the hills obliquely by which circumstance a great proportion of the route occupies the sides of hills which cannot be safely passed on a road of common breadth, and where it will, in the opinion of the commissioners be necessary by digging, to give the proper form to thirty feet at least in the breadth of the road, to afford suitable security in passing on a way to be frequently crouded with waggons moving in opposite directions, with transports of emigrant families, and droves of cattle, hogs, &c. on the way to market.

Considering therefore that a road on those grounds must have sufficient breadth to afford ways & water courses, & satisfied that nothing short of well constructed and completely finished conduits can secure it against injuries which must otherwise render it impassable at every change of the seasons by heavy falls of rain or melting of the beds of snow, with which the country is frequently covered; the commissioners beg leave to say, that in a former report they estimated the expense of a road on these grounds when properly shaped, made and finished in the style of a stone covered turnpike, at six thousand dollars per mile, exclusive of bridges over the principal streams on the way; and that with all the information they have since been able to collect they have no reason to make any alteration in that estimate.

The contracts authorised, and which have been taken under the superintendance of the commissioner, Thomas Moore (duplicates of which accompany this report) whill shew what has been undertaken relative to clearing the timber and brush from part of the breadth of the road. The performance of these contracts was in such forwardness on the first instant, as leaves no doubt of their being completely fulfilled by the first of March.

The commissioners further state, that to aid them in the extension of the route, they run and marked a straight line, from the crossing place on the Monongahala to Wheeling, and had progressed twenty miles with their usual and necessary lines of experiment in ascertaining the shortest and best connection of practicable grounds, when the approach of winter and the shortness of the days afford no expectation that they could complete the location without a needless exposure in the most inclement season of the year: and presuming that the postponement of the remaining part till the ensuing spring would produce no delay in the business of making the road, they were induced to retire from it for the present.

The great length of time already employed in this business makes it proper for the commissioners to observe, that in order to connect the best grounds with that circumspection which the importance of the duties confided to them demand, it becames indispensibly necessary to run lines of experiment and reference in various directions, which exceed an average of four times the distance located for the rout, that through a country so irregularly broken, and crouded with very thick underwood in many places, the work has been found so incalculably tedious, that without an adequate idea of the difficulty it is not easy to reconcile the delay.

It is proper to mention that an imperious call from the private concerns of commissioner Joseph Kerr, compelled him to return home on the 29th of November, which will account for the want of his signature to this report.

All which is, with due defference submited this fifteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

ELIE WILLIAMS.
THOMAS MOORE.

FEDERAL GAZETTE

AND BALTIMORE DAILY ADVERTISER

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27.

DISPATCHES.

The dispatches from Mr. Rose for his government, reached New-York on the 23d: the Norton was to sail with them on the 24th. Messrs. Nourse and Lewis were to sail in the Osage about the same time; the one with dispatches to Mr. Pinckney, at London; the other, to gen. Armstrong, in France. It is supposed the Osage will sail direct to L'Orient. What the nature of these dispatches is, our secret-hating administration will not permit us to make known. When a candid, an honorable and impartial spirit pervaded the late federal administration, every democrat incessantly exclaimed, "There ought to be no governmental secrets:" The federalists were slandered out of office. Now every thing is secret, hidden and mysterious—save only an invincible hatred of Britain.

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Our letters from Washington to-day convey intelligence of the highest importance [See congress head]. The president has at length fairly taken upon himself the responsibility of recommending the raising an army of THIRTY THOUSAND men. A number of *French officers* are said to have arrived at New-Orleans. We pretend not to understand these things; but give them promptly, and as they are. Nor can we say WHY there shall be no such officer as *commander in chief!!*

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TICKET, No. 7001,

Drawn yesterday a prize of 10,000 dolls. in St. Mary's College Lottery, was sold at G. & R. WAITE's Truly Fortunate Lottery Office, corner of Market and Charles-streets, to Mr. Edward Morgan of this city.

COMMUNICATION.

Mr. Hewes,

The real friends of the United States must feel highly gratified to learn, that the inhabitants of this city and state, are determined to commence manufacturing Cotton and Woollen Cloths, and thereby consume a portion of our own native materials, which are now useless lumber, in the hands of their possessors.

The Committee lately appointed for the purpose of enquiring into the expediency of the measure, in their well-timed address to the public on the occasion, have taken a very rational and comprehensive view of the subject—from which we are justified in drawing a conclusion, that the result of their deliberations (founded no doubt, on documents worthy of credit) was an entire conviction that manufacturing might succeed to advantage, under the direction of a company organized as they have pointed out—That this conclusion was not formed on vague information or slender testimony, there is strong reason to believe, when we learn who the members of the committee were. —The characters of William Patterson, Robert Gilmore, and others of that body, rank too high in the public estimation to admit of such a suspicion.—*Would they* declare an undertaking of this sort desirable for themselves and fellow citizens to embark in, without evidence sufficient to justiy the assertion? Such an insinuation would do them an act of injustice—at the same time that we are all invited to become stockholders. I observe by the articles of association, that it will be very difficult for any individual, at least on the first day of subscribing, to monopolize a large number of shares: any person possessing two dollars and fifty cents, can if he pleases, become a member of an institution as meritorious as any ever set on foot in this country. Since reading their report, on revolving in my own mind the consequences likely to flow therefrom, I have been struck with one peculiar benefit which may be derived to the United States as a nation, from this and similar undertakings, and as the idea is not mentioned by the Committee themselves, nor in any subsequent remarks on the subject, I beg leave to suggest it for consideration.

It is well known that our southern brethren, have of late years turned their attention principally to the culture of cotton, which to them has been more profitable than other crop. With the proceeds of this, they have been enabled to purchase flour and other articles of necessity in the middle and Eastern states; but in times like the present, when their crops can find no market, it will soon become very difficult for them to pay for such articles, as they may wish to purchase now, in order to afford them all the aid that we conveniently can, it seems to be incumbent on us, as possessing greater facilities for manufacturing (than they) to turn our attention to that subject, which may not only yield us a profit, but enable our sister states to progress in their usual pursuits without dependance on a foreign market. This must surely have a tendency to promote a continuance and an increase of that friendly intercourse so desirable between different members of the same *body politic*, and so necessary to the welfare of all, thereby cementing us together in an indissoluble bond of union. I am far from calling in question the fealty of the southern people, or their attachment to the general government of the United States—Yet if their dependance has heretofore been almost exclusively on foreign commerce, and that commerce is suddenly suppressed for governmental purposes and with a view to promote the general benefit; and if this suppression is more prejudicial to one district of the community than another; that portion of the inhabitants may be expected to swerve from their allegiance, sooner than those who are less aggrieved; hence it ought to be our study, as it is our interest and duty to equalize the burthens of privation as much as possible: this cannot fail to insure the attachment of our fellow-citizens in those divisions of the union, where the total stoppage of export trade will be most severely felt.

Some jealousies and bickerings have already taken place in the newly acquired territory on the Mississippi, and our present political arrangements (however necessary they may be) will it is feared, rather have a tendency to excite than allay the angry passions. If so, what expedient can be resorted to, more likely to produce an amelioration, than establishments, which, while they furnish a market for the raw materials of one district, give useful employment to the surplus population of another, and produce such supplies as are indispensable to both. In this point of view, as well as many others which have been submitted to the public, the subject is highly interesting, and will doubtless be duly appreciated by a discerning community; who, it is hoped will not fail on the first Monday in March, to come forward prepared to offer the best testimony of their zeal in favor of the establishment.

Z.

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Miss BRUNTON.—The marriage of Miss Brunton (sister of Mrs. Warren of the Baltimore Theatre) to the Earl of Craven, announced in a late paper as in contemplation, has taken place. The marriage was celebrated at Brighton by illuminations and ringing of bells, and every person, says the London print, who ever attended on this lady at the Theatre, shared her benificence on the happy occasion of her marriage.

CONGRESS.

[*TAKEN for the FEDERAL GAZETTE.*]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

February 26.

Proceedings this day.

[PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.]

A message was received from the Preeident of the U. States, as follows:

"*To the Senate & House of Representatives of the U. States.*

The dangers to our country, arising from the contests of other nations, and the urgency of making preparations for whatever events might affect our relations with them, have been intimated in preceding messages to congress. To secure ourselves by due precautions, an augmentation of our military force, as well regular as of volunteer militia, seems to be expedient. The precise extent of that augmentation cannot as yet be satisfactorily suggested; but that no time may be lost, and especially at a season deemed favorable to the object, I submit to the wisdom of the Legislature, whether they will authorise a commencement of this precautionary work, by a present provision, for raising and organizing some additional force; reserving to themselves to decide its ultimate extent, on such views of our situation as I may be enabled to present at a future day of the session.

If an increase of force be now approved, I submit to their consideration the outlines of a plan proposed in the inclosed letter from the secretary of war.†

I recommend to the attention of congress the term at which the act of April 18, 1806, concerning the militia will expire, and the effect of that expiration.

TH: JEFFERSON.

February 25, 1808

† This letter recommends the immediate raising of 24,000 volunteer militia, to be held in requisition for FIVE years, and six thousand regulars. The secretary also suggests the propriety of abolishing the office of commander in chief, and to have no higher officer in the regular army than brigadier-general.

The message and documents were referred to committees already appointed by the house on such subjects.

Mr. *Dana* presented a petition from the inhabitants of Stonington (Conn.) stating the exposed situation of that port in case of war, and praying Congress to take measures for its defence and protection. Referred to the president of the U. States.

Mr. *Newton* moved that the committee of commerce & manufactures be discharged from the further consideration of the petitions of the JOURNEYMEN HATTERS of Baltimore, and other places praying that an additional duty may be laid on imported Hats. Mr. N. observed, that the reason why the committee of commerce and manufactures wished to be discharged from the further consideration of these petitions was, that the non-importation act was now in force, and that hats were one of the articles prohibited by that act. Mr. Newton's motion was agreed to.

Mr. *Garnett* offered the following resolution: Resolved, That 300 copies of the act of Georgia, passed in February, 1796, commonly called the rescinding act, be printed for the use of the house.

Mr. *Rhea* moved to add, "and of the act which was thereby rescinded."

This amendment was strongly opposed by Mr. Troup, on the ground that as that act had been disowned by the state of Georgia, & consigned to oblivion, the house had no right to have it printed as an act of that state.

Mr. *Bacon* moved further to amend the resolution by adding words to the following effect: also 300 copies of the message of the president of the U. States transmitting a copy of the articles of agreement and cession entered into and signed between the commissioners of the United States and the state of Georgia, appointed for the purpose of making an amicable adjustment of these claims, in pursuance of an act of congress; also 300 copies of the report of the commissioners for an amicable settlement of limits with the state of Georgia," &c. &c The amendment was agreed to, yeas 49, nays 42.

Mr. *Goldsborough* moved to add, "and all other documents in the possession of this house, relative to the YAZOO claim." He afterwerds withdrew this amendment.

Mr. *Masters* moved that the resolution and amendments lie on the the table. Carried.

Mr. *Gray* moved, that when the house adjourn, they adjourn till Monday. Lost, yeas 46, nays 49.

The "bill for procuring an additional number of ARMS for the service of the U. States," was read the third time and passed.

The "bill to remit the duties payable on the importation of the monument to be erected in memory of the officers of the U. States navy who fell in the attacks on the city of Tropoli, in the year 1804," was read the third time and passed.

A message in writing was received from the president of the United States which the speaker declared to be of a CONFIDENTIAL NATURE, and the galleries were cleared.

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IN SENATE, February 23.

Mr. *Mitchell* submitted the following resolution for consideration:

Resolved, That a committee of three members of the senate be appointed, who, with three members of the house of representatives to be appointed by the said house, shall have the application of the money appropriated by the "act making a further appropriation for the support of a library passed 21st February 1806; and that the secretary give information thereof to the house of Representatives—which was adopted, add Messrs. Mitchill, Adams and Giles, appointed on the part of the Senate.

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DIED,

On Saturday last, the 20th instant, in this city, Mr. NICHOLAS CORBALLY, an eminent teacher for upwards of thirty years in this country, he was a native of Ireland, and the hospitality and philanthropy for which his countrymen are remarkable, were possessed by him in an eminent degree.

☞ For several new advertisements see preceding page

United Blues,

You are requested to attend your monthly meeting at the captain's quarters on Tuesday evening the 1st March at 6 o'clock, to receive your certificates, &c. Persons wishing to join this company will attend, or send in their names by some of the members, as a number of persons are to be balloted for on that evening.

JACOB GRAFFLIN, Captain.

February 27. d3t

Lovers of Literature, *Attend!*

BOOK AUCTION.

Cole and I. Bonsal, Auct'rs,

Will offer for sale THIS EVENING, at their auction room back of the Union Bank of Maryland, entrance from South Charles-street,

A large assortment of VALUABLE

BOOKS,

In numerous departments of Literature. Gentlemen of taste will never meet with a better opportunity to possess themselves of works of merit.

Sale to commence at half past 6 o'clock

February 27.

Sale by Auction.

On MONDAY,

The 29th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Gay-street dock, will commence the sale of

A variety of Dry Goods;

ALSO,

A few articles of Household Furniture, consisting of a set of Dining Tables, Chairs, Andirons, Silver Spoons, Castors, &c.

After which at 12 o'clock,

38 hhds Muscovado Sugar,
23 barrels of Green Coffee,
41 chests Teas,
12 tierces Clayed Sugar,
A few puncheons Jamaica Rum, &c.

R. LEMMON & CO. Auct'rs.

February 27.

Sale by Auction.

On TUESDAY,

The 1st of March, at 10 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Frederick-street dock, will commence the sale of

A Variety of Dry Goods;

After which at 12 o'clock,

150 hhds Molasses, of a superior quality,
60 do Sugar, just arrrived, represented to be of an excellent quality.
215 bags Green Coffee,
2 puncheons Antigua Rum,
56 boxes Brown Havanna Sugar, &c. &c.

VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs.

February 26.

For New-York,

The new Schooner REMITTANCE, John Warton, master;

A regular trader with fine accommodations for passengers; part of her cargo being already on board, she will be dispatched in a few days. For freight, which will be taken low, or passage, apply on board at the head of Spear's wharf or to

ISAIAH MANKIN.

February 27. d

St. Mary's College Lottery.

Thirty-second Day's Drawing.

Prize of 10,000 Dollars
No. 7001.
Prize of 100 Dollars.
Nos. 16454 19951 8556.
Prizes of 50 Dollars.
Nos. 3761 14966 15448 13309.
And 155 of 12 Dollars.
Less this day, 7360 dollars.

SAM. VINCENT, GEO. DOBBIN, } Clerks to the Managers.

February 28. It

Union Manufacturing Company of Maryland.

The Commissioners nominated for Baltimore City and County, do hereby give notice, that books will be opened at the Merchants' Coffee House, on Monday, the 7th day of March next from 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive subscriptions for Ten Thousand Shares of Stock in said Company.

WILLIAM PATTERSON, Chairman

February 27. d7th

TO THE

Holders of Lottery Tickets.

Persons who have a Ticket, or Tickets, in the St. Mary's College Lottery, now drawing, & wish to dispose of the same, may on application at *G. & R. WAITE'S* Truly Fortunate Lottery Office, corner of Market and Charles streets, meet with a purchaser.

February 27. d6t

Another Meeting

Of the Company known by the name of FIRST MARYLAND CARABINIERS is requested at Peck Hotel, on Monday Evening next at seven o'clock. It is particularly requested that all those who have given in their names, and also all others who are disposed to become members, will give their attendance, as it is in contemplation to elect the officers and adopt the uniform on that evening.

J. S. WILLIAMS, Sec'ry.

February 27.

The First Baltimore Rifle

COMPANY,

Are ordered to meet this evening at Mr. Fulton's Globe Inn, at 7 o'clock for the purpose of balloting in new members and receiving their certificates.

By order of the captain,
THOS. EVERET, Sec'ry.

Feb 27

Riflemen Attention!!!

The members of the Baltimore Independent Rifle Company are requested to meet at Chamberlain's Tavern, near the new Market house, next Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, on important concerns to the company

Persons desirous of joining this association will furnish their names to some of the members, with whom they may be acquainted.

TH: B. DORSEY, Captain.

February 27. d3t

National Guards,

You are requested to attend a meeting of the company at Mornewick's Hotel on Monday Evening, the 29th instant, at 6 o'clock, precisely.

Gentlemen desirous to join this company, will please to attend, or send in their names, by some member of the company.

By order.

J. SHAW, Sec'ry.

February 27. d2t

Independent Company,

You are requested to meet on Saturday Evening next, the 27th instant, at six o'clock at Peck's Hotel. Business interesting to the Company, will be transacted. Any persons wishing to join the Company, will please to attend, or send their names by a member.

By order.

SAM: STUMP, Sec'ry.

February 27. d2t

A Wet Nurse Wanted.

One that can come well recommended will hear of an eligible place, by applying at this office.

February 27. d4t

NOW IN THE PRESS,

And will be completed with all possible expedition,

(Probably by the first of April,) By

WESCOTT & Co. WASHINGTON CITY,

A MINUTE, CORRECT AND IMPARTIAL

REPORT OF THE

Trial of Col. Aaron Burr,

ON AN INDICTMENT FOR

High Treason,

Before the Circuit Court of the United States, held in Richmond, May Term, 1807:

Including the whole of the testimony; the arguments of Counsel at length; opinions of the Court:

And also, all the proceedings during the Examinations and on his Trials for Treason and Misdemeanor.

The report of this important case now offered to the public, was taken in short hand by a Stenographer of eminence, employed for the special purpose, and who has been sworn to its fidelity and accuracy. It cannot fail being very interesting to the public generally, and particularly to gentlemen of the Bar.

The number of pages which the work, when completed, will contain, cannot yet be ascertained with precision; but, it is computed, that it will be comprized in about 1800 pages of an octavo size.

It will be delivered to subscribers, in boards, at the rate of 50 cents for each hundred pages it may make

Subscriptions for the above report received at the Book Store of Cole and Bonsal, where the first volume is ready for delivery. The second volume will be ready in a few days.

ALSO,

Just received and for Sale by Cole and I Bonsal, 174, *Market-street*

Essays on Episcopacy, ascribed to Dr Linn, Revd Mr. Bearley, and Thomas Y. How, esqr.

Hobart's Apology for Apostolic order.

Christian Institutes, by the late bishop of Chester.

Hobers Companion for the Festivals and Fasts.

Trimmers Church Catechism.

Chandlers Life of Dr Johnson.

Dr Darwin's Botanic Garden, new edition, plates elegant.

A few copies only of the above works are received

In the press, and will be published about the first day of May next Doctor Skinner on Primitive Truth and Order.

Orders for said work received as above; where subscriptions are received for the Churchman's Magazine.

February 27. 2aw3w

Notice.

The subscribers having taken out letters testamentary on the personal estate of Tho's Dobbin, late of the city and county of Baltimore, deceased: All persons having accounts against said estate, are requested to exhibit them properly authenticated, before the honorable the Orphan's Court, within six months from the date hereof, otherwise they may by law, be excluded from all benefit arising from said estate; And all persons indebted to said deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Archibald Dobbin, No. 15, Ann-street, Fell's Point.

ARCHIBALD DOBBIN, GEORCE DOBBIN, } Ex'rs.

☞ Those persons who have furnished their accounts to Archibald Dobbin, are requested to call on Geo Dobbin, No 10, Baltimore st. and receive the same so as to have them passed by the orphans' court.

☞ Such persons as hold books, or other property, belonging to said deceased, are requested to return them to either of the Executors.

February 27. 2aw6w

ATTENTION!

A well regulated military force being necessary in every state, as well to repel foreign aggression as to suppress intestine broils, the young gentlemen of this city, who have not already joined some military corps, are respectfully invited to attend on *Monday Evening*, at seven o'clock at Peck's Hotel, for the purpose of forming a new company: the attendance of young men is more particularly solicited, as those who have already joined this association are of that description. The Militia Law of the last session takes effect on the first Monday in March, which, as this is leap year, will be next Monday week. It is therefore desirable that the proposed company should have a being prior to the service of militia notices.

It must be conceded that for the last eight or ten years we have been too negligent and inattentive to military duties.—Could the military ardor of '98 be once more revived in the bosoms of the American youth, we might be less subject to foreign insult, and in the scale of nations enjoy a more exalted political existence. We want no standing armies; but wish to be so far acquainted with military evolutions as to meet an enemy upon equal terms, and not solely to rely on patriotic ardor and intrepidity, which, without military knowledge and experience, is rather an evil than a valuable quality. Independent of the security given to our country by a well disciplined military force, the spirit which it infuses is a noble and proper one; and the health and vigor given to the body by this species of exercise, are such as to present an inducement to valetudinarians, rather than an encouragement to them to make application for certificates of exemption, on the ground of delicate health: It is therefore earnestly requested that those who are not otherwise obligated, may at *least attend* at Mr Peck's Hotel, to ascertain whether the proposed association answers their views.

February 27. d2t

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscribers of the city of Baltimore have obtained from the orphan's court of Baltimore county, letters of administration on the estate of William M'Fadon late of said county deceased: All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to either of the subscribers, on or before the 6th day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. And all those indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers.

Given under our hands this 8th day of February, 1808.

ANN M'FADON, Adm'r
JOHN M'FADON, Adm'r

February 8, 1808. 2w