

SAVANNAH, July 3.
Arrived, ship Georgia, Peck, Liverpool, 50 days.
Cleared, brig Pallas, Wilcox, Liverpool.

PETERSBURG, (Va.) July 7.
As a prelude to the celebration of independence, and at the same time to express their detestation of the British government, a number of citizens of this town prepared, on Friday last, an EFFIGY of JOHN BULL adorned with all the gaudy trappings of royalty, and with appropriate labels evincing of the public sentiment. After parading it through the principal streets, accompanied by a large concourse of people, the effigy was carried to Centre-Hill, tar'd and feather'd, and committed to the flames, amidst the huzzas of the multitude.

NORFOLK, July 13.
On Friday last brigade orders were issued for calling into actual service the following force, viz. from the 54th regiment, 1 lieutenant, 2 majors, 8 captains, 8 lieutenants, 8 ensigns, 500 non-commissioned officers and soldiers, together with the cavalry, artillery and volunteer companies attached to that regiment. From the 7th regiment, 1 major, 4 captains, 4 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 200 non-commissioned officers and soldiers, with the cavalry and volunteer corps attached to that regiment, the whole making about 1,200 men. These and the troops from Richmond and Petersburg, make a force of about 3,600 men, the whole under the command of brigadier-general Mathews. It has not been judged expedient to order more men into actual service at present.—The remainder of the 7th regiment, with the regiments of Princess-Anne and Nonesuch, are held to march at a moment's warning.

Official notification of the President's proclamation was yesterday sent down to commodore Douglas, by lieutenant Ham, in the Revenue Cutter. And this morning the Bellona and Leopard, the two ships that were in the Roads, got under weigh and went down.

ALEXANDRIA, July 15.
Arrived, ship commerce capt. Crowhill, Falmouth England. Sailed from Falmouth 24th May. Left there the brig Mars of New-York, detained and under quarantine, May 31, in lat. 44, 45; north, long. 18, 47, west; spoke the ship Intrepid, Smith, 6 days from Bristol to Philadelphia. 12th June, in lat. 39, 59, N. long. 35, 42, W. spoke an English 64 gun ship, in company with one frigate and twelve sail of merchantmen, steering to the eastward, 5th July, at 10 P. M. being in lat. 33, 39, N. long. 65, 39, W. spoke the brig Sea-Flower, Wildon from Philadelphia, bound to Marseille. July 12 at 2 P. M. passed one two decker and one frigate at anchor in Lynhaven bay. One of the ships sent their boat towards us, but could not overtake the ship.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JULY 17.

A report from Lisbon (under New-York head) states, that the British have recaptured Buenos-Ayres.

A LAUNCH.

Will be launched from the Ship Yard of William Flammigan, lower end of McEl-derry's wharf, To-Morrow Morning, precisely at 6 o'clock, the elegant copper-fastened Ship William, of 370 tons.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

Baltimore, July 16.	
Bills on London, direct,	63 a par
Amsterdam	39 cts. p. guilder
Hamburg	34 cts. p. m. banco
Bremen	75 cts. per six dollar
Philadelphia, July 13.	
Bills on London	440
Hamburg	33 1/2 cts. per m. banco
Amsterdam	39 cts. per guilder
New-York, July 11.	
Bills on London	97.98
Amsterdam	36 cts. per guilder
Hamburg	34 1/2 cts. per m. banco

KINGSTON, June 1. Arrived, brig Anroza, Pickle, 28 days from Philadelphia; schr. Union, Titcomb, Wilmington, detained.—The schr. Speculation, of Charleston, for St. Jago.
June 4. Came in ship Jano, Lightbourn, from Jamaica for Charleston, retaken from a French privateer.
June 6. Arrived, schr. Welcome Return, Hurst, from Norfolk.
June 12. Sailed brig Aurora, Pickle, for Philadelphia; schr. Polly, Merion, do.

PROVIDENCE, R. I. July 11.

Entered, ship Abby and Sally, Sheldon, Baltimore; brigs Vesta, Parry, Surinam; George Washington, Sheldon, Alexandria; Charlotte, Mecanger, Guadaloupe; sloop Rolla, Earl, Charleston; Columbia, Avery, Wilmington; Juno, Comstock, New-York.
Cleared, brig Providence, Wheaton, Surinam; snow Ida, Smith, Lisbon; schr. Famer, Barton, Passamaquoddy.

LIBERTY AND INDEPENDENCE.

STATE OF HAYTI.

ORDER OF THE DAY OF THE ARMY.

Monday, June 23, 1807, year 4th.

[There has been no order of the day since the 4th of May.]

His excellency the president and generalissimo of the land and sea forces of the state of Hayti, returned to the cape on the 20th of this month to the great satisfaction of the inhabitants of this city who crowded to his passage to see their father and chief

after a hard campaign of thirty-five days absence. His excellency was deeply affected by the acclamations with which he has been received, and attended in his palace to the visits and congratulations of the civil, administrative and military bodies upon his happy return.

The troops which had been dispatched to expel some rebels who had taken by treachery the city of Gonaives have returned to their quarters.

His excellency testifies the greatest praises and satisfaction to the troops which so concurred by their bravery to force the insurgents to evacuate Gonaives.

His excellency bestows the same praises on the brave general of brigade Toussaint, and the distinguished soldiers under his command who have driven away the rebels who dared to advance under the walls of St. Marc, and forced them to retire with all speed under those of Port au Prince their refuge.

The report of this memorable campaign shall be printed and sent to the chiefs of the different bodies.

His excellency promoted to the rank of general of division the general of brigade and councillor of state, John Philippe Daux, and gave him the command in chief of the division of the west.

The general of division John Philippe Daux shall correspond directly with his excellency the president, for all that relates to the military service of these divisions; the general of brigade of this division shall receive immediate orders from general John Philippe Daux.

The general of division and councillor of state, Vernet, shall only be charged with the general superintendance of the finances of the navy, and with the interior department of the state.

The chief of brigade, Peter Cottrezen, has been promoted to the rank of general of brigade.

Col. Raphael to that of general adjutant of the staff of the army, to be employed near his excellency the president.

Colonel of cavalry, Joseph Albert, to that of adjutant general, ditto.

The chief of squadron, Peter Pona, has been promoted to the rank of colonel aid de-camp of his excellency the president.

Capt. John Charles, to that of lieutenant colonel aid de-camp, ditto.

Mr. Joseph Cesar has been appointed chief of battalion, military commandant of the parish of d'Arbitouite and environs.

Mr. Lewis Bernateau has been appointed chief of the department of the harbor at the Cape.

Done at the head quarters of the Capes on the 22d June, 1807, 4th year of independence.

HENRY CHRISTOPHE.

In the absence of the general in chief of the staff.

The adjutant general of the said staff,

RICHARD.

We have received by the late arrivals from Hayti, a report made to Christophe (the rival of Petion for the supreme authority) containing the details of the late expedition to Gonaives, which, from its length, and the uninteresting nature of several parts of it, we think unnecessary to publish entire, contenting ourselves with making sufficient extracts to give our readers a general idea of the state of things which at present exists in that ill-fated island.

The city of Gonaives had for a long time been the centre and rendezvous of the emissaries of the rebel Petion. It was from this new Coblentz, that some of his partisans under the ridiculous denomination of *freres de foal* (brethren of color) kept up a correspondence with Port-au-Prince, and acquainted the enemy with every movement of our army. The sudden and necessary arrest of some of these conspirators seemed to have intimidated the remainder, and arrested the progress of the evil; but it was only a temporary calm. His excellency the President of Hayti had scarcely left that place for the purpose of suppressing some insurrectionary movements at Gros Morne, when an expedition of 16 or 17 sail, in which were noticed several American vessels, and particularly the ship of a certain adventurer, whose name is Lewis, the professed and servile creature of the traitor Petion, appeared before Gonaives on the 28th of May, having on board a number of troops ready for disembarkation. Gen. Magny, who commanded the place, defended it obstinately with a garrison of only 60 men, cut his way thro' the revolvers, after having filled the streets with their dead bodies, and retreated with his men in good order to Pongaudin, at the distance of a league and half, where he remained for a week without the revolvers having ever dared to attack him or to pass the limits of the city.

His excellency was no sooner made acquainted with this state of things, than he directed general Magny and colonel Jason to dislodge the rebels and drive them into the sea; this order was no sooner given than executed: our troops with a manly confidence entered the city—the revolvers panic struck, fled without ever pretending to make any resistance, and evacuating the city in disorder, ran precipitately to two forts, which they had erected and put in a state of defence on the sea shore, but neither their works nor their cannon, nor even the vessels which they had drawn up to protect them, could shield them from the attacks, or repress the ardor of our brave soldiers.

After a cannonade of three days (from the 7th to the 9th of June) during which a great number of the rebels were killed, they were forced to evacuate the place entirely on the night of the 10th, leaving the shore covered with the dead, dying and wounded. The whole of their vessels set sail in the morning towards Port-au-Prince.

Thus notwithstanding the treason which existed at Gonaives among some weak or wicked men—neither Petion, nor his adherents have seen his efforts, crowned with success: they have been every where vanquished and obliged to fly in a shameful manner: the mere name alone of the president of Hayti, was sufficient to conquer, to annihilate them.

What do they want? What would these agitators, these scourges of society have? How long will they continue to beg the pa-

trience of the chief of the state. Are they unacquainted with the means he possesses of reducing them to dust? A sword, suspended by a hair hangs over their heads, and yet they dare to irritate him! To whom does the authority belong if not to the strongest?

FROM THE NORFOLK LEDGER.

Insurance in England.

In the present important crisis and critical situation of the political relations between the United States and Great-Britain, we have deemed it a portion of our duty to draw the attention of our mercantile friends to a matter well worthy of their serious consideration.

The very large amount of American property which is insured in England, is well known to every mercantile man, it is therefore worth an inquiry into the probable fate of these insurances in the event of war between the two countries. It is very clear that by special act of parliament no insurance made on the property of an enemy is valid, but it has not yet been decided whether insurance made prior to the commencement of war, does not become void. It is very clear that such insurances cannot be recovered by law during the war.

The following extract from a work of great learning (Mar. on Ins. p. 36) may be acceptable to our mercantile friends. The learned author having stated the law as to insurances upon enemies' property, and added some arguments upon the impolicy of permitting such insurances, thus proceeds:

"But be this as it may, two cases have occurred during the present war, in which, though it has not been expressly determined that these insurances are illegal, yet it has been decided, that no action can be maintained on any policy, at the suit or on the behalf of an alien enemy, at least during the war, whether the insurance be made before or after the commencement of the war, and though the goods insured be of British manufacture, and shipped before the war began. These cases, independent of any parliamentary restraint, must in future throw a great impediment, at least in the way of such insurances."

"The first of them was an action on a policy upon goods on board the Greyhound, an American ship, effected before the passing of the stat. 33 G. III. c. 27, "at and from London to Bayonne." It was averred in the declaration, that the policy was effected on account of certain persons therein named, who were interested in the goods, and that the ship was captured by the English. The defendant pleaded first, that the persons interested were aliens, born in France, within the allegiance of the French king; that before the ship sailed a war broke out between the king of Great Britain and the persons exercising the powers of government in France; that the persons interested were inhabiting and commorant in France, under the government there; and that they were enemies of our king, and adhering to his enemies, &c. Secondly, that the defendants were living in France, and enemies of the king, and that the goods were sent from London, after the commencement of the war, for the purpose of being landed in France, and delivered in a course of trade to the king's enemies. To the first of these pleas, the plaintiff replied, that the persons interested were induced to them in more than the value of the goods insured, and to the second, that the goods were not prohibited at the time when the policy was effected, and that they were shipped before the commencement of the war. Upon demurrer to each of these replications, the court gave judgment for the defendant, being clearly of opinion, that no action what ever could be maintained by, or in favor of an alien enemy. Lord Kenyon said, "that the case of Anthon v. Fisher, proceeded on the same principle: that there was no case in which the action had been supported in favor of an alien enemy; for though it was held in Ricord v. Bettingham, that the action by an enemy on a ransom bill might be maintained, the action was not brought until peace was restored."

"The insurance, in this case, having been made before the commencement of the war, was perfectly legal, and that the insured only failed in their action on account of their temporary disability to sue, and it would seem, from these latter words of Lord Kenyon, that upon the return of peace, they might have maintained their action."

"In the other case, it appeared that the plaintiff, as agent, in pursuance of directions for that purpose, caused an insurance to be made on account of Arrouet and others, subjects of France, on goods consisting of British manufactures, shipped on board the Nancy, an American vessel, on the 19th March, 1793, that previous to the insurance and shipping of the goods, general reprisals were granted against France, and an embargo laid on all foreign vessels, except those belonging to states in amity with the king, not having naval or military stores, or any other prohibited articles on board: and that the ship having sailed on her voyage, was captured by the English and the goods insured condemned as French property. Upon this case which came before the court of king's Bench, upon a special verdict stating the above facts, the court held clearly that it could not be distinguished from the above case of Brandon v. Nesbit, and therefore gave judgment for the defendant.

"Here the insurance being on property belonging to persons who were in the situation of alien enemies at the time the policy was effected, afforded an opportunity of deciding the general question. But tho' the objection was made and fully argued, yet, according to the report of the case, the court expressed no opinion on that point, but gave judgment for the defendant without stating any other grounds than that it could not be distinguished from the foregoing case of Brandon v. Nesbit.—But as the ground of the decision in this case was not that the contract was void, but merely that an action could not be maintained at the suit of an alien enemy, the general question still remains undecided."

* Brandon v. Nesbit, 6 T. R. 23.
* Bristow v. Towers, 6 T. R. 35.

PORT OF BALTIMORE.

ENTERED,
Barque Patriarch, Easton, Newbern
Brig Iris, Cushing, Trinidad, (Cuba)
Joseph Murphy, Martinique
Schr. Pochontas, Herrick, Laguayra
Rapid, Gold, Vera Cruz
Sally, Martin, Martinique
Ploughboy, Hall, Charleston
CLEARED,
Schr. Speedwell, Williams, Berbice

Sale by Auction.

On TUESDAY NEXT,
The 21st inst. 11 o'clock, at Sutton's wharf, Fell's-Point, will be sold on terms that will then be made known, the faithful built Bremen,

Ship BELLA:
Burthen about 300 tons, sails fast, and is remarkably well found. Her very extensive inventory may be seen at the subscribers' Counting Room.

R. LEMMON & CO. Auctioneers.
July 17.

Sweet Oil.

200 boxes Lephorn Oil, in good shipping order, and entitled to drawback, for sale on liberal terms by

JACOB & WM. NORRIS.
July 17.

Nicholson and Heath's BEST VIRGINIA COAL.

Manufacturers, Farmers, and private Families, may now be supplied with this Coal, at 25 cents per bushel, and during all the summer months. I am receiving from three to four cargoes weekly, and can deliver it at any wharf, where the purchaser may incline. Those who purchase by the cargo have an advantage in the measure. Miscovado & Loaf Sugar, Bar, Sift and Refined Iron, will be received in payment, for any quantity. Two Cargoes are now afloat in the Basin, and may be had on application to

J. P. PLEASANTS,
No. 10, South Charles-street.
July 17.

For Sale.

Nine Buckskins, white Welling, Belt Leather, Morocco, and a general assortment of Leather.

R. K. HEATH,
No. 1, Cheap-side.
July 17.

Linseed Oil, Cordage, &c.

60 casks Linseed Oil,
6 tons Cordage,
20 pipes Brandy,
20 bags Pimento,
7 bales Beethoom Gurrals,
5 do. Beans,
200 lbs Boston Beef,
100 boxes Mould Candles,
100 do. Chocolate,
150 small boxes Soap,
10 boxes Cotton Cards. For sale by

WALES & CLOPPER,
No. 7, Bowly's wharf.
July 17.

LOST

This Morning between Fell's-Point and Calvert-street, a hands-me, large English SETTER, with a long Brush Tail. The finder is requested to send him to Miss Young's, in Calvert-street, and he shall be handsomely rewarded.

July 17. d44

JUST RECEIVED

7000 lbs. Rich Cheshire Cheese (some weighing 100 lbs.) in nice order for shipping, or family use. For sale by

WM WOODS,
31, Baltimore-street.
July 17.

Stray Mare.

WAS taken up in Middle River Neck, by the subscriber, a Sorrel MARE, about four years old, branded on her left shoulder with C. W. all of her feet white; has not been docked; trots and canters; has a blaze in her face. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JAMES ROBERTS,
Baltimore County.
July 17. d44

Mrs. Decourt & Mrs. Baconais.

Respectfully inform the public, that the annual examination of their pupils will commence at the academy, on Thursday the 23d instant, and will be continued on Friday and Saturday following, at the City Assembly Room, which will be ornamented with the young Ladies' paintings and writing.

N. B. The different classes shall be (as usual) completely examined, agreeably to the established rule of the seminary.

The examination upon music will take place on Friday evening at 6 o'clock. d44

By Virtue of an Order from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore county.

will be sold at Public Sale, on Tuesday the 4th of August next, at 11 o'clock on the premises,

A LOT of GROUND, late the property of Charles Moore, deceased, situated on French-street, Old town, and running back to the Falls, the improvements are two Frame Houses with good Kitchens underneath, subject to the moderate ground rent, of 11 3/4 per foot, it will be sold together or divided so as to suit the purchasers. The terms of sale will be one-third cash, and the other two-thirds at 60 and 90 days credit. Also at same time and place will be sold for cash, only, sundry Household and Kitchen Furniture.

THOMAS BROTHERTON, Adm'r.
July 16. law3t

For Sale.

Or to RENT for a term of years.

A neat little COUNTRY SEAT, in a healthy situation, not two miles from this city; a short distance from the York turnpike road, near the country-seats of James Edwards & Hugh Thompson, esquires.

It contains about eleven acres of Land, divided into several convenient lots; two excellent meadow lots, a clover lot, and a pasture set in orchard grass; a good cultivated garden with sundry kinds of fruit, peaches, &c.; 2 young thriving orchards of excellent fruit, consisting of apples, peaches and cherries.

The improvements are, a neat two-story frame House, to rooms on a floor; stable & out-houses; a brick milk-house, and a pump of excellent water running through the same; also a spring of good water convenient to the House.

Also, a number of utensils suitable for such a place, and some stock. Inquire of the proprietor.

July 17. law3t

New Company.

Those persons who have attached themselves to a Volunteer Company, to be commanded by Wm. Gwynn, Esq. are requested to attend a meeting to complete the organization of said company on Monday Evening next, precisely at 7 o'clock, at Mr. Fulton's Inn.

Application for admission will be received at any time until 12 o'clock on Monday, either by Sam. Cole, Dennis A. Smith, or the Captain.

N. B. The number of members can on no account exceed the compliment allowed by law. July 17.

Independent Company.

You will please to meet at Fallon's Globe Inn, to-morrow, Saturday, the 18th instant, at half past 7 o'clock, P. M.

The following gentlemen have been elected Officers of the Company,
Samuel Streett, Captain,
James Calhoun, Lieutenant, and
John Hillen, Ensign.

By order,
S. M. STUMP, Secy.
July 17. d44

Patriotic Guards.

The Company will parade at the first mill on the Fall's, on Saturday evening, precisely at 6 o'clock, for the purpose of drill, without arms. By order,
C. P. WHITE, Secy.
July 17. d44

Attention Volunteers!

At a meeting of the Baltimore Carpenter Volunteers at Mr. Cox's, according to publication last evening, another meeting was appointed on Friday evening next, at 7 o'clock at Mr. Decorey's Tavern, opposite Christ Church; and determined also to dismiss the title and principle on which the set out, and to establish a volunteer company on the basis on which the company of captain Griffin formerly existed, known by the name of the "United Blues." The former members of said company are invited to attend as it is probable the former Officers will be resumed.

By order,
JOSHUA FORT, Secy.
July 15. d44

Riflemen Take Notice.

A general meeting of the Baltimore Rifle Company, appointed to the 5th Regiment, is requested at D. Fallon's long room on Friday evening, 17th inst. at 8 o'clock, in order to complete their choice of officers and arrange their uniform. Those inclined to join the company are invited to attend or send in their names. July 16

Olive Oil

Just received per the sloop Caty and Maria from New-York.

200 baskets of superior quality French Olive Oil, 12 bottles each, entitled to drawback. For sale by

CORNTHWAIT & YARNALL.
7th mo. 16. d44

50 boxes fresh Lisbon Lemons

Just received per schooner Sally, captain Brayton, from Boston, and for sale by

BUFFUM & GOODHUE,
No. 84, Bowly's wharf.
July 16. d44

For Sale for a Term of Years.

A stout healthy Negro MAN, about 23 years old. Also, a NEGRO GIRL, about 12 years old, who has fourteen years to serve. For terms apply to the printer.

June 26. d

Just Received

From Philadelphia, and for sale by

GEORGE HILL,
A Chemical Catechism,

Or the Application of Chemistry to the Arts, for the use of Young People, Artists, Tradesmen and the amusement of Leisure Hours, to which is added, a vocabulary of Chemical Terms, some useful Tables, and a variety of useful & amusing experiments, by S. PARKES, Manufacturing Chemist.

This edition is embellished with an elegantly engraved copperplate Frontispiece of the economical Laboratory of James Woodhouse, M. D.

April 22. eo

Green Turtle.

TURTLE SOUP will be served upon the Table of the Fountain Inn, on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 2 o'clock, and from 11 till 2, in the Public Room, during the season.

JAMES BRYDEN,
N. B. Private Families can be served.
June 2. Th-S

To be Let, or Sold.

A large two-story Brick HOUSE, and LOT, containing about 9 acres of Ground. The house has eleven rooms, and a dry cellar under the whole, good Kitchen and Stables; also a number of sheds, a large garden and a Pump of pure wholesome water. The property is situated on the Reister's town turnpike road, a little better than a mile from this city, and is well situated for a tavern. Possession may be had immediately. For terms apply to Nicholas Orrick, Market-street, or to

CHRISTIAN KEENER, Silver Hill,
Who offers for Sale on a liberal credit,
His present Place of Residence.
June 22. eo

Benjamin Francis

Takes the liberty to inform the citizens of Old Town and the public in general, that he has opened a STORE, at No. 2, at the corner of B. Avenue and Union-streets, Old Town, where he proposes to keep the following articles for sale, viz.

Greenies and Liquors.
A general assortment of Wrought and Cut Nails.
Flooring Boards and Spikes.
Wrought and Cut Springs, from 1 1/2 to 2 inches.
Also,
An assortment of Hardware.

A large number of Carpenters' Tools.
Literature

A number of small articles of too little value to trouble the printer with. The articles will be offered for sale on reasonable terms for cash or approved bank bills.

may 27. eo2m5

Pork for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale on the most moderate terms,

230 barrels second and third quality PORK, recently repacked and inspected.

THORNICK CHASE,
No. 39, Thames-st. P. Point.
July 24, 1807. eo5