Republican Star,
AND
General Advertiser.

EASTON:

Tuesday Morning, Nov. 5.

The Executive Council of this State will meet on Monday next.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.

In allusion to the mysterious Porto Rico expedition, some notice of which we have taken, the Mercantile Advertiser says, that if the troops have landed as reported, it is not improbable that they have by this time taken possession of the Island. It is said that the whole force consists of TWENTY-TWO HUNDRED MEN—about NINE HUNDRED of whom went from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. They made so noiseless an exit, that like poor old Lear's troop of horse, they might be supposed to have been 'shod with felt,' in their departure to 'kill, kill, kill.' We did not suppose the expedition to have been so numerous as it is now reported. We knew they were provided with arms, and with a quantity of other articles suitable to their expedition—printed proclamations, for example, with blanks for the name of the place or places to be revolutionized, already signed by Don Gen. De Coudray, Capt. General, &c. and countersigned by somebody, who for the present shall be nameless, as 'Secretary of State.' Some of our contemporaries express surprise at our not having given all the particulars of this affair which have reached us. We have a reason nevertheless, for refraining.—Whilst we are of opinion that the whole affair is rash, indiscreet, contrary to the laws of the United States, and of course to the duty of American citizens, and whilst we believe that the expedition is as contrary to public law as to municipal law—yet we do not desire to act the part of informers in regard to the persons engaged. They have indeed risked their lives and reputations on a desperate venture—but they may have been deluded into it by false representations of its object, and we are willing that they shall have an opportunity to escape the fate which may await all those who are engaged in the affair. For this reason we do not give all the particulars we have heard of it.

Nat. Intel.

A gentleman just arrived at Newbern N. C. from St. Bartholomews, reports that during the month of September, several vessels had arrived at that place from different ports of the United States, each having about twenty passengers, mostly creoles and negroes. After being some time in port, they commenced recruiting men, issued proclamations, and avowed their intention to revolutionize Porto Rico. Information was given to the Governor of Porto Rico, in consequence of which several persons in that Island, among whom were two merchants, had been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the above expedition.—The vessels had left St. Bartholomews, with the exception of one, a schooner, which was seized by the government, before the informant sailed.

BOSTON, Oct. 28.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the arrival at this port this afternoon, of the English ship Mary Catharine, Capt. Pace, in 36 days from Liverpool, we have received our regular files of London papers to the 18th Sept. and have been favored with Liverpool papers of the 20th. These papers contain no later intelligence from Greece and Turkey than was brought by the Howard at New York from Havre.

The British Parliament has been further prorogued from the 8th October to the 26th November.

In speaking of the Spanish government, the Courier styles the Constitutional authorities of Spain "the faction predominant at Madrid."—This is a fair specimen of the feeling entertained by the legitimates towards the present government of Spain.

At Verono great preparations are making for the approaching Congress. Strangers desiring to remain at this place during its sitting, are obliged to attach themselves to one of the Ministers, or prove themselves under special protection of one of the great powers. The Pope has provided accommodations for the imperials as follows: The Venetian Palace for the Emperor of Austria, the Cavelli Palace for the King of Prussia, and the Dorta Palace for the Emperor of Russia.

By the upsetting of a stage at Blackheath Hill; 15 out of 16 passengers had some one of their limbs broken, four of them were mortally wounded. The carriage was dashed to pieces.

The Davis Straits fishery has been very unsuccessful, as well as disastrous to many vessels.—An arrival in England reports that seven vessels were lost, 22 beset with ice, and the remainder had come away the fishing being considered over. The vessels reported have on an average but 4 or 5 fish each.

Don Francisco Xavier Elio, engaged in the conspiracy in the citadel of Valencia in May last, was executed on the 4th Sept.

Two vessels arrived at Leith from the continent with apples, not being able to sell them for as much as the duty, threw them overboard and made no little sport for the multitude.

FROM THE PROVINCE OF TEXAS.

LITTLE ROCK, ALAB. Sept. 17.

A gentleman who arrived here last week from Red River, informs us, that, just before he left there, he conversed with an intelligent traveller, direct from Mount el Rey, via Mr. Austin's settlement at the mouth of the Colorado, from whom he learnt that advices of very recent date had been received at the latter place, from Stephen F. Austin, Esq. which left him in the city of Mexico in good health. This, we are happy to say, we consider a complete refutation of the report of Mr. Austin's death, which has gone the rounds of all the papers.

The traveller corroborates the account published in the Gazette of the 13th ult. of the distressed condition of the late emigrants to the Province of Texas. Their situation he represents as truly deplorable. All who were able and particularly those who owned slaves, (which, it will be recollected, are prohibited in the Mexican empire,) were returning to the United States as fast as possible. A considerable number have already reached the southern part of this territory, and have settled in the neighborhood of Red river, where they find the prospect of accumulating property by industry, much more flattering than in Texas.

Those who, from the flattering accounts of the country given by Mr. Austin, have been induced to emigrate to this settlement, have become greatly dissatisfied with their present situation, and charge him with being the cause of their misfortunes—this is thought to be the cause of his protracted stay in Mexico.

It is possible that the present season may have been more unfavorable to the crops (which have been totally cut off by the drought) in Texas, than usual; but from what we can learn from respectable and intelligent travellers, who have visited almost every part of the province we are disposed to think that the citizens of the United States can gain no advantages there, that they do not enjoy to their fullest extent at home. The dearbought experience of the many who have reduced themselves and families to wretchedness and poverty, by their insatiate desire for removing to the Spanish country, will, we hope operate as a serious warning to others; and teach them to limit their emigrations to their own country, which, in its vast extent, offers fully as many inducements to the honest and industrous farmer and mechanic, for the accumulation of property, as any portion of the globe.

The traveller alluded to above, speaks very unfavorably of the state of society in those parts of the country he visited. He says he met with several worthy and respectable families, but that a large proportion of the population is composed of the most abandoned of the human race. Murderers, horse-thieves, counterfeiters, and fugitives from justice, make this province their refuge and rendezvous. [Gazette.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

BRAZILS.

Rio Janeiro papers, received at Philadelphia to the 31st Aug. represent the Brazils to be in a very unsettled state. The tone of a few addresses lately presented to the Prince Regent, and the language of a manifesto to the friendly governments and nations, give strong reason to suspect, that some underhand plot is going on to play off a farce similar to that recently exhibited in Mexico. The Prince Regent talks largely of his legitimate authority and speaks of the king being a prisoner at Lisbon, without that free will which any "legitimate constitution ought not to deny to a true monarch." This is language totally inconsistent with the rights of the people, and what we are inclined to think the Brazilians will not approve of, if, as has been so often stated, they are attached to liberal constitutional principles.

Com. Adver.

Extract of a letter from an officer in the Mediterranean Squadron

"We have recently returned from Smyrna, which place we left on the 26th of June, and from thence we visited some of the Greek Islands.—It is much to be lamented that no nation will consent to aid them with either a small loan of money, or arms and munitions. They say, and from what I have seen among them, I believe it to be correct, that if they had arms and ammunition for all who are able and willing among them to fight, they are capable of defending themselves against the Turks without the assistance of Russia."

A letter from an officer on board the John Adams, Captain Renshaw, dated 29th Sept. off St. Johns, Porto Rico, says—

"We arrived here after a passage of 39 days from Norfolk; officers and crew in good health. It appears the object of our visit here was, to make some enquiries in relation to the captures of American vessels by Spanish Cruisers, supposed to have been connived at by the Spanish Government. Capt. Renshaw has had an interview with the Governor on the subject; the result of which is, that such a supposition is without foundation; and that those privateers have been fitted out by private individuals; and, that if any American vessel is taken by their cruisers in future and brought into this port, retribution shall be made to the owners and a reasonable sum paid by the captors for their detention. In case any of these privateers are taken by our Men of War, they shall be considered lawful captures, and taken to the United States for trial. Our Captain was much pleased with this satisfactory and amicable settlement, and as the object of our visit is attained we shall sail this afternoon or to-morrow for Laguira."

To shew the extent of the imposition practiced upon our citizens by the light flimsey stuff which is manufactured abroad and sold here as American manufactures, the Boston Palladium states, that 8 yards of it, when the starch and other stiffening matter are washed out, do not weigh *seven ounces*.

With those cotton goods which are manufactured in Britain, and sold in South America as American manufactures, we are informed that the English counterfeiters, do not go to the expence of using starch, but substitute *calcined clay* as a stiffening matter.

On the 3d inst. there was a report at St. Johns, Porto Rico, that a U. S. schooner had sunk one of the privateers from that place, and killed and wounded every soul on board, which caused so great an excitement against Americans, that it was dangerous for them to go about the city. Mer. Adv.

A legal friend has suggested that he knows no case in which the counterfeiting of a private mark is regarded as forgery. He made the remark after having taken the trouble to look into the subject; he therefore suggests, for the better protection of American manufactures, that it may be necessary to have some cheap public stamp affixed to them, to guard against frauds and enable the manufacturer or the government to prosecute for forgery. Those hints, at this time, are thrown out to induce the manufacturers to associate, to consult together, and digest some plan to protect themselves and their country from imposition. They should be up and doing. All our cities have their chambers of commerce; & why not their committees of manufactures? Dem. Press.

"NORTH AND SOUTH."

The sporting world is about to be amused with a race between two celebrated champions. Mr. Harrison's Sir Charles is the hero of the South—he ran at New Market on last Thursday week, and won the purse of $600 against three horses.—Mr. Harrison (of Brunswick) had previously challenged in the newspapers, the celebrated horse Eclipse, in the sum of $5000. Since the gauntlet was thus thrown, Eclipse has beaten near New York three other horses—and his master has offered to run against Sir Charles, over the Washington course, for the large sum of $10,000. Private bets will probably be proportionably high—and thus we shall have the North and South, not in a contest between political candidates, but between two steeds of the turf. The most harmless of all competitions! The Connoisseurs will have fine fun.

Richmond Compiler.

NATCHEZ, (MI.) Oct. 5.

The steam-boats Valcano and Mandan have been lying at quarantine ground, for a week past. A dreadful fatality has attended the latter boat—the captain and six others have died on board of her, within a few days, and several more sick whose fate are considered inevitable. Avenues to our city should be closely guarded, and every householder should be on the alert:—all depends on vigilance.

The steamboat Indiana passed here about ten or twelve days ago, on her way from N. Orleans to St. Louis—now lies some miles above this city in a most deplorable condition. The captain and most of the crew had died, and the remainder had abandonded her. We understand a guard has been appointed on shore to prevent all intercourse with her.

A writer in the Richmond Enquirer has entered into a calculation to prove, that if the choice of the next President devolve on the House of Representatives, it may be in the power of 31 members to determine who the man shall be. The following is his estimate, which will be better understood by recollecting that the votes are given by states, New York having no more weight than Rhode Island, and that a majority of the representatives of each state decide its vote.

There are 24 states—12 a majority.

Now Missouri has	1	R.—majority	1
Illinois	1		1
Mississippi	1		1
Delaware	1		1
Alabama	2		2
Rhode Island	2		2
Indiana	3		2
Louisiana	3		2
Vermont	5		3
New Jersey	6		4
Connecticut	6		4
New Hampshire	6		4
Maine	7		4
			31

We fully concur with the writer when he says: 'I confess I start at this conclusion only—without throwing in any risk, perils, cabals or corruption. From these consequences I trust we may be saved, by uniting in some fair and constitutional mode in favor of some man so as to secure him a majority of the ELECTORAL votes.'

N. Y. Amer.

EASTPORT, (Maine) Oct. 12.

MAGNANIMOUS ACT.

A few days since as the packet Reindeer, Capt. Applebee, was leaving St. John, and had got near the 'Beacon,' a boat went along side for the purpose of putting on board two female passengers, and just as they were getting on board the packet, the boat sheered off and one of the ladies fell into the water. The boatmen were panic struck and made no effort to save her; the current which was rapid was fast carrying her from the vessel, and she was about sinking when Lieut. PATRICK, of the U. S. army, first discovered her, and plunged into the water and succeeded in rescuing the unfortunate woman from an untimely death, but not without great risk of his life and struggling in the water for some time.

FROM RELF'S PHILADELPHIA GAZETTE.

THE SALUTING BONNET.

MR. RELF—I can give no better name than the above to some of the fashionable Leghorns which are now worn by the ladies. The front brim is so constructed and protruded, that the motion of the ladies walk keeps it in perpetual nodding action; and I defy any person, with the same eyesight I possess, to ascertain across the street, whether the ladies mean that you should touch your hat in return. I have committed several mistakes in this way; and have afterwards found, to my no small chagrin, that it was not the Lady but the lady's bonnet that was so familiarly nodding to me across the street. It was only yesterday morning, as I was coming down Chesnut street, I was thus nodded to by 3 ladies on the other side. It was so very familiar, that I could not with any pretensions to gallantry avoid crossing, when lo! to my utter confusion, the ladies were perfect strangers to me? Asking pardon, I made a clumsy congee and proceeded on my walk. This head attire might lead to some unpleasent effects or misunderstanding.

Your's &c. *A Middle Aged Beau.*

A GOOD SPECK.

A young Lady in London, who was handsom and had a fortune of twelve thousand pounds, while she was buying some other small thing from a young shop-keeper, with whom she had some trifling acquaintance, took a piece of Flanders' lace, and, out of mere gaiety and frolic, went hastily out without paying him for it. The shop-keeper who had a good head for speculation, followed and seized her, and charged her with the theft; and in a serious and peremptory manner, said to her, "Miss, you may take your choice, either to go with me before a magistrate and suffer the penalty of the law for stealing my lace, or go before a clergyman and marry me." After a short pause, (and who could blame her?) she chose the latter.

SEDUCTION.

A case of seduction was last week tried at Bloomingburgh, N. Y. before the Court of Common Pleas, in which David Miller was Plaintiff, and Elias Parker defendant. The plaintiff brought his action to recover damages of the defendant for the seduction of his daughter Jane Miller, and so clear and irresistible was the evidence to prove his case, that the jury, after a few moments deliberation, returned a verdict to the full amount of damages laid in the declaration.

GRAND AGRICULTURAL SPECULATION.

It is stated as a fact in the Poughkeepsie Journal, that A. S. Pell, Esq. of Hyde Park, N. Y. has growing on his farm upwards of six thousand Apple trees, nearly fit to set out. He intends to transplant the trees to about seven hundred acres of rich land in Ulster county, and to raise the fruit, which is chiefly of the kind called the Newton Pippin, for exportation.

PROLIFIC PARTURITION.

Mrs. Jennings A Yeatman, aged about 40 years, was delivered, on the night of the 16th inst. near Westmoreland Courthouse, Virginia, of FOUR FULL-GROWN CHILDREN—three of which are now living; the fourth was a still-born child, and the unfortunate mother expired in the act of its parturition: the resources of her constitution being insufficient to withstand a shock so violent and preternatural.

EASY METHOD OF BREAKING GLASS IN ANY REQUIRED DIRECTION.

Dip a piece of worsted thread in spirits of turpentine, wrap it round the glass in the direction that you require it to be broken, and then set fire to the thread, or apply a read hot wire round the glass, and if it does not immediately crack, throw cold water on it while the wire remains hot. By this means glass that is broken may often be fashioned, and rendered useful for a variety of purposes.

Since the discovery of the New World, our English gardens have produced 2345 varieties of trees and plants from America, and upwards of 1700 from the Cape of Good Hope, in addition to many thousands which have been bro't from China, the East Indies, New Holland, various parts of Africa, Asia, & Europe: until the list of plants now cultivated in this country exceeds 120,000 varieties.

Benjamin Brown, a coloured man, who has been under sentence of death, in the jail at New-Castle, for an attempt to commit a rape, and whose execution was to have taken place yesterday, has been respited by the Governor until the 31st December next. Gaz.

Retailers of Dry Goods and Wholesale Merchants in Maryland, are again requested to remember, that the time allowed by law for taking out licences has almost expired, and that their neglect will subject them to a fine of *one hundred dollars*, and costs. One half of the fine goes to the informer, and that part cannot be remitted by the Governor.

*** Printers throughout the state will do a service by giving this an insertion.

MARRIED—On the 24th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Hensaw, *William H. Barroll*, Esq. of Chestertown, to *Rebecca*, eldest daughter of Edward Johnson, Esq. Mayor elect of Baltimore.

COMMUNICATED.

DIED—At his residence in Dover, state of Delaware, on Friday the 18th ult. *James Sykes*, M. D. in the 62d year of his age. In the death of this valuable man, society has met with almost an irreparable loss. As a physician and surgeon, his equal was rarely to be found; his urbanity and sympathy for the sufferings of his patients, made him universally beloved. He was the accomplished gentleman, a sincere friend, and as a husband and father, kind, affectionate and indulgent almost to a fault.

——, On Tuesday the 29th ult. Miss *Anna Matilda*, the only daughter of the above deceased, in the 18th year of her age. This young lady was on a visit to her friends in Maryland, during the very short illness of her father—she got home a few hours after his death. On hearing of the dreadful dispensation of Providence, she was seized with a delirium, which broke the tender cord of life. To describe the virtues and worth of this young lady, would baffle the ablest pen;—her value was too well known to those who were acquainted with her, to be ever effaced.

"Affliction's semblance bends not o'er thy tomb,
"Affliction's self bewails thy youthful doom."

Nov. 2d, 1822.

——, On Sunday last, after a lingering confinement Mr. *James Holmes*, of this town.

——, On Sunday night last, Mr. *Jacob Sewell*, of this county.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

JAMES SLEET, a black man, is informed that his wife FANNY, who was manumitted in Talbot county, Maryland, and afterwards feloniously kidnapped and carried off and sold as a slave, first in Georgia and then transferred to Tennessee, has been liberated through the exertions of a friend of humanity, who has also brought her to Baltimore, where she now is.—She has sought her husband, but can only learn that some time after her seizure, he left his usual place of abode, as it was thought in search of her—and it is intimated that he may now be in or in the neighborhood of Philadelphia.

☞The publishers in Philadelphia, and other humane editors throughout the union, are requested to give a place to this notice, that the said James Sleet may join his wife, after a separation of eight years. She is represented as being an excellent and exemplary woman, by the gentleman who befriended her. Reference, postage paid, may be had to the editor of the Baltimore Patriot.

Land for Sale.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Chancery Court, the subscriber will offer at public sale, at 10 o'clock A. M. on Saturday the 30th of November inst. at Church Hill, a part of the FARM, of James Cox, deceased, containing about seventy nine acres.



This Land adjoins the Lands of Nathaniel Wright, William Hackett and others, is near Church Hill, consists chiefly of woodland, and will be sold in Lots.

Mr. McDonough, who resides on the farm, will shew the premises to persons disposed to purchase—a plot may be seen at the subscriber's office.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with security for the payment of the purchase money with interest, in three equal instalments of 6, 12, and 18 months.

The creditors of James Cox, deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit their claims with the vouchers thereof, into the Chancery Office within six months from the day of sale.

E. F. CHAMBERS, Trustee.

Chester Town, nov 5 4w

Sheriff's sale.

BY virtue of two fi. fa.'s to me directed, against Reuben McQuay, at the suits of David Fairbank and Richard Harrington, will be sold on the premises of said McQuay, where he now resides in Dirty Neck, on Saturday the 30th of November, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock A. M. of the same day, the following property, to wit: one negro boy named John, to serve for a term of years.

Taken and will be sold to satisfy the above fi. fa's.

EDW. N. HAMBLETON, Shff.

nov 5 4w

Notice

IS hereby given to all persons who have been in the habit of hauling gravel and sand from the lot of ground at the north end of the town of Easton, commonly called the Gravel Lot, owned and held by the Commissioners of the said town (for the purpose of applying the same to their own individual use and benefit) that suit or suits will be forthwith commenced against them and all others who shall in future commit similar trespasses; and that hereafter no gravel or sand shall be hauled or taken away from the aforesaid lot under any pretext whatever, except for the purposes of repairing the streets, lanes and alleys in the said town.

By order of the Board of Commissioners.

TRISTRAM NEEDLES, Clk.

nov 5 3w

Talbot County Orphans Court,

22d day of October, A. D. 1822.

On application of JOSHUA DIXON, Executor of Zebulon Dixon, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed at Easton.

In testimony that the aforegoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county orphans' court I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the public seal of my office, this 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two.

L. S.

Test— JA: PRICE, Reg.
of Wills for Talbot county.

PURSUANT TO THE ABOVE ORDER,

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber, of Talbot county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters testamentary with a copy of the will annexed, of Zebulon Dixon, late of Talbot county, deceased—All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of May next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this fifth day of November, Anno Domini 1822.

JOSHUA DIXON, Ex'or.
of Zebulon Dixon, dec'd.

nov 5 3w

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.

REGULATIONS FOR CONDUCTING THE

Cattle Show and Fair, No. 3.

1. The Members of the Society, or those who wish to become members, must call on Joseph Haskins, Esq. at the Bank, at any time before 10 o'clock of the morning of the 7th, for the purpose of paying his subscription, and obtaining his evidence of membership; or on Mr. Wm. W. Moore, at the Marquee, near the gate of the area after the above hour.

2. The Committee of Arrangement and the Judges of Premiums, will meet at Lowe's front room, up stairs, at half past 9 o'clock on the morning of the 7th for organization and business.

3. The Society and Judges will be at the Field of Exhibition at 10 o'clock.

4. The Judges will commence their inspection at half past 11 o'clock.

5. The report of the respective chairs will announce the decision of the Judges—*It is expected that no individual Judge will divulge the decision of his body before the report.*

HORSES, MARES, JACKS, AND MULES.

6. The owners of all Horses, Mares, Jacks & Mules, will be expected to provide stable room for them in Town—And these animals will be brought to the Field of Exhibition, on the east side of the Pens, in Bridles or Halters by their keepers. They must be on the ground for inspection by 11 o'clock on Thursday the 7th.

ALL OTHER ANIMALS.

7. Pens, regularly numbered, have been provided on the Field for all other Animals—and their owners will apply to Mr. Samuel T. Kennard, for Pens, at any time previous to 10 o'clock of Thursday morning the 7th, who will assign them as applied for.

Should Cattle, Sheep or Hogs be brought for Show, that cannot be accommodated with Pens, Lots adjacent to the Field will be found provided for them.

IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINES.

8. The owners of all Implements and Machines, will take them to the field of Exhibition before 10 o'clock on the morning of the 7th—and on the north end of the Pens, they will find Mr. Wm. Bullen, who will assign them a space and give information how they must be arranged.

9. Should one or more exhibitors of Ploughs or Harrows signify to Nicholas Hammond, Esq. on the 7th a wish to test them before the Judges of Implements by actual operation ground will be assigned for the operations to commence at half past 10 on the morning of the 8th.

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES.

10. All articles of Domestic Manufacture will be brought, safely done up, with the owners name in a sealed letter attached thereto, in such manner, that the article may be opened and examined without disturbing the billet; & Mr. Samuel Groome will attend at the gate of the area between the pens, precisely at 10 o'clock to receive them—Should the day unfortunately prove rainy, Mr. Groome will receive them at the same hour, at his store.

BUTTER.

11. The Butter of each competitor must be accompanied with a sealed letter, containing the owner's name within it.

The Butter will be brought to the gate of the aera, by 10 o'clock on the morning of the 7th, where Mr. Groome will attend to receive it.

BUTTER AND MANUFACTURES.

12. The owners of Butter and Manufactures will be ready at the gate of the area, at half past one o'clock, to take charge of their respective parcels.

N. B. It is expected the officers and members of the society and the judges of premiums will dine together on the first day of the Show at Lowe's Tavern. Tickets to be had at the Bar—Dinner will be on the table precisely at half past 2 o'clock.

Second Day.

FAIR AND AUCTION.

1. The Stock for Sale or Show may have the use of the pens, on the second day by application to Mr. S. T. Kennard. Sale of Stock, and Implements to commence on the Show field at 10 o'clock—An Auctioneer will be in place. Should the sale not be completed by half past eleven, it will be adjourned to 3 P. M.

The Officers and Members of the Society will meet at the Court House, up stairs at 10 A. M. for the transaction of business.

At half past eleven, the Society will be at the area; and each Chairman of the Judges will make his report, and the President will award and deliver the Premiums in accordance with the decisions.

By order of the Committee of Arrangement

N. HAMMOND, Chairman.

November 2d, 1822.

Negroes for sale.

THREE young Negroes will be sold low for cash, for a term of years. Apply at this office.

nov 5 3w

Overseer wanted.

I WISH to employ an Overseer for the ensuing year; a single man that will come well recommended may meet with accommodating terms. Apply to the subscriber.

JNO. G. THOMAS.

Near Easton, oc 29 w

Notice.

WAS committed on the 4th inst. to the jail of Talbot county, as a runaway, a black negro man, who says his name is HENRY JOHNSON, that he belongs to Grafton Duvall, of Anne Arundel county, near Annapolis; that he left home on Tuesday night last, and crossed with seine haulers to Kent Island: he is 5 feet 1 inch high, about 22 or 23 years of age—had on when committed an old blue coat, black pantaloons, an old high crowned hat with a small brim, old shoes and new worsted stockings; but has also other clothing with him. The owner of the above described negro is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will otherwis be discharged according to law.

E. N. HAMBLETON, Shff.
Talbot county.

nov 5 8w

Notice.

WAS committed to the Jail of Talbot county, on the 31st October last, as a runaway, a black negro woman by the name of BECKEY, who says she belonged originally to Henry Pattison, of Cæcil county, who sold her to his brother John Pattison, of Baltimore, who sold her to Caleb Briscoe, of Kent county, near George-Town 4 Roads, from whom she eloped about the first Sept. last. She is about 5 feet 2 inches high, about 24 or 25 years of age; had on when committed a new striped linsey dress. The owner of the above described negro is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

E. N. HAMBLETON, Shff.
Talbot county.

nov 5 8w

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc3923_scm2843-0192.jpg