

PHYSICIAN'S AFFIDAVIT.

TAKE NOTICE.—The affidavit should, if possible, be in the handwriting of the affiant; the marginal instructions must be carefully observed before writing out the statement. All the facts in possession of affiant as to the origin and continuance of the disability should be fully set forth, and the dates of treatment should be specifically given. If the affidavit is prepared from memoranda in possession of the physician, that fact should be stated.

State of Maryland, County of Baltimore, ss:
In the Pension Claim No. _____

of Jacob Heath _____ late of _____
(Company and regiment of service, if in the army; or vessel and rank if in the navy.)

Personally came before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for the aforesaid
County and State R. J. Hall M.D. a citizen of Baltimore City Md
whose Post Office address is 524 S. Sharp St. Balto City Md
well known to me to be reputable and entitled to credit, and who, being duly sworn, declares in relation to aforesaid case as follows:

That he is a Practicing Physician, and that he has been acquainted with said soldier for about 18 years, and that
in May 1874, he treated him (said
(Here embody all the facts known to the affiant in accordance with the marginal instructions. No erasures or interlineations will be permitted
Jacob Heath) for Fistula in Ano.

and in August 1874. Operated on
him for Fistula in Ano. (taken from Books)
My acquaintance with Jacob
Heath began about the year 1871.
I attended him in several attacks
of illness, from that date, up to
1874. Yet do not remember the
nature of said illness, only in
the two cases, which as above stated,
were in the years 1874 and
he, at the time, had several
large fistulous openings about
the anus. I have not attended
Jacob Heath since the year
1874.

NOTES.
The Physician's Affidavit must show the following facts:
1st. Whether or not he knew the soldier prior to enlistment; the length of time he has known him how intimately and what opportunities he has had of observing his physical condition, whether as his family physician or as a neighbor; and how near he has lived to him. If he knew that the soldier was a sound man at enlistment, he should so state, adding, if true, that had he been unsound, he would have known it.
2d. If he treated claimant while in the service either as his regimental surgeon or while claimant was home on furlough, that fact should be stated. The claimant's physical condition at such times should be clearly shown, as well as the NATURE OF HIS DISABILITY and dates of treatment.
3d. If he has treated soldier since discharge he should so state, giving the date of his first treatment; what his physical condition was at the time, with complete diagnosis of the disability; the period during which he treated him should be stated, with dates as near as possible, of the prescriptions.
4th. The extent or degree to which claimant has been unable to perform manual labor during each year from discharge to the present time

and 1874