

Phoenix Fire-Office,

Baltimore, Sept. 30th, 1867.
The undermentioned gentlemen are notified, that their respective policies will expire at the following dates:

No. 27249, William Lovell,	Oct. 1st
27201, John Carre,	1st
27202, John Leopold,	7th
27203, Dr. J. Crawford,	9th
27206, Walter Simpson,	16th
27208, Armstrong and Dunn,	17th
27209, Amos Allison,	18th
27210, Henry Yearley,	20th
27241, Frederick Leopold,	21st
27242, William Lorman,	24th
27243, John Macdonald, Alexandria,	27th
27245, Captain Levin Jones,	30th

Renewed receipts will be issued from the Office in Second street, any time when called for, within the term limited by the Company.
DAVID STEWART, Agent.
Oct. 1. d4t

Found,

A few days since, near the corner of Market-street and McCallan's alley, a Warehouse KEY. The owner may receive it at this office, by paying one dollar for advertising.
Oct. 1. d4t

A warehouse wanted.

WANTED to hire a Warehouse on Bowly's wharf. Apply at No. 81, on said wharf.
October 1st. d4t

Myers Hotel.

Will be constantly kept at the Hotel as usual; and will be served up at the shortest notice, and in the nicest order. The subscriber will be happy to accommodate his old friends and the public in general, through the season.
C. J. MEYER.
When in season, canvas backs and partridges will at all times be kept on hand.
October 1. d4t

Notice.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Jeremiah Hoffman are requested to make payment to the subscriber, without further delay; as longer indulgence cannot be granted on those accounts.
GEORGE HOFFMAN.
October 1. d4t

The Public are hereby

Respectfully informed of the subscriber's having opened a Fencing School, for the purpose of teaching the use of the Broad and Small Swords from 5 till 8 P. M. For more particulars apply at No. 30, Market-street, next door to Mr. Meyer's Hotel.
JOHN WILLIAMS,
Fencing Master.
October 1st. d4t

Wanted as a Tutor in private family, a gentleman capable of Teaching Greek and Latin, and the first branches of the Mathematics. To such a one, a liberal salary will be accorded. Apply at this office.
Sept. 22. d

A Wet Nurse Wanted,
With satisfactory recommendations. Inquire at this office.
Sept. 29. d6t

Imported.

By the ship George and Albert, Captain Joel Vickers, from Timor, Java, and Sumatra.
White and brown Plaid, 5 of superior quality, 1000 each, 5 of superior quality, 1000 each, 5 of superior quality, 1000 each.
(The above entitled to drawback.)
And by the late arrivals in Philadelphia from Timor, Java, and Sumatra.

A General Assortment of German Woolen Hosiery.

O. Huns, Bohemia Window Glass, 10 by 12, Tickenburgs, Rouans, white Rolls, and Checks No. 2.
5000 Gunney Bags,
For sale by
FREDERICK C. GRAF,
Head of Smith's dock.
Sept. 22. d

BARCLAY & MKEAN HAVE IMPORTED FALL GOODS.

Sept. 23. d40t

Just Received
By the big Dove, C. Childs, from Madeira, A choice parcel of fine old Madeira WINE, fit for immediate use, in butts, pipes, half pipes and quarter casks, which will be sold low on a credit of 12 months.
JACOB ADAMS.
Sept. 22. d12t

St. Mary's College.

GRAND LOTTERY, BALTIMORE.
Authorized by an act of the general assembly of the state of Maryland; the scheme of which Lottery is the most brilliant ever offered to the citizens of the United States, containing, besides a large number of other valuable prizes,

1 prize of - - -	30,000 dollars,
1 do. of - - -	15,000
1 do. of - - -	10,000
2 do. of - - -	5,000
8 do. of - - -	1,500
7 do. of - - -	1,000

And not two blanks to a prize. The scheme contains 21500 tickets, 10,000 of which are actually sold to a company of gentlemen in New-York, to whom the managers have obligated themselves to commence the drawing on THURSDAY, the 31st day of December next. TICKETS & SHARES are now selling in a variety of numbers, at ten dollars each, at G. & R. W. WHITE's truly fortunate Lottery Office, Corner of Market and Charles streets, Baltimore.

From the rapid sale of the Tickets in every part of the union, an advance will shortly be put on them, of which an advertisement will soon appear in the public prints.

The grandeur of the scheme of the above Lottery, together with an advance from the managers that the Lottery will positively commence drawing on the 31st day of December next, have been a sufficient inducement for the subscribers to come to the city of Baltimore for the express purpose of facilitating the sale of the Tickets.

G. & R. W. WHITE.
One of the above firm will personally attend the drawing daily, to take down the numbers correctly, as will also one of their clerks. All prizes sold by G. & R. W. White will be paid by them, and a printed list of all prizes drawn will be published by them and delivered to their customers once a fortnight during the drawing. The next New-York Lottery will not commence till April next.
Oct. 1. d

George Hoffman

Has received by the several arrivals, upwards of 300 packages well selected

FALL GOODS,

Which being mostly bought at short credit, and selected by careful hands will be found cheap.

Alan suited to the export trade,
20 trunks London Cambric Chintzes,
12 do. French Pulicat H'dies,
5 do. Madras do.,
4 do. Gingham,
5 do. Rich Fancy Muslins,
7 do. Colored Cambric,
1 do. Printed Cambric Robes,
10 chests Dimoth's,
9 cases Shirting Cottons,
35 do. Super Men's Hats,
12 bales Bocking Baize,
6 do. Super Cloths and Cassimeres,
2 do. Scarlet Flannels.
October 1. d6t-c6t

Shoe Thread, English Bend LEATHER, &c.

John S. Peck and Co.

TANNERS and CURRIERS,
No. 63, MARKET-SPACE,
Have for sale,
Prime English Bend Sole Leather, in ranges and squares,
Tanners and Curriers' Knives, and a general assortment of Leather.
ALSO,
Hair for Plasterers.
And have imported in the Fair American from London SHOE THREAD, of the best quality.
October 1. d3t-c6t

To Rent.

The new three-story BRICK WAREHOUSE, No. 231, Market street, one of the best stands in the city. It will be fitted up in a handsome style for the Dry Good or Hardware business, and will be ready for a tenant in a few days. Apply to
HENRY KEERL.
Oct. 1. d4t-c6t

Whereas some malicious

persons have been for some days busily engaged in throwing out insinuations against my character, I do hereby invite all such persons to come forward and openly to make their charges and to produce their proofs.
PHILIP RUSSELL.
Sept. 30. d4t

Holland Sail Cloth.

Received per the ship Philip, from Amsterdam, for sale by
WM. WILSON & SONS.
Sept. 30. d3t-c6t

400 Pieces Russia Duck.

500 reams Wrapping Paper,
Just received per ship Susan & William, cap. Luce, from Boston, and for sale by
BUFFUM & GOODHUE,
No. 34, Bowly's Wharf
September 30. d6t

The Subscriber

Has just received from London, A Consignment of six or seven boxes of fine and superior Broad Cloths, mostly Blacks and Blues, with a few other fashionable colors: 3 bales of Rattons, and 1 bale of Flusings, which he offers for sale by the bale, so materially under the customary advance, as to make them well worth the attention of purchasers; and has for sale, 700 Demijohns, 2 tons Bar Lea, and 50 quarter casks English Gun Powder.
NICHOLAS SLUBEY,
12, Bowly's wharf.
Sept. 30. d18t

John Wood & Co.

Have imported in ships Fame, Alcona, and Hercules, from Liverpool, Canada, and Fair American, from London,
334 PACKAGES
Cotton and Woolen Goods,
Which are offered for sale at
No. 18, CALVERT STREET.
Amongst which are,
Best Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres, most fashionable colors, Swansdown, Bennet Cord and elegant Tollenette, Wal-ton ting, ne west patterns, Coatings, Plains, Flannels, Bookings, Flusings, Blankets, Kerseys, Kendal Cottons, Lindsays; a great variety of Stuffs, Hosiery, Dimities, Tabby Velvet, President and Constitution Cords, Black and Olive Velveteens, Fine and Common Printed Calicoes, Fancy and Book Muslins, Cotton Laces, Braces, Umbrellas, &c. &c.
Sept. 25. d

REMOVAL.

Henry & Lindenberg

Have removed to No. 200 1-2, Baltimore street. Who offer to Rent the Store & Cellar, No. 204, opposite the Indian Queen Tavern, with a convenient Warehouse if required.
August 26. d

G. F. & J. Lindenberg,

No. 200, Baltimore street, opposite the Indian Queen Tavern.
Have imported in the Othello, Canawa, and Fame, from Liverpool, a complete assortment of
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, SADLERY, BRASS, and JAPANNED WARE,
&c. &c.
Amongst which are,
Anvils and Vices,
Spades and Shovels,
Flat Point fine drawn Nails,
Patent Shot, assorted,
White Lead, in Oil, in kegs of 28 and 14 lb.
Seine Twine, in casks of 250 lb. each,
Hilling Hoes,
Iron Wire,
Guns, in cases.
Which are offered for sale, on accommodating terms.
September 7. d

Wanted Immediately,

To attend in a Wholesale Dry Good Store, A Person who can come well recommended for industry, sobriety, and expertise at calculation, and can write a good hand.
Sept. 29. d4t

Found,

On Friday last, a BANK NOTE, in the front room of Evans's tavern. The loser, upon proof thereof, may have the same, (paying the expense of this advertisement,) on application at the Union Bank of Maryland.
Sept. 29. d4t

Will be published,

ON SATURDAY NEXT, NO. 1 OF
THE CRITICK.

TERMS.

The CRITICK will contain a regular journal of the Baltimore Theatre—and Theatrical Intelligence, as far as it can be obtained, from Philadelphia, New-York, Boston and Charleston; Critical Inquiries into the use and abuses of the Drama; Reviews of new publications, Poetry, &c. &c.

It shall be published every Saturday—Each number shall contain about sixteen pages, and be delivered to subscribers in the city, or forwarded by mail to others, at the rate of 12 1-2 cents.

A person will wait on individuals in the course of this day or tomorrow for their signatures. Subscription papers are left at the book-stores of Messrs. Cole & I. Bennett, and Samuel Jeffries, and at the publisher's office, No. 4, North Charles street, where persons desirous of encouraging the work will call and subscribe.
Sept. 30. d4t

French Silk Goods.

Lafitte, Duche & Barthe,
No. 172, BALTIMORE STREET,
Have just received, a very large assortment of French Fancy Goods.

Which they offer for sale by the package or piece, at very low prices, to wit: Plain Taffetas, Plaid Silks, Sarsnet, Peau de Soie, Extra Long and Short Ladies' Silk Gloves, Mens' ditto, Ladies' and Men's Silk Stockings, Sewing Silk, Silk Shawls of every size, plain and figured Taffetas and Satin Ribbons, Stamped ditto, Hank Ribbons, Velvets, Crapes, Cambric Linen, Thread and Cotton Laces, Veils, Artificial Flowers, Plain and Ornamental Combs, white and coloured extra long and short Kid Gloves, Mens' ditto, Cotton Stockings, Suspensors of every description, Fans, Lustrings, Bandannos, &c. &c.

Also on hand,
80 boxes Best Bordeaux Claret,
1 box Paris Jewellery, handsomely assorted,
4 boxes Rennes Tinned,
4 trunks Ladies' Shoes,
2 bales Sheetting Linen,
1 trunk Umbrellas,
1 do. Embroidered Cambric Shirts,
1 box Mens' Silk Stockings,
1 do. Ladies' ditto,
1 case Plain Taffetas,
1 do. Plaid ditto,
1 box Thread Laces.
All very well calculated for French and Spanish markets, and entitled to debenture.
Sept. 28. d15t

John Robinson,

No. 216, MARKET STREET,
Has imported per ship Othello, Fame and Alcona, from Liverpool, a well selected and general assortment of
FALL GOODS,
HATTERS' & UPHOLSTERS' TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.

Mens' and Women's Coats and Fine Hats, and Children's neatly assorted Fancy Hats, in small cases.
Which are offered for sale, on the most reasonable terms.
Sept. 25. d10t-c6t

G. F. and J. Lindenberg & Co.

No. 200, Baltimore street, opposite the Indian Queen Tavern.
Have received by the Six Sisters, from Bristol, and now landing,
Tin in boxes,
Anvils and Vices,
Frying Pans,
Spades and Shovels,
Single, double and treble Sheet Iron,
Nails of every size,
Card and Iron Wire,
Broad Virginia Weaving Hoes, &c. &c.
Which, with a variety of other goods in the Hardware Line, will be disposed of on accommodating terms.
September 26. d

Poulney & Thomas

Have received by the Grand Seigneur, from Hall, a further supply of
104 bundles SHEET IRON, Single, Double, and Treble Rolled.
Sept. 12. d

W. L. & J. Barney

Have for sale,
Direct Bills on London, at 30 days sight.
The Cargo of the Snow Paragon, E. Eveleth, master, from Trieste and Sicily,
Consists of,
Flatirias,
Britannias,
Cavallinos,
Listadoes,
Checks,
Ollandinas,
Bastoneinas,
Faro & Marsala Wines,
Hollow Glass Ware,
Blue Marbled Castile Soap,
Zante Currants,
Sweet Almonds,
Black & col. Sewing Silk,
Florentine Green Silks &c.
Also,
148 boxes superior quality Havana Sugars, and a few pipes old Madeira Wine.
Sept. 19. d2w-c6t

A Clerk.

A YOUNG MAN of integrity and steady habits, who is perfectly acquainted with mercantile transactions, writes a fair hand, &c. is a good book-keeper, wishes to be employed in a merchant's counting house, or in a wholesale dry good store, or in any other department; and as pecuniary motives is not his object, therefore will accept a moderate salary; and hopes from his assiduity, to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their commands: references of the first respectability can be given as to character, and security if required. Any commands addressed to A. Z. and left at this office, will meet with due attention.
N. B. Would have no objection to a country situation.
Sept. 30. d4t

The Levy Court for Baltimore

more county will meet at Henry Decorsey's Tavern (near Philip's Bridge) in the city of Baltimore, on Tuesday, the 20th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of adjusting the public expenses of the said county, for this present year, appointing supervisors of the public roads, and constables, and adjusting their accounts.
WM. CLESON, Clerk.
Sept. 28. d30thO

Post-Office, Baltimore,

September 25, 1867.
Letters for the British Packet Lord Hobart, for Falmouth (via Halifax, N. S.) will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock, A. M. on Monday the 5th October next.
CHARLES BURRELL.
P. S. The inland postage to New-York, must be paid on all letters for the Packet.
Sept. 25. d

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

BOSTON, September 28.

Captain Fellows, in the Cumberland, arrived here on Saturday, in 32 days from Liverpool. He brings London papers to Aug. 21, a few days later than our former dates.

The most important articles furnished by this arrival, relate to the British expedition in the Baltic, and place the account received at Salem, direct from Elsinore, on the most creditable grounds. The following summary and remarks from the London Traveller, of August 21 (latest date) are
HIGHLY INTERESTING.

The object of our expedition to the Baltic is not likely to be amicably effected. The Danes are determined to resist. The prince royal, who left Kiel on the 8th, reached Copenhagen at noon on the 11th, and immediately repaired to the Holm, an island in front of the city, and upon which the chief works for its protection are erected. Orders had been received the evening before to man the batteries, and to draw out from the naval arsenal every vessel capable of contributing to the defence of the place. The fleet under admiral Gambier was drawn up in order of battle, within three or four miles of Copenhagen, and some light vessels had approached nearer to the town.

This was the awful state of affairs on the evening of the 11th. It is clear from these preparations, as well as the sudden appearance of the prince regent at Copenhagen, that the propositions made by Mr. Jackson have been rejected, and that hostilities are unavoidable. His royal highness, it should seem, did not require much time to make up his mind. The interview between him and the British minister did not take place until the afternoon of the 8th, and in the course of that evening the prince left Kiel for Copenhagen. There is little doubt that he went to the capital to fight and not to negotiate. If the latter were the object of his journey, he would have been accompanied by count Bernstorff, whom he left at Kiel. That the negotiation which took place between the prince regent and Mr. Jackson, may be inferred from the return of the latter to Husum, and the departure of Mr. Thornton and the British consul from the Danish territories.

"Elsinore, August 17.

"Some of the merchantmen bound to Copenhagen and the Baltic, have been ordered by the commander in chief of the British fleet to remain here, until further orders."

NEW-YORK, September 30.

Ship Liverpool Packet, Parsons, 31 days from Liverpool, dry goods, coal, & earthenware. Sailed in co. with ship Otis, Leeds, for New York; Mac, of Portland; and Thomas Jefferson, for Baltimore. Left ships Eliza Ann, and Magistrate, Folger, from New York. The Hudson, in 28 days from New York, was just coming in.

Ship Draper, Pages, 40 days from Liverpool, dry goods, coal and crates.
Brig Fame Perry, 55 days from Bordeaux, brandy, wine, &c.

Brig Nereid, Perkins, 55 days from Barcelona, wine, dry goods, paper, &c.
Brig Sally Ann, Bell, of Middletown, 40 days from Tenerife, wine. Left ship Bacchus, Davis, of Boston. September 20, spoke ship James M. Connel, 75 days from Amsterdam for Baltimore in distress—supplied her with provisions. On Friday last was boarded by the Bellona 74, bound to the Chesapeake with supplies for the British squadron.

British brig Sally Ann, Parker, 11 days from St. John, N. B. plaster. Left brig Lord Sheffield, from New York.

British sch'r Weazel, Martin, from Halifax fish.
Schooner Welcome Return, Alexandria, wheat and flour.

Sloop Sisters, J. Ineson, Norfolk, shingles.
In the Sound, brig St. Tammany, Blage, 18 days from Pointe-Petre, Guadalupe, sugar.

Returned, the British brig Ann, Ross, bound to Bermuda.
Cleared, brig Harmony, Morris, Newfoundland; sch'r Sophia, White, Wareham; Fame, Walden, Newport.

The ships Rufus, Arnold; and Louisiana, have arrived at Savannah from N. Y.

The latest.

By the fast sailing ship Liverpool Packet, capt. Parsons, from Liverpool, the editors of N. York Gazette have received London papers to the 24th of August.

Nothing of importance has occurred in Europe since the date of our last advices. But it was reported in London on the 23d of that month, that the British squadron at the island of Zealand had commenced the bombardment of Copenhagen.

Capt. Parsons left Liverpool the 27th of Aug. and informs that it was reported when he sailed, that the United States schooner Revenge, with dispatches from the American government, had arrived at Portsmouth.

Price of stocks at London, 3 per cent. 62 1/2 to 62 3/4—Consols for acct. 63 1/4 to 62 1/2—Omanu 2 to 1/2.

American flour 36 to 40s. Wheat 73 1/2 to 94.

NEW COMBINATIONS.

LONDON, Aug. 17:
In a letter from the Elbe of August 7, it is stated that one of the secret articles of the treaty of Tilsit stipulates, that if England does not accept the mediation of Russia to make peace that Russia and Persia are to attack the Russian possessions in India; and that the Russian forces now in the Mediterranean, are to join the Turks to expel the British fleet from the Mediterranean.

The French troops which have served in Poland, immediately on their arrival in France, are to be ordered to repair to the coast opposite England; where camps are preparing of the most extensive and formidable kind.

The French force assembling on the borders of Holstein, are said to amount to 90,000.

Cattaro and Castel Nuova, held by the Russians, in the gulph of Venice, are to be restored to the French.

The command of the Russian army is given to gen. Buxhovden; general Baron Benningens having been dismissed to recover his health.

The island of Zealand is the prime seat of the Danish Monarchy, on which Copenhagen, the chief city of Denmark, and Elsinore are situated.—Copenhagen is about 25 American miles S. of the Sound; and contains (according to Pinkerton) nearly 100,000 inhabitants. The Danish standing force exclusive of Norway, is stated at 40,000; and the navy at 33 ships of the line. Distance across to Holstein, 15 miles.

Gen. Savary is to be the new French Minister to Russia; and Count N. Romanow, the Russian minister in France.

Aug. 20.

SEIZURE OF COPENHAGEN.

Our formidable expedition in the Baltic has now reached its destination and its object. It appears that a demand was made by Mr. Jackson, the British negotiator, of the prince royal of Denmark, the substance of which was as follows—"That in the present disturbed state of the continent it was impossible to distinguish any longer between a neutral and an enemy, but by her becoming either an ally or an open foe. That something, therefore was required beyond an ordinary presumption of the real disposition of every state; and that whilst the influence of an implacable enemy predominated over every power within his reach and either checked or converted into immediate hostility every engagement or inclination unfavorable to his interest, it was impossible to consider the ordinary covenants of any neutral nation either as a sufficient security for her own independence, or for those who confided in her neutrality. It became the duty of England, therefore, to discriminate in these circumstances, between rights paramount and invariably binding upon all States, and rights which might be suffered to relax and yield to that state of expediency in which a certain course of measures might involve the existence of a nation."

In this state, there, it was dangerous to Great-Britain, and therefore ceased to be her duty, to recognize any longer the neutrality of Denmark, without a sufficient pledge—that this pledge was, a permission to garrison the fortresses which command the passage of the Sound and the navigation of the Baltic, together with the free use of the Danish ports for her shipping, until such time as the pressure of circumstances ceasing, the exigency on the part of Great Britain should likewise determine.

It is scarcely to be doubted but that the Prince Royal was somewhat struck with this demand. He is said however, to have replied with great calmness and intrepidity, "That the course of conduct required of Denmark was not that of a neutral or even of an Ally, but of a Belligerent. He was bound, therefore, in all sense of dignity, to repel the demand made upon him—and it remained for England to look for her justification to the general judgment of Europe, which would determine on which side the neutrality of the two kingdoms was first violated. Denmark had now no choice but to resist; whilst England had that of honor or a retreat."

The Prince immediately proceeded to Copenhagen.

August 23.

With respect to the great object of national expectation, dispatches from admiral Gambier, and the proceedings of the British fleet before Copenhagen, no fresh intelligence had been received at a late hour last night.

A letter from Yarmouth had reached the city by express, which mentions that a merchantman had put into that port, bringing intelligence of her having been actually present at the commencement of the bombardment of Copenhagen, on the 12th. If it were resolved to attack the city, operations should certainly have been begun before this. Our fleet commands the whole island; its state of defence is very imperfect.

An expedition more formidable for mischief of any kind, was never fitted out by this kingdom.

The foreign news of the week is not of much interest. The king of Sweden still keeps up a fruitless war in Pomerania; and Stralsund still resists.

The French papers contain little news worthy of comment. All the French marshals are to be created dukes, and provided for in Germany and Poland.

Dispatches were on Thursday received from gen. Frazer, at Alexandria, dated May 30. He had been reinforced by 2 regiments from Sicily, the 52d and another. Provisions were abundant, and the enemy had shown no disposition to attack Alexandria, the fortifications of which had been considerably strengthened. They had collected, however, between 7000 and 8000 men near Rosetta. Our prisoners at Cairo, it is said, were in general in good health, and treated with kindness. Several messages had passed between gen. Gen. Frazer and the pacha respecting them.

Sir James Craig, who is going out as commander in chief of the British colonies in North-America, we understand, will take 3 regiments with him, of which the 3d (or Old Buffs) will be one.

The Prussian ports it is asserted, are already shut against all British ships, and it is positively affirmed that Russia will do the same.

Talleyrand has resigned the situation of minister for foreign affairs to Cambray, one of the joint negotiators with Lord Lauderdale. He is elevated to the dignity of vice grand elector of the empire. An office which to an increase of dignity, joins relaxation.