

To Let,
The House and Store, No. 83 Market-street,
Inquire on the premises. April 28. d5t

For sale, on a credit,
10,000 bushels St. Ubes SALT.
April 29. d6t

Henry & Lindenberg,
No. 204, BALTIMORE-STREET,
Have received by the *France*, from Liverpool,
A complete assortment of
CUTLERY.
And on hand an extensive assortment of
HARDWARE, SADDLERY, BRASS &
JAPANNED WARE. d

A QUANTITY OF
GREEN COFFEE in bags,
FOR SALE BY
JOHN S. HORNE,
April 30. d4t

Wanted immediately,
IN A DRUG STORE, a Young Man of good
morals and activity—to learn the business.
One that has some knowledge of the names of
Drugs would be preferred. H. WILKINS,
April 28. d10t

Hancock and Norris
Have received per ship *Fair American*, from
London,
TWELVE casks best LEWTER, well as-
sorted, which they will sell low for accept-
ances in town
Also on consignment from Boston,
Forty boxes Cotton and Wool CARDS, of
the first quality, which will be sold as above.
April 21. d30t

To Let,
And immediate possession given,
The Store and Cellar, No. 4, North How-
ard-street, in complete order. For terms ap-
ply to ANTHONY KIMMEL & SON,
April 23. d

Hancock and Norris,
No. 203, MARKET-STREET,
Have received per ship *Abena*, from Liver-
pool, a part of their spring supply of
Hardware,
Which completes their assortment.
April 14. d1m

Just received and for sale by
HENRY & LINDENBERG,
No. 204, BALTIMORE-STREET,
100 dozen single, and double prime Wal-
dron SCYTHES, of the broad kind.
April 14. d

AMOS BROWN & CO.,
No. 109, Market-street,
Have received their Spring Supply of STOKES,
among which are several thousand pairs as-
sorted in packages, to suit country merchants,
which will be sold at reduced prices for cash
or acceptances in town. Also, 100 pairs Bal-
timore manufactured Boots, on a liberal credit.
April 20. d

Wanted to Purchase,
A negro Girl, about 14 or 15 years of age,
who can come well recommended as a cook,
for whom a liberal price will be given. Apply
at this Office.
April 30. d

Lost this Morning,
SUPPOSED between Peters's bridge and
Smith's dock, a gold Watch CHAIN, with
two Gold Seals, without cyphers, and a Key,
set with Cornelian stone. The finder will re-
ceive five dollars reward, by leaving them at
this office.
April 30. d4t

IRISH LINEN, &c. &c.
Alexander Brown and Son
Have imported in the *Adriana*, a further supply of
LINEN,
7-8 and 9 LINEN,
3-4
5-4 Sheeting,
3-4, 6-4, 8-4, 10-4, Diaper, Dowls, and
Brown Holland. d4t

For Sale on a long credit,
52 bbls. first quality Muscovado Sugars,
36 bbls. do. do.
12 sections Flat Indigo,
65 bbls. Bordeaux Clarks,
The whole entitled to drawback and in nice
shipping order.
JACOB ADAMS,
April 20. d12t

Just Received
Per the schooner *Penelon*, from Bordeaux.
128 bbls. Claret,
110 boxes do.
13 bales DRY GOODS,
Consisting of
Lutesings, Silk Gloves, Silk Hose, Da-
mack Silk Shawls, Grenoble Kid Gloves, and
Cambric. For sale by
WILLIAM COOKE, Jun.
April 13. d

George Price and Co.
Have imported in the *Alcona*, from Liverpool,
PART OF THEIR ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING GOODS.
April 17. d18t-eo9t

Nichols & French,
No. 13, SOUTH-STREET,
Have received by the schooner *Susan*, from Bos-
ton,
35 bales & boxes of INDIA & FRENCH
GOODS, viz.:
Luckipore } BAPTAS,
Chittibilly }
Fine }
Jaumore SAUNAS,
Gurrah } COSSAS,
A zungia,
Meergungee } MAMOODYS,
Jalapore }
Fine do. }
Gunny Bags,
White Thread Laces, Gloves, Velvet Rib-
bons, Paper Mounds, Plain Tiffany and Span-
gled Fans, Morocco Caps, &c. &c.
Also in Store,
67 bales INDIA GOODS, consisting of
Gurrah, Mamoodys, Sawns, Saunas, Cossas,
Baptas, &c. &c.
The whole entitled to drawback.
April 16. d18t

HORSES For Sale.
A pair of elegant, bright Bays, well match-
ed, warranted, sound and to go fine and gen-
tle in harness. Apply at Mr. Crowl's Liv-
ery Stable.
May 1. d31t

Sale by Auction.

On SATURDAY,
The 2d May, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at
the Cellar (lately occupied by Mr. Cole) un-
der Christ Church, will commence a sale, on
a credit, of the particulars of which will be
made known at the time of sale) of
85 pipes of very choice Lisboa Wine, be-
ing of the brig *Ann and Mary's* cargo, that
were allowed by many to be superior to any
ever imported here.
15 pipes } Of first quality Port Wine,
40 qr. casks }
4 pipes London particular Madeira ditto,
20 casks choice old Sherry ditto.
THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r.
April 29. d

Sale by Auction.

On MONDAY,
The 4th May, at 12 o'clock, on the premises,
will be sold,
That valuable three-story Brick HOUSE,
No. 157, near the middle bridge, in Market-
street, fronting 25 feet on Market-street, and
running back 100 feet, on 3, 6 and 9 months
credit; and on receiving approved, endorsed,
negotiable notes, with the interest added
hereeto, a bond to convey the property will be
given, and a title in fee-simple on the last note
being paid.
VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct's.
April 16. d

Sale by Auction.

On MONDAY,
The 4th inst. at 12 o'clock, at our auction room,
at the head of Gay-street dock, will be sold
for the benefit of the underwriters, for approved
notes at 60 and 90 days
150 boxes White and Brown SUGARS.
R. LEMMON & CO. Auct'rs.
May 1. d

Sale by Auction.

On WEDNESDAY,
The 20th instant in the afternoon, immedi-
ately after the sale of the country seat be-
longing to Martin Eichelberger, will be
sold on the premises,
A Lot of Ground, containing 6 1/4 acres,
situated on the York Turnpike Road, about one
and a half miles from the city of Balti-
more, and adjoining the property formerly
belonging to General John Swan.
The terms will be made known at the time
of sale, and the property sold all together, or
in lots as may suit the purchasers.
VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs.
May 1. d

Public Sale.

In virtue of an order of the judges of the Or-
phans' court of Baltimore county, will be
exposed to Public Sale on SATURDAY,
the 9th day of May, the following
Negroes, to wit:

Phil, Joseph, and Phillis, late the property
of Charles Whitlock, deceased. The sale
will commence, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon
at the auction room of
COCHRAN & PROCTOR, Auct'rs.
May 1. d

NOTICE.

JOHN BUEFUM
Has this day taken into partnership Mr.
Benjamin Goodhue, and the business will in
future be conducted under the firm of
Buffum and Goodhue.

Who have for sale at No. 84, Bowly's wharf,
20 pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy,
15 do. Catalonia } WINE
25 half do. do. }
30 do. Corsica }
40 qr. do. Malaga }
30 hbls. New-England Rum,
200 boxes Cod Fish,
300 — Mould Candles,
30 — Spermaceti do.
50 — Dip. do. }
25 — Chocolate, No. 3,
200 bags heavy Black Pepper,
350 — Calcutta Sugar,
400 — Alum,
30 — Pimento,
20 bbls. Frankincense,
30 — Mackerel,
20 cases Cotton and Wool Cards,
2 bales and 2 bbls. Sena.
ALSO,
30 bales and trunks Calcutta and Madras
GOODS,
Consisting of
Beerboom Gurrahs, Custah, Barrilla and
Girrah Baftas, Ekersguah and Guspore Ma-
moodys, Jaunpore Saunas, Brown Check, Al-
libad Emerties, Long Cloths, Charconies,
Madras Handkerchiefs, &c. &c. &c.
ALSO,
100 pieces Black Bologna Crapes.
May 1. d6t-eo6t

The Subscriber

WILL sell his present residence, two miles
from Baltimore city, lying between the York
and old Harford roads, adjoining general
Smith's and Mr. Hollin's country seats, con-
sisting about eighty-four acres of land, 1 half
of which is well improved, the remainder in
wood of a large size, and is very fully sup-
plied with excellent water. The very extensive
prospect is not exceeded, if equalled, by any
in the vicinity or county. It is stocked with
an abundance of the best of every kind of
large bearing Fruit Trees, at least two hun-
dred Pear Trees, of almost every kind; two
apple orchards, containing upwards of thirty-
five kinds; Cherries of the best kinds; Peach-
es; Plumbs; Apricots, and Nectarines, of all
kinds; Quinces; large Italian black Mulber-
ries; a considerable number of large bearing
Grape Vines, of various kinds; Figs; English
Walnuts; hard and soft-shelled Almonds;
Filberts; a large Garden stocked with Raspber-
ries; Strawberries; Gooseberries; Currants,
and every other necessary. All the above men-
tioned fruit has been selected at a considerable
expense and attention for 20 years past, by
the subscriber, who thinks it unnecessary to
mention anything further in respect to the land
and improvements, it being so near Baltimore,
and it is expected a person desirous to purchase
will view the premises. For terms, apply to
THOMAS PETERS,
No. B. The Land may be divided, being two
separate Lots, nearly equal in quantity.
WOODLAND, May 1. d6t

Baltimore Gen'l Dispensary.

THE present attending Physicians hav-
ing declared their intention to decline offering
at the ensuing election, Doctor John Shaw, is
nominated as a candidate to succeed one of
them by
A CONTRIBUTOR.
April 24. d

GRAND ARMY.

SIXTY-THIRD BULLETIN.
Osterode, 14th Feb. 1807.
Capt. Auzon, of the imperial horse guards,
mortally wounded in the battle of Eylau,
was lying upon the field of battle. His
comrades came to carry him to the hospital.
He recovered his senses only to say to them,
"Let me alone, my friends—I die contented,
since we have gained the day, and that
I can die upon the bed of honor, surrounded
by cannons taken from the enemy and the
wrecks of their defeat. Tell the emperor
that I have but one regret; which is, that
in a few moments I shall be no longer able
to do any thing for his service and the
glory of our fine France.—To her my last
breath." The effort he made to utter these
words, exhausted the little strength he had
remaining.

All the reports we receive, agree in stat-
ing that the enemy lost at the battle of Eylau,
twenty generals and 900 men killed
and wounded, and upwards of 80,000 men
disabled.

At the engagement of Ostrolenka, of the
16th, two Russian generals were killed and
three wounded.

His majesty has sent to Paris the 26 stands
of colors taken at the battle of Eylau. All
the cannons are already sent off to Thorn.
His majesty has ordered that these cannons
shall be melted down and made into a bra-
zen statue of general Hautpoul, commander
of the 2d division of cuirassiers, in his uni-
form of cuirassier.

The army is concentrated in its canton-
ments behind the Passarge, with its left sup-
ported by Marienwerder the island of Nogat,
and Elbing, countries which afford resources.

Being informed that a Russian division
had marched towards Braunsberg at the head
of our cantonments, the emperor ordered it
to be attacked. The prince of Ponte Corvo
assigned the expedition to general Dupont,
an officer of great merit. On the 26th, at
2 o'clock in the afternoon, general Dupont
presented himself before Braunsberg, attack-
ed the enemy's division, 10,000 strong,
overthrew it with fixed bayonets, drove it
from the town and made it recross the Pas-
sarge, took from it 16 pieces cannon, 2
stands of colours and made 2000 prisoners.
We had very few men killed.

On the side of Gustadt, general Leger Del-
air repaired to the village of Peterswade at
day-break on the 26th, upon receiving ad-
vice that a Russian column had arrived dur-
ing the night at that village, overthrew it,
took the general Baron de Korff who com-
manded it, his staff, several lieutenant cols.
and officers, and 400 men. This brigade was
composed of 16 battalions, which had suffer-
ed so much that they formed only 1600 men
under arms.

The emperor, in testimony of his satisfac-
tion to gen. Savary, for the engagement of
Ostrolenka, has granted him the grand
insignia of the legion of honor, and called
him about his person. His majesty has given
the command of the 8th corps to marshal
Massena, marshal Lannes continuing to be
sick.

At the battle of Eylau, marshal Angereau
overran with rheumatic pains, was sick and
hardly in his senses; but the cannon awakes
the brave: he flew in full gallop to the head
of his corps, after getting himself tied upon
his horse. He was constantly exposed to the
greatest fire, and was even slightly
wounded. The emperor has just authorized
him to return to France, for the purpose of
taking care of his health.

The garrison of Colberg and Dantzick,
availing themselves of the little attention
paid to them, had encouraged themselves by
different exertions. An advanced post of
the Italian division was attacked, on the
16th, at Stargard, by a party of 800 men,
of the garrison of Colberg. Gen. Bonstai had
with him only a few companies of the first
Italian regiment of the line, which took to
their arms in time, marched with resolution
against the enemy, and routed him.

Gen. Teuli, on his side, with the main
body of the Italian division, the regiment
of musketeers of the guards and the first
company of gens d'armes on duty, repaired
to invest Colberg. On arriving at Naugar-
ten, he found the enemy entrenched occupy-
ing a fort beset with pieces of cannon. Col.
Boyer, of the musketeers of the guards,
gave an assault. Capt. Montmorency of the
company of gens d'armes, made a successful
charge. The fort was taken, 300 men made
prisoners, and six pieces of cannon carried
off. The enemy left a hundred men on the
field of battle.

Gen. Dombrowski marched against the
garrison of Dantzick; he fell in with it at
Dinslam, overthrew it, made 600 prisoners,
took 7 pieces of cannon, and pursued it for
several leagues at his heels. He was wound-
ed with a musket-ball. Marshal Lefebvre
arrived in the mean time at the command of
the 16th corps; he had been joined by the
Saxons, and marched to invest Dantzick.
The weather is still changeable; it froze
yesterday; it thaws to-day. The whole
winter has passed over in this manner. The
thermometer has never been lower than 5
degrees.

From London and Dutch papers received at
Philadelphia and New-York.

WARSAW, February 28.
According to the latest accounts, the
Russian army still remained behind the
Pregel, where it had received a consid-
erable reinforcement, and where they were
throwing up entrenchments. From the 12th
to the 18th, the French army was observed
to be in motion, which gave indications of
another general battle; but we have since
learned that it was only to reconnoitre the
position of the enemy. The Russian gen-
eral Benningsen, thinking that the French
had weakened themselves on the Narew, to
strengthen their grand army in East-Prussia,
gave orders to general Essen to make an at-
tempt in that quarter, which, as is known,
fell out to the disadvantage of the Russians
near Ostrolenka.

The emperor Napoleon has ordered that
the sieges of Dantzick, Colberg, and Graud-
entz, be carried on with all possible activi-
ty, to curb the numerous excursions which
are made in the rear of the army. We hear
that the operations against Dantzick and
Graudentz have successfully commenced.

The baron St. Vincent is returned hither
from Cracow, and has had constant inter-
views with the Prince of Benevento ever
since the 14th instant. Besides, couriers
are daily dispatched to and received from
Vienna.

LONDON, March 23.
"It seems at length settled that we are to

have a new administration; and that the
duke of Portland has made great progress in,
if not completely concluded, the new minis-
terial arrangement.

"The dispatches which government re-
ceived from Ireland on Saturdays last, are
stated to be of an unfavorable nature; the coun-
ties in the north are in a state of awfull discon-
tent. Never, indeed, did the country require
more delicate management. And we must
add the duke of Bedford, who is about to be
recalled, is stated to be as generally be-
loved as his eager attention to public affairs,
and his exertions in the cause of Ireland, so
well merit.

"Dispatches from admiral Stirling, who
commands in the River Plate, we understand,
were received at the admiralty this morning.
They are said to announce the arrival of the
troops under sir Samuel Auchmuty.

"Some scattered Dutch Journals have
reached town since our last, but their con-
tents are not important.—They state that
the towns of Elbing, Marienberg, and Ma-
rienwerder, have been again occupied by
the French, who are also in possession of
the whole of the coast along the gulph of
Frischtraff; but no considerable body of
troops had arrived in the suburbs of Dantzick
for the purpose of commencing the siege of
that city. The reduction of Graudentz was,
it is understood, to be effected before regular
approaches were made against Dantzick. A
large detachment of the Bavarian army,
and a corps of 6000 Saxons, were on the
point of marching to join the grand army
in Poland. A great number of troops in
Italy were on their march through the Tyrol
for the purpose of effecting a junction with
the grand army.

"Price of stocks this day—Consols 62 1/4
—Omnium 8 3/4 to 4."

VACCINATION.

Extract from the proceedings at a public sit-
ting of the Medical College at Marseilles,
at which Dr. Seux, the perpetual secreta-
ry, communicated the state of medical
knowledge in France.
"If the college (said Mr. Seux) has re-
jected many systematic notions, it has a-
dopted with care many useful discoveries;
Among these, Vaccination holds the first
rank; the college has not ceased to promote
its propagation, as well by establishing a
committee of its members which gratuitously
communicates it to all the poor that ap-
ply for it, as also by proclaiming its virtue
as a preservation from the small-pox. It
has seen with satisfaction, that since vac-
cination has been introduced, which is now
six years, the small-pox has ceased to appear
in Marseilles, whereas before this period it
was always stationary there. In spite of
these advantages, vaccination has yet got
its slanderers. It is not enough that it pre-
serves from the small-pox, but children that
have been vaccinated ought to be inaccessi-
ble to the numerous disorders which menace
the frail existence of man. They have had
the injustice to attribute to it evils which it
has not caused, and which often have not ap-
peared until long after the vaccine process
had successfully run through all its periods.
These unjust attacks will not deter the
zeal of the medical society, animated for the
public welfare: IT WILL NOT CEASE TO TELL
THE PEOPLE, VACCINATE YOUR CHILDREN; you
will preserve them from a cruel disorder,
which has cut down one-fifth of those who
take it in a natural way, and two or three
out of every hundred who have been inocu-
lated, and has left unsightly marks of its fer-
ocity upon many whose lives have been spared."

From Robinson's Directory for 1807.

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

This institution which is established upon
the most extensive plan, may properly be
considered as one great collection of schools,
in all the different branches of education,
under the same general government and di-
rection.
The commencements, both for degrees in
the Arts and in Medicine, are appointed to
be held in May, that being the most conve-
nient time, after finishing the winter lec-
tures.

The present Trustees are,
The governor of the commonwealth; rev.
Robert Blackwell, D. D.; Edward Burd,
esq.; Joseph Ball, esq.; John H. Brinton,
esq.; George Clymer, esq.; David H. Con-
yngnam, esq.; John Redman Cox, M. D.;
Alexander J. Dallas, esq.; Thomas Fitzsimons,
esq.; Samuel M. Fox, esq.; James Gibson,
esq.; William Lewis, esq.; Moses Levy,
esq.; Thomas M. Kean, esq.; Joseph B. M'Kean,
esq.; John F. Millin, esq.; Benjamin R. Morgan,
esq.; William Rawle, esq.; Jonathan B. Smith,
esq.; William Tilghman, esq. chief justice of the state;
right rev. William White, D. D.; Thomas M. Willing,
esq.
Vacancies, two.

Edward Fox, esq. treasurer and secretary
to the board of trustees.

LIST OF THE FACULTY.

In the Arts.

John McDowell, esq. A. M. provost; rev.
John Andrews, D. D. vice provost; Robert
Patterson, esq. A. M. professor of mathe-
matics; rev. William Rogers, D. D. pro-
fessor of English and Belles Letters; Jas.
Thompson, A. M. professor of languages.
Secretary to the board of faculty in the
arts, rev. William Rogers, D. D.

In Medicine.

William Shippen, M. D. professor of anat-
omy and midwifery; Benjamin Rush, M. D.
professor of the theory and practice of
physic, and of clinical medicine; Casper
Wistar, M. D. adjunct professor of anat-
omy, &c.; James Woodhouse, M. D. pro-
fessor of chemistry; Benjamin S. Barton,
M. D. professor of materia medica, botany
and natural history; Philip S. Physick, M. D.
professor of surgery.
Dean to the board of faculty in medicine,
James Woodhouse, M. D.

In those departments of this valuable in-
stitution, where it is necessary on account
of the number of students, suitable tutors
of approved abilities are employed.

The university is an elegant and spacious
building, in Ninth street, between Market
and Chesnut streets; connected with which
there has lately been erected a large and
convenient house, under the direction of the
celebrated architect, B. H. Latrobe, for the
accommodation of the students in medicine,
which is now in a very flourishing state,
and is considered as equal to any of the old-
est seminaries in Europe.

The medical students amount to two hun-
dred and seventy, and are yearly increasing.
They come from the West-Indies, Canada,
and from all parts of the U. States. The de-

gree of doctor in medicine is conferred on
about thirty gentlemen every year in this
institution.

The students in the various departments
of the arts, medicine, &c. belonging to the
university, are between two and six hundred.

From the Norfolk Ledger.

The documents from the treasury depart-
ment, published in our last, excite pleasing
reflections upon the great increase of the
commerce of our country, under many im-
positions, and without the fostering aid of
governmental protection. The amount of
domestic articles of export is put down at
something more than forty millions of dol-
lars, and that of foreign articles of export
at something more than sixty millions, mak-
ing one hundred millions of dollars. The
amount of goods imported and exported,
although it does not exhibit the wealth of
our country in the immediate, permanent
and solid view, as the amount of domestic
produce and manufactures, it nevertheless
exhibits an astonishing activity and enterprize
in our merchants, and must give great em-
ployment to many classes of our citizens,
particularly those who are concerned in the
various branches of mechanics and manu-
factures, appertaining to the equipment of
ships. Doctor Logan a democratic philoso-
phical senator from Pennsylvania, during
the late session of congress, proposed to
annihilate this trade, and for a reason not
more singular, than the proposition itself.—
The doctor argued, that it was this sort of
commerce that brought us into disputes with
foreign nations, and that for the sake of
peace it would be better to give it up. The
same argument would have been equally ap-
plicable to a relinquishment of all commerce
—We believe that the opinions of doctor
Logan are not singular, although his pro-
position did not succeed, and as the state of
Pennsylvania has thought proper to appoint
a successor to the doctor, we shall hear no
more of his fine speculative propositions.

That country which is made the entrepot
must always become opulent. Venice, Am-
sterdam, and Antwerp, furnish examples of
this fact. Those cities were successively the
places of entrepot for all Europe; that is,
the commodities of all nations were bro't
there as the general market, and from there
distributed throughout Europe. The govern-
ments to which those cities were attach-
ed, were literally insignificant, as to their
own produce or manufactures.

Sixteen years back, it is not unsafe to say,
that our exportations were confined solely
to our own domestic produce, excepting a
few East-India and China goods, which were
smuggled into the West-India islands and
British dominions on the continent; the
amount too inconsiderable to merit notice.
This new and immense commerce has arisen
out of the present war, and which the su-
periority of the maritime force of Great Britain
has given to us, to the great extent we now
possess it. If the powers opposed to Eng-
land had been able, as in the war which our
revolution brought on, to have coped with
her marine, those nations could have furnish-
ed their own colonies, and have received the
colonial produce by their own vessels, with-
out the intervention of the United States.
But the naval force of Britain, having either
captured the greater part, or blocked in their
own ports the remnant of the naval force of
her enemies, those countries must depend on
the United States for colonial produce, and
the colonies also must depend on us for Eu-
ropean supplies.

BY THIS DAY'S MAILS.

BOSTON, April 23.

Arrived, schr. Confidence, Merrill, of
Kennebunk, Tobago, 30 days. Left there
23d March, schr. Experiment, of Ports-
mouth, (Vir.) just arrived.

Brig Amazon, Lane, of Newburyport,
Point-Petre, Gu., 30 days. March 29, was
boarded from a British frigate, who inform-
ed that a French fleet had arrived at Marti-
nique.

Brig Amity, Packard, of Bath, Martinique,
24 days. Left, Venus, for Baltimore, in 10
days; ship Gun, Fishers, of Savannah, with
a cargo of slaves, under adjudication.

Brig Edward, Chase, from Point-Petre,
Guadalupe, 21 days. On the 23th March,
saw a gentleman from St. Domingo, in 15
days, who informed us, that the negroes on
that island had killed all the whites and peo-
ple of color in Port-au-Prince.

PLYMOUTH, April 21.

Arrived, schooner Aurora, Burgess, 23 days
from Antigua. Spoke, April 8, brig Antiope,
15 days from Martinico. Capt. Burges was
bound to Martinico, but was denied ad-
mittance, and sent to Antigua. It was
represented that Martinico was in a state of
blockade, by the English, on account of the
French fleet being there.

Schr. Hazard, Atwood, from Virginia,
in long, 73, lat 38, 52, passed a vessel, full
of water and dismasted; she appeared to be
a brig, but was not certain; about a mile
from her, picked up 8 casks of N. E. rum,
marked as follows: 2 casks, B. W.; 6 do.
B. L. The casks were most of them marked
with marking-irons on the head, J. P.

NEWYORK, April 20.

Arrived, brig Mary and Eliza, Beadle, 40
days from Madeira; Catharine, Smith, of
Norfolk, from Philadelphia, sailed for Cape-
de Verdes, March 11; schr. Two-Brothers,
Hubbell, of New-Brunswick, for Charleston,
11th; Portsmouth, Charre, from Charle-
stown, driven sea March 6, captain and two
men on shore, had not returned.

Brig Ana-Maria, Ward, 13 days from St.
Croix. Captain W. lost Henry Munson,
of New-Haven, and Ebenezer Clark, on the
passage; 1 brig is stopped at quarantine.

Schr. Jane, Salmon, 8 days from Rich-
mond.

Schr. Brothers, Carre, 4 days from Nor-
folk. In lat. 33, 10, seven fathoms water,
fell in with the wreck of a sunken ship, not
less than 700 tons burthen; took off some
rigging; her main yard slung with a chain,
and had grated tops. Some of the cargo
had 7 1/4 yards. Appeared not to have been
long in this situation.

The brig Rochambeau, Pratt, 24 days from
Cayenne.

The brig Lydia, Taber, 13 days from Point
Petre, Guadalupe, and 14 from Antigua.

The schr. Sally-Ann, Channing, from Gu-
adalupe, for New-York, had been sent into
Antigua, but would be cleared next morn-
ing. Left at Guadalupe, schr. Peticity, Bag, in 4
days for Baltimore.