York theatre, to recover back three dollars, being money paid for the purchase of three seats, in the box, No. 19, on the evening of the play of Pizarro.

On the trial it appeared, that when the plaintiff came to the house to demand his seats, he found them pre-occupied; but the first act was over, and he was informed by the box-keeper that his right was forfeited by the custom of the theatre. The question depended entirely on proving the existence of this custom. Several respectable witnesses were sworn, who testified that such had always within their knowledge been the custom of this theatre, in common with other theatres; and it was insisted that it was a good custom, inasmuch as it tended to prevent noise and inattention during the performance. After a full and impartial hearing, Judgment for the defendant, with 4 dolls. 68 cents costs. [N. Y. Ex. Post.]

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1. No arrivals at this port yesterday. Cleared, schr. Nelson, Newman, Havana. A more boisterous, unpleasant day than yesterday had been experienced during the last inter. It began to blow a heavy gale at N. E. attended with rain, sleet and snow, about 1 or 2 o'clock in the morning, and continued till near noon, when it came round to S. E. then to S. W. and so to W. and N. W. all the time and at every point blowing excessive hard and cold. The gale has done considerable damage along the small craft at our wharves, and it is to be feared we shall hear of much damage along our sea-board. A letter from Jamaica, Jan. 24, says there had been a partial insurrection of the blacks in the eastern part, which was quelled after 60 or 70 negroes had been executed.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 1.

Thomas Jefferson, president of the United States of America. To all to whom these presents shall come, greeting: James Barry, esq. having produced to me his commission, as consul of his royal highness the prince regent of Portugal, for the state of New-York, and those eastward thereof, I do hereby recognize him as such, and declare him free to exercise and enjoy such functions, powers and privileges as are allowed to the consuls of such friendly powers, between whom and the United States there is no particular agreement for the regulation of the consular functions. In testimony whereof, I have caused these letters, to be made patent, and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Witness under my hand and the city of Washington the twentieth day of (2d) March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seven, and of the independence of the United States of America, the thirty first. TH. JEFFERSON. By the President, JAMES MADISON, Secretary of State.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 2.

President Jefferson lately nominated to the senate, captain (we believe only lieutenant) Clarke (a very worthy officer, who accompanied captain Lewis in his Missouri expedition) to be a Lieutenant-Colonel in the "standing army" of the United States; but the senate considered the nomination as violating established military principles, and refused their consent. Now as the senate is democratic, and as either the nomination or the refusal of consent, was wrong—and as it is the first article in the democratic creed, that "the powers that be" can do no wrong, the democrats must observe a profound silence on the subject. [Boston Centinel.]

By appealing to official documents we find— That in a period of 20 years the population of this country has increased from 2,650,000 to 5,166,000. That the dwelling houses had in the same period increased from 650,000 to 1,225,000. That the improved lands had risen from 21,500 to 39,400 acres. That the average price per acre had risen from 2 to 6 dollars. That the number of horses had increased from 600,000 to 1,200,000; and the horned cattle from 1,200,000 to 2,520,000. That the merchant vessels had increased from 250,000 to 1,207,000.