

Canister Gun Powder.
Sportsmen are informed that they may be supplied with the Dartford Gun Powder, reckoned the best made in England, by the Subscriber who means to import it regularly from the Manufactory.
Ink Powder & Oil of Wormseed for sale.
HENRY WILKINS,
No. 136, Market-street.
Dec. 7. eo6f

A Pew for Sale,
In St. Peter's Church, in the middle aisle. Inquire at this office.
December 14. eo4f

Hazlehurst, Brothers and Co.
Have received and offer for sale,
700 boxes Castile SOAP,
Of a superior quality.
December 7. eo2w

Madeira Wines.
A choice parcel of London Particular and London Market Wine, just received per brig Joseph, captain Pierce, from Madeira.
Also on hand from former importations, Old Wine in pipes, hhds and qr casks, of a very superior quality, ready for immediate use, and of which the subscriber expects to be constantly supplied.
HENRY THOMPSON,
53, Smith's wharf.
Dec. 4. eo10t

G. F. and J. Lindenberg, Jr.
No. 200, Baltimore-street, opposite the Indian Queen Tavern.
Have received by the Pocahontas, from Liverpool, an additional supply of
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, SADDLERY, BRASS, and JAPANESE WARE.
December 7. eo

Charles Vallette,
CONFECTIONER & CORDIAL DISTILLER,
No. 52, MARKET-STREET.
HAS just received from Madeira, a quantity of FRESH CITRON. Also, from the West Indies, a fresh supply of Green Sweet-Meats, viz:
Preserved Ginger,
do Dwarf Yellow Oranges,
do Pine Apples,
do Green Limes,
do do Lemmons,
do do Oranges,
Gouave Jelly, &c. &c.
All of which will be sold by the Pot or less quantity.
Ad also on hand,
A general assortment of CORDIALS and CONFECTIONARY, which he offers for sale to store keepers and private families at the most reduced prices.
Also,
Real bitter Almonds, Orange Flower Water, Rose Water, Muscat Wine, and a few boxes of first quality Havana Cigars.
Wanted,
At the above, a good Journeyman and an Apprentice.
Dec. 11. eo4t

Hugh Thompson
Has in Store—and offers for sale,
THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:
Muscovado Sugar, of the 1st and 2d quality, in hhds, tierces and bbls.
Clayed do. White and Brown, in hhds.
Havana do. do. in boxes.
Coffee of the first quality, Green, in hhds. and bags for home consumption,
do. St. Domingo quality for exportation, 2000 bags,
Carracas Cocoa,
Cognac Brandy, of 4th proof and fine flavor,
Real Holland Gin of 1st proof,
Claret in cases for family use and exportation.
Upland Cotton in round and square bales, Raisins, in kegs,
London Particular Tenerife Wine, in qr casks, very fine,
Ground Allum Liverpool Salt,
800 Dried Hides,
Logwood.
December 9. eo8f

Just received—For Sale,
2500 Spanish Hides from Lagaira,
67 bbls Tanner's Oil, first quality.
ON HAND,
Red, Green, Yellow, and Black Morocco Skins: all kinds of Tanners & Curriers' Tools; Shoe Thread; and White Wetting Skins; with a general assortment of LEATHER.
AND,
65,000 lb of Green COFFEE, entitled to drawback.
JAMES BOSLEY,
No. 19, Water street
December 11. eo1m

To Rent,
A three-story Brick WAREHOUSE, No. 1, South Liberty-street, and near Market-st. lately occupied by Mr. P. A. Karthause.
A. SO.
The adjoining two-story Brick Warehouse, lately in the occupation of Messrs. A. and J. Fulton.
Also may be had,
A two-story Brick Dwelling HOUSE, adjoining the above. Possession of either will be given immediately. For terms apply to
CONRAD REINICKER,
No. 241, Market-street
December 1. eo

Sale Postponed.
THE Sale of the personal property of the late Nicholas Hopkins, near Grove's-town, consisting of Negroes, Household Furniture, Indian Corn, Horses, Horned Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Farming Utensils, &c. &c., which was advertised to have taken place on the 10th inst., is on account of the inclemency of the weather, postponed until FRIDAY the 18th inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when it will commence and continue from day to day, until the whole is disposed of, so that purchasers will not in future be disappointed by the weather.
MARY HOPKINS, Adm'r.
December 11. 1807. eo4f

A Brick-Yard to Rent.
I will Rent or Sell, that old noted Brick-Yard, now occupied by the subscriber, containing about 5 acres, more or less. There is a quantity of Clay dug, and all the utensils, for carrying on Brick Making, may be had on very reasonable terms. The Yard is in excellent order, and may be carried on extensively with very little expense; and is within the city of Baltimore. I will also sell some good Cart Horses and Carts, with gears all complete, and rent my Stabling & other conveniences for carrying on the said business to a good tenant.
JOHN M'DONOGH.
December 16. eo4f

FURNITURE, etc.
On THURSDAY Next,
Cole and I. Bonsal, Auct'rs,
Will offer for sale on THURSDAY, 22d inst. at their Repository, back of the Union Bank of Maryland, (entrance from South Charles-street,)
AN EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF
Household and Kitchen
FURNITURE.
Sale to commence at half past 10 o'clock.
December 22.

Apples, etc.
40 bbls. Russet Apple,
60 boxes White Cod-Fish,
80 do. No. 3, Chocolate,
2,500 lbs. Fresh Zint Currants. Just received and for sale by
THOMAS MAREAN,
No. 9, Bowly's wharf.
December 22. d4f

RAGS
Cash given for clean Linen and Cotton RAGS, also for Old ROPE, at No. 138, Market-street, Baltimore.
Dec. 17. d12t

Buffum & Goodhue,
No. 16 BOWLEY'S WHARF,
Have received per sch's Lucinda and Eliza, and Lydia, from Boston,
450 boxes } Prime White CODFISH,
35 hhds. }
30 bbls. Salmon,
300 boxes (Sampson's) Mould Candles, 4, 5, and 6 to the pound,
4 tons Clean HEMP.
Also,
Porach'r Grand Sachem, capt. Holmes, from New York,
15 Casks PATENT SHOT, assorted, from BR to No. 8.
Dec. 21. d6to6t

Martiniere Green Coffee
A small parcel of very superior quality.
For sale by
CORNTHWAIT & YARNALL,
12th mo. 22. d6t

James Owings,
No. 97, Bowly's wharf,
Has just received and for sale,
60 casks and 3 boxes of Colored CHEESE, from the best Dairies.
5 bbls Mess PORK.
December 22. d7to62t

Bank of Baltimore,
DECEMBER 22, 1807.
The Bank will be shut on Christmas day, and the Bills then due, it is expected will be paid on Thursday. Notes intended for Friday's discount must be left at BANK on Monday.
JAMES COX, Cashier.
December 22.

For Sale.
(For a term of 13 years.)
A likely Mulatto BOY, about 13 years old. Apply at this office.
December 21. d

Claret Wine, Teas, &c.
150 casks Claret Wine,
60 chests H. son,
20 Souchong,
20 Bohea,
20 half chests do.
30 qr do. do.
50 pieces Russia Duck,
50 do Ravens do.
40 coils Cordage,
30 half bbls Beef,
40 casks Red Wine, calculated for the Spanish Market, and entitled to debenture,
30 casks Copperas,
30 boxes Spermacetia Candles,
100 bbls Shad lately imported,
20 kegs London Refined Salt Petre,
600 lbs Cassia,
4 casks Spermacetia Oil.
For sale by
CORNTHWAIT & YARNALL,
No. 85, Bowly's wharf
12th mo. 16. d

William P. Mathews
Has just received by the Fair American, from London,
AN EXTENSIVE SUPPLY OF
Fresh Drugs and Medicine.
His stock is now general and extensive, consisting of
Drugs and Chemicals
Dye Stuffs & fine Pig
Furniture Glass and
Vials
Fine Painters' Colours
Gold and Silver Leaf
Copal and Spt. Varnishes
October 17. d

MILL.
My MILL, on the Herring-run, within 3 and a half miles of the city, will be ready on the first day of the new year, to manufacture at the customary terms for any House that will keep her supplied with wheat.
She can make thirty to forty barrels of flour per day. There are good Millers, and an able Team and faithful Waggoner, ready to haul out and in.
WM. WILSON.
Ivy Hill, December 22.
N. B. A School-master wanted to whom good encouragement will be given.
December 22. d

For Sale,
6,000 pieces Blue, White and Yellow Nankeens,
Entitled to Drawback. Apply to
PETER H. TERME,
At Mr. John B. Jauffret's No. 42, North Gay-street.
December 7. eo15t

MILITARY BALL,
TO BE HELD AT THE
FOUNTAIN INN,
On FRIDAY 1st Jan. 1808.
The following gentlemen were last evening unanimously elected Managers for the Night.
Brigadier General John Stricker,
Major James A. Buchanan,
Major James Calhoun, Junr.
Captain Wm. H. Winder,
Aid de Camp John Borney,
Brigadier General Charles Ridgely,
Major Joseph Streett,
Captain Samuel Streett,
Captain Jeremiah Sullivan,
Lieutenant John S. Smith.
It is expected the subscribers to said Ball will appear in their respective uniforms.
December 22. d4t

LEGISLATURE,
HOUSE OF DELEGATES, MARYLAND.
THURSDAY, December 10.
The house met. Present as on yesterday, except Mr. Hopewell. The proceedings of yesterday were read.
The bill to enlarge the powers of the trustees of the poor of Montgomery county, was sent to the senate.
Mr. Bruce delivered a report on the resolution from the states of Delaware and New-Jersey; which was read.
A petition from Thomas Jackson, of Dorchester county, praying indulgence in the payment of a debt due the state; and a petition from Richard Butler, of Frederick county, praying to be allowed depreciation of his pay as deputy quartermaster, were preferred, read and referred.
Mr. Forwood delivered a bill, entitled, an act to prevent swine from going at large in the town of Belle Air, in Harford county; which was read.
A petition from the vestry of St. John's Parish in Harford and Baltimore counties, praying a lottery for the benefit of the same, was preferred, read and referred.
The amendments to the supplement to an act for the establishment of a school in Caroline county, were agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.
A petition from sundry inhabitants of the city of Baltimore, counter to the petition for the extension of Pratt street, was preferred, read and referred.
The report on the petition of Evans Wilking was read the second time, and the question put, that the house concur therein, with and assent to the resolution therein contained? Resolved in the affirmative, yeas 83, nays 29, and the resolution sent to the senate.
According to order, the house proceeded to the second reading of the bill to establish a chancery court on the eastern shore, &c. and after amending and reading the bill throughout, the question was put, Shall the said bill pass? Determined in the negative, yeas 30, nays 41.
The clerk of the senate delivered the resolution in favor of Monica Greenwell, endorsed, "dissented from," with the following message:
We have dissented from your resolution in favor of Monica Greenwell, under an opinion that the adjustment of that, and all similar claims, is provided for by law, and referable to the chancellor.
Which was read.
Also, the resolution in favor of John Lynch, endorsed, "dissented from." The bill for quieting possessions, and securing and confirming the estates of purchasers, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments," which amendments were read. And the further supplement to the act for the amendment of the laws, endorsed, "will pass with the proposed amendments," which amendment was read.
Mr. Moffit delivered an unfavorable report on the petition of John Moore; which was twice read and concurred with.
Mr. Ennalls delivered a favorable report on the petition of Thomas Jackson; which was read.
Mr. Kuhn delivered a favorable report on the petition of Richard Butler; which was read.
A petition from James Griffin, an alien, of St. Mary's county, praying he may be empowered to hold real property, was preferred, read and referred.
Mr. Winder delivered a bill, entitled, an act authorizing Robert Leatherbury, of Somerset county, to complete his collection; which was read.
A petition from Edmund Channel, of the city of Baltimore, praying a divorce, was preferred, read and referred.
Mr. W. H. Brown delivered a bill, entitled, an act for the benefit of James Griffin, of St. Mary's county; which was read.
Ordered, That the bill to alter all such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to the residence of voters, have a second reading on Tuesday the 22d instant.
The house adjourned till to-morrow morning.

FRIDAY, December 11.
The house met. Present as on yesterday. The proceedings of yesterday were read.
The supplement to an act authorizing the collection of certain ground-rents due on lots in the town of Cumberland, was read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.
Mr. Stuart delivered a bill, entitled, an act for the opening and extending of Pratt-street, in the city of Baltimore, which was read.
Mr. Jackson delivered a bill, entitled, an act for the preservation of the breed of wild deer in Somerset county, and a bill, entitled, a supplement to the act to open and extend a road leading from Willingham's bridge, at Princess-Anne-Town, in Somerset county, to the plantation of George Politt, deceased, until it intersects the road leading from Salisbury to Stevens's ferry at the plantation of Joshua Morris, which were read.
Ordered, That the bill to provide for the discharge of insolvent debtors in Baltimore county, have a second reading on Wednesday next.
Mr. Stuart delivered an unfavorable report on the petition of Edmund Channel.

which was twice read; and concurred with.
On motion, the question was put, that the house dispense with the 16th rule thereof? Resolved in the affirmative.
The amendments proposed to the bill for quieting possessions, and securing and confirming the estates of purchasers, were read the second time, agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed.
The report on the petition of Thomas Jackson was read the second time, the resolution therein contained assented to, and sent to the senate.
On motion, the question was put, that leave be given to bring in a bill, entitled, an act to ascertain and establish a permanent salary to the governor, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned? Determined in the negative, yeas 27, nays 32.
On motion, the question was put, that the bill to provide for the discharge of insolvent debtors in Baltimore county, have a second reading on Friday next. Resolved in the affirmative.
The bill to lay out and make a public road in Anne-Arundel county, was read the second time, passed and sent to the senate.
Ordered, That the bill to regulate and discipline the militia of this state, have a second reading on Tuesday next.
On motion, the question was put, that the house resolve itself into a committee of the whole on the supplement to an act, entitled, an act authorizing a lottery for raising a sum of money for the rector and vestry of Saint Thomas's parish, in Baltimore county? Resolved in the affirmative.
The house accordingly resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the said bill, Mr. Winder in the chair; after some time spent therein, the speaker resumed the chair, when Mr. Winder reported that the committee had acted on said bill, and made some amendments and reported the bill as amended.
The house proceeded to the second reading of the said bill, which being read, the question was put, shall the said bill pass? Resolved in the affirmative.
Adjourned.

AMERICAN ELOQUENCE.
The following extracts are from the speech of George Griffin, esq. on the trial *Livingston vs Cheatham* (in N. York) for a libel. This speech, as honorable to the feelings and talents of the orator as truly descriptive of the duties of an editor, will be read with pleasure by the friends of free and honest discussion.
"Yes, gentlemen, the defendant has forced the press to become the disturber of domestic quiet—the assassin of private reputation. Our press gentlemen, was destined for other purposes. It was destined not to violate but to protect the sanctity of private rights. It was kindly ordained by a beneficent providence to inform and expand and dignify the public mind: It was ordained to be the watchful guardian, the undaunted champion of liberty; not that sly word liberty, which some times used *against* *futurus* to allure mankind through the mire and swamps and mountains and precipices of revolution; but that liberty which spreads the banners of its protection over man in the walks of private life, and gives to him the proud consciousness of security in the enjoyment of property, person and character. It is for these high purposes that our press was ordained; but the defendant has rendered it the degraded vehicle of foul defamation. Of this I complain, not merely as counsel for the plaintiff, but as the humble advocate of my country. This is a crime against liberty herself. It is corrupting her sentinel: it is debauching her vestal. There was a time when the press of our country had an exalted character. when at the call of the press the American pulse beat high—when the press was capable of stirring the best blood in American veins—of rousing a nation to glorious enthusiasm—of calling from the plough the scholar, from the haunts of conviviality the man of pleasure, to fight with Washington and a Hamilton the immortal battles of American independence. Why had the press this resistless influence? Because it was then the vehicle of truth. It is published in the news paper was a short exclamation sufficient to silence the cavils of the casuist and remove the doubts of the sceptic. But now our press has lost its character for veracity. The demon of party has forced it to become a prostitute in the service of licentiousness. It requires the avenging arm of a jury to redeem it from its degradation and restore it to its primitive utility and grandeur.
"In his attack on the character of the plaintiff we are constrained to admit that the defendant has been too successful. When so much is said something will be believed: Constant attrition wears away the solid rock. But character, gentlemen, is not made of rock. It is at once the most valuable, and delicate of all human possessions: It is tarnished even by too much handling—"the winds of heaven may not visit it too roughly." The plaintiff has been written down. Any man in society may be written down. No man is proof against the artillery of the press. But has it come to this? Shall the press of our country be indeed converted into a tremendous engine for writing down character? Why, gentlemen, if it is to be thus prostituted, instead of being a blessing it would be a scourge, instead of rendering national thanksgiving for its institution, our country ought to be on bearded

knees in fervent supplication to heaven for its abolition. For it would be a scourge, compared with which, the inquisitorial wheel and revolutionary guillotine would be instruments of mercy."

"I am one of those who believe that the heart of the wilful and the deliberate libeller, is blacker than that of the highway-robber, or his who commits the crime of midnight arson. The man who plunders on the highway, may have the semblance of an apology for what he does. An affectionate wife may want subsistence; a circle of helpless children raise to him the supplicating hand for food. He may be driven to the desperate act by the high mandate of imperative necessity. The mild features of the husband and father may intermingle with those of the robber and soften the roughness of the shade. But the robber of character plunders that which "not enriches him," though it makes his neighbour "poor indeed."—The man who at the midnight hour consumes his neighbour's dwelling, does him an injury which perhaps is not irreparable. Industry may rear another habitation. The storm may indeed descend upon him until charity opens a neighbourly door; the rude wind of Heaven may whistle around his uncovered family. But he looks forward to better days:—he has yet an hook left to hang a hope on. No such consolation cheers the heart of him whose character has been torn from him. If innocent he may look, like Anaxagoras, to the Heavens; but he must be constrained to feel that this world is to him a wilderness. For, whither shall he go? Shall he dedicate himself to the service of his country? But will his country receive him? Will she employ in her councils, or in her armies, the man at whom the "slow & unimoving finger of scorn" is pointed? Shall he break himself to the fire side? The story of his disgrace will enter his own doors before him. And can he bear, think you, can he bear the sympathising agonies of a distressed wife? Can he endure the formidable presence of scrutinizing, sneering domestic? Will his children receive instruction from the lips of a disgraced father? Gentlemen, I am not ranging on fairy ground. I am telling the plain story of my client's wrongs. By the ruthless hand of malice his character has been wantonly miscreased;—and he now appears before a jury of his country for redress. Will you deny him this redress?—Is character valuable? On this point I will not insult you with argument. There are certain things, to argue which is treason against nature. The author of our being did not intend to leave this point aloft at the mercy of opinion but with his own hand has he kindly planted in the soul of man an instinctive love of character. This high sentiment has no affinity to pride. It is the ennobling quality of the soul; and if we have hitherto been elevated above the ranks of surrounding creation, human nature owes its elevation to the love of character. It is the love of character for which they et al. sung, the philo'sopher toiled, the hero bled. It is the love of character which wrought miracles in ancient Greece: the love of character is the eagle on which Rome rose to empire. And it is the love of character animating the bosoms of her sons, on which America must depend in those approaching crisis that may "try men's souls." Will a jury weaken this our nation's hope? Will they, by their verdict pronounce to the youth of our country, that character is scarce worth possessing?

"If these considerations are disregarded, let the jury respect at least the public peace. Let them not drive the defamed to madness—let them not compel him to become the avenger of his own wrongs—to seize with his own hand the sword of justice. I wish to be understood: I allude not to this particular case, but speak in general terms. We read of that philosophy which can smile over the destruction of property—of that religion which enables its possessor to extend the benign look of forgiveness and complacency to his murderers. But it is not in the soul of man to bear the laceration of slander.—The philosophy which could bear it we should despise. The religion which could bear it we should not despise—but we should be constrained to say that "its kingdom was not of this world." Man when calumniated will have redress; he ought to have redress. And when he enters the temple of justice, and spreads before a jury his bleeding character, they insult him with mere nominal damages; if they stamp on the record the tormenting declaration that his character is worth little or nothing—he will not again enter the sanctuary of justice for redress. When injured, he will not go there to be insulted. He will resort to surer means of satisfaction. He will resort to what are called honourable means:—or to assault and battery:—or to the destruction of property;—or to the midnight dagger."

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21.
Arrived, brig Eliza, Holley, 15 days from Nevis, coffee, rum, molasses & honey. Left, brig Eliza, of Norwich, for N. York detained; sloop —, Bradford, for Newport do.; brig Hiram, of Bath, for North Carolina, in 10 days; sch'r —, Butler, for Providence in 3; sloop Caroline, Bowles, for Bermuda in 5; and sch'r —, Cotterill, for Norfolk in 5.
Sloop North Carolina, Andrews, from Washington, N. C. naval stores.
Bel w, last night, the barque William Morris, 14 days from Turks-Island, salt, and one brig. Wind light from the southward.