by a majority of the house of representatives, and two thirds of the senate in congress assembled.

Resolved also, That the governor be, and he hereby is requested to forward the foregoing resolution to each of the senators and representatives from this state, in the congress of the United States, also to the executive of each state in the union, that the same may be laid before their several legislatures for their co-operation in procuring said amendment.

Attest—MARTIN POST, Clerk.

In council, Nov. 6, 1807.

Read and concurred.

Attest—R. C. MALLARY, Secretary.

BILBOA, Oct. 20.

Extract of a letter.—We expect from day to day, an order for prohibiting the exportation of wool.

Upon the 25th of this month 40,000 French troops are expected to march into Spain though Yvun, and to take up their winter quarters in the country: 8000 men are to be quartered in Valladolid; 8000 in Salamanca; 8000 in Cindad Rodirogo; 8000 in Rio Leco; and 3000 in Viteria.

It is generally believed here, that 5000 will proceed to Galicia. It is not known what may be the intention of the French emperor, but it is understood to be certain that these troops are not to proceed to Portugal, as was at first reported.

'Letters from Bayonne, dated the 16th ult. state that the troops which were expected to pass through that place towards Spain, would, according to the general opinion, amount to no less than 100,000 men."

LISBON, October 29.

Extract of a letter.

"I have now to inform you, that the French army assembled at Bayonne, began its march for Spain on the 19th, and it is said, its advanced posts reach within a few leagues of Madrid. The Spanish army already occupies Martela and Bega and its advanced guard reaches to Castro del Sallo. You have no doubt received the Portuguese proclamation, which is considered here as a declaration against your government, and we are anxious to know in what light the English cabinet will view it. All commerce is now at a stand here; many great failures have taken place, and more are expected every day. The house which stopped payment a few days ago, has caused a great sensation among our merchants The packet which arrived from England, brought the mails of the 30th Sept. and 7th Oct. arrived in the Tagus on the 26th, but was obliged to leave it immediately, and proceed to the bar. The departure of the English has caused the lower class of people to commit great outrages. On every corner of the streets, hand bills are posted up, with bitter exclamations against foreigners. If circumstances do not change soon, strangers will not be safe here. This day the English commercial house of ——, which had to receive four hundred thousand crusadoes in this city, was not able, during the whole of the day, to collect ten pounds. They were consequently compelled to declare a bankruptcy. Soldiers are ordered from the interior to this capital, lest any disturbances should take place."

MERCHANTS.

There is not, says Addison, a more useful class of society than *Merchants*. They knit mankind together in a mutual course of good offices, distribute the gifts of nature, find work for the poor, augment the wealth of a nation, and increase the comforts and conveniences of life.

To censure trade,
Or hold her busy people in contempt,
Let none presume.
Trade to the good physician gives his balms;
Gives cheering cordials to th' afflicted heart;
Gives to the wealthy delicacies high;
Gives to the curious works of nature rare;
And when the priest displays, in just discourse,
HIM, the all wise Creator, and declares,
His presence, power & goodness unconfin'd.
'Tis trade, attentive voyager, who fills
His lips with argument.

HUMOROUS.

A wit observed a day or two since, that by reading the word Embargo backwards, it would make *O grab-me!* it is thought that a great number will feel the influence of its *Grab!!*

FEDERAL GAZETTE

AND BALTIMORE DAILY ADVERTISER.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 26.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Hewes,

You will oblige several of your subscribers by publishing the following extract of a letter from a gentleman in Nova Scotia to his friend in Salem, which extract appeared in Poulson's Philadelphia paper of the 8th inst. The facts therein contained are also corroborated by other private letters received from thence—and was announced by the rev. Mr. Pillmore in the pulpit of St. Paul's church, Philadelphia, on the 10th instant.

May it be as a little leaven! may the Lord direct the whole to the promotion of his glory, and the salvation of his dear people.

"MY DEAR FRIEND,

"I take the liberty to write, because I think it will rejoice your heart to hear of the prosperity of Zion. And I long that the glad tidings should spread to the remotest corners of the earth.

"There has been one of the most remarkable reformations here, that ever was known. It has been a *day of Pentecost* indeed—a great day of GOD's power. For about a fortnight it was *Sabbath* all over town—all kinds of labour ceased—vessels stopped loading—stores were shut up—and all, from the least to the greatest, were inquiring, "what they should do to be saved." The meeting-houses were opened night and day: indeed every house was a meeting-house by turns for the *power of* GOD would strike them at home: the house would be thronged directly, and there would be perhaps a dozen converted in a few hours time. They would go directly to their companions and neighbors, and say, "GOD has redeemed my soul; he has taken my feet out of the horrible pit and miry clay, and put a song into my mouth, even praise to GOD: Come, my dear friend, share a part—there is enough, and to share—there is room in my father's kingdom." So it has gone on through the place.—Sometimes there would be a thousand people assembled in one meeting-house, and not a dry eye nor an unconcerned countenance there. The great, the rich, the learned and honorable, as well as the poor and despised, are brought to the sceptre of JESUS; and little children are lisping out the praises of GOD. It is thought there are five hundred brought to the knowledge of the truth."

The Southern Mail arrived so late to-day, that we have not time allowed to put in type the detailed proceedings of the *Prætorian Band*. They have determined on their President and Vice-President—MADISON had 83 of 89 votes for President; CLINTON had 79 for Vice President. When Cæsar is crowned by the nobles, let the people (we mean *the sovereign people!*) acquiesce, as in duty bound. Liberty! Huzza!

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[*TAKEN for the FEDERAL GAZETTE.*]

Washington, January 25.

Proceedings this day.

The Spepker laid before the house a letter from the secretary of state, inclosing an account of the clerks employed in that department; also a letter from the secretary of war. Referred to the committee of ways and means.

Mr. *Newton*, from the committee of commerce and manufactures, made a report on the memorial of the first and second chambers of the city council of Washington, (praying that the city of Washington may be made a port of entry.) The report concludes as follows: Resolved, That the prayer of the petitioners ought not to be granted. Ordered to lie on the table, yeas 46, nays 36.

Mr. *Chandler* said he wished to offer a resolution on the subject of the pay and subsistence of the MILITIA of the United States, when called into actual service. It was true that the law at present provided that they should receive the same pay as the regular army; but it would be recollected that in the regular army there was no officer higher than a brigadier general; of course, there was no provision for the pay of a major general, in case circumstances should render it necessary to call out so great a body of men. It would also be recollected that there was no cavalry in the regular army; and of course there was no provision for the payment of them in the militia. He therefore offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committe be appointed to inquire whether any, and, if any, what alterations are necessary in the laws providing for the pay, subsistence and clothing of the militia of the United States, while in actual service; and that the committee have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

The resolution was agreed to.

Mr. *Campbell*, from the committee of ways and means, reported "a bill making appropriation for the support of the NAVY of the U. States, during the year 1808." Referred to a committee of the whole house on Wednesday.

Mr. *Dawson*, from the select committee, reported "a bill authorising the raising of an additional number of SEAMEN for the service of the U. States." Referred to a committee of the whole on *this day*.

The house immediately went into a committee of the whole on the bill.

Mr. *Dawson* presented a letter from the secretary of the navy, which states, that for the purpose of manning the frigates, gunboats and bomb-ketches, it would require 1272 additional seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys.

Mr. *Dawson* then moved to fill the blank with that number. Agreed to.

Mr. *Macon* moved to strike out that provision of the bill which *authories the president* to employ this additional number of seamen, *in case the exigences of the public service should require it*. He contended, that this would give a power to the president, which ought to be exclusively exercised by the house.

Mr. *Dawson* said, that the committee who framed this bill contemplated this additional number on *war* establishment. The amendment of the gentlemen would place them on the naval *peace* establishment.

Mr. *Dana* said, that the argument of the gentleman from North Carolina, (Mr. Macon) might have applied very well some years ago; but since the year 1801, several instances had occurred in which this course had been pursued. He had been and still was in favor of investing the president with a discretionary power in some cases.

Mr. *Lyon* observed, that he was in favor of the amendment of the gentlemen from North Carolina, although he would probably be in the minority. He said, that the doctrine contended for by that gentleman was the very doctrine contended for by the republicans under federal administrations. This was another instance that those in power would be *Tories*, whether they were democrats or federalists; and that the majorities would always wish to give power to their *Idol*. they were about to do it now, in spite of the constitution, which directed *congress* themselves to raise armies and to provide and maintain a navy. The gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. Dana) was *consistent*; he talked as he used to talk; but others did not, and he was sorry to see men shifting about with every wind. He was in favor of the bill; its object was to keep our seamen at at home. If there was no use for them, he would be willing to pay them, to keep them from going into British service. There could be no excuse for opposing the amendment, as on every hand it must be allowed that it was proper to employ the seamen contemplated; and it seemed to be opposed merely to compliment the executive at the expence of the derilictiion of principles were which formerly near and dear to republicans.

The question was taken on Mr. Macon's amendment, and lost.

The committee of the whole then rose, and reported the bill as amended.

Considerable debate took place on agreeing to the bill as amended in committee of the whole; when a motion was made, that the further consideration of the bill be postponed until to-morrow.

The question was taken by ayes and noes on this motion, and it was lost, ayes 51, noes 64

The question was then taken by ayes and noes on agreeing to the bill, and it was agreed to, ayes 108, noes 10.

Mr. *Taylor* moved to add to the bill: "And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the first day of July next, and no longer."

A motion was made (for the third time) that the house adjourn, and carried, yeas 51, noes 48.

PORT OF BALTIMORE.

Brig Betsy, Bowen, hence at Charleston.

Captain Page arrived at Savannah from Martinique, on the 6th Jan. in lat. 24, 50, long. 75, spoke the ship Triton of Baltimore, from Amsterdam bound to Savannah, in great distress, having four feet water in the hold: the captain and part of the crew had quitted her four days before—the mate and some Dutch passengers on board were trying to get her to Nassau.—Captain Page thinks it probable they succeeded.

From the Merchants' Coffee-House Books.

January 25.

The ship seen sunk in the bay proves to be the William Murdock, captain Brooks from Amsterdam, belonging to and bound to George-town, P. The following is extracted from her log-book. Saturday 23 inst, at 4 P. M. made the land pretty near with Currituck, at half past bore away no Pilot in sight, concluded to stand on, as it was likely to be a dark night and the wind S. E. at half past 8, was abreast of Cape Henry light, at half past 10 was running up the bay. The Ebb tide setting out, the man at the lead having given false soundings the ship struck on the middle ground, the man at the lead giving at the time 7 fathom; the wind blowing fresh the ship struck very hard and continued stricking very hard until two A. M. when she drove off both pumps, found she had 6 feet water in her hold, the ship filling fast got out the boats; at 3 the water was up to the lower deck—left the pumps and got the people and some provisions in the boats and droped astern—at half past 4 the ship went down head foremost, then righted and sunk so low that her quarter rails were nearly under, which induced us at that time to cast off the boats, fearing being sucked down in the vortex—found it was flood tide and that we were driving up the bay; ——— being all of us wet, the weather looking very bad, the wind likely to shift to the N. W. for the preservation of our lives, concluded to make for the western shore, took the boats in tow with the yawl; the wind being fresh from the eastward, we proceeded for N. P. Comfort light, when, by rowing and towing, at 7 got within 4 miles of the point, when we were humanely taken off the boats by the schooner Harriet, capt. Medget, of North-Carolina, bound to Baltimore, who took two of the boats in tow, and ten men on board, the boatswain, and six men having permission to go to Point Comfort to try to get a craft to save what they could from the wreck. The William Murdock sailed from the Texel the 15th Nov. in ballast. Dec. 20, in lat. 30, 48, long. 89 1-2, spoke schr. Mary, Tenant, from Leghorn for Boston, out 67 days. Jan. 6, in long. 62, lat. 30, brig Minerva, from New York to Curracoa, out 12 days. 18th, lat. 32, 28, long. 68, schr. Mentor, of East-Hudson, 4 days from Bermuda, for Baltimore.

A stated quarterly meeting of the Baltimore Mechanical vlounteers will be held at Peck's hotel on Saturday evening next, at 6 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.

JOS. K. STAPLETON, Sec'ry.

January 26.

St. Mary's College Lottery.

THIRTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING.

No. 19824, prize of 1500 dollars, first drawn blank after 6000 tickets.

No. 13227, prize of	1000,
13583,	500,
9719,	200,
15442,	100,
4039,	50—& 159 of 12.

The next days drawing to be this afternoon at three o'clock.

SAML. VINCENT, } Clerks to the
GEO. DOBBIN, } Managers.

Jan 26. 1t

☞ The Schr. NORFOLK,



Captain DEAGLE,

Will leave Bowly's wharf, on THURSDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock, wind and weather permitting.

January 26. d2t

Notice.

The subscriber intends te apply to Baltimore county court, at its next session, for the benefit of the insolvenet law, passed at November session, 1805.

JAMES WEST.

January 25. d2m

First Ward Election.

Notice is hereby given, that an election for sixteen delegates to the convention of the city of Baltimore to adopt or reject the proposed alterations of the city charter will be held on Monday next, the first of February, at Nathan Hussey's Tavern, forward street.

THOMAS MUMMEY, } Judges of
SAMUEL FREY, } the First
FRED'K GRAPEWINE. } Ward.

January 26. d5t

Second Ward

Notice is hereby given, that an election for the ward will be held on Monday next at Fulton's Inn, for 16 delegates to the convention to adopt or reject the proposed amendments to the charter of the city of Baltimore

GEO. HOFFMAN, } Judges
ROBERT CARY LONG, } of the 2d
LUKE THOMAS, } Ward.

January 26. d5t

The Voters of the 3d Ward,

Will take notice, that an election will be held at James Bryden's the first Monday in next Month in order to elect sixteen delegates to the convention of the city of Baltimore, to adopt or reject the proposed alterations of the city charter.

WM. BAKER, } Judges of
PHILIP LITTIG, } the Third
MICHAEL CONRAD, } Ward.

January 25. d5t

Fourth Ward Election.

Notice is hereby given, that an election for sixteen delegates to the convention of the city of Baltimore, to adopt or reject the proposed alterations of the city charter, will be held on Monday next, the first day of February, at the Maryland Insurance Office, South street.

JAMES CLARK, } Judges of
A. FONERDEN, } the fourth
JOHN HILLEN, } ward.

January 26. d5t

Sixth Ward Election.

Notice is hereby given, that an election for sixteen delegates to the convention of the city of Baltimore, to adopt or reject the proposed alteration of the city charter, will be held on Monday next, the first day of February, at John Coxe's tavern, in High street.

WILLIAM CARMAN, } Judges of
M'L. DIFFENDERFFER, } the Sixth
JAMES WILSON. } Ward.

January 26. d5t

Seventh Ward Election.

Notice is hereby given, that an election for sixteen delegates to the convention of the city of Baltimore, to adopt or reject the proposed alteration of the city charter, will be held on Monday next, the first day of February, at the Apollo Hotel.

GEORGE HUSSEY, } Judges of
PATRICK BENNET, } the 7th
JOHN DALRYMPLE, } Ward.

January 26. d5t

City Election.

The friends to the Charter, under which the city has prospered beyond the most sanguine expectation, propose the following gentlemen as suitable persons to represent them in the convention, to be elected on Monday next.

First Ward.

Conrad Reimcker,
William Winchester.

Second Ward.

Richardson Stewart,
Erasmus Uhler.

Third Ward.

Peter Hoffman,
Levi Hollingsworth.

Fourth Ward.

Christopher Raborg,
David Armour.

Fifth Ward.

Daniel Howland,
Joseph Townsend.

Sixth Ward.

George Ackerman,
John Diffenderffer.

Seventh Ward.

Ludwick Herring,
Patrick Bennett.

Eighth Ward.

Job Smith,
Thomas Cole.

January 26. d5t

Farmers & Others Attend!—

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL GIVE CASH AND *The highest Price for*

CLEAN COMBED

Hog's BRISTLES,

At his Brush Manufactory, No. 180, Baltimore-street, directly opposite to the Union Bank.

☞ Where may be had a general assortment of BRUSHES, wholesale and retail.

JOSEPH K. STAPLETON.

January 26. eo4t

For Sale.

The subscribers have received

42 *HHDS. and 3 TIERCES, of the*

First quality SUGAR,

Which are in the store of Mr Clagett, corner of Howard and Fayette-streets.

KENT & BROWNE,

In the absence of the subscribers, any person wishing to see the Sugars, will please to call at Messrs. E. & T. Finley's.

January 26. d6t

St. Mary's College Lottery.

Thirteenth Day's Drawing.

No 19894 first drawn blank, 1500 Dollars,

13227 prize of	1000,
13583	500,
9719	200,
15442	100,
4039	50,

And 158 prizes of $12 each.

The 1500, and the 1000 dollar prizes were both sold at WAITE'S—in halves, quarters and eighths. The 500, and the 100 dollar prizes were, also, sold at WAITE'S—in whole tickets.

Where the Fortunate holders may have their money on application immediately.

There are very few more Tickets yet unsold and if the capital Prize of $30,000 should remain in the wheel many days, they will be advanced to a very high price, at present they may be had at G. & R. WAITE'S *Truly Fortunate* Lottery Office, corner of Charles and Market streets, at

Whole,	12 Dollars
Half	6
Quarters	3
Eighths	1 50 cts.

January 26.

Guest, Atterbury & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

163 Packages of Goods

Consisting of,

Callicoes & Chintzes,
Fancy worked Muslins,
Laced & Lappet do.
Coloured & Embossed do.
Laced Cambric Shawls,
Dimities, Ginghams,
White & Printed Quiltings,
Men's and Women's Cotton & Silk Hose,
Madras and Pullicat Handk'fs.
Cotton Laces, &c

A considerable part of the above, have just been received by arrivals at New-York and Philadelphia, and the whole are entitled to drawback.

December 21. eo

M'Neale and Neilsons

Have received per ship Richmond, from Leghorn, and offer for sale,

Oil in chests of 30 flasks each,
Do. in cases of 12 bottles each,
Corsica Wine in half pipes,
Carrants in tierces,
Camels Hair,
Writing Paper,
Silk Hats,
Sewing Silk and Lutestrings,
Bologna Crapes,
Cream of Tartar and Sena.

ON HAND,

Coffee,
Castile Soap,
Champagne, Burgundy } in cases of 1 dozen each,
Claret, first and second quality, in cases of 2 dozen each,
Estopillas,

And an assortment of French Goods, consisting of Cambrick, Taffetas, Gloves, Hose, Fans, &c. &c.

January 25. d12t

Lisbon SALT.

Just arrived from Norfolk, per the schr. Harriot, captain Butler, and now afloat,

2,000 bushels SALT.

FOR SALE BY

CORNTHWAIT & YARNALL,

83, Bowly's wharf.

1st mo. 25th. d4t

A SMALL CARGO OF

Coarse Liverpool, or Ground Allum SALT,

Just arrived in the schooner President, captain Walker, from Norfolk, will be sold on reasonable terms, if immediate application is made to. HUGH THOMPSON.

January 25. d4t‡

For Sale by

Levi Hollingsworth,

The Cargo of the brig Fair American, from Guadaloupe,

250 bags Green Coffee,
145 hhds. } Muscovado SUGAR.
12 bbls. }

January 22. d4t‖

By order of the orphans Court

OF CHARLES COUNTY.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber of Charles county, state of Maryland hath obtained letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas A. Dyson, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims, against the said deceased, are herby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to Thomas Price, living near the Hill Top in Charles county Maryland, on or before the first day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of January 1808. JUDITH C DYSON,

Adm'x of Thomas A. Dyson.

January 9, 1808. 1aw3w

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of the city of Baltimore, hath obtained from the orphan's court of Baltimore county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Amos Underhill, late of New-York, deceased.:—All persons having clams, against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the requisite vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 13th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 13th day of January, 1808. JOHN P. PLEASANTS,

Adm'r

January 13 1aw12J

I hereby forwarn all persons from Cutting, Carting, Raking, or committing any tresspass on any part of my Lands, lying in Hallies and Elizabeth Manors, or Beckquith's Lodge in St. Mary's county. Also, from Fishing either with net, or otherwise from fowling or hunting either with dog or gun, or committing any tresspass whatever on any part of my Land, lying in Piney Neck, in said county. MORDECAI JONES.

December 22. 1aw6t

Farms and Lots to be Leased

To be Leased on a Ground Rent, for ninety-nine years, renewable forever,

Sundry LOTS, and Small FARMS, lying on the Frederick Turnpike Road, on the Elk-Ridge Landing Road, and Cross Roads, leading from one to the other: distant not three miles from the city of Baltimore, and commanding a view of the harbor, and bay.

These Lands, are generally in wood; good water is found at a little distance from the surface; and the situation is high, and healthy. As these Lands are laid out in a village extending from the Frederick Road to the Elk-Ridge Landing Road, a good neighborhood will soon be established; and persons who may wish to shelter their families, from the diseases of a town in summer, may be accommodated with one to twenty acres, affording all the advantages of an agreeable country residence; without an advance of cash for the first purchase. There are two streams of water passing through the Land, which render several of the Lots convenient for Butchers, Graziers, or Cow-keepers.

There is a fine quarry of Stone, and some sand on the premises, so that buildings may be erected cheap A plat may be seen and the terms made known, by applying to Mr. Sam. Green, surveyor, No. 40, High street, Old-Town; to Mr. Walter Roe, 46, South-street, or to

RICHARD CATON,

Attorney for the Parties

November 9. d4t-1aw

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

Good Printing Ink,

(FORTY-FIVE CENTS PER POUND.)

IN SMALL KEGS.