

Sale by Auction.

ON TUESDAY,
The 1st September, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,
will positively be sold, on the premises, on
terms that will be made known at time
of sale,
A three-story Brick Dwelling HOUSE, on
Market-space, No. 25, near the Fish-Market,
with a two-story Brick Kitchen. The
above property is well calculated for a Tavern,
Boarding House, or Retail Store.
VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs.
August 17.

Constable's Sale.

On Wednesday the 26th inst. at 10 o'clock, at the
house of Mr. Lewis Walker, Innkeeper, March
Market: The following Goods &c. will be
sold for cash to the highest bidder, to wit:
1 large beam and scales the scales hung
with Iron chains,
3 fifty Sixes and other small weights,
8 stand Casks,
30 pair coarse Leather Shoes,
56 pair of Women's and Children's Morocco
Slippers,
Coatings, Cloths, Flannels,
Corduroys, Thicksets, Muslins,
Shawls, H. K. F. Thread, Silks,
Extra Long Kid Gloves,
Linnen, Suspenders, Stockings,
Mahogany Furniture,
And sundry other articles, too tedious to
mention; late the property of Mr. Charles de
Valour, seized and taken by virtue of a writ-
tress, to me directed, at suit of David Wil-
liamson, esq.
ROB: LAWSON, Const.
August 21. d3t

For Sale,

A handsome bay HORSE, six years old,
fit for a Trooper. To be seen at Mr. McGin-
nis' Livery Stable, North Gay-street.
August 21. d4t

Papers Lost.

At the time that the French army evacuated
St. Domingo, the under Prefect of Port-au-
Prince, saved a barrel containing divers Pa-
pers; he went from Port-au-Prince to St. Ja-
go-de-Cuba, and from thence to Charleston,
where it appears that the barrel was confound-
ed amongst some barrels of potatoes; from
Charleston he went to New-York, where he
embarked for France, without perceiving the
mistake. When he arrived at Nantes, and
had the barrels opened, they were found full
of potatoes, instead of papers. On examining
the said barrel, he perceived that it was di-
rected to Baltimore, it is possible and very
probable, that some one in Baltimore has re-
ceived the barrel of papers, instead of po-
tatoes. In this case he entreats them to send
it immediately to the constable's office at Bal-
timore. At all events those who have received
this barrel of papers are requested to send
it to the French consul nearest to their
residence, or to give information of it to Jo-
seph Fretet, Second-street, Baltimore; who
offers to pay the expenses, that this mistake
may have occasioned, if required.
August 21. d4t

LOST,

Between the Bank of Baltimore and South-
street, this day, about one o'clock, a ONE
HUNDRED DOLLAR NOTE. The finder
thereof is requested to leave it at this office,
and he will receive any reasonable compensa-
tion he may require.
August 21. d4t

White Wine Vinegar.

Now landing from schr. Rover, a few casks
of Genuine French White Wine VINEGAR,
and for sale by
CORNTHWAIT & YARNALL,
No. 83, Bowly's wharf.
Also on hand,
British Canvas,
Ravens Duck,
Salt Petre,
Spermaceti Candles,
Young Hyson, Hyson, and Souchong Teas,
Whale and Spermaceti Oil,
Coppers, &c. Bno 1st. d6t

Notice to Creditors.

Having been entirely dispossessed of my
funds, and thereby rendered unable to an-
swer the claims against me; I am under the
necessity of giving notice, that I intend to
apply to the judges of Baltimore county court
at their next October session, for the benefit of
the acts for the relief of insolvent debtors...
Or if necessary, to the legislature or Mar-
land at their next session to relieve me from
my debts.
WILLIAM WALTON, Junr.
July 31, 1807. eo2m

To all my Creditors.

Notice is hereby given, That I intend mak-
ing application to Baltimore County Court,
at its next session, or to one of the judges
thereof, after two months from the date here-
of for the benefit of the act entitled an act for
the relief of sundry insolvent debtors passed
at November session 1805, and of the suppli-
ment thereto, passed 1813, and to relieve me
as well from my individual debts, as from
those contracted under the firm of LAMB &
Lamb. JOHN LAMB.
July 25. eo2m

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber intends to make applica-
tion to Baltimore county court, in 2 months
from this date for the benefit of the act of as-
sembly of this state, passed at November ses-
sion, 1805, entitled, "An act for the relief of
sundry insolvent debtors."
ALEXANDER DE VALCOURT.
August 14 1807. d2m

The Subscribers give Notice

to their Creditors, of their intention to
apply to Baltimore county court, at its next
sitting, for the benefit of the insolvent laws
of this state.
D. C. Stewart,
W. P. Stewart,
Lloyd Buchanan.
August 3, 1807. d

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT the subscriber of Somerset county
intends to make application to the judges of
Somerset county court, or to some one of them,
for the benefit of the act of assembly, passed
at November session 1805, entitled "An act
for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors."
JOHN WHITE.
July 6, 1807. d2m

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT the subscriber of Somerset county,
intends making application to the judges of
Somerset county court, or to some one of them,
for the benefit of the act of assembly, passed
at November session, 1805, entitled "An act
for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors."
MARGARET MITCHELL.
July 6, 1807. d2m

Notice.

A meeting of the Commissioners in the
case of H. H. Hackeman, late of the city of
Baltimore, bankrupt, will be held at the of-
fice of John Caldwell, esq. No. 9, N. Calvert-
street, on Monday the 31st day of August,
instant, for the purpose of receiving the re-
port of the assignees, of which all persons
concerned will take notice.
By order of the Commissioners.
SAMUEL STERETT, Sec'y.
August 21. d3t

Thomas Marean

Has just received and offers for sale, at No. 9,
Bowly's wharf,
10 pipes 4th proof white Spanish Brandy,
30 boxes China Tea Sets, containing 49
pieces,
100 kegs Ground Ginger.
On hand,
9000 lb Green Coffee,
14 pipes 1st proof Bordeaux Brandy,
200 boxes white Cod Fish,
200 do. brown Soap,
75 do. No. 3, Chocolate,
50 do. Spermaceti and Tallow Candles,
100 lbs. and half barrels Beef and Potk,
Spermaceti and Tanners' Oil.
Raisins in casks,
Glauber Salts, &c.
August 20. d4t-co4t

For Sale,

The time of an active Negro BOY, who
has seven years to serve, is about 14 years
old, accustomed to waiting; and will be sold
low to any person in the city or county. Ap-
ply at this office.
August 20. d4t

3602 Spanish Hides, in Store,

FOR SALE BY
ALEXANDER WEBSTER & CO.
Also,
1 case Cambric, Entitled to draw-
2 do. Table Linen, 5 back.
August 20. d6t

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber hath assigned all his
Book Debts and Accounts, prior to the 15th
of last month, to Francis I. Mitchell, who
alone is authorised to receive, and enforce pay-
ment thereof. JAMES W. MITCHELL.
August 13. d

All persons indebted to said

James W. Mitchell, prior to the above men-
tioned time, are requested to make immedi-
ate payment to the subscriber.
FRANCIS I. MITCHELL.
August 13 d

Soap and Oil.

200 boxes Brown, } SOAP.
100 do. White, }
89 cases fresh Florence Oil,
Just received per schooners Gorham Lovel,
and Francis, and for sale by
BUFFUM & GOODHUE,
No. 84, Bowly's wharf
July 14. d

A. and R. Boughan

Wish to dispose of two Bills of Exchange
on Liverpool, at 60 days for £. 575 Sterling
They have on hand and for sale,
161 hds. Virginia and Maryland Tobacco,
24 do. Tobacco Stems,
4 do. Lamplack, in pound papers,
110 bbls. Herrings,
100 do. Turpentine,
1200 bushels Richmond Coal.
July 23. d

BEEF.

100 bbls. Boston, No. 1, BEEF, just re-
ceived and for sale by
FITCH HALL, Junr.
81, Bowly's wharf
July 1. d

Notice.

JOHN KENNEDY & COX
Have removed their Books of Accounts,
also, those of the late firm of Anthony & John
Kennedy and Co. to the Counting House of
Messrs. A. Kennedy and Colburn, No. 10,
Light-street; where all persons indebted to
either of the above firms are requested to
make payment, and those who have claims
against the same will please hand in their ac-
counts for settlement. July 10. d

4 bbls. of Nice Fresh Shrub,

And a few cases of Claret, just received,
and for sale at No. 10, South Charles-street.
JOHN P. PLEASANTS.
August 22. d4t

For Sale by Henry Long,

At his Manufactory, Old-Town,
Silk and Cotton H'dk's. Embroidered with
figures,
Twilled and Fringed do. assorted,
Silk Shawls, with embroidered borders,
Satin do. with do.
Ladies' Silk Gloves, short assorted,
Do. do. long do.
Do. do. Stockings, do.
Men's do. do. do.
Black Silk H'dks. do.
Ladies' Sattin Robes,
Do. Caturra do.
Which will be sold low for cash, or good
notes
August 22. d4t

For Charter.

The fine, new, and fast-sailing
Schooner MARY,
Joseph Almeda, master;
Burthen about 500 bbls. may
be chartered out and home to any part of the
West-Indies, or out only to the Havana—
Apply to the master, at Mr. John Gill's, Notary
Public.
August 20. d4t

For St. Jago de Cuba,

The substantial fine Schooner
MINERVA,
Peter Sorenson, master;
Having her cargo nearly en-
gaged, two or three hundred barrels more
will be taken on freight; and having excellent
accommodations, a few passengers will also
be taken. She will sail about the 26th inst.
For terms apply on board, at Frederick-street
dock, to
PETER SORENSON.
August 20. d4t

For Sale or Freight,

The Brig GORHAM,
William Marshall, master;
A substantial, fast-sailing ves-
sel, burthen about 1000 bbls.
For terms apply to the master on board at
Smith's wharf, or to
WALES & CLOPPER,
7, Bowly's wharf.
August 17. eo4t

Sugars.

Landing this day at Bowly's wharf, from schoo-
ner *Culina*, captain *Gurland*,
75 hds prime St. Martin's Sugars. For
sale by
A. & R. BOUGHAN.
August 22.

Six Cents Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber, Arthur Cos-
kerry, dark complexion, five feet four inches
high. Had on when he went away, a blue
round-about striped trowsers, and shoes, &
took with him another suite.
ARNOLD LIVERS, Hatter.
August 22. d4t

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from Doughoragen Manor, Elk-
ridge, (the summer residence of Charles Car-
roll, of Carrollton, Esq.) on the 19th instant, a
Negro Man, named WILLIAM; about 30
years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; of a
pleasing countenance; wears his wool platted
on the locks and behind, and turned up with a
comb. His clothing that can be recollected is,
a long blue cloth coat, London brown pantal-
oons, black ditto, new shoes with one row of
hob nails round the soles and heels. He was
lately purchased of James Chase, of the city of
Baltimore. Whoever will deliver the above
Negro to the subscriber, at the manor on Elk-
ridge, shall receive Fifty Dollars.
ABIJAH FENN.
d

MILITARY.

Mrs. Lytton

Has just received and offers for sale, at No. 118,
Market-street,
Rich Military Sashes,
Gold and Silver Epaullets, and Cord,
And a variety of elegant Feathers.
August 21. eo4t

Sugar and Coffee.

420 boxes white and brown Havana Sugar,
15000 lb. Green Coffee.
The whole entitled to drawback. For sale
by
ROB: HAMILTON,
Corner of Lovely-Lane and Calvert-street.
August 21. eo

Attention! Artillerists.

Prospectus of a work entitled
THE AMERICAN ARTILLERIST'S
COMPANION.
To be printed by subscription, and offered to
the patronage of the Federal Government,
the people of the United States and the Ar-
tillerists of the Army, Navy and Militia.
By LEWIS TOSARD.

This work was commenced in the year '96,
at the desire of General George Washington,
then president of the United States. The
delay has been favorable to the work,
as during a visit to France, from the in-
quiries he made, and the communication he
received from officers of the best experience
and information, the author was enabled to
make corrections and considerable additions.
The materials are extracted from the best
Swedish, German, English, French, Italian,
and other authors, who have written on that
science. It contains:

All that is relative to the disposition, con-
struction and service of different batteries, to
ordinance in general, the invention, propor-
tion, casting & of boring Guns; construction
and proportion of their different carriages and
appendages; use and service of Mortars and
Howitzers; method and experiments on the
same. Principles of Gunnery; Tables on the
ranges of shot and canister shot; projec-
tion of shells; methods and experiments on the
same; also general maxims on the manner
of serving different batteries; history & use
of Field Artillery, with the improvements
which have been made in that service by the
belligerent powers, chiefly by the invention
of the Flying, more properly denominated,
Horse Artillery; observations on point blank
shot, and the method of pointing guns in the
field; experiments and maxims on the same
and application to their training. Exercise
of battering and garrison cannon; of guns
mounted on rampart, travelling and sea-coast
carriages. Exercise of mortars and howitzers;
of field and horse artillery, as practised in the
revolutionary war by the American, and at
present by the French and English Artillerists.
All these exercises are rendered clear by the
words of command & their explanation; plate
for the same. Exercise of cannon on board a
ship of war. Saps. The several bridges and
pontons used in war. Tables of construction
for battering cannon, mortars, howitzers, and
field pieces; and for all kinds of carriages
and other artillery, waggons. A treatise on
gun powder and its invention, entering into
details on the substances it is composed of,
the different methods of its fabrication, des-
iccation, graining, proving, and storing in
magazines, with observations and experiments
on the same. On the casting of brass guns &
the formation of moulds in sand, &c. On the
manner and instruments used in proving
guns, &c. A description of Gover's patent
gun carriage for the navy, its application to
garrison use, and advantages over common
carriages; and many other interesting sub-
jects which it would be too long to enu-
merate. The whole terminated with a table of
materials composed so as to serve as an artiller-
y vocabulary.

The work will be illustrated by upwards of
thirty-six plates, handsomely executed, with
the explanations to the same, which will leave
no ambiguity to the reader.

The work is now in the press, and will be
published in five numbers of from 120 to 150
pages each, with as much dispatch as atten-
tion to the correctness of typography and en-
graving will permit; each number being ac-
companied with six or seven plates.

Subscriptions to the above, received by
CONRAD, LUCAS & CO. No. 138, Mar-
ket-street.
August 8. eo9t

Baltimore Union Volunteers,

YOU will parade in full uniform with arms
and accoutrements complete, on TUESDAY
next, at 3 o'clock, in the afternoon, in the
New-Market, near Chamberlain's. The roll
is to be called at a quarter past three and all
absentees fined.

Your parade ordered for Monday, is post-
poned.

Each member will furnish himself with at
least 12 rounds; as a salute will be given to
the Lieut. Col. Com. of our Reg. after the
company's return from the Parade Ground.

You will be accompanied by captain Harris,
Artillery, and captain Dorsey's Company of
Riflemen.

By order of the Captain,
JOHN WHITELOCK, 1st Sergt.
August 22.

For Sale,

A FEW in St. Peter's Church. Apply at
this Office. August 17. eo4t

TRIAL OF AARON BURR,

(Continued by adjournment and held at the cap-
ital in the hall of the house of Delegates.)
for high treason against the United
States.

Saturday, August 15.

James Sheppard was then called; who
made no declarations.

Ruben Blakey. I have made up no opinions
either way, positively on this subject.

John Fitzgerald. It is incumbent on me
to state to the court, that I have formed
and delivered an opinion unfavorable to col.
B. My opinion has been founded upon the
depositions of generals Eaton and Wilkin-
son, and other newspaper publications; and
it is, that col. B's intentions are hostile
and treasonable against the United States.
On which account I am very unwilling
to serve, lest I should possess that bias upon
my mind which is unbecoming a jurymen.
Mr. F. was requested to sit down for a few
moments.

Miles Botts. From the affidavits of gens.
Wilkinson and Eaton, my opinion has been
completely made up for several months
past. Mr. Martin. I suppose you have on-
ly taken up a prejudice, on the supposition
that the facts stated were true. Mr. Botts.
I have gone as far as to declare, that col.
B. ought to be hung, Mr. Burr. Do you
think that such a declaration would now in-
fluence your judgment? A. Human nature
is frail. Nor can I positively say, Q. Have
you lately declared them? A. Within a few
months. I do not feel myself a competent
jurymen. Mr. Burr. It will be seen, either
that I am under the necessity of taking men
pre-possessed against me or of having an-
other venire. I am un-willing to submit to
the further delay of other tales, and I must
therefore encounter the consequences. I
will take Mr. Botts, under a belief that he
will do me justice.

Four Jurymen then having been selected,
the three following were sworn: Messrs.
James Sheppard, Blakey and Botts. Mr.
C. Anthony, was affixed.

When Henry Coleman was called, he
stated he had conceived and expressed an
opinion that the designs of colonel burr were
always enveloped in mystery and always in-
imical to the United States, and when in-
formed by the public prints that he was de-
scending the river with an armed force, he
had felt as every friend of his country
ought to feel. Mr. Burr. If, so sir, you
have completely prejudged my case.—Mr.
C. I have not. I have not seen the evi-
dence. Mr. B. That is enough sir. You
are elected.

Mr. Hay then suggested to the court the
propriety of not swearing all the jury this day;
as it would subject them to the inconveni-
ences of an unnecessary confinement in their
own room to-morrow (Sunday). Would it
not be better for Mr. Marshal (the clerk) to
swear three only out of the remaining four;
the court might then impanel the whole
on Monday and proceed immediately to busi-
ness. Mr. Burr had no objections to this
measure but hoped that the court would en-
join them not to hold any conversations
on the subject of the trial.

John Curd upon being called, stated that
he had no prejudices for or against the pris-
oner, but that he was bound in candor to
inform the court, that he was afflicted by a
disorder (a palpitation of the heart) which
might interrupt and delay the progress of
the cause. Excused.

Ibam Godwyn had formed and declared
an uniform opinion of colonel Burr's guilt.
If he was impaneled, he should be so un-
der a strong impression that colonel Burr
was guilty of treason; suspended.

Samuel Allen had for several months
made up an opinion unfavorable to the pris-
oner.—Suspended.

Benjamin Graves gave a long history of
his domestic and family engagements to
excuse himself from serving. He was asked
whether he could not make some arrange-
ments of his business between this time
and Monday, calculated to remove all the
inconvenience of his serving. Mr. G.
could not positively say.

Mr. Burr then observed, that the two ju-
rors had been selected he sworn: the
other two might be selected on Monday.
And Messrs. Coleman and Botts were accord-
ingly sworn.

Mr. Burr hoped that the marshal would
direct all the necessary preparations to be
made for the accommodation of the jury, who
would be confined to their own chamber after
Monday.

Colonel Thomas Branch was then excused
from serving for a reason similar to General
Pegram's.

The chief justice requested the jury and
the remaining members of the venire to
attend on Monday at 12 o'clock; and en-
joined them to hold in the mean time no
communication on this subject with the
world.

Mr. Hoy stated, that he was satisfied from
some expressions which he had heard from
Mr. Munford at the moment of his summons,
that the prisoner would himself object to
him. Mr. Burr was satisfied with the attor-
ney's word. And Mr. M. was accordingly
discharged.

Mr. Burr was sorry to be importunate;
but he was under the necessity of mention-
ing once more the letter of the 21st Oct.
He wished to know whether the attorney
had yet found it amongst his papers, or whe-
ther he could point out any other means for
obtaining it. Mr. Hoy had gone through
two bundles of papers transmitted to him
by Mr. Rodney; but he had not found it.
There were other papers which he was yet
to examine. He had however a copy of the
original letter. Mr. Burr. Where is this
copy from? From Washington or from Gen.
Wilkinson? A. It is from Gen Wilkinson.
He has however written from the original.
Mr. Burr. I shall not accept of his copy.
But I will state this proposition to the attor-

ney. If he does not find this letter by
Monday, will he consent that I obtain a sub-
poena duces tecum? Mr. Hoy. I have no
objection. Chief Justice. I suppose an or-
der may be made to issue a subpoena duces
tecum addressed to the attorney-general for
the U. States, in case the letter is not found.
Mr. Hoy. I have no objection.

A desultory conversation ensued between
Messrs. Hay and Botts, on the arraignment
of H. Blannerhasset. Mr. Hay was averse
to interrupting the jury after it had been
impanelled for the trial of Mr. Burr; he
was therefore anxious to have Blannerhasset
immediately arraigned, and, if possible to
have some day fixed for his trial. Mr. Botts
did not think it possible for the court to fix
on a particular time for his trial; or for the
attorney to furnish any means for calculat-
ing. Mr. Blannerhasset was not prepared
for his trial; but he was then preparing a
brief for the information of his counsel; which
might enable them to give a definitive
answer on this subject. Mr. Hay was willing
to grant them any accommodation they might
require. At all events the court would only
have occasion to meet one hour sooner on
some day, for the arrangement of this aff. Mr.
Botts promised that he would notify the
attorney some day in the next week, for
this purpose. Adjourned.

MONDAY, August 17.

Charles Lee, Esquire, appeared as counsel
for the prisoner.

Dr. Bennett of Mason county, a witness
on behalf of the U. S. was called and recog-
nized.

Mr. Hoy stated some little difficulty which
had occurred between Mr. Botts and himself.
He had furnished the prisoner with a list of
the names of such witnesses, with their
places of residence, which had been in his
possession. He had likewise proposed, and
Mr. Botts had consented, that all such wit-
nesses should be furnished to the prisoner be-
fore the commencement of the trial. He had
furnished the names of three on Saturday,
viz. Messrs. Neil, Goodwin and Jones; which
Mr. Botts did not think ought to be ac-
cepted, because they were not furnished pre-
vious to the trial. For his own part he did
not think that the trial could be said to have
commenced before the jury were sworn and
impanelled. Mr. Botts denied the exist-
ence of any such agreement between Mr.
Hay and himself; and entered into a long
statement to show that Mr. Hay was mistak-
en. For the truth of his assertions he
appealed to the record of the court. How-
ever he would agree as a matter of voluntary
motion and grace to the introduction of these
three witnesses.

Mr. Hoy solemnly expressed his belief in
the accuracy of his statements; but as he
was at liberty to introduce these three wit-
nesses, he would let the subject rest where
it was at present.

[Here follows the indictment, as publish-
ed in the Federal Gazette on Friday last.]

Mr. Hoy then rose to open the case on the
part of the prosecution. His speech was un-
commonly luminous and instructive. He
spoke upwards of two hours. As we have
no time at present to report it in detail, we
must be satisfied with a very short sketch of
its principal points. Mr. H. expatiated at
considerable length on the definition of the
crime of treason. The question was, what
constitutes the overt act of levying war a-
gainst the United States? He stated, that
there was an immense interval between the
first movements of a treasonable conspiracy
and actual hostilities; that individuals might
meet together and make arrangements for
bringing forces into the field; this conspi-
racy was not treason; that they might go
on to levy forces without treason; and that
it had even been adjudged by the supreme
court of the United States, that the travel-
ling of these persons to a place of rendez-
vous was no treason; but that the crime of
treason was constitutionally complete, when
there was an assemblage of force at any
place of rendezvous, which force was in-
tended to be used for treasonable purposes
before it was dispersed. He stated his rea-
sons at great length for excluding from this
definition, 1st. the possession of arms; and
2dly. the actual employment of the force; and
showed that his definition of treason
was complete without these ingredients, as
well on the principles of common sense, as
on the decision of the supreme court of the
United States in the cases of Bollman and
Swartwout, and also on British authorities.

He stated, that it was consequently in-
cumbent upon him to show, 1st. that there
had been a treasonable design, and 2dly. a
meeting to effect that design. That it would
be proved to the jury that it was the design
of the prisoner, not only to wage war upon
the Spanish territories, but to take posses-
sion of New-Orleans, with a view of effect-
ing that object, and with a further view of
dismembering the union. That to facilitate
his own designs, he had spoken disrespect-
fully of the government of his country,
wherever he went; to the persons in the At-
lantic states, he had denounced the want of
energy in the administration, and asserted
the facility with which the present govern-
ment and liberties of the people might be
overthrown; to the people in the west, he
had denounced the existence of that holy
union which bound them to their brethren
in the east. That wherever he went he at-
tempted to scatter disaffection. That he
had not only spoken in this spirit to the
people of the west, but that writings had
been published by one of his associates, to
dissatisfy that gallant people and prepare
them for his plans. That to accomplish
these plans, in the summer and fall of 1806,
men were actually enlisted, boats built, pro-
visions to an enormous amount purchased,
and ammunition laid in. That about forty
men had assembled at Blannerhasset's island.
That Burr was not there, because he had
been warned not to go, although such had
been his intention. That he had joined
them when they had descended to the mouth
of Cumberland river. That this joint force
of about 100 men had then descended the
river, under the command of Burr and Blan-
nerhasset, to a point, perhaps Bayou Pierre,
where he first understood that all his pre-
parations had miscarried, through the means
of the commander in chief; his letter put
into the hands of the president; and it was
then that he had expressed his surprise and
indignation to a certain person, at having
been thus betrayed. That chimerical as
these projects may appear, there was only
one thing wanting to their accomplishment;
the co-operation of the commander in chief
and of the American army; and that it was