REPUBLICAN STAR,
AND
General Advertiser.

EASTON:

Tuesday Morning, Nov. 30.

THOMAS I. BULLITT, Esq. was elected President of the Farmers' Branch Bank at Easton, vice Nicholas Hammond, Esq. deceased, on Monday 23d inst.

On Wednesday 24th instant, THOMAS PERRIN SMITH, was elected a Director of said Institution, in the place of Thomas I. Bullitt, Esq.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Fauch W. Sullivan, to be Surveyor and Inspector of the Revenue for the Port of West Point, in the State of Virginia, vice, Eugene Sullivan, deceased.

William G. Hammond, to be Surveyor for the District, and Inspector of the Revenue for the Port of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, vice John Slocum deceased.

William A. Whitehead, to be Collector of the Customs for the District, and Inspector of the Revenue for the Port of Key West, in the Territory of Florida, vice Algernon S. Thruston, removed.

LIST OF DELEGATES.

Official Returns of Delegates to the Assembly, returned as elected on the first Monday of October, 1830.

For Saint-Mary's county—Richard Thomas, John T. Hawkins, William J. Blakistone, and Stephen H. Gough.

For Charles county.—Henry Brawner, Daniel Jenifer, John G. Chapman and Thomas Rogerson.

For Calvert county—Joseph W. Reynolds, Richard Mackall, James A. D. Dalrymple and William Smith.

For Prince-George's county—William T. Wootton, Benjamin L. Gantt, George W. Duvall and Raphael C. Edelen.

For Montgomery county—Henry Harding, Thomas Gittings, Horace Willson and Archibald Lee.

For Frederick county—Davis Richardson, David Kemp, Evan M'Kinstrey and John H. M'Elfresh.

For Washington county—Andrew Kershner, Benjamin F. Yoe, David Brookhart and Joseph I. Merrick.

For Allegany county—William McMahon, William Ridgely, William Shaw and William Reid.

For Baltimore county—James Turner, Hugh Ely, John B. Holmes and Zachariah H. Worthington.

For the city of Baltimore—Jesse Hunt and John Spear Nicholas.

For Harford county.—James Montgomery, James Moores, Frederick T. Amos and Stephen Waters.

For Anne-Arundel county—Charles R. Stewart, Thomas Hood, Robert W. Kent and Richard G. Stockett.

For the city of Annapolis—Dennis Claude and Nicholas Brewer.

For Cecil county—John Evans, William B. Biles, John W. Comegys and George Gale

For Kent county—Joseph Moffet, William W. Brown, Hugh Wallis and Bartis Piner.

For Queen Anne's county—John Brown, John Tilghman, John B. Thomas and Robert Goldsborough, Junior.

For Caroline county—Jacob Charles, Thomas Burchenal, William M. Hardcastle and William Jones.

For Talbot county—William Hughlett, Solomon Dickinson, George Dudley, and Spry Denny.

For Dorchester county—Thomas H. Hicks Benjamin G. Keene, John N. Steele, and Martin L. Wright.

For Somerset county—Littleton D. Teackle, William Done, Daniel Ballard and Peter Bell.

For Worcester county—John S. Spence, William U. Purnell, John Mitchell and Charles Parker. [Md. Gaz.

LIST OF SHERIFFS.

List of persons returned elected as Sheriffs of the several Counties in the State of Maryland in the year 1830. The first named person returned elected for each County, has been commissioned.

For Saint Mary's county.—Benjamin G. Cole, and George H. Morgan.

For Kent county.—James F. Browne, and Alexander W. Ringgold.

For Anne-Arundel county.—Bushrod W. Marriott, and Benjamin T. Pindle.

For Calvert county.—Henry L. Harrison, and James Buckmaster.

For Charles county.—Thomas Perry, and Edward Pye.

For Baltimore county.—Henry Green, and Nathaniel Childs.

For Talbot county.—Joshua M. Faulkner, and George Stevens.

For Somerset county.—Matthias Dashiell, and James Goslee.

For Dorchester county.—Reuben Tall, and John G. Bell.

For Cecil county.—George M'Collough, and John E. Simpers.

For Prince-George's county.—Thomas Bruce, and Thomas Baldwin.

For Queen Anne's county.—Thomas Ashcom, and Lemuel Roberts.

For Worcester county.—Purnell Johnson, and William Schoolfield Junior.

For Frederick county.—Peter Brengle, and Matthias E. Barigis.

For Harford county.—Joshua Guyton, and James Wallace.

For Caroline county—Robert T. Keene, and William Orrell.

For Washington county.—Christian Newcomer, and William H. Fitzhugh.

For Montgomery county.—William O'Neal Junior, and Robert Soper.

For Allegany county.—Moses Rawlings, and Francis Reid. [ib.

U. S. Ship Lexington.—Capt. Dursey, of schooner Horatio, arrived at this port yesterday, reports the arrival, on the 27th Sept. at Malaga, of the U. S. ship Lexington, W. M. Hunter Esq. commander, bound for the United States, with the following among other passengers: Lieuts. Paulding, Dale and Thorburn, of the Navy, and Grimes, of the Marines. Attached to the Lexington, are Lieuts. Forrest, Chauncey, Glynn, Johnson, and Dess. [N. Y. Jour. Com.

ST. CHARLESVILLE, Ohio, Nov. 20.

The Fly.—We regret to learn the Fly is making destructive ravages on the present crop of Wheat, in different parts of this county. In some instances whole fields of that which was sown early have been effectually destroyed.

New York, Nov. 24.

IMPORTANT EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

The ship Minerva, Capt. Hussey, arrived last night from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 24th ultimo, in company with the packet ship York. The latter ship has the packages of papers for the New York Editors; and as Capt. H. brought none, we are all indebted to the politeness of some of the passengers who have furnished a London Morning Herald of Saturday, Oct. 23d and Cobbett's Weekly Register of the same date—the latter being furnished to the Journal of Commerce. The intelligence contained, in these papers, wears an important and ominous aspect—particularly from France. The Spanish refugees have made their first demonstration, and have been signally defeated. Disturbances have broken out in Kent. But we will treat of these matters separately and in detail. And first of

FRANCE—The tone of the various letters and other advices from Paris, is not exactly the same; but that there is a general agreement as to the prominent facts, which renders it very evident that the present government treads a volcano. The latest Paris date is Oct. 22; but there is in fact no later news than down to the evening of the 21st. Cobbett's Register of the 23d, contains in a postscript, the following extract from a letter writer by his son in Paris on the 21st:—

'Lafayette has lost his popularity and influence with the national Guard, who have the charge of the prisoners. These guards are demanding their elections of their officers and, preparatory to the great office, they will make sure of the right men. Last night at the Palais Royal after the King came from Versailles, the people sang the Marseilloise Hymn, and called for the King, when he came to the balcony, they cried 'A mort les ministres.' After they went to another place, where there are chairs, and some of the best singers got upon them. They sang the Marseilloise, 'with their hats off' about fifty times, and after every time, cried 'Mort aux Ministres'—'La tete de Polignac et de Peyronnet aussi,' and kept up the concert till a late hour. That is 'Death to the Ministers!' 'The head of Polignace and Peyronnet also!'

Upon this letter Cobbett himself remarks:—'I have no doubt at all, that if the new government 'do not change its course quickly, it will be tumbled down. It is clear that the lives of these vagabonds [the Ex Ministers,] is not all The people are discontented with the whole thing. They find that they have accomplished no real change. They cry for the heads of the tyrants is in fact, 'a cry for a republic.' This is plain truth; and we are convinced of it the better.'

The news from Belgium is of a cheering description. The King's speech, on opening Parliament, will, it is expected, be still more satisfactory to France. There are in progress very large speculations, for a rise is expected to take place in the French Funds on receipt of that document, and which we shall have this day week. It is quite evident that one obstacle in the way of a good understanding between the two Governments, is about to be removed, by the withdrawal of the principal part of the French army from Algiers. The unequivocal declaration of France, that she seeks not to retain her African conquests, will, it is believed here, form a striking paragraph in the forthcoming Speech of William IV; but other circumstances may arise to defeat these hopes.

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

We learn from the Norfolk Herald of Monday, that the U. States ship Lexington, Captain Hunter, arrived at the Navy Yard there on Saturday. As she passed up the harbor in handsome style, she was cheered by a number of citizens who had assembled on Colley's wharf, and on the steam boat Virginia, when the salutation was cordially returned. As she approached the Navy Yard a salute was fired, which was soon after returned from the Yard. The Lexington sailed from Port Mahon on the 22d Sept. where she left the U S ship Java Com. Biddle, who would, it was expected, winter there. The ships Constellation, Capt. Wadsworth, having on board Mr. Lee, late Consul General to Algiers, and lady, and Fairfield Capt. Parker, sailed on the same day with the Lexington, for Naples. Mr. Lee and lady would embark from some port in France, for the U. States.

The Boston, Capt. Storer, which ship had arrived at Mahon a few weeks previous, with Com. Porter as Consul General of the United States at Algiers, also sailed same day for Algiers, having the Commodore on board, who intended to land at that place, and would probably visit all the Barbary States.

The Lexington passed Gibraltar on the 6th October, at which time the U. S. sloop of war Ontario, Captain Stevens, was lying there. We learn that the health of the squadron was generally good. Com. Biddle, who had been in a bad state of health, had perfectly recovered previous to the departure of the Lexington.

List of Officers attached to the Lexington.

Wm. M. Hunter, Esq. Commander.

Lieutenants—French Forrest, John S. Chauncey, James Glynn, Z. F. Johnson, Fitz Allen Dess.

Surgeon—Jonathan Cowdery.

Purser—Joseph H. Terry.

Midshipmen—Z. F. Holland, F. G. Beatty, Overton Carr, Burret Shepard, S. T. Gillet, V. McCracken, Thos. M. Petway, G. M. Bache, John Middleton, Charles S. Ridgely, Thomas W. Brent.

School Master—Dexter Leland.

Captain's Clerk—John Laird.

Gunner—John R. Covington.

Sail Maker—George O. Handford.

Carpenter—John Deacon.

Passengers.—Lieutenants, Jno. M. Dale, H. Paulding, Robt. D. Thorburn. Lieut. Marines—Chas. Grymes. Passed Midshipmen—C. A. Thompson, Peter Turner. Midshipmen—A. B. Marrast, Augustus Marrast, T. B. Fields, W. R. O. Sullivan, Z. P. Wardell. Purser—James Brooks.

FLORIDA LANDS.

By letters from St. Augustine, dated 1st inst. we learn that the Hon. Joseph L. Smith, Judge of the Superior Court of East Florida, (who was empowered by an Act of Congress passed in 1828 to try and determine titles to lands in that District,) had on that day delivered the opinion of the Court, that the grant of the tract of land generally known as the Alachua Grant, was valid and good against the United States.

Judge Smith is stated to have delivered a very interesting and lucid exposition of the Spanish laws in relation to lands. The judgment rendered by him has given great satisfaction in Florida, because it has tended to remove doubts concerning titles, which, more than any other cause, have retarded the growth and settlement of that fine country.

We congratulate the numerous owners of Florida lands resident in this City, upon the above decision; for though it is the decision of a single title, yet it is doubtless applicable to many others.—N. Y. Jour. of Com.

HAIL.—The committee of the French Academy appointed to propose the subject of the mathematical prize for the year 1832, requires an explanation of the formation of hail in the high regions of the atmosphere. The committee conceives that the recent progress of natural science will furnish the means of framing for the phenomenon in question a more exact theory than any hitherto advanced. The Academy expects that this theory shall be founded on positive experiments, made as much as possible in the region in which the hail is formed.

RUINED SOUTH CAROLINA.

'The Providence Daily Advertiser states that forty-three thousand bales of Cotton have been landed at that place, and wrought into fabrics, the past year. The stated value of these is forty dollars each, making a total of 'one million, seven hundred and twenty thousand dollars!' Now, whence comes this great supply of cotton? O! from the south—the ruined south. It was bought of the cotton growing States, and paid for to them, by their yankee neighbours, and this, in anti-tariff parlance, constitutes northern oppression!

The value of the whole, when manufactured, is given in the same paper, at six millions, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars—showing four millions, seven hundred and thirty thousand dollars, as the increased value added to the raw material by manufacturing. This sum, as it has been earned and retained in our country, instead of passing into trans-Atlantic pockets, we suppose may prove as ruinous to the south as did the original purchase of the raw material.

We respectfully commend these alarming facts to the attention of Mr. Cambreleng, and the Charleston nullifiers, as they render it evident that some national measures should be immediately adopted to save us from ourselves.'

[Buffalo Jour.

VERMONT SENATOR.

The Hon. Mr Prentiss, Senator elect from Vermont, having been applied to, by a number of gentlemen, for information as to the accuracy of certain statements, made relative to his political character, addressed to them the following letter in reply:—

MONTPELIER, Nov 8th, 1830

Gentlemen,—I have received your letter of the 5th instant, in which you say that an article has appeared in the Boston Statesman, founded on the authority of a letter said to have been written from this place, stating that I belong to the Jackson party, and representing my election to the Senate as a triumph of that party.

I regret extremely that such a letter should have been written to create misapprehension abroad, or that there should be any occasion for me to notice it; but since the representation has been made and published, not only in the paper referred to but in other papers, I feel it my duty, in this formal manner, to contradict it. It will be sufficient for me to say without entering into particulars, that I *do not belong* to the *Jackson party*, and that in executing the trust reposed in me, I shall be guided by, and act in conformity with, the opinions and views known to be entertained by a large majority of the legislature and people of this State. On *no consideration* could I have accepted the appointment conferred on me, if my *principles required me to act in opposition* to the opinions and wishes of the State I was chosen to represent; and if any one gave me his support under an impression that I should be guided by the views of a small minority of the legislature and of the people in opposition to the sentiments of the great majority, it is a matter of regret to me that any such misapprehension should have existed.

I am, Gentlemen, with high respect, your obedient servant, SAMUEL PRENTISS.

Timothy Follett, R. Pierpoint, John Kellog, C. Collamer, Esq'rs.

The last New York Courier and Enquirer repeats, from the New Hampshire papers, a surmise that Mr. Woodbury will be appointed Minister to Russia, in the place of Mr. Randolph. Is the present Minister then coming back so soon? We should attach no importance to the suggestion, did we not find it in a paper which enjoys, perhaps more highly than any other out of the Metropolis, the confidence of the Secretary of State.

The New York correspondent of the Boston Palladium gives as a rumor that Mr. James A. Hamilton had received an overture from the Government to proceed to Russia as the successor in the Legation of Mr Randolph, but that he had declined it. We give these reports as they reach us. Formerly it was our habit to notice nothing in the shape of mere rumor which had not strong probability to recommend it; but, now a days, things so strange come to pass, that it is hard to tell what we ought to believe. [Nat Intel.

HENRY CLAY.

From the New York Age.

Mr. Clay.—In one respect the recent election is beneficial to us. Our friends see the necessity of bolder and plainer measures. The Courier and Enquirer tells its readers that the Clay men stood ready before the election, booted and spurred to mount for Clay. We give notice to these wise-acres, that the Clay men have already mounted, and will continue so, till they have unhorsed the military chieftain and his *crafty squire*.

There must hereafter; there will be no half measures; no time serving; no timorous doubts; no cold delays. The sunshine patriot and the summer soldier may leave us now; for the Clay party of New York start openly for their candidate, to stand or fall, to sink or swim with him. We shall act as Henry Clay himself would act, and as he has always acted in similar circumstances. Our cause shall be openly and on all occasions brought before the people. No party shall have our support, which is not friendly to this, our frankly avowed cause. We accept no compromise; we permit no disguise. We are for the manly, generous, patriotic, eloquent, persecuted orator of the West, and WE WILL SUCCEED.

NEW YORK MAJORITY.

We gave yesterday, says the Albany Argus, the official majority in Cattaraugus, viz. 618 for Granger. To-day we give the official result in Allegany, 790 for Granger. These were the only counties remaining to be heard from; and these complete the returns from all the counties, and leave the majority as we gave it yesterday, 8,506 for Gov. Throop. In stating this result, the majority for Throop in Franklin, and for Granger in Chatauque, are not official, but they are from authentic sources, and will not vary probably twenty votes. [New York Gaz.

'It has been stated in some of the public prints that the Hon. Henry R. Storrs, of this state, was defeated in his attempt to obtain a re-election to the next Congress. Such is not the fact. To the great regret of the friends of that gentleman, he declined being a candidate, and was not therefore, put in nomination.'

[N. Y. Jour. Com.

The shortest answer to this misrepresentation, is the fact, that Mr. Storrs, intending entirely to retire from public life, has removed two hundred and fifty miles from his district, and is assiduously engaged in professional business in this city. [N. Y. Com.

The brig Phebe Ann, which arrived this morning from Smyrna, has on board four Arabian horses, brought out by Mr. Rhind for the benefit of the American turf. In color two of them are sorrell (one with a white star in his forehead,) one a bright bay, and the other an iron gray. In size they are large ponies, their proportions are beautiful, and they are in very fine condition.

A policy was obtained upon them last Saturday, at one of our Marine offices for $4000, a 15 per cent premium, covenanting to deliver them at this port alive.

There are also on board two of the Asiatic sheep, with massy tails. The wool is coarse, and the form much like the native sheep of this country. [N. Y. Jour. of Com.

From the Mobile Commercial Register.

THE FATAL DUEL.

We learned some weeks ago, that the account of a fatal rencounter between Dr. Jeffries and Dr. Smith, which we published some time last summer, and which has been extensively copied, was a contemptible hoax, played off upon us, and upon the public by some idle wag, and we set about finding him out. We enclosed the original account of the affair to a gentleman at Iberville, in Louisiana, who is acquainted with Dr. Jeffries, one of the reputed combatants, and we addressed a letter also to the Doctor, to which he has replied. The result of our enquiries leaves not a shadow of doubt, that the author is none other than the *valorious Doctor himself!* The letter from which we made up the account was in his hand writing, and he lodged it in the post office at Iberville.

At the time of publishing the account, we had some misgivings as to its authenticity, but they were overruled by the allusion of the writer, at the dying Doctor's request, as he said, to an incident in which we were a party, and which could have been known only to him. We did not dream of imposition from such a quarter.

We presume not to divine the motive, that prompted the communication, but in giving the name of the author to the public, we are actuated by the benevolent motive of rescuing modest merit from obscurity, as our readers will doubtless recognize in the chivalrous Doctor, no less a personage than the famous Augustus Tomlinson, who probably eluded the vigilance of Bulwer, and accompanied his friend Clifford to the hospitable shores of Louisiana, where he has recommenced the business of *terrible accident making* with all his original pathos and skill.

ANOTHER REVOLUTION.

Under this head, the Montreal Gazette mentions a sort of insurrection among the students of the College of that city.—They were dissatisfied with the excess of discipline, the retrenchment of their hours of relaxation, and the remarks of their French teachers on the ignorance of the Canadians. They accordingly rose in rebellion, in close imitation of the revolution of Paris; hoisting the tricolor, singing a parody of the Marsellois hymn, and holding ought against the instructors for three days; during which time the effigy of one of the masters was suspended in front of the college, and placards were posted in every direction, encouraging the students to persist. It seems they were successful in obtaining a new *Charter*, and the points they contended for were conceded. A few were expelled, however.

[N. Y. Commercial.

SLANDER!—The case of Catharine Burkhart vs Christian Shockey, in which, at the March term of Washington County Court, damages were given to the amount of 1850; was again tried on Thursday: the sum was reduced to $600.

KIDNAPPING!—A man by the name of Frederick A. Klouse, a German, was convicted on Friday, in the Criminal Court, for the crime of Kidnapping. His trial was removed to this place, from Cumberland, Alleghany County, where he had enveigled a colored man into his employment, belonging to a citizen of Virginia, and had taken him to Louisville, Kentucky, and had sold him to some negro trader from Louisiana. From his own confession, this was not the only villainy he had been guilty of—he had once been a pirate on the high seas. His wife was in attendance with him in Court, and appeared to feel deeply for his situation, and to view the progress of the prosecution with the greatest anxiety. He was sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

[Hagers Town Herald, of Nov. 23.

It is our painful duty to notice the arrest of Charles Whitely, Leroy Jordon and Anthony Evans, all of them citizens of Bedford, heretofore of reputable standing, and one of them a magistrate of the county—charged with having defrauded the United States, by forging documents in the name of Revolutionary Soldiers, and drawing pensions upon them. We do not know to what extent the fraud has been carried—nor indeed whether the parties are guilty.—If they are not, they will soon be enabled to establish their innocence, and wipe off suspicion. [Lynchburg Virginian.

MURDER.—The Miners Journal of Pottsville, Pa. mentions that an affray took place on Monday, near the Five locks on the Canal, between two boatmen, which ended in one of the combatants plunging a dagger to the heart of his antagonist. The man killed was named Duncan. The perpetrator of the deed was arrested, and is now in prison.

POINTS OF HONOR.

Colonel Montgomery was shot in a duel about a dog; Captain Ramsay in one about a servant; Mr. Fetherstone in one about a recruit; Sterne's father in one about a goose; General Barry was challenged by a Captain Smith, for declining a glass of wine with him at a dinner in a steamboat, although the General had pleaded as an excuse that wine invariably made his stomach sick at sea; and Lieutenant Crowther lost his life in a duel, because he was refused admittance to a club of pigeon shooters.

Eloquence.—Not long since, a young man, belonging to college, paid a visit to a pleasant country town in the interior of New England. Thinking the solitary woods and hills fit places for exercising his voice and perfecting himself in the art of elocution, he accordingly went to practising upon the precepts he had learned and made the woods ring with the sound of his more than stentorian lungs. Next day all the male inhabitants of the town, from twelve years and upwards, turned out in quest of a wild beast whose terrible bowlings had been heard in the woods on the preceding day. One declared that he had seen it, another swore that it had chased him, and that it was bigger than a bear, while they all knew that they had *heard* it, and that it was no common kind of a beast. Nor was this all. More than five hundred sheep had been killed by it and their mangled carcasses were every where found, though no one could designate any particular spot, neither could any one tell, to whom the slaughtered animals belonged. Still there must have been a wild beast, and the inhabitants (*student* and all) turned out to put an end to its existence.—But alas! they found nothing larger than a rabbit.

Moral.—Let students lay aside their ranting and people in general their credulity.

Boston Cour.

A PUZZLE.—One of our antiquarian correspondents has assumed the puzzling cap, and invites our readers to explain the following conplet, which he copied from an old magazine. By the aid a single vowel two beautiful lines of poetry are produced.

P R S V R V P R F C T M N
V R K P T H P R C P T S T N

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, at a meeting held at the residence, of R. Spencer, Esq. on the 22nd November, instant, unanimously passed the following resolutions as a just tribute to the memory of their late venerable President:—

Resolved, That we the Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, most sincerely lament the death of our esteemed and venerable President, Nicholas Hammond Esquire, and we deeply sympathise with his friends in the bereavement they suffer, and unite in condolence with our fellow citizens at large upon this great public loss.

Resolved, That the members of this board will wear the usual badge of mourning for three months, as a mark of respect for their late venerable President.

Resolved, That the Secretary be requested to forward a copy of these resolutions to the board of Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Western Shore.

Attest, R. SPENCER, Secry.

DIED

Suddenly, in this county, on Thursday last, Capt. *Thomas Bullen*, at an advanced age.

In this county suddenly on Thursday last, Mr. *Jenkins Abbott*.

On Monday morning, the 22d inst. at the residence of Joseph L. Turner, Esq. Mr. *Edward W. Turner*.

BALTIMORE PRICE CURRENT.

[From the American Farmer]

November 26, 1830.

GRAIN—bt. wh. wheat		$1 03	a	1 07
best red do.		95	a	1 00
Common red		—	a	—
Corn, white		55	a	56
Do. yellow		56	a	57
Rye		55	a	—
Oats,		29	a	30
Beans,		90	a	1 00
Peas,		50	a	60

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of firi facias, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed, by the clerk thereof against George W. Nabb, at the suit of Alexander C. Bullitt, will be sold on THURSDAY, the 23d of December next, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock, of said day, at the residence of the said George W. Nabb in the town of Easton, all that lot or parcel of land situate lying and being in the town of Easton in Talbot county, the same being part of the tract of land called Long Acre and which was heretofore conveyed to the said George W. Nabb, by a deed of indenture from a certain Henry Nicols, bearing date the 27th of April eighteen hundred and twenty five; also all and singular a certain lot and parcel of ground situate in the town of Easton aforesaid near the home stables of John Goldsborough, Esq. and anjoining an old School House and which was conveyed to the said George W. Nabb, by a deed of indenture from Henry Troth and Samuel T. Troth of the city of Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania bearing date the 25th day of January eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, also by a deed of indenture from Ann Troth, Ann B. Troth, William K. Austin and Mary his wife, of Talbot county, bearing date the 18th February 1828, seized, taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias and the damages, cost and charges due and to become due thereon.

Attendance by

JOSHUA M. FAULKNER, Shff.

nov 3 4w

LEATHER.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have COMMENCED THE

TANNING BUSINESS

at the Yard formerly carried on for Messrs. Hollyday & Hayward; and having purchased their entire stock of Leather, &c, they have on hand, and intend constantly keeping, at the Saddlery Shop of Mr. JOHN G. STEVENS

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Upper & Sole Leather,

which they will sell at fair prices for Cash, Hides, Sheep Skins, or Country Produce.—They will also take *Hides to Tan on Shares*, and pledge themselves to return all Share Leather in 12 months after they receive the Hides—being determined to pay strict attention to their business, they hope to receive a Share of patronage.—Cash will be given for Hides and Sheep Skins at the market price.

HENRY E. BATEMAN & Co.

Easton, Nov. 30—w



Coach, Gig & Harness Making.

THE Subscriber respectfully returns thanks to his friends and the public, for the encouragement already received in his line of business; and now informs them, that he has just returned from Baltimore

WITH A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MATERIALS;

which will enable him with the assistance of the best Workmen that can be procured in the City, to have Carriages of every description finished in a very superior manner. He hopes by continued exertions to please the public, to merit their future patronage.

EDWARD S. HOPKINS.

nov 30 w

N. B On hand and for Sale, a first rate COACHEE, warranted of the best workmanship and materials. E. S. H.

Contracts for Timber.

PROPOSALS will be received, until MONDAY the 20th December, at the office of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Co., in this city, for the supply of LUMBER, of the following descriptions and dimensions, to be delivered to the said Company, during the next Spring, in the city of Baltimore.

PRIME ASH SCANTLING, to be divested of the Heart Piece, viz:

35,000 Feet 4 by 7 inches, and in lengths of 15 and 16 feet,
30,000 Feet 4 by 5 inches, and in lengths of 14 and 15 feet,
23,000 Feet 3 by 6 inches, and in lengths of 10 to 12 feet,
35,000 Feet 3 by 5 inches, and in lengths of 12 and 13 feet,

Seasoned Ash will be preferred.

PRIME WHITE OAK PLANK, well seasoned viz:

20,000 Feet of Plank, 2 inches thick.

PRIME SOUTHERN YELLOW PINE, viz:

75,000 Feet of Plank, 1 inch thick.

Persons disposed to contract for the above Lumber, or any part of it, will please address their Proposals to

P. E. THOMAS, Pres't.

Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company.

November 23, 1830.—30 3w

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of N. Hammond, Esq. late of Talbot county, dec'd. will be pleased to exhibit them to the subscriber; and those indebted to the said deceased, are requested to make immediate payment. N. HAMMOND, Ex'or.

St. Aubin, Nov. 30—3w

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