Prospectus of A New

WEEKLY PAPER,

ENTITLED,

The PEOPLE's MONITOR,

To be published at Easton, Maryland,

By MICHAEL PINKIND.

THE title which the Editor thus assumes for his projected publication, may perhaps induce an imputation of vanity and presumption, of which, indeed, he is far from being possessed. By those, however, whose favor he is most anxious to engage, in the outset of a doubtful and difficult career, he will not be misunderstood. They well know, that for the support of such a paper as he proposes to issue, he must look to the wise and the learned, and hold out a convenient receptacle for the fruits of their experience and knowledge.

But, however humble his personal pretensions may be to the capacity of fulfilling the extent of engagement into which this title would seem to commit him, he will not hesitate to declare, that he intends, on all proper occasions, to exercise the privilege of a citizen and an Editor, by expressing, in the best and most forcible manner he is capable, his own opinions of public men and measures. The Editor, feeling, with the deepest regret, the deficiency of his early instruction, has, in the intervals of mechanical toil, heretofore labored to improve every moment to catch a glimpse of the great light of knowledge, and endeavored, with the most anxious care, to form an acquaintance with the history and political institutions of his country. Such degree of knowledge as he has been able to attain, has at least, he trusts, been sufficient to inspire him with a love of virtue and his country, and a sincere admiration of that system of republican government which has been planned and transmitted to us by the illustrious patriots of the Revolution. To guard and preserve the temple of liberty, which they erected, from the rude hand of open violence, and to screen its altars from the profanation of the ambitious, requires the constant and watchful care of every votary of the Goddess. The Editor, in no affected strain, avows an enthusiasm in the cause of the liberties of the people, and is desirous to devote himself to their service in any honorable way in which he might hope to be useful. To conduct a vehicle, by which shall be conveyed to them, not only a knowledge of their rights, but the earliest intimation of any encroachments upon them, will be to him a proud employment, and a most grateful task. Prone as man is to ambition, and to a desire of self-aggrandizement, a constant and unremitting watchfulness is necessary, on the part of the people, towards those in whose hands are placed the power and strength of the nation for the general protection and promotion of the common welfare. To guard against every encroachment, and to detect every aberration from duty, the *Press* is justly and universally esteemed the most powerful and efficient engine The influence of political newspapers, in giving a tone to the popular sentiment, has almost established it as a maxim, that *public opinion is in a state of total subjection to the press.* Hence the far-famed liberty of the press derives its chief sanction, and hence the necessity that the press should adhere in all its publications to truth, and to the dispersion of those principles alone which are morally and politically correct.

Newspapers, avowedly established for the purpose of desseminating party principles and systems, become the pest and scourges of society. They are the hirelings of defamation, and the pernicious engines of faction and corruption. What salutary aid can the mind of man derive from publications, whose aim is, in spite of the common sense and common experience of all, boldly to impress it with the conviction that all *orthodoxy* is centered in one set of men, and all *heresy* in another? whose sole object is an equally indiscriminate exaltation of favorites, and depression of those who dare to dissent from their dostrines? whose authors traitorously desert the cause of the people, of truth and of good government, for the ignoble purposes of strengthening certain partizans in power? The nicely balanced parts of a republic, resting on the voice of the people as its basis, cannot long endure so dangerous an establishment. The political existence of a people, which depends upon VIRTUE, upon WISDOM, and withal, upon a firm, indissoluble UNION, cannot withstand the workings of so destructive an agent.

At no period in the history of our country did the times more imperiously demand the institution of a press, which, founded on strong republican principles, and elevated above the infectious atmosphere of party spirit, should present to the public attention, a candid view of affairs, and a manly expression of liberal and enlightened opinions, inducing by every exertion, a recurrence to first principles, and directing every effort to bring about an *union* of those men, of whatever party, who really wish well to their country, and who, fearing the ill effects, and unwilling longer blindly to pursue the plans of party spirit, wish to stop before they go too far, and adopt a more safe, just, and a wiser rule of conduct. Where men are free to think and act, an honest difference of opinion may be expected to arise, dictated by the best aids of the understanding, and sanctioned on both sides by sentiments of patriotism and general philantrophy. It is not then, a candid difference of opinion that creates unworthiness, but the bigoted pursuit of that opinion, pronouncing every dissenter impious, and every non-conformist to its tenets an enemy to the citizens and the state.

The distinguishing characteristics of a freeman under a republican form of government, are the rights of enjoying, and the unrestrained expression of his opinions. To be robbed of the one, or checked in the exercise of the other, ought justly to be considered as the most grievous oppression. If a party were to proclaim that all those who differed in opinion from them should be deprived of the right of suffrage, or the possession of property, the open avowal of such a sentiment would marshal all the passions of opposition and produce general commotion. Yet the intolerance of party sirit, by secret agency and latent means, effects the same object without incurring a similar risk. Whenever experience and observation proclaim it as an established truth, that none but men of a particular party or sect are admitted to the participation of the public confidence and trust, it acts as a bribe to corrupt public opinion, and deprives the citizen of his independence, and with it his integrity. Once let the pretensions of worth and merit be discarded, and let it be established as a principle that popular confidence and civil trust are the certain rewards of a sectary, and a conflict instantly arises between ambition and independence, which never fails to terminate in the servile surrender of the latter.

Aided by these lights, which the observation of facts and the experience of past times have furnished, it is proposed to establish a press for the purpose of giving a more extensive range to republican principles; to produce an increased ardor in the public feeling towards free government, and to reprobate the folly and vice the of party enthusiasm and intolerance. The people at large engaged in the various avocations of life, have neither the leisure nor the means of obtaining a minute knowledge of public affairs. Those amongst them, who, more fortunate than the rest, have it in their power to acquire correct information, do not, perhaps, find it their interest to disseminate it amongt their fellow citizens. Thus, instead of a just and correct view of things, the people too frequently are either wholly uninformed, or, if they have received any impressions on political subjects, they have been derived from those heralds of misrepresentation which every where infest the country, and from the unprincipled calumnies of party writers. To correct this enormous evil, to relieve the minds of the people from the abominable shackles of party spirit, and to afford them an unmisty medium, through which they may view the real state of things, and be enabled to judge fairly of the conduct of their rulers, the proposed establisment has been contemplated.

The editor offers to his fellow-citizens, a weekly paper, adarted to their leisure and their purses, which he will conduct with the best exertion of his humble talents, and with the most zealous care and attention. The earliest statement shall be made of the measures and conduct of our public functionaries, in the state government as well as in the government of the union, upon every case which may be supposed materially to concern the rights or interests of the people. The proceedings of the state legislature and of congress together with the most important and interesting debates, shall be regularly given as they occur. All momentous foreign intelligence, when it becomes disentangled from contradiction, and appears sufficiently authenticated, shall be inserted in a concise manner. For the instruction and amusement of the reader, will be introduced all such tracts, extracts, essays and sketches on every subject of useful and ornamental science, as the genius of correspondents, or the industrious research of the editor, may furnish. On points of honorable controversy, from which pleasure or improvement may be derived, between men of sense and decorum, he will always delight to be the organ of their arguments and opinions: but he most explicitly declares his determination not to defile his pages by the admission of any thing like scurrility or personal abuse, and uniformly to refuse a place, to the malignant effusions of defamatory scribblers.

Under the pressure of absolute necessity, the Editor, a short time ago, formed the determination to quit his native state, and seek, in Philadelphia, such employment as he could procure for a temporary support. In this pursuit he has been as successful as he could have hoped: but, separated from his friends, and estranged from the scenes & objects of his early atrachment, he cannot feel the tranquility of contentment in a situation where he can hope for little more than the means of ordinary support. He is also free to confess that his mind is not void of honest ambition, and that it prompts him to seek a sphere for the exertion of his humble talents somewhat more extended than the mere mechanical department of his profession, to which he has been bred. If, then, he shall receive, in his new design, the patronage and support of his fellow-citizens of the eastern shore of Maryland, and particularly of his own county, he will have cause to feel a manifold attachment to his native state, and be bound to them by the strongest ties of gratitude.

But it may, perhaps, be deemed by some persons necessary, that the Editor should here make a particular confession of his own *political* faith. Short as has been the course of his observation, it has been sufficient to convince him that true patriotism and a disinterested regard to the interests of the people, are not always to be found where the pretentions to them are most loudly claimed. When he looks abroad to other countries, and views, in a brief retrospect, the changes, the revolutions, and the usurpations which have taken place in the present age; when he sees too, that the cloak of liberty has been so frequently thrown about the horrors of tyranny; and then, when he turns his mind inward to his own country, and revolves the history of its parties, its party professions, and its party measures, he hesitates, nay, he will forever refuse to give his *implicit confidence* to any set of men who may be in the administration of public affairs. He can only promise to approve and applaud when his judgment discovers to him the interests of the people promoted by their measures; and he must be equally allowed to condemn when he perceives their rights violated, or the public welfare neglected. Were the Editor, however, to say that he has never made a choice between the conflictmg parties of the times, it would not be true: but, whilst he has given way to a predilection which was the honest suggestion of his serious and candid opinion, he was still sensible of the inevitable ills to which party contestst end; and, in the spirit of a patriot, he would be ever willing to relinquish the hope of personal preferment, which a servile devotion to a party might induce him to foster, for the more honorable desire to divert the public mind from a path which must terminate in ruin. Let the most enlightened statesmen of the present or past ages be consulted—let the faithful pages of history be resorted to on the question of causes which have produced the downfal of every popular government which has hertofore existed, and they will answer, *party spirit* and *factions!*

With this answer of the great oracle of human wisdom before his eyes, and with a mind not yet vitiated by the intemperence of party warfare, the editor wishes to establish a *free Press*, which shall invite to it the patronage & succor of every man in the community, who acts and thinks with independence, and who adopts sentiments and opinions from other and far worthier motives than mere personal aggrandizment. He wishes to call to his aid the talents, the wisdom, the powers, and the exertions of all who love their country; and who, without a humble reference to what may be the party politics of the day, desire to to bring into her service all good men and true; to harmonize the public mind; to banish discord & jarring wrangles from amongst us; to approve and applaud whatever of talents and worth we may now have in our public councils; to emancipate merit from the shackles of odious distinction, and to give to our great and beloved country the best services of her best citizens.

CONDITIONS

1. *The People's Monitor* will be published every Tuesday Morning, and delivered to subscribers in Easton on that day. The first number will appear on the first Tuesday in November next, or sooner if sufficient patronage is obtained.

2. The price of subscription will be two dollars and fifty cents per annum.

3. On every original subscription, one dollar must be paid in advance.

4. It is expressly to be understood, that any subscriber at any time desiring his name to be withdrawn, shall pay up the full subscription for the *current year.*

☞ Subscriptions received at the office of the Federal Gazette. June 5. law4t

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The Society of the Cincinnati

will meet at Mr. Evan's Tavern, in the city of Baltimore, on Saturday the fourth of July next, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, agreeably to their last adjournment; the members of said Society are requested to give their attendance.

By order,

ROBERT DENNY, Sec'ry.

June 8. eot4Jy

A WORK THAT OUGHT TO BE IN POSSESSION OF EVERY MAN.

THE LIFE OF

GEN. WASHINGTON,

By JOHN MARSHALL, *Chief Justice of the United States,*

Complete in 5 vols. 8vo. with an elegant Portrait, and a variety of Maps; is now ready for subscribers, and for sale, by

GEORGE HILL.

The following remarks from a late London publication, attest the high opinion entertained of this *authentic and interesting work*:

"The public will learn with interest that the literary monument which has long been projected to the memory of the most illustrious character of modern times, is at length completed. No apology can be requisite for erecting such a monument to him, who was the first in war, the first in peace, and the first in the hearts of his fellow citizens: to him who was the founder of a great and prosperous empire, and whose moderation and pure patriotism challenge the imitation of all statesmen This performance of judge Marshall has already been distinguished by the most honorable and unequivocal testimonies; it has been hailed as an acquisition to standard literature; and it has been considered as deserving, in point of execution, a place by the side of Robertson's Charles the Fifth, and as unrivalled in the authenticity of its materials, by any work in the entire compass of history and biography"

April 4. d6t-eo

Just Received

From Philadelphia, and for sale by

GEORGE HILL,

A Chemical Catechism,

Or the Application of Chemistry to the Arts, for the use of Young People, rtists, Tradesmen and the amusement of *Leisure Hours*, to which is added, a vocabulary of *Chemical Terms*, some useful *Tables*, and a variety of useful & amusing experiments, by S. PARKES, *Manufacturing Chemist.*

☞ This edition is embellished with an elegantly engraved copperplate Frontispiece of the economical Laboratory of James Woodhouse, M. D.

april 22. eo

WINES.

L. P. Madeira, in pipes and hhds. of a superior quality, old and fit for immediate use,
L. P. Teneriffe do.
Port, in hhds. and quarter casks,
Claret, in cases,
Castile Soap, Blue Marbled, in boxes,
Leghorn Hats from No. 20 to 42,
2 bales Cassinetts, calculated for a Spanish Market,
} entitled to drawback.
30 tons Logwood,
25 do. Fustic,
235 logs St. Domingo Mahogany, and
A few pieces Flanders Shirting and Sheeting. For sale on liberal terms by

WILLIAM COLE.

Who offers to rent for a term of years,

The house in which he lately resided No. 4, South-street.

June 9. eo

This day is published,

And for sale by Cole & I. Bonsal, M. & J. Conrad & Co. George Hill, Warner & Hanna, George Dobbin & Murphy, Samuel Butler, Anderson & Jefferis, John Vance & Co. and Samuel Jeffers,—(price 37 1-2 cents,)—

A Tract upon Conversion;

WITH AN APPENDIX, CONTAINING

Six important QUESTIONS, with ANSWERS

ON THE

KNOWLEDGE of the FORGIVENESS of SINS.

By the Rev. JAMES KEMP, D.D.

Rector of Great Chaptank Church, Dorchester county, Maryland.

This work is addressed to sober and serious christians, in hope that it may tend to counteract certain erroneous opinions which have prevailed upon the subject thereof, and which have been artfully cherished by various means incompatible with the true spirit of christianity; such as loud preaching, rapturous singing, violent prayer, frantic gestures, and other improper methods: Or, as a pious and orthodox preacher of the Methodist society terms it, "ranting extravagance, abominable practices, such as jumping, pointing, dancing, boring, scratching, jerking,"* &c.

* *See Rev. Mr. Roberts's sermon, preached before the last conference.*

ALSO JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale as above,

(Price 37 1-2 cents stitched, or 50 cents in boards)

AN INQUIRY INTO THE VALIDITY OF

Methodist Episcopacy;

With an Appendix, containing

TWO ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS,

Never before published.

By an EPISCOPALIAN of the state of Maryland.

may 21. d6teo12t

Fifty Dollars Reward.

Ranaway fram the subscriber's Farm, Walnut Ridge, lying in Queen Ann's county, eastern Shore, Maryland, about the 12th inst. a Negro Man named JACOB, near forty years old, short well set, he has a remarkable scar through the right eye brow, and one just under the same eye, which was occasioned by a wound he received from a cart wheel, his two upper foreteeth are much separated, and the flesh grows out from betwixt them, not much unlike a tooth, he has a soft countenance for a man, and slow in his speech, he is very handy with carpenters tools, and understands all kinds of plantation business very well. The subscriber has been informed that his wife and children, were sold out of the estate of one Chattam near Centreville, about three years ago to a person who moved to Baltimore, and has settled somewhere back of the city, from this circumstance it is supposed he has gone over to Baltimore.

Whoever will apprehend the said fellow and secure him safe in the jail of the city of Baltimore, and will give information to Messrs. Buroll and Ricaud of said place, will receive the above reward.

ROBERT LLOYD NICOLS.

Talbot county, June 22. eo

Wanted to Purchase,

A few Likely YOUNG NEGROES, for which a generous price will be given. Inquire at this Office.

June 19. eo4tf

Von Kapff and Brune

OFFER FOR SALE,

100 pipes best Holland Gin
50 do Dutch Beer
600 boxes do. Cheese
10 do half pint Tumblers
20 do. short Negro Pipes
20 casks Crucibles
10 do. Madder,
5 do. Sewing and Fishing Twine,
3 do. Brass Kettles,
1000 Gin Cases,
370 packs Sheathing Paper,
34 bales white and brown Flemish Sheetings.

An assortment of GERMAN LINENS;

Consisting of

Checks No. 2, Listadoes, Book Check, Stripes, Bretagnes, Platillas, Creas, Dowlas, Rouans, Estopillas, Cholets, white Rolls, Ticklenburgs, Bielfeld Linen, German Raven Duck, Hessians, Bagging Stuff, and ready-made Bags.

Also,

374 boxes white and brown Havanna Sugar
23 barrels brown Sugar,
20 tons Fustic,
12 tierces Rice,
1150 bushels coarse Liverpool Salt,
18 casks Rocou,
16 barrels and 14 bags Gum Guiacum,
6 seroons Jalap,
120 boxes Port Wine, of a very good quality
9 boxes Copper, 22 a 23 oz.
50 casks Steel, and
A quantity of Glass Beads.

may 4. d12teo

Commission Room,

No 16, east side Market-Space.

WILLIAM C. COCHRAN respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has fitted up a part of his house, now occupied as an auction room, where he will receive Goods of every description, on Commission on his own account. His present partner, in consequence of his other engagement, cannot attend, nor is in any ways concerned, unless in the Auction Business, which will be carried on as usual with faithfulness and punctuality, by

COCHRAN & PROCTOR.

June 17. eo4t

Just received and for sale by THE SUBSCRIBER,

Ticklenburghs,
Patterbornes
Flat Checks and Checks No. 2.
Rouans,
Russia Sheeting.

FREDERICK C. GRAF.

June 22. eo

CORN, &c.

2500 bushels Yellow } CORN.
900 do. White }

Also,

(Entitled to drawback)

20 puncheons 3d and 4th proof West-India Rum,
23 hhds Muscovado Sugar.

For sale by the subscriber.

WILLIAM HASLETT,

Corner of South and Pratt-streets.

June 22. eo4tf

To be Let, or Sold,

A large two-story Brick HOUSE, and LOT, containing about 9 acres of Ground. The house has eleven rooms, and a dry cellar under the whole, good Kitchen and Stables; also a number of Sheds, a large Garden and a Pump of pure wholesome water The property is situated on the Reister's-town turnpike road, a little better than a mile from this city, and is well situated for a tavern. Possession may be had immediately. For terms apply to Nicholas Orrick, Market-street, or to

CHRISTIAN KEENER, Silver Hill.

Who offers for Sale on a liberal credit,

His present Place of Residence.

June 22. eo

George W. Field.

No. 157, BALTIMORE-STREET,

Has for sale, by the Piece or Package,

A Variety of Goods,

Amongst which are,

Ribbons, Modes,
Sattins, Persians,
Imperial Lustres,
Florentines.
Black and Fancy colored Silk Velvets,
Silk & Cotton Hosiery,
Silk Gloves,
Fancy Ginghams,
Chambray Muslins,
Callicoes,
Tapes and Bobbins,
Laces and Edgings,
India Calicoes,
Bengalls,
India Book Muslins,
Madras Handkerchi's
French Cambrics,
Drogheda Linens,
White & Fancy Handkerchiefs,
White & colored Cambric Muslins,
Bombazenes & Bombazettes,
Black, white & Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs,
India & English Sewing Silks,
Scarf Twist,
London printed Marseilles, Jeans,
Irish Diaper,
Checks,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,
A few packages Irish Linens, &c. &c.

June 4. eo

Hollingsworth & Worthington

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

40 boxes of Imperial,
10 qr. chests of Hyson,
50 ditto Young Hyson,
70 ditto Hyson Skin,
} TEAS, imported in the Asia, lately arrived at Philad.
6000 ps short Yellow Nankeens,
1000 do. very fine long do. do.
500 do do. do. blue do.
} *Entitled to Drawback.*

ON HAND,

A large supply of well assorted Bar Iron, Cologne Mill Stones, of all dimensions,
5000 wt. Hams,
Pork, Lard, Shad, Herrings, Tar, Plaister, Corn, Rye, Steel, Demijohns, coarse and fine Salt,
12 puncheons of excellent 4th proof Jamaica Rum, &c. &c. &c.

May 27 d4t-eo16t||

Nails, Sheathing Paper,

CORDAGE, &c.

H. Purroughs

Has just received by the schooner Gorham Lovell, from Boston,
20 casks Cut and Wrought Nails,
Sheathing, Drawing and Scupper do.
Sheathing Paper,
Bunting, English and American Twine,
A few sets East-India Pilots, with directions,
Sextants, Quadrants and Amplitude Compasses.
Boston made Carpenters' and Coopers' Tools.

On hand,

A complete assortment of *SHIP CHANDLERY* for sale on the most reasonable terms by wholesale or retail, at his store near the Market, Fell's-Point.

Also,

A few tons CORDAGE, and NAVAL STORES.

June 8. co1m

For Sale,

A large three-story Brick HOUSE (with convenient back buildings) on Dugan's wharf. It possesses every advantage for every kind of business.

Also,

A LOT of GROUND, fronting sixty feet on Pratt-street, and one hundred feet on Concord-street, opposite Mr. William Steuart's stone-yard, near the lower bridge.

Also,

A NEGRO MAN and his WIFE. He understands farming, driving a waggon, and the care of horses.

They will be sold low, if immediate application be made to

EDWARD PANNELL,

No. 33, South-street

June 15. eo6t

Benjamin Francis

Takes the liberty to inform the citizens o Old-Town and the public in general, that he has opened a STORE, at No. 2, at the corner of Bridge and Union-streets, Old-Town, where he proposes to keep the following articles for sale, viz.

Groceries and Liquors,
A general assortment of Wrought and Cut Nails,
Flooring Brads and Spikes,
Wrought and Cut Sprigs, from 1 1-2 to 2 inches.

Also,

An assortment of Hardware.

Also,

A large number of Carpenters' Tools.

Likewise.

A number of small articles of too little value to trouble the printer with. The articles will be offered for saleon reasonable terms for cash or approved bank bills.

may 27. eo2m§

French Goods.

The subscriber has just received a fresh supply of

Ladies' Corsettes,
Plain Lustrings,
Florences,
Silk for men's summer coats,
Strong Black Vest Silks,
Suspenders,
Purses and Pocket-Books,
Gold and silver Laces,
Epaulets and Spangles,
Military Plumes,
Watch Chains,
Necklaces and Ear-Rings,
Fancy gilt Combs,
Real tortoise shell ditto,
Silk Hose, &c &c.

SAMUEL WALKER.

may 27. eo4w

SPRING GOODS.

JAMES DALL & CO.

Have imported in the ship Fair American, from London,

The principal part of their

Spring Goods,

Comprising a select and general assortment

Amongst which are,

Calicoes,	Chambray Muslins,
Dimities,	Ginghams,
Cambric and	Hosiery,
Fancy Muslins,	Superfine Cloths,

Fancy Waistcoating, Kerseymeres, &c.

All entitled to drawback, and many calculated for the West-India market, which they offer for Sale on their usual terms.

April 22. d10teo1jy

To Let,

A convenient two-story BRICK HOUSE, corner of Fayette and Pearl streets, near Finley and Taylor's. There is a good Smoke House, Oven, excellent water, and other conveniences on the premises. The rent will be moderate, to a good tenant. Inquire on the premises. June 19. eo

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Claret Wine, in casks & cases,

Just arrived and will be landed to-morrow, from on board the ship Victress, captain Maddox, from Bordeaux,

400 hhds. *CLARET*, prepared for the East-India Market, of superior quality, and

1980 cases, of one and two dozen each, part of which is of the first growth, for private use. For terms [which will be accommodating] apply to

HUGH THOMPSON.

June 9. eo8t§

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend applying to the judges o Baltimore county court, for the benefit of the act of insolvency, passed at November session, 1805, and the supplement thereto passed at November session, 1806, at the expiration of two months from this date.

WALTER S. HUNT.

May 18, 1807. eo2m

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT the subscriber intends to apply to Harford County Court, at their next setting, or to one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this state.

WALTER T. HALL.

May 11, 1807. eo2m

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT I intend to apply to the justices of Baltimore county court, or some one of them, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed at November session 1805, as well as of the supplement thereto, passed at the last session, entitled an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, to relieve me from debts I am unable to pay, after two months from this date.

MARY DAVIS.

June 17, 1807. d2m

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber of the city of Baltimore intends to apply to the county court of Baltimore, or some one of the judges thereof, two months after the publication of this notice, for the benefit of the act of the general assembly of Maryland, passed at November session, 1805, entitled "An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors"; and of the supplement thereto, passed at November session, 1806. JACOB BOULDIN.

april 21, 1807. d2m

To all my Creditors.

I hereby give notice that I intend applying to the Baltimore county court or one of the judges thereof, for the benefit of an act of assembly passed at November session 1805, entitled "an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors" as also of the supplement thereto passed at the last session

JOHN BARON.

May 18. d2m§

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

JOHN HEWES,

Opposite the Post-Office, St. Paul's Lane

BALTIMORE.