

NEWBURYPORT, May 28.

Yesterday arrived the schooner Two Sons, captain Rutherford, from Passamaquoddy, where he left last Wednesday about 15 or 20 sail from different ports. An English merchant ship arrived in the river the day capt. R. sailed. Since the arrival of the Wasp, a great number of boats have been seized smuggling flour. The vessels there which had not discharged their cargoes, would take them away again. Flour, &c. which was landed was not allowed to be taken away, unless bonds were given, and the amount thereof in specie deposited in the custom house. All the stores were strictly guarded, and no sale for flour at any price. The agent of government, who was sent there by government to execute the laws, was taken into custody by the commanding officer of the Wasp, as being concerned in smuggling.

BOSTON, June 1. LOOKING UP

It will be seen by the official schedule of the legal votes returned for Governor &c. and the addition of all the votes given in the towns and districts the returns from which were illegal, informal, and conjectural, as well as in the plantations which have no more constitutional right to vote for a Governor, &c. than towns which contain less than 150 rateable polls have to vote for a Representative; that all the votes of all descriptions given this year for Governor Sullivan, amount to 43,074, and no more; and the votes for Mr. Gore are 40,455—leaving a plurality of 2621, in favor of Gov. Sullivan. Last year the votes for Gov. Sullivan were 41,954—and for Gov. Strong 39,224—leaving a plurality of 2730 in favor of Governor Sullivan.—Thus after all the boasted increased majority—which has been so confidently trumpeted forth in the democratic prevaricating papers—turns out to be an Irish excess of 109 votes!—And this too, in opposition to a new candidate.

NEW LONDON, June 1.

On Saturday last, put in here, in distress, the schooner Rover, Samuel Coleman master from Nantucket, bound to Baltimore. That morning, off Block Island, in a heavy squall, she was struck by lightning; 3 men were struck to the deck, but sustained no material injury; the foremast and foretopmast were splintered from top to the deck, and some of the sails badly perforated. At the instant of the shock, a number of small white flint stones, some of which were as large as a robin's egg, fell on the main deck, conjectured to be raised into the air by the suction of a water-spout.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4. From the Aurora.

The following address was presented to the president of the United States, by the delegates of the general ward meetings of the city of Philadelphia, in March last. Owing to public engagements at the close of the session of congress, an answer was delayed until the end of May; and it is now published by the chairman of the meeting for the general information of their constituents.

TO THOMAS JEFFERSON, President of the U. States.

At an epoch so fruitful of events, so calculated to awaken vigilance and embarrass deliberation, when a foreign nation, always insidious and unfriendly, and recently hostile, multiplies her injuries, and asserts a power unwarranted by the usages of nations, and unsanctioned by any rule of right the delegates of the democratic republicans of the city of Philadelphia, in general ward committee assembled, in behalf of themselves and their constituents, mingle with their fellow citizens of the union their entire approbation of the public measures adopted, pursued and recommended by you. They have evinced foresight and precaution, the evidence of wisdom and the anticipation of safety; they have given a dignified and imposing attitude to our nation, and amidst the perils surrounding her, are securing her interests while the uplifted arm of war is suspended by the boldness and composure with which it is surveyed. Nor can we behold, without indignant feelings, the arraignment of the most salutary counsels, and the condemnation of the most patriotic measures, by the disaffected; while we see British outrage palliated, and the aggression justified by the devoted partisans of Great-Britain, in the very heart of the country. Although we applaud the toleration which permits such evils, yet we cannot repress the emotions of disgust and abhorrence which they excite. The peace and prosperity of our beloved country are blessings which we highly prize; yet, should war unavoidable war be her lot, our ardor will be animated in her defence, by considerations of the necessity, honor, and justice of our cause. In such an event we pledge the exertion of all our energies; and while we front the foreign enemy, our vigilance to mark and unmask the domestic traitor shall be active and untiring. That treason, threatening the dissolution of a government which embraces with parental and undistinguishing care all its citizens, committing no oppressions, and arousing by no acts individual animosity, should be planned, betrays the most mortifying reflections; but that detected traitors, of whose guilty open treason none could doubt, should be shielded from a just punishment by judicial subtleties, excites in our bosoms the most afflicting sensations. Impunity seemed to be insured for the deepest crime, where the judge is the enemy of the administration, or the friend of the criminal. But we confidently trust, that the people, with united voices, will call for the remedy of an evil which menaces our happy institutions with vital mischief.

Nor can we omit to deplore the desertion of the common cause of republican principles, by a class of our fellow citizens, who formerly co-operated with us, in the discomfiture and overthrow of federalism, and all the train of evils which hastened the destruction of our peace and liberties. When they at first united with our political adversaries, in various sections of the state, we were still willing to ascribe their aberrations, rather to the effect of temporary delusion, or misguided resentment, circumscribed by local limits, than to a de-

liberate abandonment of those broad and fundamental powers which they assisted, by their suffrages, to achieve and establish.—We cannot, however, longer disguise, while we deeply regret, that recent occurrences in our legislature, and more especially an opposition to acts embracing cardinal points in national policy, and above all the hostility to the embargo, a measure, proved by every day's experience, to have been conceived in the happiest foresight, and fraught with benefit and safety, but too plainly indicate their final enlistment on the side of Federalism, to receive and to re-establish a power, which they so honourably a few short years ago, aided to oppose and prostrate.—Hostilities to measures of such a nature, in which the foreign nation will not discern the baleful influence of faction, but attribute to the dissatisfaction of this important state, we sincerely deprecate, and from our knowledge of public feeling and sentiment protest against.—We are persuaded the people will not witness the abuse of their power and tameness, but will spurn a coalition formed by their representatives, to the sacrifice of national honour, policy, and patriotism; that they will again rally round that standard of principle, which was triumphantly unfurled at your election to the presidency, and which has since conducted the nation, through unobstructed freedom, to an elevated and envied prosperity. We see nothing in the present state of our country, to dismay, or even to damp the feelings of the high minded American. We behold in a temporary suspension of our commerce, an ephemeral and doubtful evil, producing a great, a growing and lasting good. We see arising out of this cause, the prolific sources of our internal wealth explored, and with industry and ability directed through channels, which, while they benefit the enterprising, enrich our country with solid wealth, and make her more independent and happy.

We likewise deem this, sir, a proper occasion, and one to which we are peculiarly invited by our feelings, to felicitate you on the success of your administration of our happy government, rendered still more happy by the zeal, the wisdom, and spirit of liberty with which it has been administered. In yielding our homage to the motives, which have induced your voluntary retirement from public life, while surrounded by the warmest affections of the people, we derive consolation from the consideration, that your example may operate on all future presidents to pursue a course which has added lustre to your character, already dear to liberty and your country. And now permit us to assure you that our prayers for your repose and happiness, will follow you to the shades of private life, which we hope will be impenetrable to the breath of slander and the shafts of calumny, and will be fanned by no breeze, but the incense of grateful hearts, and for long, faithful, and disinterested services.

WARDS.

SOUTH MULBERRY.—Nicodemus Lloyd, John Dennis, Alexr. Ramsey, Moses Stewart, Peter Ozeas. NORTH MULBERRY.—Alexander Cook, John Shipley, J. R. Morris, James Flanagan, Daniel Broadhead, jr. UPPER DELAWARE.—Michael Bright, Anthony Simmons, John Miller, Thomas Cash, Jacob Zellers. LOWER DELAWARE.—Britton Estil, Robert Cochran, John Pechin, Andrew Leineau, T. T. Peters. HIGH STREET.—John Jennings, Robert Porter, J. L. Baker, Jas. Kerr, Francis Harrison. NORTH.—Cal. Irvine, B. Graves, Danl. Sharp, John M. Irwin, Thos. Skelly. MIDDLE.—Thomas Leiper, Reuben Eiting, Seth Craig, Robert Paterson, Saml. Betton. CHESTNUT.—Jonas Simons, Wm. Duane, Wm. Y. Birch, Bernard M-Mahon, Henry Orth. CEDAR.—James Stuart, Geo. Summers, Tench Coxe, Adolphus Ehringhaus, Clem. Humphreys. WALNUT.—A. Kennedy, Wm. Smiley, G. Barram, Jas. Queen, John Tiney. SOUTH.—John Ashmead, J. Reynolds, J. L. Leib, Wm. J. Duane. NEW MARKET.—S. E. Fotherall, Wm. Dalzel, John Steel, Jacob Mitchel, James Carson. LOCUST.—Hugh Ferguson, Daniel Suter, jr. Abraham Small, Wm. Allison, Thos. Tompkins. DOCK.—Paul Cox, John Purdon, J. McMullin, T. Wright, Henry Sparks, junr. THOMAS LEIPER, Chairman. ATTEST, GEO. BARTRAM, Sec'y.

THE ANSWER.

To the delegates of the democratic republicans of the city of Philadelphia, in general ward committee assembled. The epoch, fellow citizens, into which our lot has fallen, has indeed been fruitful of events, which require vigilance, & embarrass deliberation. That, during such a period of difficulty, and amidst the perils surrounding us, the public measures which have been pursued should meet your approbation, is a source of great satisfaction. It was not expected, in this age, that nations so honorably distinguished by their advances in science and civilization, would suddenly cast away the esteem they had merited from the world, and revolting from the empire of morality, assume a character in history, which all the tears of their posterity will never wash from its pages. But, during this delirium of the warring powers, the ocean having become a field of lawless violence, a suspension of our navigation, for

a time, was equally necessary to avoid contest, or enter it with advantage. This measure will indeed produce some temporary inconvenience; but promises lasting good by promoting among ourselves the establishment of manufactures hitherto sought abroad, at the risk of collisions no longer regulated by the laws of reason or morality. It is to be lamented that any of our citizens, not thinking with the mass of the nation as to the principles of our government, or of its administration, and seeing all its proceedings with a prejudiced eye, should so conceive and misrepresent our situation as to encourage aggression from foreign nations. Our expectation is that their distempered views will be understood by others, as they are by ourselves. But should war be the consequence of these delusions, and the errors of our dissatisfied citizens find atonement only in the blood of their sounder brethren, we must meet it as an evil necessarily flowing from that liberty of speaking and writing which guards our other liberties; and I have entire confidence in the assurances that your ardor will be animated, in the conflicts brought on, by considerations of the necessity, honor and justice of our cause.

I sincerely thank you fellow citizens, for the concern you so kindly express for my future happiness. It is a high and abundant reward for endeavors to be useful; and I supplicate the care of providence over the well being of ourselves and our beloved country.

TH: JEFFERSON.

May 25, 1808.

FEDERAL GAZETTE AND BALTIMORE DAILY ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, JUNE 6.

Latest proceedings of our friends, the French.

The following paragraph is extracted from the coffee-house books; it will shew that the term, for which we had respite, has expired, and that Napoleon intends to make us feel his displeasure, for not declaring war against England.

"Letters by the Perseverance, 48 days from Tonningen, mention, that all the American property some time since sequestered at Hamburg had been CONFISCATED by special order of the emperor! (not by the council of prizes) and ordered to Paris; waggens had been employed for the conveyance of the same."

Extract of a letter from Kingston, Jam. dated 26th April.

"The ship Fanny, of New-York, is at Falmouth, but will not be allowed to take away any produce, as she came in ballast. I heard the collector of this custom-house say so, and that she was liable to seizure."

PORT OF BALTIMORE.

From the Merchant's Coffee House Books.

Arrived, ship Perseverance, Fisher, in 43 days from Tonningen. Left ship Missouri, Dunlap, destination unknown. Left at Hamburg, ship Juniata, Meczik; Ruby and Betsy, Basary; Lucy, Inglee; Two Friends, Livingston; and brig Hull, all under sequestration. April 27, in the straits of Dover, was boarded by H. B. M. brig Fly, treated politely, and suffered to proceed without an examination of the crew. May 12, in a squall, carried away foretopmast and maintopgallantmast, and lost a man from the maintopgallant yard, named Samuel Johnson, late of the ship Juniata, of this port. 13th, was boarded by British packet from Halifax, and 15th by ship Lioness, and treated politely. 30th, lat. 38, 30, long. 72, 30, spoke brig Halcyon, from New-York, for New-Orleans. Spoke in the straits of Dover, ship Logan, of New-York for Amsterdam, laden with sugar, having been detain'd a long time in England, but allowed to proceed with a licence.

Passengers in the Perseverance, Casper O. Muller, esq. and family; Frederick William Ambuda, esq. and Henry Courrich. The Harriet, Harlow, of this port, was lately lost in the Sound.

Port of Salem, May 31.

Arrived schr' Joanna, Hassam, 28 days from Bilbao. Left schr' Betsy, Hooper, of Marblehead which sailed from Plymouth in Eng. under a British licence, and of course was seized under the Milan decree on her arrival. No other American there. The Joanna previous to her arrival at Bilbao, was bro't to and had her papers endorsed by a British cruiser; she was therefore on her entering port taken possession of as a prize by a Spanish privateer, under the same decree: a course of proceedings were had upon her at Madrid, and vessel and cargo ordered to be given up to the claimants; the captors appealed, but the order was confirmed, and after 70 days detention the vessel was released. The Bilbao privateers were all hauled up, dismantled, and the crews discharged, whether from any relaxation of the French decrees, or for want of prey, we do not learn. Business at that place was completely stagnated, and the people suffering and starving for want of employ. The American EMBARGO was felt severely; colonial produce was high, cocoa 80 dolls. per cwt. Brig Success, Shippen, 6 days from Norfolk, part of a cargo of corn. She had her whole cargo engaged, and lighters were employed in delivering it, when they were interrupted by a custom house order to desist.

Port of Boston, June 1.

Arrived, the English schr. Polly, Greenland, from Demerara, sugar and coffee. Left brig Mary, Hewes, for Boston, in 12 days; brig Hetty, Clarkson, for Portsmouth. Signals at the fort for a ship and a brig.

Port of Newport, May 28.

Arrived, ship Hope, Bellington, Charles

ton; George, Collins Edenton. Cleared, schr. Mount Vernon; Shove, E Edenton; Wm. & Mary, Topham, Baltimore.

Port of New York, June 4.

Arrived, Ship Flora, Adams, N. Orleans 22 Schr Revenge, Ruark, Richmond 10 Sloop Hope, Titus, Baltimore 5 Ship Maria Theresa, Peacock, Gibraltar 65 Brig Delight, Pierce, Cayenne 27 Schr John & William, Rudolph, St Mary's 7 Minerva, Bird, Philadelphia 4

Cleared, Ship Adonis, Moore, Savannah Brig Trimmer, M-Cullum, Charleston Leopard, Clark, St. Petersburg Thomas, Dillingham, New-Bedford Sloop Rose, Bradley, Newbern Ship Maria Theresa, Peacock, in 65 days from Gibraltar, in ballast, and part of her outward cargo, staves. In lat. 22, long. 63, was boarded by the Banter sloop of war, and treated politely. Passengers, Stephen Butman, late mate of the ship Abulay, of New-York, condemned; David Anderson, late mate of the brig Sasan and Betsey, of New-York, run down in the Gut, and lost; and S. Brown, late mate of the schr. Eliza, of Stonington, condemned. [Vessels left at Gibraltar have been reported. Brig Delight, Pierce, from Cayenne, via Antigua, in 27 days, sugar, cotton, coffee, cloves, &c. Left brig Catharine Ray, for New-York, taking in rum; ship Saffrona, do. do. schr. Ann, of Beverly, do. do. schr. Sally, of Newburyport do. do. schr. Mary-Ann, of N. Haven, brought into Antigua and cleared; a Newburyport brig capt. Denny, do.

The schr. Mary-Ann, Barney, of New-Haven, has arrived at N. London, in 22 days from Antigua, having been 3 times taken, twice by the English and once by the French.

Port of Philadelphia, June 4.

No arrivals. Cleared, Ship Tiger, Clark, Bordeaux Schr. Farmer, Schoyen, La Guira Below, a ship, brig and 4 schrs.

Sale by Auction.

TO MORROW MORNING, The 7th instant, at 10 o'clock, at the auction room, at the head of Frederick-street dock, will commence the sale of

A variety of Dry Goods.

After which at 12 o'clock, 55 hlds. first quality Muscovado Sugar 33 puncheons Antigua Rum 218 bags Coffee 13 pipes Bordeaux Brandy, &c. &c. VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs. June 6.

Sale by Auction.

ON WEDNESDAY, The 8th instant, at 12 o'clock, will be sold, on O'Donnell's wharf, near the head of Frederick street dock, 66 hlds. good Muscovado SUGAR, and 20 do. brown clayed do. THOMAS CHASE, Auct'r. June 6.

Sale by Auction.

Will be exposed to Public Sale, on Friday, the 10th instant, at the corner of Charles and Church-streets, All the Household and Kitchen Furniture, belonging to the estate of Gabriel Christie, Esq. deceased. Also, one pair of carriage Horses; and at private sale, several valuable Servants, for a term of years.

ALEX. RODGERS, Ex'r.

To Rent, The House lately occupied by G. Christie, deceased. For terms apply to William Lorman, Esq. or ALEX. RODGERS. d4t June 6.

The Swedish Sloop African,

John Partelly, master, Now lying at Norfolk, will take Passengers for St. Bartholomews, or any British Windward Island, or may be taken to bring home property from thence. She will be ready to sail in 10 days from this date, but may be detained if necessary. She is a fine fast-sailing Bermuda built vessel, well fitted and coppered. Apply to THOMAS TENANT. e04t June 6.

Leather and Oil.

RICHARD K. HEATH, No. 1, Cheap-side, Has on hand, a large & general assortment of LEATHER, and

A few barrels Curriers' Oil,

Of an excellent quality, Which he offers for sale on accommodating terms. Also, A handsome NEGRO BOY, just from the country. June 6. e012t

A Wet Nurse.

A Young WOMAN, well recommended, wants a place as Wet Nurse. June 6. d4t

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in this city, on the 19th March, a Negro Man named DICK, about 43 years of age, about 5 feet 7-inches high, straight made, stout built, likely black man, his cheeks scarred with Guinea marks; he is a Guinea negro, though it is difficult to notice it by his talk; his dress cannot be described; he left a brick yard, and understands brick making and the copper-smith's business. It is probable he has gone to Lancaster, where he formerly lived. Whoever takes up and secures said runaway in Baltimore goal, shall receive, if taken within the city, or ten miles therefrom, ten dollars, if forty miles from the city twenty dollars, and if out of the state the above reward, paid by CHRISTOPHER HUGHES. N. B. All masters of vessels and others are warned against harboring or carrying off said negro. June 6. d6t-e09t

Baltimore Theatre.

THE LAST WEEK.

Mr & Mrs. Jefferson's Benefit. THIS EVENING, June 6, Will be presented, a celebrated Comedy, in 5 acts, called

The Belle's Stratagem.

End of the Play, Comic Song of Giles Scroggin's Ghost, by Mr. Jefferson. Song, The Sailor's Will, by Mr. Jacobs. To which will be added, a Musical Entertainment, in 2 acts (never acted here) called

The Three and Deuce.

Written by Prince Hoare, author of the Prize, No Song No Supper.—The Original Music.

Box one Dollar—Fif, three fourths of a dollar.

On Wednesday (never performed here) a celebrated Comedy, in five acts, called THE SCHOOL FOR ARROGANCE, with a new Pantomime, performed 100 nights in London, called HARLEQUIN DOCTOR FAUSTUS—Or, The Punishment of Profligacy.—For the benefit of Mr. and Mrs. FRANCIS. June 6.

Baltimore Dispensary.

Dr. Samuel Baker

Offers his professional services to the public, at No. 19, Bank-street, and if elected, would be happy to serve as physician to the Dispensary. June 6. 2aw4t

Doctor Shaw

Returns his thanks to the contributors to the Dispensary, for their support at the last election, and informs them that he declines being again a candidate for the office of Physician to that institution. Chatham-street, May 23, 1808.

Doctor Bacon

Respectfully informs the public, that he offers himself as a candidate for the office of Physician to the Baltimore General Dispensary, at the election to take place in June next. May 23. 2aw

A Young Man,

WHO has lived in this city for the last five years past, and served a regular apprenticeship to the wholesale dry good business, in one of the most respectable houses in this place, wishes to get a situation as book keeper or salesman in a wholesale dry good store; or would have no objection to engage in an office of a public nature. He can give the most satisfactory reference as respects his morals, assiduity and fidelity in the discharge of his duty. A line addressed to M. C. and left at this office, will be duly attended to. June 6. d

Take Notice

To morrow at 3 o'clock, on the premises, begins the sale of Mr. Martin's property, as contained in his advertisement in this paper. June 6.

Mechanical Fire Company.

The members of the Mechanical Fire Company are requested to attend their quarterly meeting on Tuesday the 7th at their Engine house, at 4 o'clock, P.M. After the engine is put up, the company will proceed to the Fountain Inn. P. E. THOMAS, Sec. Jun 6. d2t

Stray Cow.

Came to Col Rogers's farm, on the Hook's town road, 2 miles from Baltimore, about ten days ago, an old pale red Cow, with a young calf; her marks are, three shins in one ear, and one in the other, white face and short tail, and holes in her horns. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges and take her away. GRIFFITH HENDERSON. d4t June 6.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away about the first of March last, a Negro Man named GEORGE, very black, low stature, well made and round face, has lost two of his upper front teeth; had on striped yarn country clothing; he crossed the Chesapeake to the Eastern Shore. Whoever will apprehend said fellow, and secure him in any jail, so that I recover him, shall receive the above reward. THOMAS CLARKE, Lower end of St. Mary's county, Maryland. June 6. 2aw8t

For Sale,

A Mulatto BOY, about Twenty years of age. Apply to the Printers. d4t June 4.

Notice.

The non commissioned officers and privates attached to the Baltimore Independent Blues, are requested to attend a meeting to be held at Myer's Hotel, on Tuesday 7th inst at 5 o'clock, P.M. when business of considerable importance towards the future welfare of the united companies will be laid before them. June 4. d3t

Independent Blues.

IT is confidently hoped that no member of this respectable corps will attend any meeting called unconstitutionally. A Friend to Union. June 6. 2t

Eagle Artillery Company.

The Members of the Eagle Artillery Company are requested to meet at the Apollo Gardens, at seven o'clock, on Friday Evening next, to adjust the expenses of the company, and to arrange other concerns of importance. The punctual attendance of every member is desirable. By order, JOHN TYLER, Sec'y. N. B. Such members as are in arrears to the company are particularly invited to come forward prepared to discharge the same on that evening. June 6. d5t

First Balt. Rifle Company,

Meet every one of you, at the Engine house, in Liberty street, on Thursday Morning next, at ten o'clock, with your rifles in complete order, provided with powder and ball for exercise in the woods. Each man will take his knapsack and canteen, with refreshments for the day. Such of the members as are not provided with their knapsacks, &c. are desired to call on the secretary, who will deliver them. By order of the captain, THOMAS EVERETT, Sec. June 5. d3t