

Declaration and testimony must be executed before some officer authorized to administer oaths for general purposes. If such officer is not required by law to have and use a seal, his official character, signature, and term of office must be certified by the proper State, county, or city officer under his official seal, unless such certificate has been filed in the Bureau of Pensions for general reference.

Under the law, a person may not receive pension from the Bureau of Pensions and compensation or vocational training pay through the United States Veterans' Bureau, covering the same period of time, except that the receipt of compensation by a widow or parent on account of the death of any person will not bar the payment of pension on account of the death of any other person. That part of the declaration referring to service between April 6, 1917, and July 2, 1921, should show whether the claimant or any member of her family rendered any service in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States during said period, and if so, the full name under which each served should be stated, together with the designation of the organization in (or the vessel on) which such service was rendered with dates of enlistment and discharge.

The term "family" includes: Child, legally adopted child, stepchild, father, mother, stepfather, stepmother, father and mother through adoption, and person who has stood in place of parent for a period of not less than one year prior to induction into service.

INSTRUCTIONS—READ CAREFULLY

The widow of any person who served in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States during the Civil War for 90 days or more and was honorably discharged from such service, or regardless of the length of service was discharged for or died in service of a disability incurred in the service and in the line of duty, may be entitled to \$50 per month if she was the wife of such person during the period of his service in the Civil War. No widow will be entitled to, or paid this rate, if an inmate of any National or State soldiers' home.

ACT OF JULY 3, 1926

Under the provisions of the Act of May 1, 1920, the widow of any person who served in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps during the Civil War for ninety days or more, and was honorably discharged, or regardless of the length of service was discharged for or died in service of a disability incurred in the service in line of duty, may be entitled to pension, without regard to her financial condition, provided she was married to him prior to June 27, 1905. The rate of pension is \$30 per month, and \$6 additional for each of his children under the age of 16 years. Pension commences from the date of filing a valid declaration in the bureau.

"That no claim agent or attorney or other person shall be recognized in the adjustment of claims under this Act, except in claims for original pension, and in such cases no more than the sum of \$10 shall be allowed for services in preparing, presenting, or prosecuting any such claim, which sum shall be payable only on the order of the Commissioner of Pensions; and any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section, or shall wrongfully withhold from the pensioner or claimant the whole or any part of a pension allowed or due to such pensioner or claimant under this Act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall, for each and every offense, be fined not exceeding \$500 or be imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court."

ACT OF MAY 1, 1920

Act of May 1, 1920

DECLARATION FOR WIDOW'S PENSION

C. W. O. 617-413
No. 5a

Claimant Mary H. Jones

Soldier Jeremiah Jones

Service Co. K- 30th Regt -
U.S. A. Inf.

MC 476369
SC 533135



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FILED BY

Pension Claim Agent.

George J. Leach
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Baltimore, Md.