

ty of the commander in chief. I care not for the construction which may be placed upon my assertions; but I will venture to declare that since the adoption of the Federal Constitution, no man has had it so much in his power or has so effectually used it, to render services to his country, as Gen. W. has done by defeating this project: and yet for this illustrious service, he has been as much censured, insulted, and denounced, as if he had joined in it.

It is not right to anticipate the defence; but the prisoner himself stated while under examination, that the object of his expedition was peaceful and agricultural. If this ground shall be again taken, we shall find no difficulty in bringing together a variety of circumstances to prove its instability.—At present I am too much exhausted to detail them; but that task, if necessary, shall hereafter be performed.

I have observed, that you would enter upon this inquiry with calmness and impartiality; and I must hope, too, with firmness. This question is to be contemplated and decided on the very same principles as if the place of the prisoner were occupied by the most ignorant man in the community. It is true that he has been in the vicinity of the U. S. the second in office, and perhaps the second in the confidence of his fellow-citizens; and that he has talents and energies which at the approaching crisis might have been employed most honorably to himself, and most usefully to his country. But these circumstances aggravate, if any thing can aggravate, rather than extenuate the enormity of his crime. It is not often, at least in other countries, that the laws of society operate upon men of his stamp. Lord Geo. Gordon, the miserable fanatic was acquitted; while 19 of his poor and deluded followers were hung up at once and paid the forfeit of his crimes. I call upon you, gentlemen of the jury, to remove all such distinctions in this land of equality; to do the strictest justice to all; and to find upon the evidence which will be produced before you.

BY THIS DAY'S MAILS.

QUEBEC, August 3.
On Saturday were committed to goal 3 Americans, lately arrived from the United States for endeavoring to seduce 2 sergeants of the 49th regiment, to desert. When before the magistrate, it is said that one of them pleaded that he was a gentleman, and that the magistrate to prevent the gentleman's being condemned to associate with common fellows, ordered the goaler to confine him in one of the cells, whilst the common fellows were simply committed.

MONTREAL, August 10.
We learn that there are three full regiments on their way to Quebec and that Montreal will be the headquarters of the 41st regiment and the Canadian fencibles—so that in case of any sudden attack from the United States, we shall not be found unprepared to give at least 5000 militia a warm reception.

NEW-YORK, August 24.
Arrived.
The ship Neptune, Baker, 48 days from Liverpool (41 from the land) with coal, crates and dry goods. Sailed in co. with ship Brothers, Dingley, for City Point; & brig Jane, Dunforth, for Portland. Saw a ship going into Liverpool, supposed her to be the Rhoda and Betsy, from New-York. July 13, in lat. 49, 19, long. 18, spoke ship Adriana, 26 days from Baltimore, for Amsterdam.
The British schr. Fara, M'Gray, 82 days from St. Johns, N. F. with fish.
The British schr. Sally, Loveland, 13 days from Halifax, with fish.
The schr. Rebecca and Polly, Travers, 14 days from Richmond, with tobacco &c.
The schr. Welcome Return, Creighton, 14 days from Richmond, with coal and tobacco.
Below last night, the brig William, Dare, from Guadaloupe.
Also, the schr. Ruby, from Richmond.

PHILADELPHIA, August 25.
Arrived, schr. Polly and Nancy, Long, N. Carolina, 9 days, naval stores; Farmer, Schoyen, Laguna, cocoa, hides, &c.
Arrived at the Lascaretto.
Schr. Pompey, Cox, Jamaica 31 days, coffee.

Cleared, brigs Trident, Cole, Leghorn; Daniel & Mary, Foster, Boston; schr. Susannah, Thompson, N. Carolina; sloop Independence, Scull, Richmond; Leopard, Dickinson, Charleston.

Captain Smith, of the Montezuma, from Bristol, reports, that on the 2d of June, he spoke the ship Laura, Rosseter, from New-York, Scilly bearing S. S. W. 6 leagues, bound to Bristol; on the 6th and 7th was boarded by several British ships of war, and permitted to proceed. June 23, in lat. 45, 30, long. 41, spoke ship Raver, of New-York from New-Orleans to Liverpool, 33 days out. June 29, in lat. 44, 32, long. 47, 36, at 11 P. M. saw a brig upon the star-board bow, she hove too and fired a broadside at us, we immediately bore away to speak her, but she continued firing at us and not more than a half mile distance and light wind; we hauled upon a wind, and they kept up a continual firing without intermission until midnight, when came on a thick fog and by that means lost sight of them; received no damage; supposed her to be an English brig. August 26, lat. 42, 34, long. 59, spoke brig Reward, Thompson, from Portland to Rotterdam, 12 days out.

Yesterday arrived, schr. Experiment, Wilbert, from Guadaloupe. Left there, July 28, brig Jenet, Atterson, of Newbern, N. C. part unloaded; schr. Betsy, Chase, of Newbern, in 2 days; Ann Martin, Jenkins, Newbern, nearly unloaded; Independence, Sylvester, Newbern, unloaded; ship John Drew, Avery, of and for New-York, in 10 days. Spoke, 14th inst. in lat. 36, long. 70, brig Atlantic, Lynch, of Baltimore from Antigua for N. York, out 12 days.

FEDERAL GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26.

We have been unable to obtain any information to confirm the supposed capture (or theft) of the Othello. Captain Deagle, who arrived this morning with his Norfolk packet, did not see the Othello in the bay; the first information which he received of the affair was obtained here. The entry at the coffee-house excited much uneasiness in the public mind, and we are informed that two vessels, full of men, and provided with sweeps, proceeded last night in pursuit of the Othello. Many conjectures are naturally made; but as the whole affair appears to be enveloped in mystery, we can hazard no comment at present.

Extract of a letter from the captain of an American vessel at Laguna, dated July 25, to the editor of the New York Mercantile Advertiser.

"Previous to my departure, I promised you if I saw any thing worthy the notice of your excellent paper, to communicate it to you. I therefore sit down in this dreadful place, to give you the details of injustice and piracy committed on our commerce, as well as a list of Americans now in this port.

"I conceive it a duty I owe to my fellow-citizens, to give such information as may prevent them from falling into error. A number of small open boats are fitting out here, whether by order of government or individual enterprise I know not; but that they commit depredations in the open view of this port, on our unprotected commerce, is certain; several Americans having already experienced the mortification of being bro't in here, as well as into Cabello (which seems to be the favorite port, being at a greater distance from the seat of government) under the special pretence of having British goods on board; and after experiencing every species of insult, they are allowed to take their vessels again, and their cargo if not British goods, but all of them condemned, and no redress in either case, whether you have them on board or not.

"I have an instance now before my eyes of an American ship in the offing, taken by a Spanish privateer (formerly the Fis-Gig of N. York) and is about conducting her to Porto Cabello. What ship she is I cannot tell; but this is her description—a pretty long low ship, yellow sides, ports apparent, whether painted or real I am not able to judge; no figure head, 3 top-gallant yards and royals. Some of the vessels have absolutely been taken in the act of letting go their anchors, and carried away. I shall be obliged, from the distressed state of the market, to return with nearly all my cargo, or make a sacrifice of one third at least. Few of the Americans have done better; some have been wise enough to depart. A brig from Salem sailed for Maricao the 23d, after being offered 8 dollars for his flour.—It is morally impossible for our merchants to form an idea of the situation of this market. Cocoa and coffee 23 dolls. Cotton from 18 to 19 doll. Indigo 1 dol. and 94 cents per lb.

"A list of American vessels in this port, the 25th July.—schr. Brutus, King, for Philadelphia, in 4 days; Farmer, Schoyen, in 4 days; Richmond, Hasell, do. uncertain; Amazon, Sturges, New-Haven, 8 days; Ranger Moffett, Philadelphia, 8 days; Juliet Seymour, Weston, arrived on the 21st July; brig Polly and Betsy, Selby, Philadelphia, uncertain; Rising States, of George-town, 2 days; brig Aspasia, Marrenner, of New-York, in a few days, with her outward cargo; the three masted schr. Jason, from Norfolk, just arrived and in quarantine, capt. Davis sick."

From the same to the same, by the ship Brutus, LAGUNA, July 28, 1807.

SIR,
"I wrote to you on the 25th instant and requested you to publish the facts stated in that letter; they being of such a nature and immediately under the eye of this government, that I think they cannot plead ignorance.

"A similar affair to the one I mentioned, happened yesterday. An American schooner being about 2 leagues to windward, and baffled with small winds (her colors very distinguishable) at 4 P. M. a boat from one of those picaroons departed full of men from this port in quest of her. I particularly watched his motions, and at 20 minutes before six I saw him board her, and no doubt he has carried her off; as there is no appearance of her this morning. You may rest assured that any thing of this nature shall not pass unnoticed, and that I will give you the facts from time to time and request their publicity, that my countrymen may not go unarmed, and be any longer the dupes of those piratical rascals."

Accounts from different quarters, though not official, mention that both the Floridas have been ceded to the United States. [Register.]

Lord Lavington, gov. of the Windward-islands, died at Antigua the 1st inst.

Commodore PREBLE, we learn, has returned to Portland, from his late aquatic excursion; and we lament to hear, that he has derived but little benefit from it; and that very little hopes are entertained of the life of that able and gallant officer.

The following observations by Lord Auckland, which we copy from the debate in the British house of lords of the 28th of June, as given in the Globe, of the 80th, shews that the rejection of the treaty between the United States and Great-Britain was "not accurately ascertained" in London, at that date.

"Laying money without the consent of parliament.—Lord Hawkesbury rose to lay before the house the order of council, bearing date the 27th of last May, authorizing the continuance of the trade with the U. S.

of America, under the specific limitations of the expired act of parliament, which had heretofore regulated it. He informed their lordships that it was the intention of his majesty's government to revive the act for regulating that trade, and to insert a clause of indemnity for the exercise of those powers, which, under special circumstances, his majesty's government had conceived it advisable to exert, although contrary to law.

"Lord Auckland declared himself unwilling to enter into a premature discussion of the question; at the same time he thought it but fair to apprise the noble secretary of state, that there was no intention with his majesty's late government of continuing the legislative act which regulated the commercial intercourse between this country and the United States of America; and that for the most obvious reasons, the most striking of which was, that in the present situation of the world, it was fixed to restrict the carrying trade which neutrals, and of course, the Americans, had with our East-India possessions. Indeed, the situation of the late treaty, which the commissioners for the two countries had signed, put it out of the power of any administration to act definitely, until either the approval or rejection of that treaty by the respective governments was accurately ascertained."

Married last evening, by the Rev. Mr. Inglis, Mr. Jesse L. Keene, of Philadelphia, late of the United States Navy, to Miss Jennett Bryden, second daughter of Mr. J. Bryden, Keeper of the Fountain Inn.

Married on Wednesday evening last, in Chansford Township, York County, by the Rev. Samuel Martin, Mr. Thomas Ramsey, to Miss Elizabeth Wallace.

Port of Baltimore.

ENTERED,
Schr. Norfolk, Deagle, Norfolk
Concord, Packhard, New-York
CLEARED,
Brig Betsy & Peggy, Dove, Trinidad
Schr. Somerset, Reardon, Havana
Sloop Wolcott, Pratt, Charleston

From the Merchants' Coffee-House Books.

August 25.
Arrived, schooner Betsy, Bolton, 19 days from Saint Jago—Sugar and Coffee—Charles F. Kalkman; sailed in company with sloop Antoinette, for Alexandria; left brig Sarah and Eliza, Wilson, for Baltimore in 6 or 8 days; schooner Nancy, Wallace, Philadelphia, 7 days; on the south side of Cuba was boarded by two French privateers and treated politely; 14th, fell in with the Jamaica homeward bound fleet of 75 sail; 17th, off Currituck, spoke Laurel, Beard, from Saint Jago for Baltimore.

Also, schr. Three Sisters, 36 days from Cape de Verdes—salt and wine—Falls and brown. Captain R. informs that on Sunday last he came to anchor in Patuxent in company with ship Othello, Glover, from Liverpool, bound to Baltimore, shortly after a small pilot boat built schooner came in and anchored between him and the ship, a man came on board his schooner, who from speech and manners, appeared to be Frenchman, who told him his vessel was from Baltimore, bound to St. Domingo, and made a great deal of enquiry about the ship. The next morning (yesterday) got underway found that the Othello was underway, together with the schooner standing down the bay; the schooner's deck was as full of men as could be; she had a French flag flying at her maintopmast head, and boats were constantly going between the two as long as he saw them. From these, and other circumstances, capt. R. thinks that they must have taken possession of the Othello the night before.

Sale by Auction.

Will be added to the sale to-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock,

5 bales Gurrats,
3 do. Cossas,
1 trunk fine Cambrie Muslins,
1 case 6-8 Jacquets do. and
1 case Ivory Combs.

And in addition to the Grocery Sale, at twelve o'clock,
150 bags of excellent Green Coffee, suitable for retailing,
50 kegs Raisins,
18 boxes Bloom do.
30 quarter chests Hyson Tea.
THOMAS CHASE, Auct'rs.
August 26.

Sale by Auction.

ON SATURDAY Next,
The 29th inst. at 12 o'clock, in Smith's dock, will be sold on two, three and four months credit,

The Schooner CONCORD; Burthen 72 tons, or 550 barrels, with all her tackle and apparel as she arrived from sea. Her inventory may be seen at our auction room.
R. LEMMON & CO. Auct'rs.
August 26.

Chesapeake Insurance Company's Office,

August 26th, 1807.
Gentlemen applying for Insurance to the Chesapeake Insurance Company, are respectfully informed that the securities for the premium must be named by the applications in conformity with the bye laws of said company, otherwise no answer can be given to the same.
By order of the board,
JAMES CALHOUN, President.
August 26. WF&M

Exchange.

Bills of Exchange on London Direct. For sale by
CORNTHWAIT & YARNALL,
25, Bowly's wharf.
8th mo. 26th. d5t

Brown Havana Sugar, &c.

42 boxes Brown Sugar, suitable for refiners, 18 boxes white do.
20 pipes cargo Te veriffe Wine,
21 qr. casks Sherry Wine,
3400 lbs. Martinique Coffee,
2 pipes Brandy,
670 pieces Burr Stones,
1350 lbs. Porto Rico Tobacco. For sale by
JOHN RANDALL,
95, Bowly's wharf
d4t
August 26.

Wanted,
One or two Apprentices, to the Wholesale Hardware Business. Inquire at this Office.
August 26. d

To Let.
A Dry Good Store, in Market-street.—Possession given immediately. Inquire at this Office.
August 26. Saw 2w

REMOVAL.

Henry & Lindenberger
Have removed to No. 200 1-2, Baltimore-street. Who offer to Rent the Store & Cellar, No. 204, opposite the Indian Queen Tavern, with a convenient Warehouse if required.
August 26. d

Irish Linen, &c.
ALEXANDER BROWN & SON
Have imported in the Protection, Osage & Eagle, arrived at New-York, and the Francis, at this port, a further supply of
44
7-8 LINEN & BROWN HOLLAND.
3-4
August 26. eodt

Baltimore United Volunteers,
You are Ordered to meet in full uniform, with arms and accoutrements complete, on Thursday Evening Next, at 4 o'clock, precisely, in Col Howard's Park. Punctual attendance will be required.
By order,
JOHN REINICKER, Sec'y.
August 26.

Notice.
The Co-partnership of NICHOLAS DU BOIS & CO is by mutual consent, this day dissolved, those indebted to the firm are requested to make payment to Frederick Lindenberger & Co. and those to whom the said firm is indebted are requested to exhibit their accounts for payment.
FREDERICK LINDENBERGER & CO.
NICHOLAS DU BOIS.
August 26. d

The Baltimore Rifle Company,
Commanded by capt. William Jessop, are requested to meet in Howard's Park, This afternoon, at half past 4 o'clock, with arms.
By order,
August 25. it

Advertisement.
On the 20th day of this month the subscriber took up as a Surry in Bush-Town, Harford county, a small MARE, of six years old, about fourteen and an half hands high, in very good order, a star on her forehead, two hind feet, some white, her eye partly a glass eye, shod all round, and has been worked in gears. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.
JOHN WILLIAMS,
Harford county, August 26. d4t

The First Baltimore Troop,
Will assemble in Franklin-street, next Wednesday & Saturday afternoons, precisely at 4 o'clock, in Stable Jackets and Caps, each member furnished with six Cartridges.
By order,
W. M. MAYNADIER, Sec'y.

Attention!
THE members composing the Jefferson Volunteer Company, are requested to attend a special meeting at the house of Matthew Walker, North Howard-street, on Thursday evening next at 7 o'clock, in order to elect a Captain.

Any gentlemen wishing to enrol themselves in said corps, are respectfully invited to attend.
By order of the Committee.
WM. THORPE,
August 25. 3t

ELEGANT FRENCH Paper Hangings & Borders, JUST IMPORTED.
The subscribers are now opening at their Warehouse, No. 141, Baltimore street, FIVE THOUSAND PIECES

SUPERB PAPERS AND BORDERS,
Direct from the most extensive manufactories in Paris.

CONSISTING OF
Imitations of Drapery,
With Column, Top and Bottom Borders.
Ditto Ditto,
With rich Flock Border, attached to the paper and plain paper to suit, with Gold Medallions for a Circle.
Column Paper,
With Top and Bottom Borders.
Ditto Ditto,
On Satin Grounds.
Sets of Elegant Flock Papers
On a variety of Grounds, Satin, or Plain, with Borders to suit.

Imitations of Muslin,
On different grounds, with Column and Borders to correspond.
And a large assortment of other different designs adapted for
HALLS, DRAWING ROOMS, &c.
They have also on hand of their own Manufacture,
A Stock of 15,000 pieces PAPERS AND BORDERS OF THE NEWEST PATTERNS, suitable for every part of a house.
THOMAS & CALDCLUEGH,
N. B. The most experienced workmen may be had to put up the paper, on application as above.
August 4. eo

Paints.
Just received from New-York, per sloop Rover, captain Bird,
640 kegs white Lead of 28 lb. each.
150 do. do 55 do.
54 do. Red Paint, do.
All of first quality and for sale by
HENRY THOMPSON.
August 19. eodt

Mountain Malaga Wine.

60 qr. and half qr. casks Mountain Malaga Wine, represented as of a superior quality, entitled to debrandure, just received per sloop Rover, from New-York; and offered for sale on accommodating terms by
ISAIAH MANKIN,
69, Smith's wharf.

Who has in Store,
Codfish, in boxes in good shipping order
Pickled Salmon and Tongues and Sounds,
Glauber Salts of excellent quality, in bbls. t a very reduced price, to close sales,
Richmond Tobacco,
Young Hyson Tea, &c.
Also,
One case Cotton Cambric, very low.
August 19. eodt

Jacob & Wm. Norris.
Have just received for sale, at No. 64, Market-street,
50 boxes Fresh London Mustard,
43 boxes very fine Lisbon Lemons,
1 large bale real Cinnamon,
7 hds. Choice (5 years old)
15 boxes No. 1, warranted Chocolate.

In Store,
Muscatel and Blum Raisins, in boxes; first chop Segars, in boxes, half boxes and in bundles of 100 each, old and fit for immediate use; double sealed Battle Powder, in pound papers; Poland Starch, in pound papers; old white and brown Soap, in boxes; Mould & Dipt Candles, in boxes; Nutmegs; Mice; Cinnamon, and Cloves; Race; Ginger; Long Pepper; white Mustard Seed; Pickled Salmon, in small kegs; and in kegs; Olives; Capers, and Anchovies, in boxes; Sweet Oil, in cases of 30 flasks, and in boxes of 12 bottles each; Imperial, Hyson, and Young Hyson, in chests, half chests, and in boxes, suitable for retailing; 12 years old Antigua Spirits, by retail, price 1-2 dollars; old Cherry Bounce, &c.
August 20. eodt

Just Received
From Philadelphia, and for sale by GEORGE HILL.
The most valuable work that has been presented to the public these ten years.
AN INQUIRY INTO THE NATURE AND EFFECTS OF
The Paper Credit
OF GREAT-BRITAIN.
By H. THORNTON, Esquire,
Member of Parliament.

The subjects discussed in the above work are of a nature so extremely interesting to every person at all concerned in Commercial Transactions or Bank Institutions, and correct information respecting them so difficult to be obtained, that it cannot fail being read with profit and pleasure.
The following short prospectus of its important subjects will give some idea of the nature of it, viz.
Commercial credit; paper credit, as arising out of it; commercial capital; trade by bank; money; bills of exchange and notes; bills and notes considered as discountable articles; fictitious bills or bills of accommodation; circulating paper; bank notes; the nature of the bank of England; the reason for never greatly diminishing its notes; the balance of trade; the course of exchange; error of imagining that gold can be provided at the time of actual distress; country banks, their advantages and disadvantages; the tendency of a too great issue of bank paper to produce an excess of the market price above the mint price of gold; the means by which it creates this excess; the circumstances which render it necessary that the bank should impse its own limit on the quantity of its paper; effect of the law against equity; proof of the necessity of restricting bank loans, drawn from the case of the transfer of capital to foreign countries; of the influence of paper credit on the price of commodities.
The following extract from the Edinburgh Review respecting the above work will show the estimation in which it is held in Europe
Speaking of the suspension of cash payments at the bank of England, it concludes to observe, "Of all the publications which that momentous event has occasioned, the most valuable, unquestionably, is this of Mr. Thornton. With no ostentatious professions, and with no admixture of superfluous matter, it contains the largest portion of new information, that has for a long time been offered to those who either for the pleasure of speculation, or with a view of public life, are engaged in the researches of political economy."
August 19.

George W. Field.
No. 137, BALTIMORE-STREET,
Has for sale, by the Piece or Package,
A Variety of Goods,
Amongst which are,
Ribbons, Modes, White & Fancy Handkerchiefs, Imperial Lustrres, White & colored Cambric Muslins, Bombazines & Bombazettes, Black, white & Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs, India & English Sewing Silks, Scarf Twist, London printed Marcellines, Jeans, Irish Diaper, Checks, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas, A few packages Irish Linens, &c. &c.
June 4. eo

Hugh Thompson
Has now in store and offers for sale,
300 hbls. Muscovado SUGAR.
168 hbls. do.
30 hds. Clayed do.
155 boxes white and brown Havana do.
10 tierces Rice,
55 bags Surinam Cocoa,
30 seroons Indigo, fluted,
1900 bags Coffee,
39 barrels do.
67 bales Carolina Cotton,
5 casks Arrow Root,
47 boxes and half boxes Prunels,
100 casks Raisins,
25 pipes Cogniac Brandy, 4th proof,
26 do. Holland Gin, 1st do.
26 quarter casks London Particular Teasels Wine,
1600 cases Claret for exportation,
20 do. Chateaux Margaut, family use,
10 boxes Chamagne, Red & white superior quality.
Also,
3 tons Logwood, and
800 Hides (Spanish)
August 19. eodt