

Just Received and for Sale by  
GEORGE HILL,  
THE BEAUTIFUL AND MUCH ADMIR'D  
POEMS  
OF RICHARD BINGHAM DAVIS,  
WITH A SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.  
"A simple, solitary bard was he."  
"Merit enough to deserve popularity."  
March 27. e04t

Charles Wigram  
Offers for sale,  
Gold Watches,  
London Jewellery,  
Tin Plates in boxes,  
Bolt Iron,  
Empty Bottles in hampers,  
Venetian Red,  
Spanish Brown,  
London Porter,  
Hollow Glass Ware in casks, and  
A few tons Logwood and Fustic.  
March 27. e04t

Fresh Teas.  
JUST RECEIVED,  
50 chests Young Hyson, superior quality,  
300 boxes Hyson Skin, 13 1/2 each,  
30 chests very fine Souchoong Teas,  
15 ditto Imperial.  
All the above were imported in March, 1807.  
For Sale by  
JACOB & WM. NORRIS,  
No. 64, Market-street.  
March 27. e01t

Nicholas S. & D. Jones,  
No. 12, BOWLY'S WHARF,  
Have received by the ship Hercules, from Liver-  
pool,  
4 tons first quality White Lead, in Oil,  
2 ditto Red Lead, dry  
And will receive per the Flame, daily expected,  
3 tons Patent Shot, assorted from No. 1  
to 3.  
4 do. White Lead,  
2 do. Red Lead.  
ON HAND,  
3 bales Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres,  
1 do. Flusings,  
3 do. first quality Sail Cloth.  
ALSO,  
Brown and Leaf Sugars,  
Antigua and Jamaica Spirits,  
N. E. Rum,  
Lisbon and Madeira Wines, old and fit for  
immediate use,  
Patent Shot,  
Best Flotant Indigo,  
Mould and Dipt Candles,  
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson  
Skin, and Souchoong TEAS,  
With a general assortment of GROCE-  
RIES, which will be sold on moderate terms.  
ALSO,  
900 Demijohns.  
March 27. e09t

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY  
George Hill,  
Nautical Almanac & Requisite  
Tables.

JUST PUBLISHED  
THE NAUTICAL ALMANAC,  
For 1807, 1808, and 1809; with some useful  
additions, particularly the Moon's declination,  
calculated for every sixth hour, for finding  
the latitude at sea.  
ALSO,  
An American edition of DR. MASKELYNE'S  
Requisite Tables:  
To which are added the most useful Astro-  
nomical Tables for Nautical purposes, with a  
variety of new and useful problems, and meth-  
ods of finding the longitude by eclipse of the  
Sun, and occultation of the Fixed Stars by the  
Moon, with an example from the last Solar  
Eclipse observed by the editor at Kinderhook.  
March 27. e08t

Red Clover Seed.  
A large supply of excellent RED CLO-  
VER SEED, of the growth of the late sea-  
son, just received from Lancaster and York  
Counties, and offered for sale by  
GERARD & WM. HOPKINS,  
No. 1, County wharf.  
Second no. 10. e0

Carriage Springs, &c.  
Coach C and Upright Springs, in sets,  
Chariot and Conches de  
Fliation and Curicle do.  
Gig C and Telegraph do.  
Coach Stems, double and triple,  
Wheel Hoops, Check Strap Loops, &c.  
Just received direct from one of the first  
Manufacturers in England, and for sale by the  
subscriber, who will take orders for any ar-  
ticles appertaining to Carriages and Harness  
of every description, and can produce Pat-  
terns of the most modern fashion for both,  
with the particular quality thereof.  
HENRY THOMPSON.  
March 30. e015t

Corn Meal,  
THE subscribers intend keeping a con-  
stant supply of Kila Dry-d CORN MEAL,  
for sale.  
TYSON & JAMES,  
Ellicott's wharf.  
March 30. e04t

I want to Purchase,  
A middle aged Negro WOMAN, who un-  
derstands house work of all kinds; for one  
that can come well recommended I will give  
a good price in cash. One with a child or two  
will answer, or without any. One from the  
country will be preferred.  
A line addressed to the subscriber, or to  
Jehu Bouldin, will be attended to.  
JOSHUA TURNER,  
March 30. e03t

GERMAN LINENS.  
The subscriber has just received 50 pack-  
ages of  
GERMAN LINENS,  
Which he offers for sale on liberal terms for  
approved paper,  
Consisting of  
Rouans,  
White Platillas,  
Brown Holland,  
Checks & Stripes,  
Britannias,  
ON HAND,  
Creas a la Morlaix, Dowlas, Britannias,  
Platillas, Ticklenburgs, Burlaps,  
Chittabully Baftas, Sawns, Black Floren-  
tine,  
Black Hats, Cotton Stripes, Cotton Hose,  
Laces and Edgings, Black Hair Ribband,  
&c.  
ALSO,  
15 pipes high flavored 4th proof Cogniac  
Brandy.  
JOHN SPERRY,  
55, Smith's wharf.  
March 30. e06t

Sale by Auction.  
In consequence of the fall of snow on Tues-  
day, O'Donnell's wharf, (where the cargo of  
choice Port Wine was intended to be sold  
this afternoon) is very wet, and in order to  
render it more agreeable to the purchasers,  
the sale is postponed until To-morrow afternoon,  
Friday, the 3d instant, at half past 3 o'clock.  
THOMAS CHASE, Auc'r.  
April 2.

Sale by Auction.  
Just arrived and will be sold on SATURDAY,  
the 4th instant, at half past ten o'clock, at  
the vendue warehouse, at the corner of Second  
and Frederick streets, on a liberal credit,  
52 bales of INDIA MUSLINS, consisting  
as follows, and entitled to a drawback on  
exportation:  
15 bales Luckepore Baftas,  
5 do. Jugdea do.  
19 do. Chittabully do.  
7 do. Beesboom Gurrabs,  
2 do. Chunderguz Mamoodies,  
4 do. blue Gilly Romalls.  
Also for cash,  
1 case Fine Dimities,  
1 do. Calicoes.  
THOMAS CHASE, Auc'r.  
And at 12 o'clock, same day,  
Will be sold, the remainder of the ship  
Fair American's Cargo, consisting of the very  
first quality New-Orleans Sugar.  
T. C.  
April 2.

PANTHEON.  
ON Saturday evening last, was discussed  
at the Polemic Hall, the question "Whether  
the conduct of gen. Wilkinson can be justified?"  
The question being put by the President, was  
determined in the negative by a majority of  
49. Citizens present, 68.  
The following questions will be discussed  
on SATURDAY Next:  
Are Theatrical Exhibitions promotive of vir-  
tue and useful knowledge?  
Is Popularity a proof of merit?  
Whether Purchasing is more dangerous un-  
der the hands of a Drummer or a Lawyer?  
The chair will be taken precisely at half  
past 7 o'clock, and unless the debate com-  
mences before 8, the Society will be adjourn-  
ed. Either, or all of the above mentioned  
questions will be discussed at the election of  
the speakers.  
Admittance, 12 1/2 cents.  
April 1. d4t

NOTICE.  
The following question, intended for Thurs-  
day evening, was postponed.  
"Is the conduct of General Wilkinson, in  
the suppression of the conspiracy of Aaron  
Burr and his associates, consistent with the  
principles of patriotism, and worthy of the  
approbation of his country?"  
His accusers will not decline this invitation to  
make good their charges at the tribunal of the  
public—as certain persons will attend, not to  
entertain, but justify the conduct of that wor-  
thy citizen.  
April 3.

LOTTERY.  
"There is a tide in the affairs of Men,  
Which taken at its flood leads on to Fortune."  
To-morrow, at the opening of the wheels,  
the price of Tickets will be further advanced  
as follows:  
Whole Tickets, \$6 3/4  
Halves, 3 3/4  
Until that time they may be had of either of  
the subscribers at \$5 50, and \$3.  
At no former period in this city has fortune  
held out such fascinating allurement to her  
votaries as at the present, for although three  
thousand tickets have been drawn, no prize  
has yet come up higher than \$500 in conse-  
quence of which the wheel has gained the  
astonishing sum of \$4530.  
LOOK HERE, \$10,000  
5000  
2000  
2000  
Besides a variety of one thousands, five  
hundreds, and other trifling prizes of the  
same kind must fall to the lot of some ad-  
venturer, if speedily applied for.  
SAMUEL VINCENT,  
44, N. Gay-street.  
COLE & I. BONSAI,  
174 1/2, Market-street.  
G. DOBBIN & MURPHY,  
Near Centre Market.  
April 2. d

WEEKLY PUBLICATION  
SPECTACLES.  
THIS little work of four pages, intended  
to be published every Saturday, will shortly  
make its appearance. Subscriptions are at  
present received at the different Book-stores  
in this city, where the Prospectus has been  
left.  
"Ye who delight in fun and Frolic,  
Or ye of temper melancholic:  
Or who, of pinguid look and sanguine,  
With nerves of nature Adamantine,  
Come take a PEER—I'll clear your sight,  
And bring strange things, indeed, to light."  
March 28. 8t

Fifty Cents Reward.  
Rasaway WILLIAM SMITHSON, about  
5 feet 8 inches high, brown hair, dark com-  
plexion. Had on blue cloth coat, white jack-  
et, drab bennet's cord pantaloons; took with  
him brown coating round jacket and trousers.  
Whoever will bring him to the subscriber,  
shall receive the above reward; no expenses  
paid.  
FRANCIS FORSTER, Hatter,  
92, Market-street.  
March 30. e04t

Baltimore County,  
MARCH 31, 1807.  
Taken up by the subscriber (as a stray tres-  
passing on his enclosures) a large pale red  
COW, with a white forehead, white under  
her belly, a crop in her left ear, gives milk.  
The owner is requested by the subscriber, to  
prove property, pay charges and take her  
away.  
ISAAC GARDNER.  
April 1. e03t

A Good Situation  
Is offered to a lad from 14 to 16 years old,  
that wishes to put himself as apprentice to  
one of the first Grocers in the city. The ap-  
plicant must be acquainted with figures and  
able to write a good hand. Indisputable tes-  
timony of his honesty and sobriety will be re-  
quired. Inquire at this Office.  
April 1. e04t

Wants a Situation.  
A Young MAN, who can come well re-  
commended and writes a good hand, wishes  
to engage either in a wholesale or retail Store.  
A line addressed to J. S. and left at this of-  
fice will be punctually attended to.  
April 1. d4t

FURTHER EXTRACTS  
From London and Liverpool papers both to  
Feb. 12, inclusive, received at the office of  
the Federal Gazette, by the Hercules.

A gentleman of considerable landed prop-  
erty in Rutlandshire, who stood below the  
bar at the house of Lords during the late debate  
on the proposed abolition of the slave trade,  
was so enraptured with the speech of Lord  
Grenville, (who advocated the cause of mis-  
ery with an inspired eloquence) that he de-  
clared, in the most solemn manner, he would  
make a bequest to his will the instant he  
reached home, and place in the hands of  
trustees the sum of 3000l. for the sole pur-  
pose of erecting a statue to the memory of  
that luminous, humane, and faithful  
statesman.  
Mr. J. Dennison, recently deceased, has  
left his two daughters, the Countess of  
Conyngham, and Lady Lawley, 20,000l.  
each, with their portions on mar-  
riage, will make their respective fortunes  
50,000l. To an only sister he has given  
an annuity of 100l. per annum, and the  
residue of his immense property, amounting  
to 14,000l. per annum, he has bequeathed to  
his eldest son.  
A gentleman, who lately left Rome, de-  
clares, that the reduction of Naples has  
cost France 35,000 men. Vast numbers  
of them have perished from the unwhole-  
some vapors of the Calabrias; more, in  
fact, than have fallen by the swords of the  
Calabrese. In Naples, scarce a night pas-  
ses without several Frenchmen being mur-  
dered. King Joseph has not for many  
months ventured to sleep in the city. He  
has fitted up and fortified the palace of Capo  
di Monte, whither he retires every evening.  
Lucien Bonaparte lives in the neighborhood  
of Rome, in a state of domestic retirement.  
The large fortune which he amassed during  
his embassies to Spain and Portugal, en-  
ables him to do much good in his neighbor-  
hood. He employs a great number of per-  
sons in making various improvements,  
which he adds his wife daily inspect. He  
avoids all political society.  
Some newspapers have lately been print-  
ed at Paris and Bayonne, in the Spanish lan-  
guage, but the court of Madrid has prohib-  
ited their circulation in Spain.  
Died at Lisbon, on the 10th of Novem-  
ber, Don Juan de Braganza, Duke of La-  
foens, uncle of the present queen of Portu-  
gal, founder and perpetual president of the  
Portuguese Royal Academy of Sciences.  
In the seven years war he served as a vol-  
unteer in the Austrian army. On the res-  
toration of peace he made the usual tour of  
Europe, and visited Lapland. In 1773, he  
travelled into Greece, Turkey, and Egypt.  
All the contemporary sovereigns of Europe,  
Frederick the Great, Catharine II. Clement  
XIV. Joseph II. &c. highly esteemed and  
respected him. With this last mentioned  
monarch he carried on an epistolary corre-  
spondence. On his return to his native coun-  
try he founded the Royal Academy of Sci-  
ences, the expenses of which he himself  
supported for five years. He thought it not  
enough to be only the patron of the sciences,  
but likewise cultivated them himself.  
He was of a lively and cheerful disposition,  
and was celebrated for the openness and mag-  
nanimity of his character. His travels had  
contributed to perfect his taste, which from  
nature, was of the first order; but he had  
a strong predilection for revolutionary France,  
having submitted to accept one of the Grand  
Crosses of Bonaparte's Legion of Honor.  
Yesterday morning the judge advocate  
of Scotland, earl Lauderdale, and Mr.  
Adam, were in consultation with lord  
Grenville upwards of four hours, upon the  
important subject of assimilating the laws of  
Scotland with those of England.  
M. Leschevin, chief commissary for gun-  
powder and salt petre at Dijon, has sugges-  
ted a method of averting showers of hail,  
and dissipating storms. The memoir in  
which he has related the discovery, as he  
conceives, is long, but we shall be able to  
present the English reader with the results  
in a few words—1. He would excite in the  
air strong commotions, capable of shak-  
ing the particles of water adhering to it, so  
as to produce abundant rain; this is to be  
done by the sound of great bells, the noise  
of guns or drums, by the detonation of the  
fulminating powder, and by the explosion,  
in the middle of the clouds, of rockets di-  
rected towards the place where the clouds  
are the thickest. 2. He would establish  
energetic conductors between the clouds  
and the earth, either by fires lighted from  
distance to distance, and kept burning by  
supplies of dry substances, or by the dis-  
engagement of humid vapors, or the com-  
bustion of resinous matter. 3. He would  
draw off the electric fluid, which is in su-  
perabundance in the clouds, by a multiplicity  
of thunder rods: he would establish these  
conductors on those sides from whence  
the winds chiefly come, and these are to  
be fixed on elevated places, high trees,  
&c. We are informed that the practice re-  
commended in this memoir is made use of  
in many parts of France with the greatest  
success.

Verdigris has advanced. Tallow, both  
English and foreign, is cheaper.  
English linseed is lower.  
The importation of skins last week is:  
been considerable; 914 beaver from Quebec,  
26,927 lamb from Lehigh; 14,560 kid from  
Lehigh and Holland; and 14,689 deer  
from Quebec.  
Raw and thrown silk has been imported  
in considerable quantities, via Tonningen.  
The quantity of indigo imported last week  
into London from America amounted to  
35,000 pounds.  
The East-India company has declared for  
sale in the beginning of March, 6,000,000  
pounds of tea, and 3000 packages of prize  
tea; also, 185,600 pounds of cinnamon, 16  
pounds of oil of cinnamon, 17,032 pounds  
of indigo, and 25,000 bags of saltpetre.  
It is agreeable to observe, that our trade  
with the ports in the Mediterranean contin-  
ues in full activity. From Leghorn we  
have had this week anchovies, juniper ber-  
ries, nutgalls, oil, lamb and kid skins, and  
1885 lbs. of raw silk. From Messina, in  
Sicily, the imports are considerable.  
Notwithstanding the blockade of Great-  
Britain, which is in fact only an authorised  
system of robbery and plunder, the impor-  
tation from enemy's ports into London con-  
tinues to be very great; but neutrals are  
strictly prohibited from introducing British  
manufactures into any port under the au-  
thority or influence of Bonaparte.  
From the ports of Spain we had last week,  
amongst several other articles, 500 gallons  
of olives, 7171 boxes of raisins, 1686 boxes  
of sarsaparilla, and 230 cwt. of Spanish  
wool.  
From the ports of Holland, 364 quarters  
of wheat, 960 quarters of oats, and 180 quar-  
ters of pease; also, alkanot root, oak bark,  
flax, geneva, clover and onion seed, 400 cwt.  
mustard seed, &c. &c.  
From French ports, antimony, 5648 gal-  
lons of brandy, capers, honey, prunes, lucern,  
seed, saffron, verdigris, and 343 hogheads  
of French wine, &c.  
TRURO, February 7.

This county, though distinguished by the  
mildness of its winters, has seldom experi-  
enced one so mild as the present. Ripe  
strawberries, and a variety of garden flow-  
ers which seldom blossom till April or May,  
have been gathered in several parts of Corn-  
wall during the month of January. But  
this extreme mildness was interrupted at the  
close of the month by a few nights of frost,  
and on Saturday night last we had a slight  
shower of snow, which, however, disap-  
peared before the clear sunshine of Sunday.  
On Monday the inhabitants of Truro were  
alarmed by an awful thunder-storm, which  
threatened the most serious consequences.  
The wind blew strong from the south-west  
during the morning, and several explosions  
were heard, but all too distant to excite any  
serious apprehensions, till about 11 o'clock,  
when a flash of lightning, extremely vivid,  
was instantly followed by a tremendous crash  
of thunder, which seemed to burst close  
down upon the house-tops, and shattered  
the windows of the Red Lion inn, Mr.  
Mudge's house, Mr. Hodge's, and several  
others. In the mean time the electric fluid  
struck the church tower in several places,  
where the conductor, neutralized perhaps by  
rust, did not afford all the security ex-  
pected from it. A stone of nearly two hun-  
dred weight was thrown off the south-west  
angle of the top of the square tower, at the  
base of the spire. As the fluid descended  
in a zig-zag direction, it recoiled again and  
struck the base of the wall near the porch,  
with great violence, but was repelled by the  
solid masses of granite of which it is formed.  
Some part of it, however, entered the  
church, and passing out at the great win-  
dow, over the altar, broke several panes of  
glass, and greatly damaged the window  
frames. It then entered the kitchen of the  
Bear inn, (which stands close to the north-  
east angle of the church,) struck a man  
backward, but without injuring him, and  
passed off without further damage. Early  
on Thursday morning last we were visited  
by another thunder-storm, one clap of which  
(about five in the morning) was little less  
tremendous than that whose effects we have  
described, but providentially did no harm  
that we have heard of.

REMARKS  
By the editor of the London Traveller,  
Feb. 12, on the Spanish account of the re-  
capture of Buenos Ayres.  
By the Mail from Lisbon we received  
Madrid Gazettes to the 20th ult. inclusive.  
The paper of that date contains an official  
dispatch from col. Linier to the Prince of  
the Peace, relative to the re-conquest of  
Buenos Ayres. Sir H. Popham it will be  
recollected, expressly states that the co-  
lonel was on his parole at the time of his  
entering upon this enterprise. The colonel  
himself begins the dispatch with stating,  
that from a combination of various circum-  
stances, he was absent from Buenos Ayres  
when it surrendered to the English, and  
that he was consequently free to pursue any  
line of conduct which should be most con-  
ducive to his sovereign's interests. He be-  
gan his march from Monte Viedo on the 23d  
with six hundred men; on the 26th,  
passed on rafts the rivers of Camelones  
and St. Joseph; on the 28th reached  
La Colonia del Sacramento, where he  
found Don Guierrez De La Concha,  
with a flotilla, consisting of six schooners  
armed with eighteen and thirty-six pounders,  
one with thirty-six pound howitzers, six royal  
gun-boats, thirty-three armed launches,  
and eight transports. On the 29th the flo-  
tilla attacked and beat off an English brig.  
On the 1st August he was joined by 100  
volunteers, equipped at the expense of the  
inhabitants of La Colonia. He embarked  
his troops on third, and on the following day  
effected a landing at Las Conchas, where he  
also disembarked the sailors and marines of  
the flotilla, amounting to 323. On the 5th  
he entered St. Isidro, amidst the ac-  
clamations of the inhabitants. On the 6th  
the weather was extremely tempestuous, and  
the English lost six of their armed launches,

Carolina Rice has last week rather ad-  
vanced as have also currants and Malaga raisins.  
The importation of raisins into the port of  
London from Spain last week was 7171 boxes.  
The inferior sorts of cotton wool have ad-  
vanced a little. The importation last week  
was very considerable.  
Cocoa has become somewhat lower, as  
have also figs.  
Irish butter is rather dearer.  
Geneva has last week been somewhat low-  
er. The importation from Rotterdam was  
121 cuncheons.  
Clover seed, both English and foreign, is  
lower. Trefoil seed higher.  
The communication with the ports in the  
Baltic becoming more difficult, the price of  
fir timber has advanced considerably. The  
Quebec timber is lower.

On the 19th, Linier entered Matakenos del  
Miserere, and sent in a summons to general  
Beresford. General Beresford returned an  
answer in the negative. Linier immedi-  
ately proceeded to attack the posts of El Reti-  
ro, which was occupied by 200 English,  
whom he dislodged, with the loss of from  
35 to 40 killed, and ten made prisoners,  
five of them being wounded. At this in-  
stant the English general came up, with  
from 400 to 500 men; but Linier having  
opened a fire of grape-shot on them, "they  
dispersed," he says, "like a cloud, leaving  
behind them a number of slain." Don Jo-  
aquin Teledo, a midshipman, was the only  
Spaniard who suffered from the fire of the  
English, and he received only a slight  
wound in the head. On the 12th Linier  
opened a battery on one of the English ships,  
"whose mizen-topmast was carried away,  
and the English flag fell into the wa-  
ter—a happy prognostic of the event which  
was to take place the day after in Buenos  
Ayres." "At 12 o'clock on the 12th of  
August," continues Linier, "the Spanish  
troops advanced in two columns, by the  
street of La Merced and that of the Cathed-  
ral. The enemy guarded the approaches to  
the square with 18 pieces of artillery. Their  
troops were also posted in the balconies  
of the houses immediately adjoining the  
square and the cathedral. For about 2  
hours, the contest was maintained on both  
sides with equal firmness, valor and obsti-  
nacy, when at length the enemy gave way  
at all points, and retreated from the square,  
which was instantly occupied by our troops,  
and having betaken themselves to the fort,  
they hoisted the white flag." But from the  
enthusiastic ardor of my soldiers, it was a  
considerable length of time before a stop  
could be put to our fire.  
At length seeing Don Hilario de la Guir-  
tana enter the fort with a flag of truce, they  
pressed forward towards the gate and upon  
the counterscarp; so that myself and my  
officers were obliged to make use of threat-  
ening language to restrain their impetuosity,  
and to represent to them, that the fort had  
not yet surrendered, that the white flag  
might be hoisted only as a signal of a sus-  
pension of arms, &c. In fact, had the Eng-  
lish general been disposed to act with bad  
faith, he might have detained my aid-de-  
camp, and occasioned a horrible slaughter  
among our troops; though, in no event, such  
as to prevent our final success. But, far  
from taking so desperate a resolution, he  
immediately hoisted the Spanish flag, with-  
out treating of any other terms than those  
announced to him by my aid-de-camp, who  
would only agree to his surrendering at dis-  
cretion. Soon after, he left the fort, accom-  
panied by my aid-de-camp, and coming up  
to me, I briefly informed him that the es-  
teem due to his bravery induced me to grant  
him the honors of war. Accordingly, having  
drawn up my troops in line, the English  
marched out of the fort to the number  
of 1200, and laid down their arms at the  
head of our troops. Their loss in killed and  
wounded was 212 privates, and five officers;  
that on our side was 180 rank and file, with  
the midshipman, Don Josef Miranda, wound-  
ed in the hand; and the ensign, Don Joan  
Bautista Fartin, my aid-de-camp, wounded  
in the leg."

From the PEOPLE'S FRIEND.  
ON THE STATE OF PARTIES;  
OR,  
Cheering prospects for the legitimate dis-  
ciples of the Washington school.  
ON a rich mount with verdure crown'd, I  
saw  
A noble edifice, commanding awe;  
Strong were the pillars which upheld the  
dome.  
No purer marble ever strengthen'd Rome:  
Its solid grandeur beam'd on my sight,  
As up to Heaven it seem'd to raise its height:  
Around the walls I mark'd a gallant band,  
Prompt to obey, yet able to command.  
Columbia's guardian angel there appear'd,  
And with her presence those true patriots  
cheer'd.  
Fame, with loud trumpet her behests obey'd,  
And names to glory, nobly earn'd, convey'd.  
Rich cultivated fields, a cloudless sky  
And happy industry all charm'd the eye:  
The eagle of the rock, with ardent wing  
And countless arrows, fitted to the string,  
Tow'ring aloft, bespoke the nation's soul,  
Whom no proud foe could insult or controul:  
The stripes and stars, in spotless splendor  
shone,  
And claim'd respect wherever they were  
known.  
My heart exult in the glowing scene,  
But found it only shewing what once had  
been.  
"Here in the FEDERAL MOUNT, the Angel  
cried,  
I liv'd triumphant in pure native pride;  
My Sons were Sages, and were Heroes too;  
Whom neither force nor reason could subdue:  
And here had still Columbia's sons reclin'd;  
In ease and honor, as kind Heaven design'd;  
If demagogues had not their minds deceiv'd,  
Their pride, their honor, and their peace  
aggrieved;  
And bade their government inglorious pass  
To heads bewild'rd in that dark morass."  
Touch'd by her plaint, I turn'd my view  
to know  
The scenes transacting in the marsh below.  
There I perceiv'd upon a mound of mud,  
On hollow logs a chair of honor stood;  
An Owl sat perch'd upon this chair of state,  
Wise, philosophic, cautious in debate;  
His cunning to the Eagle's strength prefer'd,  
A midnight, timid, tributary bird;  
With wings upon the stretch, prepar'd to  
fly.  
When signs of thunder overspread the sky,  
A busy throng intent their chief to raise,  
Lend him support by various crooked ways,  
The ground sinks oft beneath their devious  
treach,  
The mists of error settle round their head;  
With many a weary tug, and many a groan,  
They carry mud to plaster up his throne;  
The midnight dews keep moist the brittle  
clay,  
But when the glorious sun pours forth the  
day,  
His rays (like truth) to the false mound  
applied,  
It melts, it crumbles, broken down; and  
dried.