FEDERAL GAZETTE
AND BALTIMORE DAILY ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4.

The National Intelligencer received today, contradicts the account of Burr and Blannerhassett having arrived at Cillicothe —and says, it is "*whispered*" at Chillicothe that the conspirrtors were assembling at N. Orleans.

CONGRESS.

[*TAKEN for the FEDERAL GAZETTE.*]
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
February 3.
Proceedings this day.

The message from the President (received yesterday) was read, transmitting a copy of the late decrees of the British government. The message was as follows:—

To the Senate and house of Representatives of the U. States.

"Having received an official communication of certain orders of the British government against maritime rights of neutrals, bearing date the 11th November, 1807, I transmit them to Congress, as a further proof of the increasing dangers to our navigation and commerce which led to the provident act of the present session laying an embargo on our own vessels.

TH: JEFFERSON.

February 2.

Mr. *Dana* moved that the message and documents be referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.

Mr. *Love* moved that it be referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. *Rowan* hoped it would lie on the table. Nothing could be done with it when referred to the committee. The President had only intended by transmitting these documents, to shew the policy of the embargo measure. It was probable that in the course of a few days the President might feel it his duty to make some communication relative to the workings of France on the same subject. By referring this message to any committee, it would excite anxiety in the public mind.

Mr. *Love* was unwilling to excite public apprehension; but he wished this subject to be referred to a committee of the whole on the state of the Union, in order that it might be acted on at some future period. He could not attribute to the executive department a wish to give a popular tone to any measure of the government. He considered the message as a manly expression of opinion; and he could not consent to cast an odium upon it, particularly when so congenial to the general sentiment of the nation.

Mr. *Smilie* contended that these documents were too important to be referred to a select committee. He acknowledged that we must know something more about the state of the negociation before we could act upon the subject; but he wished them to be referred to a committee of the whole on the state of the union, in order that they might be acted on when circumstances should require.

They were then referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the union, yeas 87.

Mr. *Van Rensellaer*, from the select committee, presented "a bill for the relief of Samuel Whiting," which was referred to a committee of the whole house.

Mr. *Poindexter* submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed be appointed to inquire whether any, and, if any, what alterations are necessary in the act entitled "an act for laying and collecting duties on imports and tonnage in the territory ceded to the U. S by the treaty of the 30th April, 1803, between the U. S. and the French republic, and for other purposes;" and that the committee have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr *Poindexter* observed, that his object in offering this resolution was to repeal the eleventh section of that law That section had been added, under a belief that the district of country called West Florida was ceded by the above mentioned treaty. Whether our pretensions to that country had been relinquished or not, it was certainly relinquished: the consequence was, that citizens of the U. S. trading on the Tombigbee were obliged to pay a duty of 25 per cent. on articles the growth or produce of the U. S. to the Spanish government. This, he insisted, was an unconstitutional grievance, and not to be submitted to. He wished the resolution to be referred to a select committee, in order that it might be acted on immediately.

Mr. Dana, moved that it be referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.

M. Macon moved that it be referred to the committee of ways and means. Agreed to.

The house then took up Mr. Sloan's resolution, for the removal of the seat of government to Philadelphia.

Mr. Lewis's motion to postpone the resolution indefinitely, under consideration.

Considerable debate took place on the resolution. Messrs. Gardenier & Bacon, spoke in favor of it, and Messrs. Eppes and Love, against it.

The house adjourned without coming to any decision.

[The *arguments* used on the subject were *few*, although the *speeches* were *long*. The principal ones against the resolution were, that the congress had no constitutional right to remove the seat of government; that the law expressly declared that this should be the *permanent* seat of government; that the words of the constitution naturally inferred the same thing; that by removing it, the faith of the nation would be violated; that if once removed, it could be removed again; that hundreds of people would be thereby ruined; that congress ought not to assemble in a large city; that they could be as well accommodated here as in Philadelphia; and that the continual motions made to remove, was the cause of retarding the growth of this city. On the other hand it was contended, that as there was no such expression in the constitution as the word *permanent* as it respected the seat of government, congress had a right to repeal a LAW; that one congress had no right to fix where another should assemble; that this city was a continual sinking fund to the nation; that it was a child of *speculation*; that the members of congress could not be accommodated; & that experience had shewn, that it would never be a place of any consequence. A great concourse of people attended the house.]

St. Mary's College Lottery.
Seventeenth Day's Drawing.
Prize of 200.
No. 3695.
Prizes of 100.
No. 12164.
Prizes of 50.
Nos. 2147 18950 5200 10439 6186 11208.
And 156 Prizes of 12.
Gain this day 2528.

☞ The next drawing will be this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

SAMUEL VINCENT. } Clerks to the
GEORGE DOBBIN, } Managers.

PORT OF BALTIMORE.

ENTERED,

Brig Eliza Vickery, Cathall, Charleston
Sch'r Charles, Lincoln, Boston
Providence, Cowper, Norfolk

From the Merchants' Coffee-House Books.
February 4.

Arrived, schr. John and Elsy, Murphy, 22 days from Guadaloupe, sugar, T and S. Hollingsworth.

Also, schr. Charles, Lincoln, 10 days from Boston, salt and rum—N. F. Williams.

Also. Sweedish brig Abo, ———, 10 days from Cape Francois, coffee,

February 4.

Arrived, schr. Valona, Long, 17 days from La Vera Cruz—logwood, &c. John Donnall and Isaac M'Kim. Left there, 18th Jan. schr. Matchless, Collins, of Baltimore for N. Orleans in 18 days; schr. Superior, Forbs, do. arrived 1st Jan.; schr. Darne, Weeks, ditto, do,: sprung her bowsprit in the passage. Schr. Collector. Mayhew, of N. York, to sail in 3 days; Hamilton, Richards, do. 3 days, both for Charleston; schr. William and Mary, Taggart, of Philad. waiting cargo, expected to sail in 6 days; and 6 New-Orleans brigs and 2 ship names unknown. Sailed in co. with brig ——, Green of N. York for Europe, saw an American brig going in as he came out. On the outward bound passage Valona saw a schr. sunk laying on her side near Bermuda.

Sale by Auction.

Will be added to our sale to morrow at 12 o'clock, without reserve.
20 Barrels New Orleans PORK, and
25 Kegs of POWDER.
R. LEMMON & Co. Auct'r.
Feb. 5

Sale by Auctoin.

TO MORROW MORNING,
The 5th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Gay-street dock, will be sold,
The CARGO, of the Blanchy from Martinique, consisting of
40 hhds. } Choice Muscovado Sugar.
1 tierce }
29 tierces } First quality Green
59 bbls. } COFFEE.
R. LEMMON & CO. Auct'rs.
February 4.

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW,
At 12 o'clock, at the corner of Fayette and Eutaw-streets, will commence the sale of a variety of
Household and Kitchen Furniture;
And a parcel of COOPERS' STUFF.
VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs.
February 4.

For Boston.



The staunch Brig
SAMUEL,
Alexander Newcomb, master;
For freight or passage, apply to the master on board, at Bowly's wharf.
Who has for sale on board,
Mould Candles,
Soap,
Mackeral, whole and half bbls.
Salmon, in bbls. and kegs,
Smoaked Herrings, in barrels and boxes,
Tongues and Sounds, in kegs,
Lobsters, in kegs,
Cyder,
1 pipe Country Gin,
Pickled Cod Fish,
Pickels,
Cheese.
February 4. d4t$

SALT Afloat.

1500 Bus Coarse Lisbon,
1700 Bus. Coarse Liverpool.
Wich will be sold on liberal terms if taken from on board. Apply to
CORNTHWAIT & YARNALL,
2d mo. 4th. d4t

For Sale,

50 boxes Italian Shaving Soap,
100 qr. casks choice Lisbon Wine,
10 pipes }
10 hhds } Genuine Port do.
10 qr. casks }
4 pipes Old London P. Madeira do.
7000 bushels Lisbon and Isle of May Salt,
40 quintals sheet Cork,
20 bales Velvet bottle Corks,
Apply to
ROBERT BARRY,
No. 12, North Gay-street
January 28 d6t

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,
Good Printing Ink,
(FORTY-FIVE CENTS PER POUND.)
IN SMALL KEGS.

City Commissioner's-office,

BALTIMORE, 4th Feb. 1808.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
That the City Commissioners will meet on Wednesday next, the 10th inst. half past 9 o'clock, A M. to establish the Northernmost boundary line of a Lot or parcel of ground, situate on the West side of Holliday-street, conveyed by John R. Holliday to James Sloan on the 24th day of October, 1789, which said parcel of ground had been before leased by said Holliday to George M'Candless by indenture bearing date the 11th day of Sept. 1783.

They will also meet on Thursday the 11th inst. half past 9 o'clock, A. M. to establish the dividing line between Lots No 940 & No. 939, being in the South East addition to Baltimore-town.

Those who are interested are requested to attend with the Surveyor, land marks and papers, necessary to establish the same.

By order, SAMUEL VINCENT, Clk.
February 4. d4t

OVERSEER.

An industrious. Capable MAN, well recommended, is wanted immediately, as overseer of Never Die Plantation, in the Barrens of Baltimore county.

Apply to Mrs. S. C. O'DONNELL.
North Gay-street.
January 4. d

By Virtue of several Deeds

of Trust, executed to me, by Robert Smock for the benefit of his creditors, on the 20th day of October, 1798, will be exposed to public sale, at the auction room of Van Wyck and Dorsey, in the city of Baltimore, On MONDAY, the 11th day of April next, at the hour of 10 o'clock, for cash,

All the estate, right, title, interest and claim of the said Robert Smock, of, in and to the following LANDS, to wit:

4 Tracts of Land, adjoining, lying on the river Delaware, in Otsego County, in the state of New-York, with sundry valuable improvements thereon, viz: a Water-grist Mill, Saw Mill, &c. One of which tracts contain, 197 acres. One other 114 1-2 acres. One other 208 acres, and the other 167 1-2 acres.

An undivided part of a tract of Land, lying in the county of Bedford, &c in the state of Pennsylvania supposed to contain 35,000 acres

3 Tracts of Land, lying in the Triangular District, in the state Pennsylvania, containing 400 acres each.

An undivided 1-3 part of nine Tracts of Land, lying in the state of Pennsylvania, supposed to contain upwards of 2000 acres.

One undivided 78th part of a Tract of Land containing 28 acres near Connestogo Valley, in the state of Pennsylvania, upon which there is a lime stone quarry.

Several Lots of Ground, in the City of Philadelphia, above Twelfth-street in Market & Filbert streets.

6 Tracts of Land in Randolph county, state of Virginia, containing 400 acres each.

1 Other Tract of Land in the county and state aforesaid, containing 1000 acres.

1 Other Tract in the said county, containing 10,000 acres.

1 Other Tract in the said county, containing 2,000 acres.

A Lot of Land contiguous to Alexandria, in the state of Virginia, supposed to contain between 2 and 3 acres.

A Lot of Land, contiguous to Alexandria, bounded by Jefferson and Water-streets and the river Potomac.

A moiety of a Lot of Land in Loudon county, called the Gum Spring Distillery, containing about 3 acres, with the improvements and utensils.

An undivided moiety of a Tract of Land, containing 18,150 acres, contiguous to Columbia in the state of South-Carolina.

And two Tracts of Land, lying upon St. Mary's River, in the state of Georgia, containing together 25,000 acres.

The title papers will be lodged at the auction room on the day of sale, and previous to that time may be seen on application to
ISAAC M'PHERSON.
February 4. 1aw8t

PROPOSALS

BY SAMUEL JEFFERIS, Baltimore,
For publishing by subscription, a new edition of DEAN's Analytical Guide to the
Art of Penmanship;
Revised, improved and enlarged. By HENRY DEAN, professor of Penmanship, author of the Penman's Assistant, Printer's Academical Companion, Introduction to the Art of Writing, &c.

———"Populumque falsis
Dedocet uti literis." HOR.

Extract from the Monthly Anthology and Boston Review for August 1, 1807.

A long attention devoted to successful practice and instruction of Penmanship, confer on him an undoubted right to be heard on this subject.

We cannot but think this work possesses higher claims to public attention, than any hitherto published in our country on the subject; as, added to the author's own experience, he confesses to have availed himself of the most splendid works published, with a view of illustrating the "diplomatic art." The rules of distance and proportion are as concise as the nature of the alphabet admits, and are exemplified by specimens handsomely and accurately engraved. Mr Dean has also rendered his work valuable by much curious historical information of the origin and progress of writing & printing, and of the several claims of the ancients to the invention of these valuable arts. The work is written in an agreeable style, & is worth the perusal of those whose long habits of scrawling render a recurrence to the first principles of penmanship tedious, if not impossible.

Extract from the Port Folio, published at Philadelphia, November 21st, 1807

This work, where the author avails himself of the labours of Astle and others, is compiled judiciously and where he trusts to his own genius, is laboured successfully. His work, which deserves extensive patronage, is a valuable guide to the acquirement of an art useful and ornamental. The engravings are well executed: Those designs by Miss Payne, a young lady of Boston, are eminently ingenious and beautiful. The author's theory is subtle and scientific. Parts of it, however, appear to be calculated rather for proficients than pupils; but the practical portion of this work we think well calculated for the improvement of the Tyro. The number of literary and mercantile subscribers to this ingenious quarto, is no defective proof of the rank which the author holds in the opinion of his judges, and we understand that the system is sufficiently popular.

This work will consist of three parts.

1. An historical account of the origin and progress of letters, their progressive improvement, their present state, and the principles upon which they were originally constructed; the introduction, progress, and present state of writing in England and the United States of America; the origian and use of stenography or short hand writing; the materials for writing upon, and the instruments used in the different ages.

2. The art of Penmanship, its various improvements, its present state and its principles exemplified by a variety of useful and ornamented engravings, exhibiting letters, and sections of letters which form the basis and finish the construction of a complete system of practical penmanship. The examples are correctly executed, and in progressive order for the learner to pursue; accompanied by plain and familiar directions. The system being founded upon practical experience, the art is made attainable in much less time, and greater perfection, than by any other method in present use. The principles are so simplified and certain in their effect, that any who are desirous to write a regular and correct hand, may, by the help of this guide alone, without the assistance of a master, obtain that object in any one hand, or all the variety of hands.

3. An account of the origin and progress of printing, explaining the true method of forming letters by scale, to any dimensions, with geometrical problems, illustrated by examples beautifully ornamented.

CONDITIONS.

1st This edition will be considerably enlarged, an elegant frontispiece and a number of plates added; it will be comprised in a handsome quarto volume, printed equal to hot-pressed wort, on a type entirely new and on fine vellum paper.

2d. The work will be delivered to subscribers in boards at three dollars: their names will be printed in the volume Those who subscribe for six copies, or procure that number of subscribers, and account for them, shall be entitled to a seventh copy gratis.

3d. In some of the plates added to the addition will be presented a variety of specimens, engraved from the hand writing of his present pupils, containing the most modern approved forms used in business. The principles of Milns, Butterworth, Langford, and the most celebrated masters of the art, will be correctly exhibited, and the recent improvements, in adapting these principles to a course of succesful practice clearly elucidated.

The subscription will be closed on the 1st of 4th month (April) next when those who are entrusted with subscription papers are requested to return them to the publishers.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The art of writing is of such remote antiquity, so obviously useful, and its beauties, when gracefully exhibited, so universally admired that it seems almost unnecessary to employ arguments to establish its claim to the particular attention of an enlightened public.

No one denies its importance in the busy spheres of life, and so intimately is it connected with the attainment of polite and useful knowledge, that wherever science is cultivated it is necessarily considered an essential introductory acquisit on. Not only professional men and men of busines are dependent on this necessary art, but all ranks and conditions of society, even those who have not enjoyed the opportunities of acquiring it themselves, are materially benefited by its general effect.

It is therefore no longer a subject of enquiry and speculation whether the art of penmanship be desirable attainment, whether it be worth labour and expence necessary for acquiring it, or how we may, at any rate, avail ourselves of its benefits. But the question now is, how may it be attained with the least expence of time, and in that perfection which exhibits it to the best advantage?

The author had observed, with regret, that this indispensable branch of education was much neglected, few persons acquiring it in a degree of perfection proportioned to the rank which it ought to hold in the circle of elegant and polite accomplishments This neglect has probably been owing to the labour and length of time usually required for this purpose, under the common loose and unsystematic modes of instruction. Nor can he, with all his undissembled fondness for his favorite pursuit, refuse to applaud the good sense of those who are unwilling to devote whole years, of our short life, to an art in which he confesses that no more than a very moderate portion of skill is absolutely necessary for our ordinary occasions

This work is offered to the public with a view of introducing a new method of instructing, calculated not only to lessen the labour but to abridge the period of time usually spent in learning the art of penmanship. He has endeavored to ascertain, with precision, the true principles of art, and to the candid and intelligent, he ventures the assertion, that the practical effect of his improvements has been verified and confirmed by the actual experience of himself and others. There is no hesitation in saying, that the system, taken in the whole, is entirely different from any now practised either in this or other countries

He deems it unnecessary, in this place, to enter into the details of the plan. The leading principles are to reduce the letters of the alphabet to as few elements as possible, consistently with their practical application, and to conduct the pupil by regular advances from the simplest elements to the most complex and refined ornaments of penmanship

To ascertain and mature this method, the author has for some years past made the art of penmanship almost the sole object of his study, and instead of dividing his attention among the various branches of common school education, devoted his time and industry to that alone.

He introduces the work to the public with no other recommendations than its intrinsic merit, by which alone it must stand or fall, and recommends it not as a speculative theory, but as a completely matured system, adequate to the purpose for which it was intended, and successfully demonstrated by experiment — He submits it to the nicest criticism, which is ever the most candid.

HENRY DEAN.
February 4. 2aw4t

Baltimore Cotton Manufactory.

This Manufactory will go into operation, in all this month, where a number of boys and girls from 8 to 12 years of age are wanted, to whom constant employment and encouraging wages will be given: also, work will be given out to women at their homes, and WIDOWS, will have the preference in all cases, where work is given out, and satisfactory recommendations will be expected.

This being the first essay of the kind, in this city, it is hoped that those citizens having a knowledge of families who have CHILDREN destitute of employ, will do an act of Public benefit, by directing them to this institution.

Applications will be received by Thomas White, at the Manufactory near the Friend's Meeting-house, Old Town, or by the subscriber. ISAAC BURNESTON,
No. 196, Market-street
January 4. d1m

EDUCATION.

The Rev. WALTER D ADDISON, of Prince George's county, near Alexandria, will accommodate at his house, and instruct in the Latin and Greek Languages, Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, eight young Gentlemen. For terms apply to Philip Rogers, esq. of Baltimore.
February 3 2aw2m

St. Mary's College Lottery.

Eighteenth Day's Drawing.
Prize of 200 Dollars.
No. *3695
Prize of 100 Dollars.
No. *12164.
Prizes of 50 Dollars
Nos. 2147 5200 6186 10439 11208 18950.
Those marked thus (*) were sold at G. & R. WAITE'S *Truly Fortunate* Lottery Office, corner of Charles and Market streets

There are very few more Tickets yet unsold and may be had at 13 Dollars, each, until FRIDAY, next, the 5th instant, when if there should remain any unsold on Friday, they will advance to 14 dollars.
February 4. d

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Baltimore county, letters of administration on the estate of Henry Gartner, late of Baltimore county, deceased: All persons having claims against the estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, on or before the 3d day of August next, and those indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

THOMAS MAREAN, Adm'r.
February 4. 2aw6w

Notice is hereby given.

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans' court of Baltimore county, letters of administration on the estate of *Benjamin May*, late of Baltimore, deceased: all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, on or before the 4th day of August next; and those indebted, are requested to make immediate payment to

ANDREW CLOPPER, Adm'r.
February 4 2aw6w

Baltimore Fire Insurance

The great importance of this institution to the state generally as well as to this city in particular requires the deliberate attention of Gentlemen in the choice of Directors.

A liberal independent and enlightened board of Directors ought to be selected. And as the interests of this company may interfere with that of other companies, but more especially with the *Equitable Insurance Company*, it is hoped that Stockholders will carefully avoid electing any director of that company to be a director of this.

The following respectable persons are nominated by a STOCKHOLDER.

James Calhoun,
Henry Payson,
Andrew Ellicott,
William Lorman,
Hezekiah Waters,
George Stiles,
Isaac Tyson,
John Hollins,
Solomon Etting,
Joseph Blays,
Patrick Bennett,
Samuel Hollingsworth.
February 4. d4t

Baltimore Insurance Fire Company.

Many stockholders are of opinion, notwithstanding an illiberal insinuation to the contrary, that it will be very proper to have some of the directors of the Equitable Insurance Company in the direction of this; because this institution originated with them, and but for them this would not now be in existence, and they never contemplated any jarring interests between the two: The following gentlemen, therefore, are recommended as directors, and will be strongly supported:

Mark Pringle, Isaac Tyson,
Henry Payson, James Armstrong,
Adam Fonerden, Wm. Norris, P Street,
Andrew Ellicot. Humphrey Pierce,
Michael Diffenderfer. Joseph Blays,
George Decker John Oyston.
Feb. 4. d4t

By order of the orphans Court

OF CHARLES COUNTY,

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber of Charles county, state of Maryland hath obtained letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas A. Dyson, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims, against the said deceased, are herby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to Thomas Price, living near the Hill Top in Charles county Maryland, on or before the first day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of January 1808. JUDITH C. DYSON,
Adm'x of Thomas A. Dyson.
January 9, 1808. 1aw3w

I hereby forwarn all persons

from Cutting, Carting, Raking, or committing any tresspass on any part of my Lands, lying in Hallies and Elizabeth Manors, or Beckwith's Lodge in St. Mary's county. Also, from Fishing either with net, or otherwise from fowling or hunting either with dog or gun, or committing any tresspass whatever on any part of my Land, lying in Piney Neck, in said county. MORDECAI JONES.
December 22. 1aw6t

Department of State,
23d Jan. 1808.

MERCHANTS and others wishing to forward letters to Europe are informed that a vessel under the orders of the government, will sail from New-York on the 10th day of February, or as soon thereafter as possible, which will deliver at L'Orient & Falmouth all such letters as may be respectively consigned to those ports, or to other places through the same.

The potage on the letters must be paid to New-York.

POST OFFICE, Baltimore,
January 27, 1808.

The public are hereby informed, that letters will be received at this office, to be conveyed by the vessel above mentioned, until 7 o'clock, A. M. on the 7th of February next. CHARLES BURRALL.